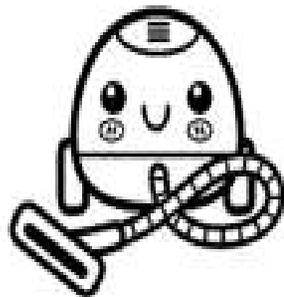


# SUPER SUCKER



- AIR
- ATMOSPHERIC
- CHAMBER
- OXYGEN
- PRESERVE
- PRESSURE
- SEAL
- SPACE
- SUCTION
- VACUUM



A vacuum works by removing all the air. The atmospheric pressure then pushes in on the person inside of the bag. Created by: Rubi, Luz, Maria

# Mineola Science

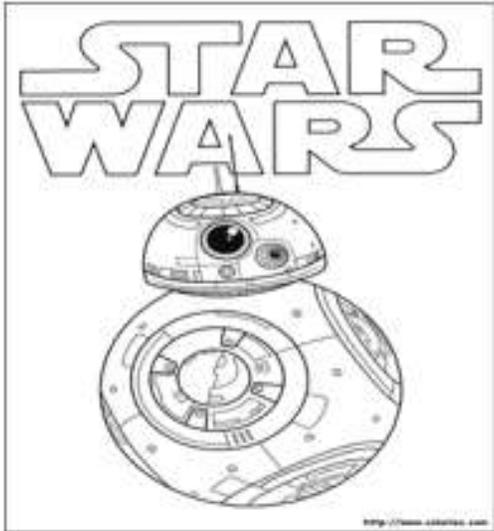


# Extravaganza Activity Book

# BB-8

d j a y v i j g a s j e c t a  
 b c i t e n g a m x c t h u j  
 x u j i r x o g w n i g y d s  
 h r c v t n y p a c i s p u b  
 a a e a i h k l a e w j y j d  
 t g i r c v a h w x h y i c a  
 l y y g a b x r r r g o h f s  
 e a s r l m e c h a n i s m m  
 m o n q o t o q j u o m i o q  
 y o s r n s y z b t r x v r l  
 c e y u e c c b s l r e h n p  
 n e o v a t m o s y m u f s t  
 f c m f x a x f p e g d l e t  
 s p h e r e m e n e b q u p m  
 m z w i j f y t f j p t a n t

axis  
 balance  
 counterweight  
 external  
 gravity  
 gyroscope  
 magnetic  
 mechanism  
 movement  
 sphere  
 vertical



The system uses wheels to make the sphere roll in any direction. Each of those wheels is connected to a motor. The robot uses sensors to determine its position. The BB-8 can be moved using a remote control.  
 Created by: Jacqueline, Aracely

# Fog Gods!

P E R D U U M A L H A Z U O Y  
 E R B Q W J Z M M W I D P E M  
 N Y E O W M Q O M U R L V D P  
 S A L S S P M V E V H M C Z M  
 Z S G F S E E A C W G O R B S  
 C N P V N U M Y R H M V F U V  
 F A S T Q Q R A O F I E E O J  
 H B U J C S G E F W T M L F G  
 Q M J S A T R W Y M X E D O Y  
 V P T T G U Y G U A H N G B R  
 C V N B F N D B H A L T F C C  
 Q K A W B G I N R F J Q A E Y  
 Z B X H Q M B R V K J W B R P  
 K G X E T R O V A E Z S I H V  
 Z E Z E V J S I P T S C A I U

Fog  
 Rings  
 Force  
 Pressure  
 Air  
 Momentum  
 Vortex  
 Movement  
 Slow Air  
 Fast Air



A vortex ring works by creating pressure. The pressure forces the air out in the shape of a ring because of equal atmospheric pressure.  
 Created by: Preston, Josh, Curtis

# Popcorn Physics

B F I B N H Y K S S G I I H S  
M S D I C X Q E E T R G U T A  
Y O Y T K G M R V H J V A X U  
P T G B G V X N A R B R S P C  
M O I S T U R E W T C D X H L  
W X P V G P D L O H Y M I I B  
C I A C N O C I R E T O O S A  
T A E H O P N L C Q V T R R E  
J Q Q B O R E Q I J Y I L R R  
W X N D S V N L M K C I U A E  
V G T J Z W D V Z T E S H K S  
P O G Z J T O C M L S O X N Z  
G J D N W Y D P P E Y X C S Y  
D E P K O P P V R E K L T P T

- Pop
- Popcorn
- Oil
- Heat
- Pressure
- Kernel
- Salt
- Starch
- Microwaves
- Moisture



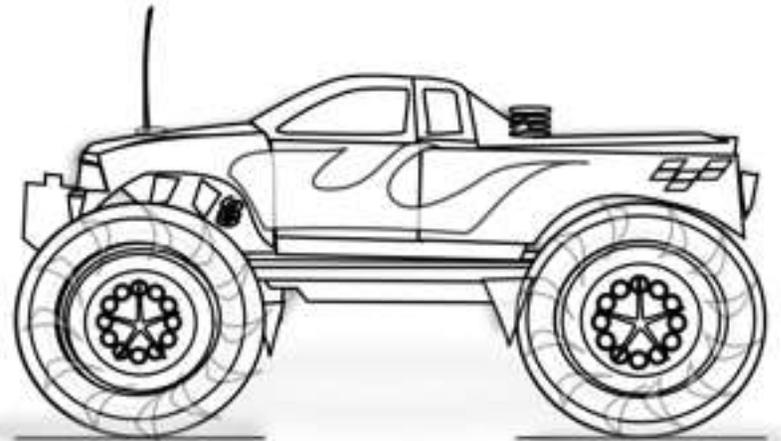
Part of what makes popcorn pop is the water trapped inside the kernel. When the kernel gets hot enough, the water turns to steam, and the shell of the kernel POPS!

Created by Tyler and Pedrito

# Radio Control

E Y G P I G E R R T L K R Y B  
C O M M U N I C A T I O N S R  
T N J H S R Y B E D D W K R O  
D R W R A U N U O W A R O E A  
D V A Q S K Q M W V P R R V D  
S K M N P E P U E E F W W I C  
Q Z G D S W V L H K J D G E A  
I C F I S M E A J H E S W C S  
F M L D I N I J W R E U H E T  
E B N U G M T T A D Y J S R I  
L R Y T S K G R T G N H S T N  
W I H D D Z F D J E Q U E W G  
N S E I C N E U Q E R F O F K  
I U R N I Z K Q P D V S Z R B  
P F N L L C S K Y W A V E S G

- Wavelengths
- Infrared
- Transmitters
- Frequencies
- Communication
- Broadcasting
- Radar
- Receivers
- Groundwaves
- Skywaves

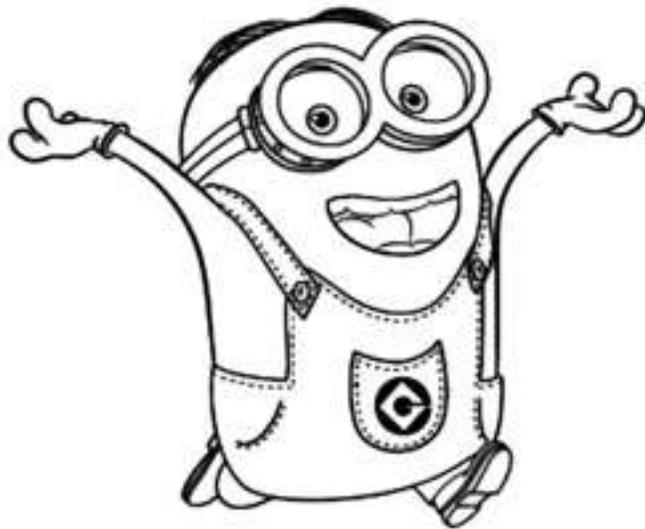


The remote (transmitter) sends radio waves to the receiver inside the RC car. An antenna inside the toy receives signals from the transmitter and turns on the motors.

Created by Tanner and Wesley

# Refraction Goggles

Y Z Z I D E D A P W V N C S E	Glasses
D I V L N A X M O N O B H G T	Lens
N K I E I V W D T I J Y A C L	Dizzy
Q L R S Y H L J T R V S N Z M	Loopy
L G N Y J K W A L V K Z G C A	Bending
Y E S W J W V L X L D L E O R	Change
L A H X J R Y P T R W T X T M	Wave
B P P H E G L A S S E S A N L	Phase
G E B S W F S S L I S B X K E	Energy
P D N G B C L Y E W A V E B V	Conservation
G O U D J U B S P U H A X V Q	
C K K N I K S R H O P M Q Z P	
G H D Y F N A O B R O E K S I	
N V K N M U G L C Z U L H M J	
C C X P E S V T F N X O D W S	



Refraction occurs because light bends. A lens is a piece of transparent material. It is usually made of glass and has at least one curved surface. Created by Aspen, Adrianna, and Aubrey

# Virtual Reality

L I G H T D L M M E M V D S E
H R Q F Z E E I X D I N I P H
O N F R G H C F X R A B S A O
G I F D J U O H T O G X T C Z
D N G Z U V B U N H F K A E F
M L I K G F A Y A O I S N R L
L K P D X L V F H O L S C F Z
B D M L A S U O O R B O E A P
J W F H E H T M G T X W G D Q
Z M B S U Y S L M J T L B Y O
U Z N W I D E A Y J J O V A E
K E T D H V K U Q R G P U A Z
S M D I E S J S B V E S F K T
H S G J D H P I L Y G S G M X
S W O D A H S V E Z D S S R N

- Virtual
- Technology
- Shadows
- Light
- Depth
- Distance
- Space
- Visual
- Shading
- Senses



Virtual is the fake world that appears real because of the use of technology. Reality is the actual world where things actually exist. Virtual reality goggles work by showing two images that make it look 3D.

Created by Omar and Rogelio

# Stomp Rockets

E D Q X E J D O Z E  
 N Y E U F T Z Z F R  
 I O J L H L C N T U  
 J N I G L K Y E G S  
 N O I T C E R I D S  
 T E K C O R P S E E  
 W H B A C M H O C R  
 L A U N C H Y X R P  
 I I S P E E D X O P  
 Y L J W D Y B R F L

DIRECTION  
 FLY  
 FORCE  
 LAUNCH  
 MOTION  
 PRESSURE  
 PROPELLED  
 ROCKET  
 SPEED  
 WEIGHT



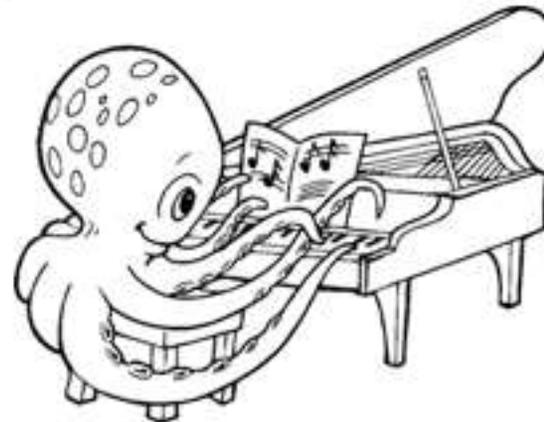
When compressed air escapes it pushes downward making the rocket fly up. This is the same way real rockets work.

Created by Bryce, Tanner, River

# Sand Jump

Z B U N L T V C P E Q E P C L  
 F B R A F B V R H H M K F E D  
 T R S H C D E Z K G L U G I M  
 W C E C U S Z J E X W J L R L  
 J M L Q S W B U S S Q J J O R  
 A F Q U U V I B R A T I O N V  
 M X R D I E N W V U N N E M M  
 P E W N E L N H W F X D I J J  
 L P U U L Z C C W A V E S G P  
 I C H O X T D H Y H L G B Y S  
 T Y P S I W T T O B G F T D I  
 U K C P L P D Q W J X B L H P  
 D G P W W F J V N F B A G D B  
 E F N D V R Y P J I K G S X F  
 K S O O Y G R E N E W G N E P

Sound  
 Vibration  
 Sand  
 Energy  
 Pitch  
 Volume  
 Pressure  
 Waves  
 Frequency  
 Amplitude



Frequency are standing waves that determine their size by the sound waves.

The sound from the speakers vibrates the sand into making shapes and designs.

Made by: Katie and Hailey

# Acoustic Sound

A Z X Y O Y T K F X J I M N B  
 Q G T N C Y U M V P I X U A L  
 S K Y V I K N I S M I F S E D  
 E U T Q G O B A C N R T I A Q  
 L W J Z P R T U I X T P C J S  
 U A M Z A C I T S U O C A H O  
 J N I T W H L X Y G R X X E F  
 P F I R L C H M H W D I E E W  
 H O N R E F J W P N A U R A L  
 N L N W Y T A G U C P N N L E  
 H D G G T V A O U G L S K V M  
 N M T W E I S M M I K D D S M  
 I G M G G F L Y N R U Z O K H  
 R W J B U Y G D S Z Y U N I Q  
 T X R R E N O T U H Z H P Q H

ACOUSTIC  
 AURAL  
 MATERIAL  
 MUSIC  
 PHYSICS  
 PITCH  
 SOUND  
 TONE  
 VIBRATION  
 WAVE



A sound wave is produced by a vibrating object. As a guitar string vibrates, it causes surrounding air molecules to shake and is amplified by the body of the guitar creating the sound you hear.

Created by Kaitlyn, Lena, and Adam

# The Bed of Nails

E J V L T U M U T X Z D R I E  
 V R M A E P N J R A E Z O Z Q  
 I U U S V Z R S O D E H C R U  
 W Q Q T K V P N P W M R W H A  
 V S N T C Z Y D P Q G Y A S L  
 H V Y A F N L R U V T Q J V R  
 E O Y N I M U P S I J B V T G  
 N C Y Y U L M P S F V P I U F  
 W E I G H T S N O T C Y S T A  
 Q O V E F V E R V Y C W W P Z  
 U P C R N D C L Z A T E T D N  
 E R U S S E R P T H T W K U D  
 K T R E X E Y P T Y K L T L T  
 F F W B M Z E V P N D O Z E A  
 L P Q E T S O U V Y R E W O U

**Nails**  
**Pressure**  
**Equal**  
**Weight**  
**Puncture**  
**Force**  
**Support**  
**Area**  
**Exert**



The Bed of Nails exhibits equal pressure throughout the body. Due to the amount of nails, one single nail cannot puncture the skin because of the distribution of force. DO NOT TRY THIS AT HOME!

Created by Emily, Alyssa, and Tish



# Bubble



- molecules
- light
- water
- air
- evaporate
- reflective
- spherical
- soap
- volume
- film

A bubble is a thin film of soapy water. Most of the bubbles you see are filled with air. The film that makes the bubble has three layers. A thin layer of water is sandwiched between two layers of soap molecules. Molecules are group of atoms bonded together. Created by Omar, Alex

# Fairy Floss Word Search



- CARBON
- CONFECTION
- CONVERTING
- DISINTEGRATES
- FUSION
- HYDROGEN
- LIQUEFYING
- OXYGEN
- RESOLIDIFIED
- SUCROSE



Cotton candy consist of nothing but sugar, or sucrose, with a little coloring and flavoring. Sucrose, in turn, is comprised of a handful of carbon, oxygen, and hydrogen atoms. When you pour sugar into the center of a cotton candy machine, the coils inside heat the sugar to its melting point and break the bonds of the constituent molecules. The hydrogen and oxygen atoms rearrange to form water molecules and promptly evaporate, leaving only carbon behind. The carbon burns, and the sugar begins to caramelize.

Created by: Jerrie, Makayla

# Light Show

## Diffraction

L F O R P H T N R E T T A P M  
P X C A L T T H C W D Q W T S  
E S E I H G H G I R X P H W I  
V R S N Y S Y G N C L J A K R  
W V M B S L F N I E K H O D P  
O E P O M L B O C L L N F O O  
V V N W P E H I G F D E E I L  
X E T O N S S T Q X T I V S U  
S X O D M O O A B Q N A F A S  
N O I T U B I R T S I D E R W  
V N E Q Z A G A N Z G H O T P  
G M A T M O S P H E R E J K P  
Z V L N I Q U E K D F F V B Y  
T J A J S B Q S A Q Z W E Q Q  
D D B W G L E P F R K J Q G N

ATMOSPHERE  
BENDING  
LIGHT  
PATTERN  
PRISM  
RAINBOW  
REDISTRIBUTION  
SEPARATION  
THICKNESS  
WAVELENGTH



Diffraction works by bending light. The light is separated into the colors of the rainbow: red, orange, yellow, green, blue, and purple.

Created by Elaina, Luis

# Elektronik Supersonik

A J L O N S P W N T G A V O V  
N S B I H O J V K H O Y L O Y  
O P H N O R I P Y D P U S A J  
I V E L O C I T Y P I C T V E  
T S G R F M L V A V N W C K N  
C I T E N G A M O R T C E L E  
U T P Y Y F H B Y S B P L B R  
D K W B A H Z C I N P I A M G  
N E K F L D N N E V A W V U Y  
I D X D A E E X X O J S V S G  
H S P K U R S A G Y T F W U S  
I A H Q K N A O H R J O A R X  
I R E B H D X D S K R W J B D  
H R Y E L T P F A P P P D L M  
F T F Q V B L V A Y K Y C D Q

Vibration

Sine

Wave

Velocity

Electromagnetic

Induction

Coil

Energy

Faraday

Frequency



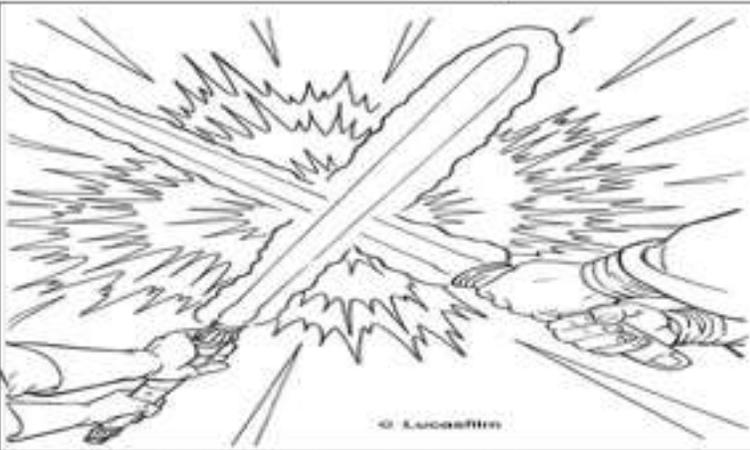
Electronic Instruments use electromagnetic waves to pick up sounds that gets projected through an amplifier. This is best exemplified through the Theremin, an instrument that uses antennas that pick up the waves around it to create sin waves.

Created by Thomas, Spencer, and Jackson.

# GALAXY WARS

E U Q Y M P L I S R V S T S D  
 W L B V Y U C I A J C Y B W W  
 X C E I Z F T D G I O N E D M  
 D O Z C Q E I N T H M O A L S  
 U B W I T A C P A O T N M F C  
 X Y R L T R O U U U U L E T I  
 P I V I C Y O R F X Q I R C S  
 I Y O A D F K M M G K N I K Y  
 P N L A S E R J A X N E Z G H  
 G V L Y G V P G Z G U A Q P P  
 X N H N T D E Z K H N R K J E  
 N L F C X D U T Z Z G E G U X  
 Y J I U R Z H X T U T X T W J  
 M P J F F V U H K G O S A I C  
 F R U I K R N A I S S U A G C

BEAM  
 ELECTROMAGNETIC  
 GAUSSIAN  
 LASER  
 LIGHT  
 NONLINEAR  
 OPTICS  
 PHYSICS  
 QUANTUM  
 Radiation

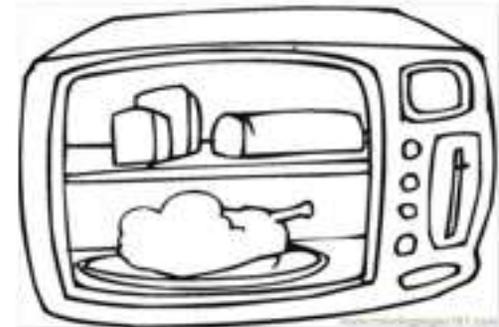


A laser is a light that is focused particles. You can see the laser in the fog because the fog scatters the light through the air molecules which is called refraction.  
 Created by Crimsin and Cody

# Microwave

A W Y M S Q D C E Q P F B D F  
 I N G F A N U L L H G V A D G  
 K O P M I E O O E D Z O O C Y  
 T R A E U E G R C E Y N O L A  
 V T Q Z E T X H T J K N M X T  
 J E R X F Z R U R C D E S A J  
 T N F D M K P Y I U E K X G Q  
 M G E V A W O R C I M L E W H  
 R A C O I L C T I L B L E A T  
 W M H X D G I P T F U A D V V  
 K G L U H O M K Y C M H V E W  
 N D U V N F N O E P E P H N K  
 V K D C M K T L S Y H I C M B  
 B X M A K N O P Z B G U J D N  
 S Y S K T M B V Q O H K O Z T

AMPS  
 COIL  
 CONDUCTION  
 ELECTRICITY  
 ELECTRONS  
 MAGNETRON  
 MICROWAVE  
 MOLECULE  
 VOLT  
 WAVE



A typical **microwave** oven ramps up the electricity from a 120-volt outlet. The key component is the **magnetron**. Instead of flame or **electric coil**, the microwave penetrate food and create heat from within. The microwave sends waves through the inside and heats up things, this energy can work with more than food.  
 Created by: Ritik, Caleb, Shanna  
**DO NOT TRY AT HOME!!**

# Making Pancakes



ACIDIC  
CARBON  
CHEMICAL  
DIOXIDE  
ENERGY  
GAS  
HEAT  
REACTION  
SOLID  
SOLIDIFIES



With the ingredient that makes pancakes super delicious, the first step that takes place when making pancakes is a chemical reaction with the water and the pancake mix. When the pancake mix is nice and thick, the skillet is powered by electrical power to heat it up. The pancake mix is put onto the skillet causing tiny bubbles of carbon dioxide that trapped as the batter cooks and this is called conduction.

Created by Arlinda, Emily, and Alaina

# Speed Force Parachute



ACCELERATION  
AIR  
DRAG  
FORCE  
GRAVITY  
INERTIA  
MOTION  
PULL  
PUSH  
RESISTANCE  
SPEED



Parachutes are designed to reduce your terminal velocity by about 90 percent so you hit the ground at a relatively low speed of maybe 5-6 meters per second (roughly 20 km/h or 12 mph) so you can land on your feet unharmed. This is called drag.

Created by Fernando and Brennon

# Planetarium

Astronomy	S P A C E R N C Q T C V J E L
Comet	L F J J F O N U E P U O H S F
Constellation	N O O M F Z S N S S X H M R S
Earth	B R S F F T A J M V E P V E P
Moon	N O I T A L L E T S N O C V T
Planet	Y K K R P E O U U X N R I A
Space	P M K H S I E I K S J D F N Y
Star	E O O B L Q A K X U F H Q U Q
Sun	V G T N T G R S J D R X K H P
Universe	H B Z T O J T M C P Q T T U V
	Z S C P Y R H B I D S B X E N
	E F J A U M T R U K Z H Z Y E
	M H Q M Y E L S X I G U H Y B
	K P Y Z L I G L A X Q M K G F
	L B H O D R I V H Z R I M M B



Created by: Sam and Liberio

A Planetarium is a building you can go to see what the night sky looks like. The night sky consists of stars, planets, and comets. Our sun is a star. All of these things a part of big solar systems which is part of a bigger universe.

# Radar Gun

P W R V K T O I M A E H I L C
D R A K E R C G P N G C H I M
V I D V B L C E M K B O T Y E
U W A T E A O Z F K Z E T M A
S Y R Y P Q O C D F N C C Q S
S O U N D U T S I G E K C K U
G M X A C C U R A T E L Y C R
X O X J K H O M E P Y A D X E
R C Z L F I O R L M O J Q Z Z
Q Q Q B D R A J T S Y T S B T
A Z C A T N R E L P P O D C Y
G S R C G U U N E C A V I H M
U L E I Z E W R K T T J K V P
N L N W G N W E H B S K I W S
E G O U X S L Q F J U X W M U

- ACCURATELY
- DOPPLER
- EFFECT
- ELECTROMAGNETIC
- GUN
- MEASURE
- RADAR
- RADIO
- RANGING
- SOUND
- VELOCITY
- WAVE



A Radar Gun is an electronic tool which uses electromagnetic waves called radio waves to detect and locate moving or still objects. 2. Radar guns are often used as police radar, Doppler radar, and commonly used in baseball for pitching. Created by Caleb, Brady

# MEET MY FRIEND FLUBBER



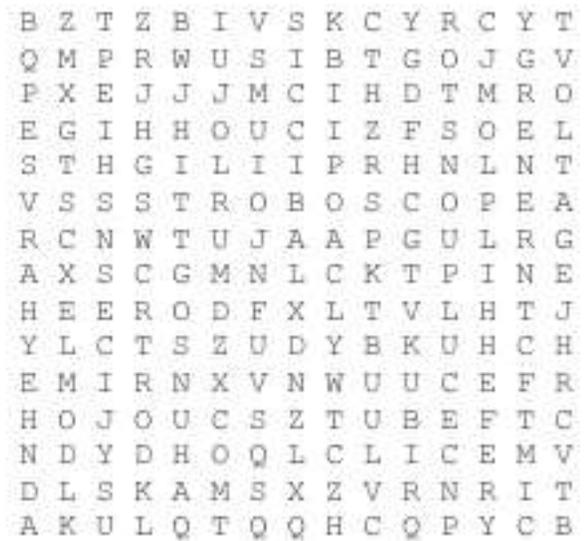
BOND  
 BORAX  
 CHEMISTRY  
 ELASTIC  
 LIQUID  
 MOLECULE  
 REACTION  
 SOLUTION  
 STARCH



Slime is a large chain of compounds created by borax, water, and glue creating an elastic flubber friend!

- Ashley, Gloria, and Ellie

# Strobe Lights



CIRCUIT  
 ELECTRICITY  
 ENERGY  
 FLASH  
 LIGHTS  
 MOTION  
 SOURCE  
 STROBOSCOPE  
 TUBE  
 VOLTAGE



A strobe light works by illuminating an object with a very brief flash of light. If this flash of light is repeated at the same rate as an object is rotating, then the rotating object will appear to be stationary. Created by Rachel and Mariela

# Thermal Vision

N Q L A C Q E S X T S M F K O  
 I V K E S G W E N H V R O M B  
 E R U T A R E P M E T Q K O Z  
 M P F Y H E J S Y R L P S N J  
 V A T O L R T R Z M I W E K K  
 R U R T C N G O X A Y X Z A V  
 T K L G E U V T I L C F F E S  
 E D E M O P S C D U B P I W B  
 D I E H T M N E T H G I L Z C  
 G L P Q U L R T D L T A O Y Q  
 E I N F R A R E D O R H Q K E  
 E A F U E P V D H R G K L A T  
 U B G X Z R A A A T S M T O D  
 J Y Y O S J O Y J Q T A G J P  
 R S U G L R K C S L O L R A R

- ARRAY
- DETECTOR
- ELEMENTS
- FOCUSED
- INFRARED
- LENS
- LIGHT
- TEMPERATURE
- THERMAL
- THERMOGRAM



Thermal Cameras work by showing objects that are hot as white and objects that are cold as blue. It uses a special lens that can show heat and cold.

Created by Brandon Beaver and Bryson Cheak

# Blackout Party

V P F Y T T O L T E T T R H S  
 I Z H R R Z L M G E I N A J N  
 C G G O B U I G L A D E D C Q  
 Y I A G S Q C O D P N C I E T  
 L I L S L P I R H T E S A M O  
 G W F X B V H I E L G E T M R  
 J U B Z A N U O E M C R I Y P  
 F M E R H Y O C R A X O O L Y  
 Q D T I J H T W H S J U N V X  
 E L E C T R I C I T Y L S L W  
 U C D N O Y W Z U A I F S K U  
 N B K N S G M U R T C E P S L  
 O B E C T C D X M S B D X D V  
 Y P G F Y F O R X M Q M B M P  
 D A E C I V F X A I V V H U E

- ELECTRICITY
- ELECTRONS
- FLUORESCENT
- LIGHT
- MERCURY
- PHOSPHORS
- PROTONS
- RADIATION
- SPECTRUM
- ULTRAVIOLET

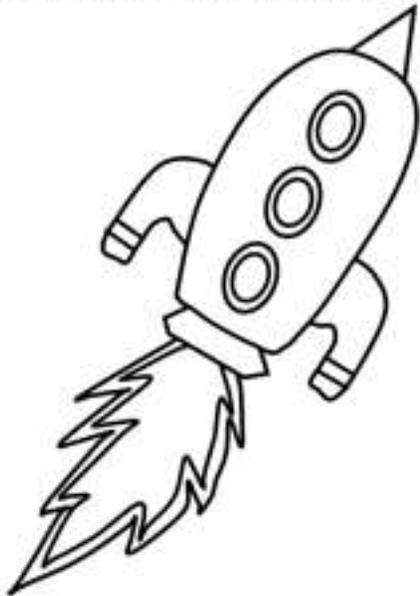


A black light is also known as a Ultraviolet light, which gives off the color of violet or a very dark purple. It is purple because it contains phosphors, which is a substance that helps make light colors that glow in the dark. Created by ; Anna and Rosie

# Water Rockets

E C N A T S I S E R T A M M N  
 B N U S C Y Y G D T C S U O G  
 M T O X K T C X S C A M T T S  
 S D U I I L A J E X E N N I N  
 S O A V S C F L Q C R V E O D  
 U D A P I O E V O Z O U M N W  
 F R Z Y F R L W D P D L O Z C  
 G R B Z A P A P X X Y T M S R  
 S M O T J T H M X T N J J D D  
 Y H I C E K I R P E A Q T L J  
 E O X R K D H V U Y M O U Q P  
 N K K V E E J P D T I K K D W  
 X P Y P V W T C L P C Z W Y Q  
 I R G Q Q T Z V E D S J N T U  
 S Z I N E R T I A J E W M A Y

- Acceleration
- Aerodynamics
- Explosion
- Gravity
- Inertia
- Momentum
- Motion
- Resistance
- Rocket
- Water



Air pressure builds inside the rocket before pulling the pin. After the pin is pulled, the rocket shoots into the air. This is Newton's Third Law: Every reaction has an opposite or equal reaction. Created by: Annalee, Caden, and Michael

# Wi Wi Wii

E C C C I K T K R J B J I A C  
 T M F Q O H Q L F G F C T I I  
 O M D Y G N O F W E O S T G N  
 M I J I U Q N O J N U E U Y F  
 E E L S I P P E S L N V Z V R  
 R L P Y K U Q O C G A X J N A  
 Z L M I O F L Z A T N N Z W R  
 K R O S N E S M Q S I T G S E  
 H E A T U B O L T R W O Y I D  
 S C O N T R O L L E R N N G S  
 M I K Q T K S A X N W H B J K  
 N Y C C I U F G F L R B P Y Q  
 A O E Z X G T T R W L P U U W  
 T L I O Y N E U E M J D T G A  
 E Q X B D B Q A C S M M W E V

- CONNECTION
- CONSOLE
- CONTROLLER
- ELECTROMAGNETIC
- HEAT
- INFRARED
- LIGHT
- REMOTE
- SENSOR
- SIGNAL



The wii is a console that uses infrared light sensors that makes the controllers connect which detects movement. Created by Marcus, Shacory, and Devin.

# Petting Zoo

C P W Z C O J Y I P W Q N G D  
 O C M P W Z X G P O U L T R Y  
 A L H D N Q E O R G N W W K A  
 T Q A S C L T L R D Z T W Y H  
 W Y A S I Y X O O Y Y W A W L  
 Y L V T I C R I M J E P J A H  
 G R P O L O S B P A Y E R P J  
 Q E I J A G J E E D M F L E T  
 R O T A D E R P I V R M P J J  
 Y H Y G V H H L L C I X A I V  
 L X P I K E Y S Q T E F H L X  
 B B M L R Z I F Y O M P D B A  
 G V E D G U Z S O B Z J S S M  
 E T B W H Q C E Q T U G C L P  
 I Q T C Z P L K E B F B N H V

BIOLOGY  
 COAT  
 HERD  
 MAMMAL  
 POULTRY  
 PREDATOR  
 PREY  
 REPTILE  
 SPECIES  
 WEB

A mammal is an animal that has fur, warm blooded, gives milk and has live babies at birth. Reptiles are cold blooded and covered in scales. Aves are feather bodied toothless beak jaws and lay hard shelled eggs.

Created by Kay, Victoria, Alexis, Celia



# Lego Robotics

R C D T O M L N T M J S X J N  
 S N M M G O D K S T I B V M U  
 H B Z O G T P J V G L N K I I  
 V S J X H I Z Q N Y D N Y F U  
 T Z C O J O I A N G O R N Y H  
 Y Z C O H N L V A I I C J T C  
 A R G W A V E E T T X J X M J  
 G E O U I K N A W R S B C Z F  
 L D B B K H R U C G R A C C U  
 H Y E S O E C R O F A S M P G  
 X P J E L T T C Z P E H Z F T  
 N I K E P W I O Q P G A Z W N  
 L H C M M S N C I O P G H O F  
 U C Q W R M L X S G X D L H G  
 A B Z B L U E T O O T H S Z W

ACCELERATION  
 BLUETOOTH  
 FORCE  
 GEARS  
 LEGO  
 MOTION  
 ROBOTICS  
 SIGNAL  
 SPEED  
 WAVE



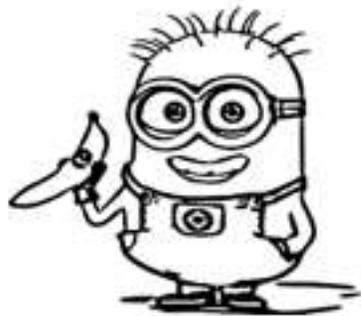
Lego Robots work by having an iPad send a blue tooth signal to the robot. The signal tells the motors to turn.

Created by Zach, Matthew, Micah, and Garrett

# 3D PRINTER

M P C C E D P A I G N X S H G  
 V Z I E G Z D Z O O L M H O N  
 Y Q Y E Q D I V I T R E D M I  
 Y L Y O I T J T N O W T X E R  
 S F M T H E A T T V F H C R U  
 W L I T E C H N O L O G Y A T  
 U V T L I A E C V E P S M W C  
 E K C L A V Q P W X N E W T A  
 M J P T N M Y C L T C M B F F  
 Y E S I R N E T X R O V G O U  
 R Q Y D B A I N O U I W E S N  
 R E T U P M O C T D F Z K M A  
 T J N M Z H Z Q Z E Z B C C M  
 R G X N A P B Z E R S H S V O  
 O P P I H P U F M Q C C K J Y

ADDITIVE  
 COMPUTER  
 EXTRUDER  
 FILAMENT  
 HEAT  
 INVENTOR  
 MANUFACTURING  
 REPLICATION  
 SOFTWARE  
 TECHNOLOGY



A 3D printer works by having a computer send information to the printer. Once it is received, the printer will heat filament and push it out of an extruder in a series of patterns that will replicate what the computer sent to the printer.

Created by Kaleigh and Grant

# Airsoft Guns

H P M U E E I K I Z A R D P L  
 D M R C M N J L F S U A E Z A  
 J E R E E E L Z Z B N A E Z I  
 D O S R S U D K B F C L P N T  
 F J T S O S M B S K C I S N N  
 R I K N E I U X K I W I F Y E  
 A F R N N R C R H N G F U W T  
 Q E Y G O Y P I E E K L O Z O  
 B F D P U I H M R T C M B C P  
 V E L O C I T Y O I U O N S A  
 W V N U H U G O Z C U A K E T  
 C S D J V U F N M H X O S N H  
 P I T K Y H Z Q O Q Q E Z P J  
 Y G R E N E D V A M A V P H E  
 S W U Z S D R R Y S K Z I N Y

BERNOULLI  
 COMPRESSED  
 ENERGY  
 FORCE  
 INERTIA  
 KINETIC  
 MOTION  
 POTENTIAL  
 PRESSURE  
 SPEED  
 VELOCITY



An airsoft gun works by using potential energy to pull back the BB and kinetic energy to shoot forward the BB. Created by Annabella and Kiara.

# Bass of Color

I D N O U Y L J G M I N O O G  
 M N K V L I X S U D S X K U G  
 R A F L T D V L Q L P K G J Y  
 F N X R R Y C N E U Q E R F M  
 M L X D A O J J R L O P V X K  
 V G N I S S F Z Y G B Z C Q F  
 H V D M O T O L I V P E C Y S  
 B A N H N J I N I O H R R S B  
 K R U I I F M B I T Q E E T A  
 C S O Q C N R H C C A V R C S  
 H V S S L A H H H C A J X T S  
 A P P I T C H G L W C O Z O Z  
 C O B I O U U T J V L T W F X  
 V J O P M E I A I K N Y M M C  
 I N J E G D H N Y B O V Y L J

BASS  
 FREQUENCY  
 HERTZ  
 INFRASONIC  
 PITCH  
 SOUND  
 TREBLE  
 ULTRASONIC  
 VIBRATION  
 WAVES



Sound travels by waves. Vibrations are what causes the speakers to move. The more bass you have the more sound waves you create. Created by: Addyson, Courtney, Trinity

# CHEMISTRY

S Y P P Y N C K Q P K A Q W N  
 W U Y S Y B I D K B C U N I Z  
 S E S A O Z T L I Q U I D D S  
 O Z F G V X O D L D Q W D T E  
 Q F U O G E I Q A C G R T G N  
 W U N J L Q R M I Q J A M Q S  
 Q L G A L Y E M J A B C X O O  
 C Y I V Y A P X J L L Y R T L  
 S A G U J J C T E O Z A N V I  
 F J S O W Y R I U A U E I M D  
 Y D P B H C R B M X M L U P P

ABRASIVE  
 CHEMICAL  
 DNA  
 ELEMENT  
 GAS  
 JOULE  
 LIQUID  
 MASS  
 PERIOTIC  
 SOLID  
 TABLE

You can do many things within chemistry. With elephant toothpaste for example, when you mix hydrogen peroxide with potassium iodide you get foam that grows and grows. Once you mix these chemicals you cannot undo them.



# Bullseye!

M Q Y Q C I E N Z S O P P P F D X H L U  
 C K G F P S O E I B F K I G I U T N C Z  
 V O J C A I M I N L B P A R A B O L A T  
 P M Z T T O Y V I Z A O H U B D V N E E  
 C V L C T P G G K Q Z F K A T E F R R W  
 G I I U C O H I C M G N K O K A C D O Z  
 V R M K E T I R Q O N C N Q V N Y R S U  
 F I O A T H L Y V O I H S A A Y S I O G  
 C X Z B N Q U A A T H G I E W B X W E P  
 N U P B Y Y U B R K C T J F S B S P K W  
 G L N U N D D N T L T R K P T G K V W X  
 X R H U P R I O H T E Q X Z A L Z R O C  
 L G A I W K Z O R Z L X H N T T F I Y Q  
 M B G V E R H G U E F O U N H I R F C K  
 I Y C G I V S H S L A Y O N N R Q O W M  
 D W A D U T F H T N M B J A E N J S A I  
 G N G S I D Y M G T E S Q L P P G O V C  
 Z G A E B E U G B E A J H T U Y J J T Z  
 U U R P H Q C G V P R N B Z T Y G J W T  
 L G D A H K Y L O V V K E Z U M E I Y T

AERODYNAMIC  
 DRAG  
 FLETCHING  
 FLIGHT  
 FORCE  
 FRICTION  
 GRAVITY  
 PARABOLA  
 THRUST  
 WEIGHT



Darts fly in a parabola shape, which is called the curve a flying object takes. Darts must be properly balanced and weighted in order to fly and stick in the board. How the dart flies can affect where the dart hits and its chances of sticking in the board. Darts are affected by thrust from the throw, drag from friction in the air, and gravity from their weight.  
 Created by Cameron and Hugo

# DRONES

H I Y R E R T R X P L X Z Q J  
 A N S L O R C M R N A E T I V  
 T B W S Q V A O H Q N K V V O  
 E E N Z B C P W A J G N H D I  
 V E C R R E M O T E I D E D B  
 S O J H L V G K N F S Q Y I L  
 W B J L N L P Y D N O B A G U  
 K D E Y F O S N W T G S J R E  
 Q R B W O D L H G O R A E P T  
 E V A K A W L O U H F F E E O  
 Y P J L S D I V G U R V F E O  
 B A K S E S R K E Y T M G T T  
 X U W N S Y T F A R C R I A H  
 D F Q L A V P O Y J B E I R B  
 K A X V B N G H Q K A A M S V

technology  
 bluetooth  
 propeller  
 yaw  
 signal  
 aircraft  
 software  
 sensor  
 GPS  
 remote

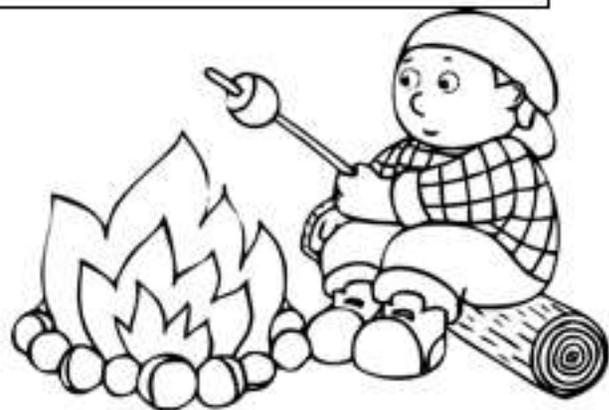


A **drone**, in a technological context, is an unmanned aircraft. ... Essentially, a **drone** is a flying robot. The aircrafts may be remotely controlled or can fly autonomously through software-controlled flight plans in their embedded systems working in conjunction with onboard sensors and GPS. Created by Tayfun, Clayton and Dillon

# Steadily Roasting

R C H H S M Y N Z X N T N Z M  
 V T O S V G Y A R G C Q W R H  
 F A W N R T N Z O N E F G C C  
 L H A E V C M F E X W M D U J  
 C A N H D E S B P C E E K N F  
 O E M Y H S C A G R Z W D U H  
 N O Q R Y X N T U L X P Y P Y  
 D M T G E S Y T I S J P L S F  
 U S R M I H A B D O H E A T K  
 C E H O V R T K B D N C K X J  
 T E N R E F Z R E P M U H C W  
 I R H P M A R S H M A L L O W  
 O G M N O I T A I D A R E Q R  
 N E N L F L F W R R T A F I F

CONDUCTION  
 CONVECTION  
 DEGREES  
 ENERGY  
 EXPANSION  
 HEAT  
 MARSHMALLOW  
 RADIATION  
 TEMPERATURE  
 THERMAL



Heating the marshmallow over the fire removes the sugar which is a chemical reaction that produces the brown color and toasted flavor. It requires high temperatures. When the sugar gets hot enough, it breaks down into smaller molecules. Created by Samuel and Anthony

# PUTT PUTT

P M X B W F Y U J T G Z F L Z  
 V O Y Z K F Z U R Y L P R U G  
 S F T X A K M H R E H O I T J  
 A C C E L E R A T I O N C N M  
 B S P N N C I T E N I K T O E  
 F O P D O T Y I H Y S K I I B  
 X E H E V T I P P Z F G O T F  
 N R Z W E Y W A H O C R N O P  
 N S I I G D I E L L T F C M D  
 X D J R S N H Z N C Y U B I A  
 E D E M E N E G J M S K U B W  
 Q N H R B L L H Y J I E B V N  
 E Y T C E F U U Q V L T L N B  
 V I K E B P I F Q U B G Z O O  
 A F O R C E L K N J K W F B G

ACCELERATION  
 ENERGY  
 FORCE  
 FRICTION  
 INERTIA  
 KINETIC  
 MOTION  
 NEWTON  
 POTENTIAL  
 SPEED



Putt Putt works due to Newton's Laws about force. The force you use to move the putter is transferred to the ball causing it to accelerate. This is Newton's 2<sup>nd</sup> Law of motion.

Created by Delaine, Abby, Cameron

# Mentos and Coke

T U D Y H W L E E F J M C Z V  
 Z B B I F I R V P I C K E T N  
 B R C Z O U L Q H C N V G M C  
 M Y K C S X J W H U O H T T B  
 W K W S A N I E D N I O T K G  
 F D E F G R M D E U T Q P B E  
 J R J D A I B D E C P E H P F  
 P T I M S Y N O X L U A Y G C  
 I W D T T T P O N E R D M R X  
 L A R U I A U D I A E R E I B  
 R Y B H O D U Q X T T F R Z I  
 N O I T U L O S V I C I L E I  
 K G G T C J Q Q U O P A O J T  
 V M W Y Q H U F W N U E E N N  
 G E Y S E R S M M X N L A R D

CARBONATION  
 CHEMISTRY  
 DIOXIDE  
 ERUPTION  
 GAS  
 GEYSERS  
 NUCLEATION  
 PRESSURE  
 REACTION  
 SOLUTION



We place Mentos into coke. This causes a chemical reaction. A chemical reaction cannot be reversed.

Created by Mckensie Shaft and Shaw Franklin

# Colored Shadows

W V E P N R L S P N U A U Z Z  
 J J M T N Y A N F Z S H P Y E  
 T S S M R P J A U J E N T U C  
 E T I H W D E X L V T C C P N  
 B R F V Y F H V U T E B E L A  
 S B L U B T H G I L R R F L T  
 N Y T J W H Q H F T C V U I S  
 S J M B N V H E L E I L F G I  
 V H Y U Y T R H P R Q D V H D  
 Q A A P D M S T G D U Z D T B  
 J R Z D M B I V U L I S K A C  
 X F Q I O O M I X T U R E O O  
 J D A Z N W U X W B T O L K K  
 G W N H G H S P U M R O K P P  
 W H S E O H V R O Y R D G T R

ADDITIVE  
 COLOR  
 DISTANCE  
 LIGHT  
 LIGHTBULBS  
 MIXTURE  
 PERCEPTION  
 REFLECT  
 SHADOWS  
 WHITE



Not all shadows are black. When lights of different colors shine on the same spot on a light surface, the light reflecting from the spot to your eyes is called an additive mixture. Because it is the sum of all the light.

Created by:

Jacob Hurst, Jessica Seltenreich,  
 and Peyton Bennett

# The Sand Pendulum

EARTH	I Y G R E N E R T M N K E L T
ENERGY	A N F M K W J I H I O I E E O
FORCE	R E E W Y I Y L V H I N C L C
FRICTION	U X K R B N D R L Y T E R G J
GEOMETRIC	C L A I T N E T O P C T O N Q
GRAVITY	O I J C H I N M C E I I F F Q
HARMONIC	X W R T G I A I V L R C X R B
INERTIA	D V R T C K N L F H F Y X W G
KINETIC	O A Q G E O R O T A T I O N G
MOTION	E W X N M M B H N J W B K R E
POTENTIAL	E E F R Q M O K J O N T A C F
ROTATION	X G A U U F I E S U I V K U W
	C H J E V C A P G P I T U A Q
	T O B O W W Q U A T K K O M V
	J Q T N B D N L Y U Z I L M U



A pendulum works by turning potential energy into kinetic energy and using the gravity of Earth and its rotation to swing in different directions and make art.

Created By: Armando & Lin

# Centripetal Force

K A O Z A E C F U K T V C N N	ACCELERATION
M T T V C I Y A O C Y E S O T	AXIS
W A T D C L N T E R N X S I A	CENTRIPETAL
Z L T Y E B Y J I T C P H T F	CIRCULAR
U M X B L L B X R C I E L O C	FORCE
K C X W E O A I S N O W U M C	MOTION
E Q H L R Y P J F P B L O K C	OBJECT
V S P P A E O R B I T A E I S	ORBIT
Q W B B T J U E A P D K Z V E	SPIN
A C P A I N Q A E Q V B O N F	VELOCITY
X Q L S O N C U H A D E R C H	
I V P Z N W R A L U L C R I C	
S R S C T S N Z E H T A J K Q	
R Q V R T X V R H B M U A V H	
C D Z Y E W M E J B G F M E V	



Centripetal force is the force that affects spinning objects. When something, like a Tasmanian devil, starts spinning, his spin will drive force into the ground and spread force out of the center of his spin. These forces keep him balanced, keep yo-yos spinning, and can speed up or slow objects depending on their size.

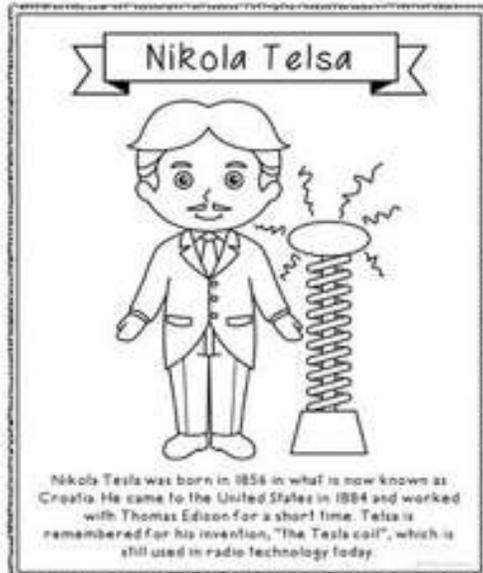
By Carter, Brandon, and Michael.

# Tesla

## WORD BANK

AMPS  
CAPACITOR  
CHARGE  
CURRENT  
ELECTRICITY  
FREQUENCY  
LIGHTNING  
RESONANCE  
TRANSFORMER  
VOLTAGE

V E F Y S C A S C Z N M T E W  
C U L D C T H A G E P T R C I  
Y Q W E J N P A T W Q Y A N P  
R E T H C A E M R O L R N A B  
R R Q M C T V U L G A T S N B  
Q V I I O Y R X Q I E D F O W  
O J T G B Q M I D E X U O S H  
E O J X P N T A C B R V R E Z  
R M G N I N T H G I L F M R A  
J E G V E H W D O E T K E J M  
P Z K R K R I N O Y V Y R R P  
K P R L M M E I X C W X I M S  
Z U C R G U S U X S L K X N S  
C V O L T A G E T S A Z Z B U  
H Q X H Y E Y H R C C H T C Q



A Tesla coil is a machine that makes lightning bolts. It produces high-voltage, low-current, high frequency alternating-current electricity. Created by Alexis, Kayla, and Lacie.

## Super Slingers

P U A V O P P I I K L T E E D  
L O P Y U F S Q E I Z A L F N  
T A T A C R V C H N V A I O A  
Y M R E P S R K F E S N V R B  
W K V E N O I L W T V T E T R  
L X U M F T W Z I I Y E E L E  
O G E W U I I C P C I N T D B  
S N A V M U E A J E B S U N B  
U R C P E N W V L N Q I A P U  
D E A D E L I T C E J O R P R  
B C R R P P Z O F L R N N F T D  
T Z G Q L O T C W G W E L V H  
M Y Z H F L H W I Y D V R U R  
D I S T A N C E X T C P T G N  
Y E W Q L V B L S R Y Q W M Y

DISTANCE  
DRAWFORCE  
ELASTICENERGY  
IMPACT  
KINETICENERGY  
POTENTIALENERGY  
PROJECTILE  
RUBBERBAND  
TENSION  
VELOCITY



A slingshot works when the rubber band is pulled back to create potential energy, and then kinetic energy when it is released. The projectile is then propelled by the force.

Angel, Brian, Brian