

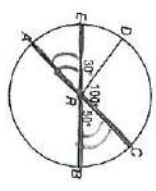
MuH of 3

NAME _____ DATE _____ PERIOD _____

10-2 Skills Practice

Measuring Angles and Arcs

$\overline{AC}$ and $\overline{EB}$ are diameters of $\odot R$. Identify each arc as a major arc, minor arc, or semicircle of the circle. Then find its measure.

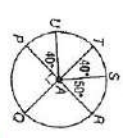


- $m\widehat{EA}$
- $m\widehat{CB}$
- $m\widehat{DC}$
- $m\widehat{DEB}$

3. $m\widehat{DC}$ minor arc
100°

6. $m\widehat{CDA}$ semicircle
180°

$\overline{PR}$ and $\overline{QT}$ are diameters of $\odot A$. Find each measure.

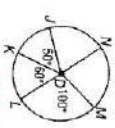


- $m\widehat{UTS}$
- $m\widehat{PQR}$
- $m\widehat{RST}$
- $m\widehat{STP}$

9. $m\widehat{UTS}$ $m\widehat{PQR} = 180^\circ$
 $m\widehat{UTS} = 180^\circ - 50^\circ - 40^\circ - 40^\circ = 50^\circ$
 $m\widehat{RST} = 50^\circ + 40^\circ = 90^\circ$
 $m\widehat{STP} = 40^\circ + 50^\circ + 40^\circ = 130^\circ$

Lesson 10-2

- Use $\odot D$ to find the length of each arc. Round to the nearest hundredth.
- $\widehat{LM}$ if the radius is 5 inches
- $\widehat{KL}$ if $JD = 7$ centimeters
- $\widehat{KL\hat{M}}$ if $DM = 9$ millimeters



16. $\widehat{MN}$ if the diameter is 3 yards
 $l \approx 8.73$ inches
 18. $\widehat{NJK}$ if $NL = 12$ feet
 $m\widehat{NJK} = 180^\circ - 60^\circ = 120^\circ$
 $\frac{120^\circ}{360^\circ} = \frac{l}{\pi d}$
 $\frac{120}{360} = \frac{l}{\pi \cdot 24}$
 $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{l}{24\pi}$
 $24\pi = 3l$
 $8\pi = l$
 $l \approx 25.13$

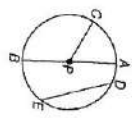
$12.574 \approx l$

NAME _____ DATE _____ PERIOD _____

10-1 Skills Practice

Circles and Circumference

For Exercises 1–7, refer to $\odot P$.

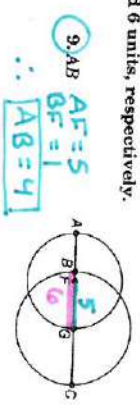


- Name a chord.
 $\overline{DE}$ and $\overline{AB}$
- Name a radius.
- Name a diameter.

6. Suppose the diameter of the circle is 16 centimeters. Find the radius.
 $2r = d$
 $2 \cdot r = 16$
 $r = 8$ cm

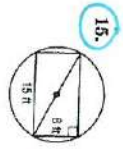
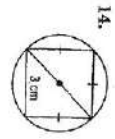
Lesson 10-1

The diameters of $\odot F$ and $\odot G$ are 5 and 6 units, respectively. Find each measure.



- BF
- GF
- FG
- AG

12. $C = 81.3$ cm
 $C = 2\pi r$
 $81.3 = 2\pi r$
 $r \approx 12.77$ cm
 $r \approx 12.8$ cm



15. $C = 5$ yd
 $C = 2\pi r$
 $5 = 2\pi r$
 $r \approx 0.796$ yd
 $r \approx 0.8$ yd

$C = \pi d$
 $C = \pi \cdot 17$
 $C \approx 17\pi$

X

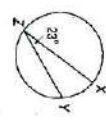
Odd #

10-4 Skills Practice

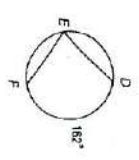
Inscribed Angles

Find each measure.

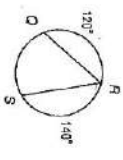
1. $m\widehat{XY}$



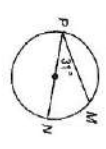
2. $m\angle E$



3. $m\angle R$

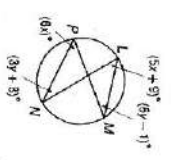


4. $m\widehat{MP}$

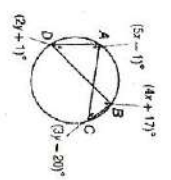


ALGEBRA Find each measure.

5. $m\angle N$



7. $m\angle C$



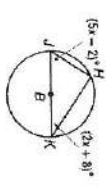
6. $m\angle L$



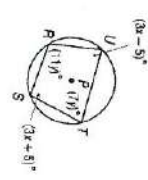
8. $m\angle A$



9. $m\angle J$



11. $m\angle S$



10. $m\angle K$

12. $m\angle R$



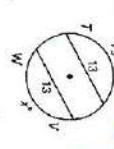
Lesson 10-4

Skills Practice

Arcs and Chords

ALGEBRA Find the value of x in each circle.

1. $\widehat{TU} \cong \widehat{UV}$



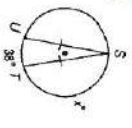
2. $\widehat{PR} \cong \widehat{RS}$



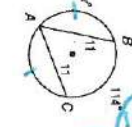
3. $\widehat{AC} \cong \widehat{BD}$



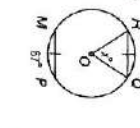
4. $\widehat{ST} \cong \widehat{UT}$



5. $\widehat{AB} \cong \widehat{BC}$



$\widehat{AB} \cong \widehat{BC} \rightarrow \widehat{AC} \cong \widehat{AC}$
 $114 + 24 = 360$
 $2x = 246$
 $x = 123$



Radius that is perpendicular bisects chord and arc.

In $\odot Y$ the radius is 34, $AB = 60$, and $m\widehat{AC} = 71$. Find each measure.

7. $m\widehat{BC} = m\widehat{AC} = 71$

9. $AD = \frac{1}{2}AB = \frac{1}{2}60 = 30$

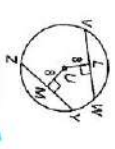
11. $YD = 30^2 + 34^2 = 34^2$

8. $m\widehat{AB}$

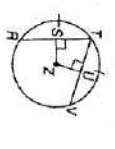
10. BD

12. DC

13. In $\odot U$, $VW = 20$ and $YZ = 5x$. What is x ?



14. In $\odot Z$, $\widehat{TR} \cong \widehat{TV}$, $SZ = x + 4$, and $UZ = 2x - 1$. What is x ?



Lesson 10-3

$VW = YZ$
 $20 = 5x$
 $x = 4$
 $900 + x^2 = 1156$
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{256}$
 $x = 16$

If chords are equidistant from the center, they are $\cong$