### Eureka Math

2nd Grade Module 7 Lesson 3

At the request of elementary teachers, a team of Bethel & Sumner educators met as a committee to create Eureka slideshow presentations. These presentations are not meant as a script, nor are they required to be used. Please customize as needed. Thank you to the many educators who contributed to this project!

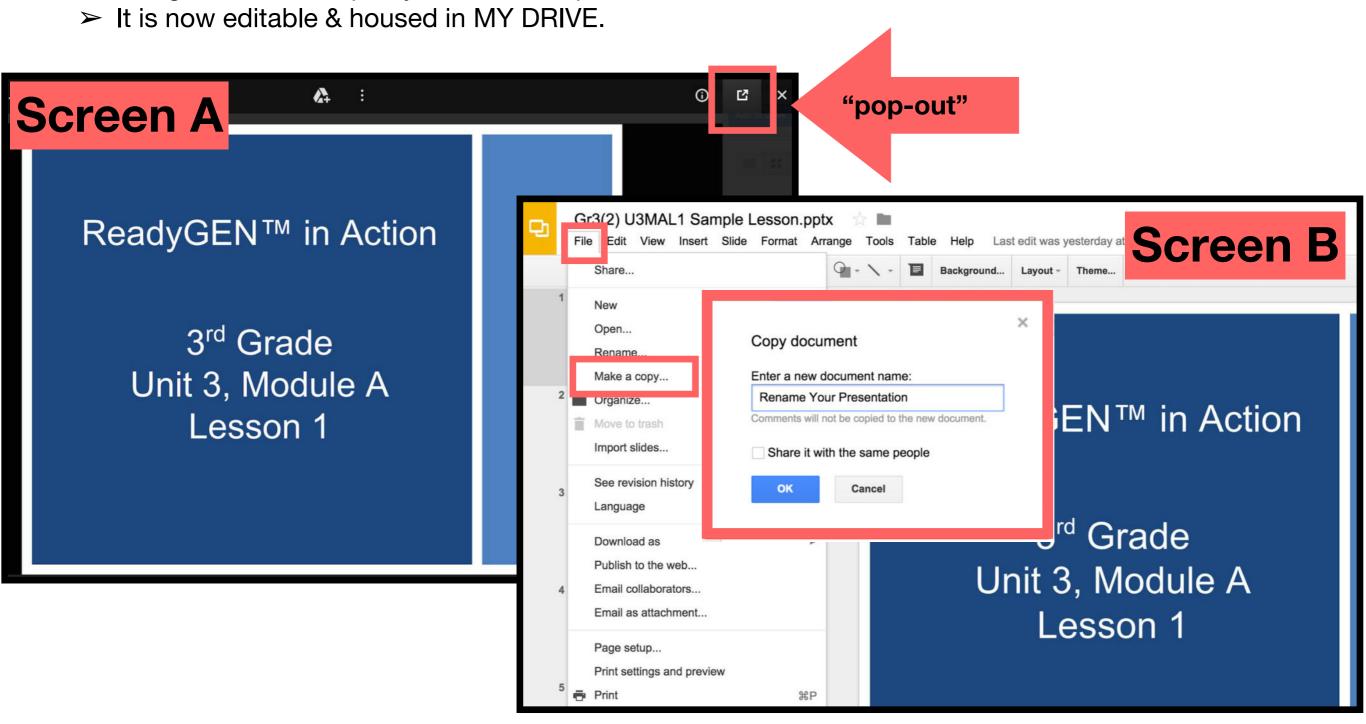
Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.



#### **Customize this Slideshow**

#### Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- > When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- > Click on the "pop-out" button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- > The view now looks like Screen B.
- Within Google Slides (not Chrome), choose FILE.
- Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.



### Icons



Read, Draw, Write



**Learning Target** 



Personal White Board



**Problem Set** 



Manipulatives Needed



Fluency



Think Pair Share



Whole Class



Individual



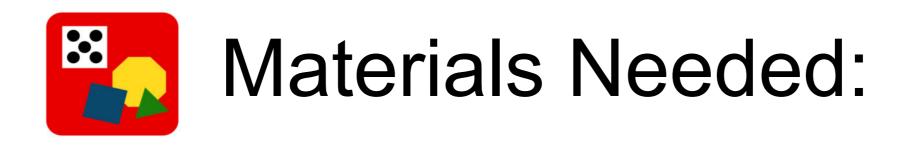
Partner



**Small Group** 



**Small Group Time** 



- Addition and subtraction by 5 sprint
- 10 dimes, 5 nickel, can
- Tally chart
- 1 number of books read picture graphs (template 1) per student
- Template 2, Chart 3 & 4, completed template 1 from lesson 2
- Personal white board
- Paper or math journal

A STORY OF UNITS Lesson 3 2.7

#### Lesson 3

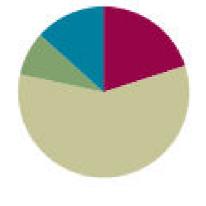
Objective: Draw and label a bar graph to represent data; relate the count scale to the number line.

#### **Suggested Lesson Structure**

Tracing Fractice (22 minutes		Fluency Practice	(12 minutes)
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- Application Problem (5 minutes)
- Concept Development (35 minutes)
- Student Debrief (8 minutes)

Total Time (60 minutes)



#### Fluency Practice (12 minutes)

Sprint: Addition and Subtraction by 5 2.NBT.2 (9 minutes)

Coin Drop 2.NBT.2, 2.OA.2 (3 minutes)

Sprint: Addition and Subtraction by 5 (9 minutes)

Materials: (S) Addition and Subtraction by 5 Sprint



 I can draw and label a bar graph to represent data; relate the count scale to the number line.



## Sprint

A STORY OF UNITS

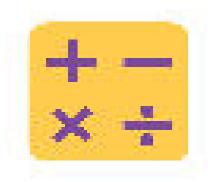
Lesson 3 Sprint 2.7

Number Correct: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Addition and Subtraction by 5

1.	0 + 5 =
2.	5 + 5 =
3.	10 + 5 =
4.	15 + 5 =
5.	20 + 5 =
6.	25 + 5 =
7.	30 + 5 =
8.	35 + 5 =
9.	40 + 5 =
10.	45 + 5 =
11.	50 - 5 =
12.	45 - 5 =

23.	10 + 5 =	
24.	15 + 5 =	
25.	20 + 5 =	
26.	25 + 5 =	
27.	30 + 5 =	
28.	35 + 5 =	
29.	40 + 5 =	
30.	45 + 5 =	
31.	0 + 50 =	
32.	50 + 50 =	
33.	50 + 5 =	
34.	55 + 5 =	



### **Coin Drop**

Name my coin.

How much is it worth?

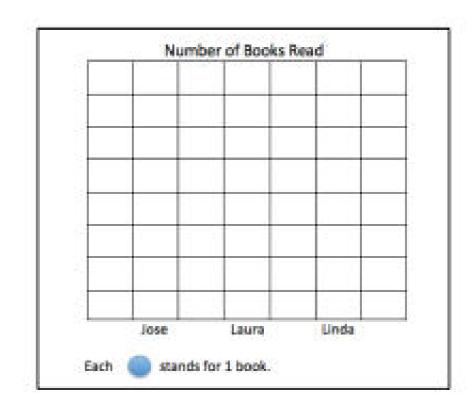
Listen carefully as I drop coins in my can. Count along in your minds.



## Application Problem

- a. Use the tally chart to fill in the picture graph.
- b. Draw a tape diagram to show how many more books Jose read than Laura.

Number	s Read	
Jose	Laura	Linda
###	###	

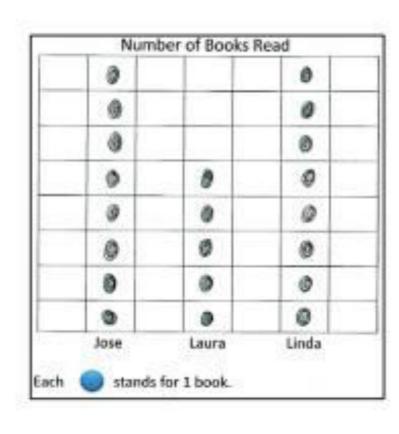


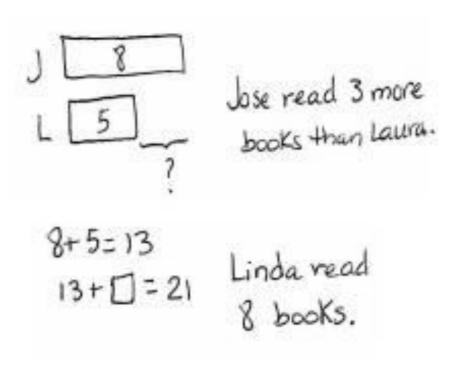
## Application Problem

c. If Jose, Laura, and Linda read 21 books altogether, how many books did Linda read?

d. Complete the tally chart and the graph.

Jose	Laura	Linda
### 1111	###	#1







Take your Application Problem, and turn it sideways like mine.

What do you notice about the picture graph when it's turned this way?

It looks like a tape diagram!



Display the completed vertical picture graph. (Lesson 2, Template 1)

How can you tell by looking at the graph which category has more and which has less?

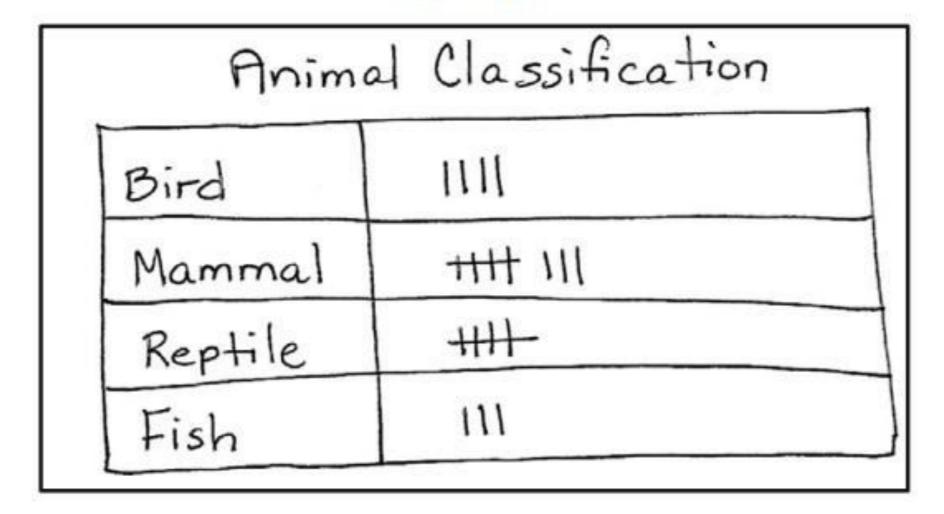
Do the data change if I turn the graph sideways?



Display Chart 3: Animal Classification from Lesson 1

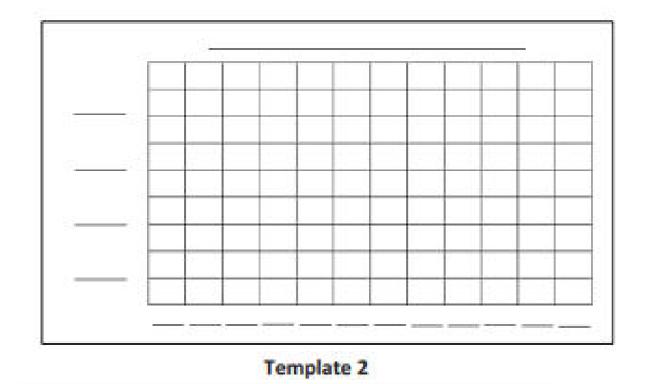
And we learned we can show the same data in a table and in a picture graph!

Chart 3





Fill in template 2 with students. See pg 50 & 51 of teacher manual.



Animal Classification

Bird

Mammal

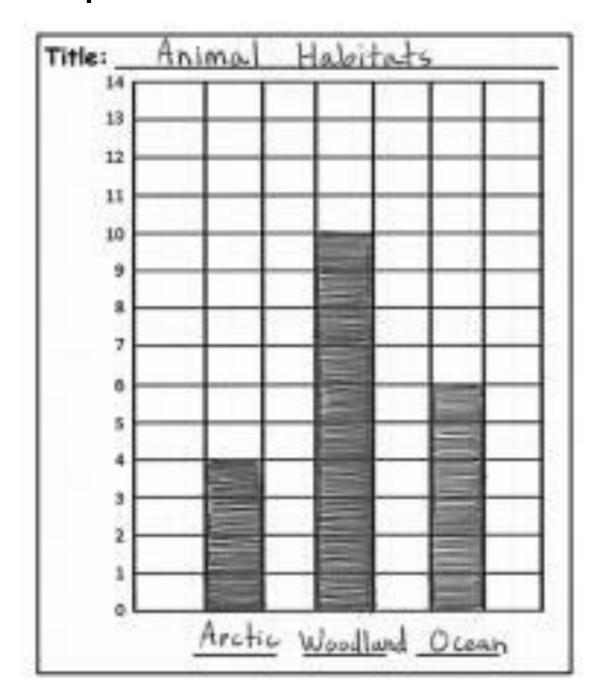
Reptile

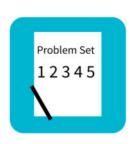
Fish

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12



Repeat the process to create a bar graph of the data from the Animal Habitats table using the second graph (vertical orientation) on Template 2.





### Problem Set

A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 3 Problem Set 2.7

1.	Complete the bar graph below using data	Animal
	provided in the table. Then, answer the	

Name

questions about the data.

100	Animal Classification										
	Birds	Fish	Mammals	Reptiles							
	6	5	11	3							

Title:



### Debrief

Look at the first graph in your Problem Set. What did you write on this graph that we didn't put on our graph yesterday? How do the numbers on the bottom help us to record data in a bar graph?

Show your partner which part of your graph shows how many more birds than reptiles there are.

Look at your neighbor's habitat graph. Are the numbers on the scale written horizontally or vertically?



### Debrief

When you were coloring the boxes to record how many animal habitats are in the grasslands, did you count each box, or did you look at the numbers you wrote? Which strategy would be faster?

Why are bar graphs good for making comparisons? Can you tell which category has more or less without using the scale? How does the scale help you make more precise comparisons?

How does writing numbers on our graphs help us to use tape diagrams? How do bar and picture graphs help us to draw tape diagrams so that we can see the difference (more than or fewer than) between groups?

Tell your partner the different types of graphs you know how to use. What are the differences and similarities between them? Do they all use numbers?



### Exit Ticket

A STORY OF UNITS Lesson 3 Exit Ticket 207

Name Date
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Complete the bar graph below using data provided in the table. Then, answer the questions about the data.

4	Animal	nimal Classification								
Birds	Fish	Mammals	Reptiles							
7	12	8	6							

	T	itle:						
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