	Physics Chapter 11-12 Test Review
1.	A repeated motion, such as that of an acrobat swinging on a trapeze, is called a Periodic motion
2.	Any periodic motion that is the result of a restoring force that is proportional to the displacement is
2	called Simple harmonic motion
٥.	The maximum distance from the equilibrium position in a simple harmonic motion is called what?
4	What does the period of a simple pendulum depend on? Length
5	What 2 things does the period of a mass-spring system depend on?
6.	How much force would be required to pull a slingshot if it can stretch 72.5 m and it has a spring constant
	of 6723 N/m? Spring force = -(spring constant x displacement)
	F=-(6723.72.5) = +487417.5 N
7.	If the period of a pendulum is 212 seconds, how tall would the pendulum be? Period = $2\pi \sqrt{1/\sigma}$
	$212 = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{9.8}}$ (212) $= \sqrt{\frac{312}{9.8}}$ (139.6 = $\sqrt{\frac{9.8}{9.8}}$ (1168.) If a spring with a mass of .98 kg is attached vertically stretches to 22.31 m, what is the spring constant?
8.	If a spring with a mass of .98 kg is attached vertically stretches to 22.31 m, what is the spring constant?
ma	ss x gravity = -spring constant x displacement
0	· 98 a-9.8 = -SC - 22.31 (043 m)
9.	A mass of .98 kg is attached to a spring and is set into vibration with a period of 267 seconds. What is
	the spring constant of the spring? Period = $2\pi \sqrt{m/k_2}$ $267 = 277\sqrt{98}$ A tuning fork produces a sound with a frequency of 2556 Hz and wavelength in air of 635 ng $\frac{98}{15}$
10	A tuning full and dear the second of the sec
10.	What value does this give for the speed of sound in air? Speed = frequency x wavelength
	S=2556-635 = [1623060 m]
11.	Draw a Transverse sine wave and label the following:
	Draw a Transverse sine wave and label the following: a. Crest Amplitude
	b. Irough
	c. Wavelength
10	d. Amplitude Draw 2 waves, 1 that shows constructive interference and one that shows destructive interference.
120	
/\	Draw a standing wave. Label the node and antinode.
13.	Draw a standing wave. Label the node and antinode.
	What is the lowest possible frequency of a standing wave called?
17.	Fundamental
15.	What is a series of frequencies of a standing wave called?
	harmonic series
16.	When two waves interfere with each other, there are slightly different frequencies present that cause the
	listener to perceive a variation of loudness. What is this called?
	beats
17.	A whistle is blown and a person cannot hear the sound. After analyzing the sound, it is determined that
	the person cannot hear it because it has too low of a frequency. What type of wave was created?
10	Another whice is blown and the passer are it beautiful and the passer are it beautiful.
10.	Another whistle is blown and the person can't hear the sound. After analyzing the sound, it is
	determined that the person can't hear it because it has too high of a frequency. What wave was created?
	Ultrasonie

19. Several tuning forks are set into vibration. The students are then asked to rate each tuning fork on how high or low they perceive the sound to be. What is it they being asked to record?
20. A frequency shift that is the result of motion between the source of waves and the person is called what? Doppler effect
21. As the sound waves travel outward from a source, energy is transferred. The rate at which the energy is
transferred is called what?
22. At 120 dB, your hearing is damaged. What is this called? Fair
23. 0dB is the softest sound heard by a human. What is this called?
24. While playing a guitar, the musician holds the strings so that the vibration cannot travel into the body of
the guitar. He strums the string without holding it and the sound is greatly intensified What is this?
25. The vibrations that are sent through a guitar which then cause the bridge of the guitar to vibrate are
called what? Sympathetic Vibrations
match natural Vibration's wineglass
28. What are 3 uses of ultrasonic waves? Ultrasound Echolocation, Radar 29. What is sound?
O magoritatile
29. What is sound? A Moration 30. A power output of a light bulb is 2600 W. At what distance is the light intensity of the light bulb .0012
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