## Lesson 2.7

## **Practice Level C**

- **1.** The Linear Pair Post. and Vertical Angles Congruence Thm. can be used to deduce that  $\angle 5$ ,  $\angle 6$ , and  $\angle 7$  are right angles. So,  $\angle 5$ ,  $\angle 6$ ,  $\angle 7$ , and  $\angle 8$  are all congruent by the Right Angles Congruence Thm.  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$  and  $\angle 4 \cong \angle 2$  by the Congruent Complements Thm.
- **2**. By the Linear Pair Post., the following are supplementary:  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$ ,  $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 4$ ,  $\angle 5$  and  $\angle 6$ ,  $\angle 7$  and  $\angle 9$ ,  $\angle 8$  and  $\angle 10$ . You can

deduce that  $\angle 4$  is a right angle, so  $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$  by the Right Angles Congruence Thm. By the Congruent Supplements Thm.,  $\angle 1$ ,  $\angle 6$ ,  $\angle 9$ , and  $\angle 10$  are congruent and  $\angle 2$ ,  $\angle 5$ ,  $\angle 7$ , and  $\angle 8$  are congruent. **3.** 37°, 90°, 53°, 37° **4.** 56°, 90°, 56°, 34° **5.** 51°, 39°, 90°, 51° **6.** 54°, 36°, 36°

**7.** 
$$x = 25, y = 14$$
 **8.**  $x = 13, y = 16$ 

**9.** 
$$x = 50, y = 53, z = 127$$

**10.** 
$$x = 4$$
,  $y = 21$ ,  $z = 71$  **11.**  $118^{\circ}$  **12.**  $96^{\circ}$ 

**13.** 
$$84^{\circ}$$
 **14.**  $62^{\circ}$  **15.**  $28^{\circ}$  **16.**  $56^{\circ}$  **17.** yes

**23.** Given; 
$$m \angle STU$$
; Angle Addition Post.;

$$40^{\circ} + 50^{\circ}$$
; 90°; Def. of rt. Angle;  $\angle S \cong \angle STU$ 

- **24.** *Sample answer:*
- 1.  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 4$  are comp.  $\angle 4$  and  $\angle 5$  are comp.  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are supp.  $\angle 5$  and  $\angle 6$  are supp.  $m\angle 1 = 52^{\circ}$  (Given)
- **2.**  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 5$  (Congruent Complements Theorem)
- 3.  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 6$  (Congruent Supplements Theorem)

**4.** 
$$m \angle 1 + m \angle 2 = 180^{\circ}$$

(Def. of supplementary angles)

- 5.  $52^{\circ} + m \angle 2 = 180^{\circ}$  (Subst. Prop. of Equality)
- **6.**  $m \angle 2 = 128^{\circ}$  (Subtraction Prop. of Equality)
- 7.  $m \angle 2 = m \angle 6$  (Def. of congruent angles)
- **8.**  $m \angle 6 = 128^{\circ}$  (Subst. Prop. of Equality)

## Answer Key