# Eureka Math

2nd Grade Module 5 Lesson 3

At the request of elementary teachers, a team of Bethel & Sumner educators met as a committee to create Eureka slideshow presentations. These presentations are not meant as a script, nor are they required to be used. Please customize as needed. Thank you to the many educators who contributed to this project!

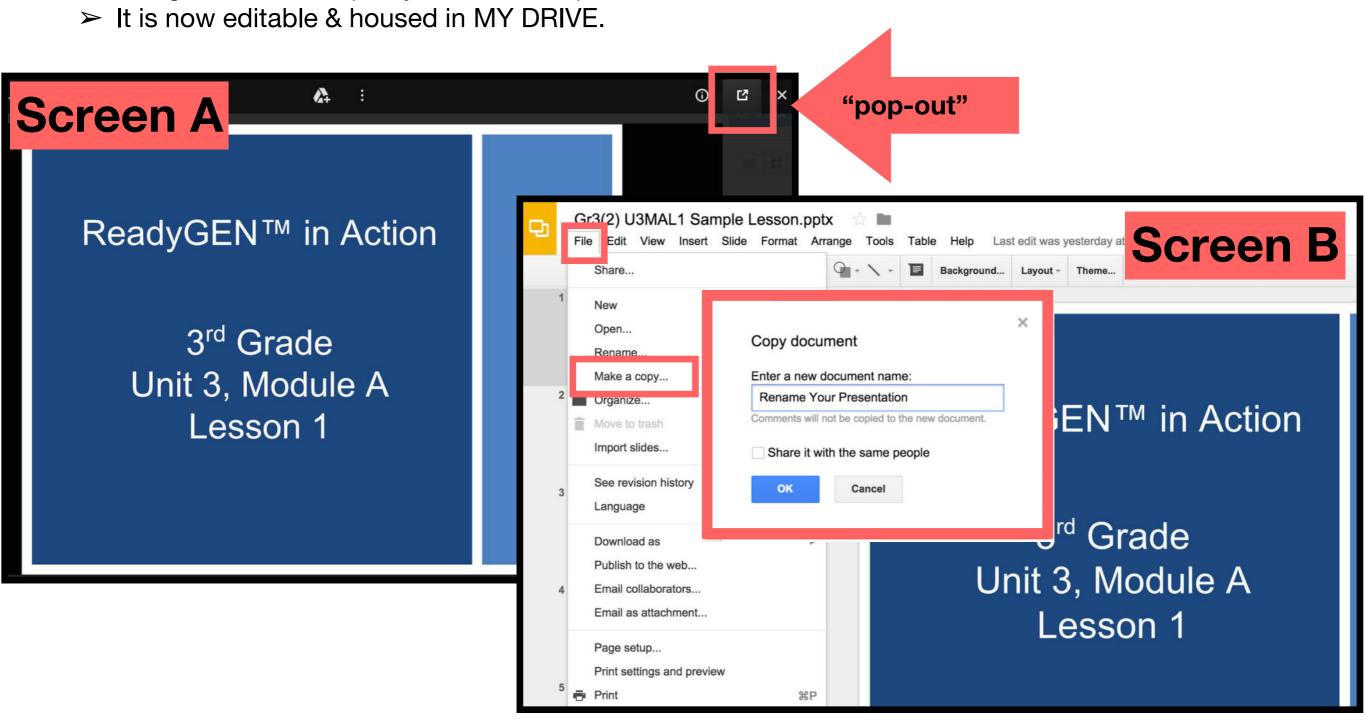
Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.



#### **Customize this Slideshow**

### Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- > When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- > Click on the "pop-out" button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- > The view now looks like Screen B.
- Within Google Slides (not Chrome), choose FILE.
- Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.



### Icons



Read, Draw, Write



**Learning Target** 



Personal White Board



**Problem Set** 



Manipulatives Needed



Fluency



Think Pair Share



Whole Class



Individual



Partner



**Small Group** 



**Small Group Time** 

### Lesson 2

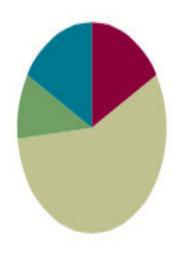
Objective: Add and subtract multiples of 100, including counting on to subtract.

#### **Suggested Lesson Structure**

Application Problem	(6 minutes)
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- Fluency Practice (10 minutes)
- Concept Development (34 minutes)
- Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Total Time (60 minutes)





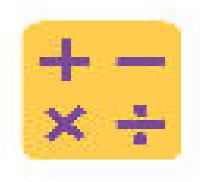
I can add multiples of 100 and tens.

### Materials Needed:



### **Concept Development:**

• (S) white boards



# How Many More to Make 100?



# **Sprint**

A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 3 Sprint 2.5

Number Correct:

#### Adding Multiples of Ten and Some Ones

1.	40 + 3 =	
2.	40 + 8 =	
3.	40 + 9 =	
4.	40 + 10 =	
5.	41 + 10 =	
6.	42 + 10 =	
7.	45 + 10 =	
8.	45 + 11 =	
9.	45 + 12 =	
10.	44 + 12 =	
11	43 + 12 =	

23.	45 + 44 =	
24.	44 + 45 =	
25.	30 + 20 =	
26.	34 + 20 =	
27.	34 + 21 =	
28.	34 + 25 =	
29.	34 + 52 =	
30.	50 + 30 =	
31.	56 + 30 =	
32.	56 + 31 =	
33	56 + 32 =	



## Application problems



A children's library sold 27 donated books. Now, they have 48. How many books were there to begin with?





Problem 1: 420 + 100 420 + 110





Problem 2: 550 + 200, 550 + 250, 550 + 260

$$550 \xrightarrow{+200} 750 \xrightarrow{+50} 800 \xrightarrow{+10} 810$$





Problem 3: 280 + 200, 280 + 220, 280 + 230

$$+200 +20 +10$$
 $280 \longrightarrow 480 \longrightarrow 500 \longrightarrow 510$ 





Problem 4: 470 + 200; 470 + 210; 470 + 230

$$400 + 200$$

$$470 + 200$$

$$470 + 210$$

$$470 + 230$$

$$470 + 250$$





Problem 5: 590 + 240

$$590 \xrightarrow{+10} 600 \xrightarrow{+30} 630 \xrightarrow{+200} 830$$



# Problem Set

A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 3 Problem Set 2.5

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Solve each set of problems using the arrow way.

a.

380 + 200

380 + 220

380 + 230

b.

470 + 400

470 + 450

470 + 430



For Problem 1(b),how does knowing 470+400 help you solve the other problems in that set?

In Problem 1, what do you notice about the second problem in each set?

Share with a partner: How did you use the arrow way to solve Problem 1(c), 650 + 280? How did you decompose 280 to add?



For Problems 2(a) and (b),how did the first problem in each set help you solve the next two?

Share with a partner: For Problem 2(c), what was the most efficient way to add 280 + 260? Did you agree or disagree with your partner? Is there more than one way to solve?

How is thinking about the make ten strategy helpful when composing a new hundred?

# Exit Ticket

A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 3 Exit Ticket 2.5

Name \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each set of problems using the arrow way.

1. 440 + 300

360 + 440

440 + 380

2.