## PrepUS History 2016 Midterm Exam Study Guide

## Suggestions for studying for your Midterm exam:

- 1. Find a quiet place without distractions for you to study.
- 2. Assemble the homework, handouts, and notes you completed during the first semester.
- 3. Go through the list of information and identify the items you know and the items you don't know.
  - > Check off the items you know in the list you don't need to study them again!
  - > Highlight the items in the list you DON'T know these are the ones you need to look up!
- 4. Write out identifications for the items you don't know. Use flashcards, write them out, type them, use an online study aide like "Quizlet" whatever works best for you!
- 5. Quiz yourself or have someone else quiz you on the items you didn't initially know at least once the night before the exam.
- 6. **PLEASE NOTE:** If you write out identifications of the items you don't know right now on your study guide, you will most likely earn a higher score on your exam AND you will be able to use it for the last five minutes of the exam period to check and/or look up anything you've forgotten!

## 7. *REMINDER*: This is an INITIAL list so you can begin preparing over break if you'd like; other information may be added after break.

You should be able to identify/describe/explain the following:

Unit 1 - The American Revolution the Columbian Exchange Henry Hudson Roanoke Jamestown - Starving Time John Rolfe - tobacco House of Burgesses Pilgrims; Mayflower Compact Puritans; Massachusetts Bay Colony William Penn; Pennsylvania; Quakers Roger Williams; Rhode Island causes of the French and Indian War effects of French and Indian War fort Duquesne; George Washington regional colonial economies plantation salutary neglect Proclamation of 1763 Tariff - Townshend Acts Boston Massacre Boston Tea Party	<ul> <li>Unit 2 - Constitution and Voting the Bill of Rights</li> <li>branch of government that makes laws term of the House of Representatives</li> <li>leader of the House of Representatives</li> <li>minimum age for a member of the House of Reps how the number of reps at state has is determined</li> <li>Great Compromise</li> <li>minimum age to be President</li> <li>citizenship and residency requirements for Pres</li> <li>term of office for the President</li> <li>the number of Supreme Court justices</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup> Amendments</li> <li>number of Senators each state has</li> <li>leader of the Senate</li> <li>total number of Senators</li> <li>who is in the Executive Branch</li> <li>commander-in-chief of the military</li> <li>branch of the federal government that has the power</li> <li>to declare war</li> <li>Unit 3 - The New Nation</li> </ul>
Committees of Correspondence Sons of Liberty & "Minutemen" Battle of Lexington and Concord "The Shot Heard 'Round the World" Battle of Bunker Hill Olive Branch Petition <i>Common Sense</i> purpose of the Declaration of Independence Loyalists v. Patriots General George Washington Valley Forge	Alexander Hamilton's financial program Washington's Farewell Address X, Y, Z Affair Alien and Sedition Acts Louisiana Purchase; Napoleon Sacagawea impressment - War of 1812 Treaty of Ghent - nationalism Samuel Morse; telegraph change in production processes Erie Canal Samuel Slater