

Eureka Math

1st Grade Module 4 Lesson 2

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Icons



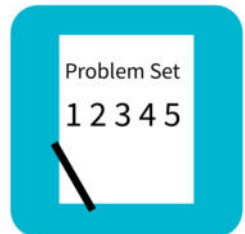
Read, Draw, Write



Learning Target



Personal White Board



Problem Set



Manipulatives Needed



Fluency



Think Pair Share



Whole Class



Individual



Partner



Small Group



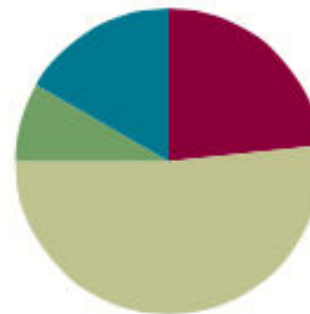
Small Group Time

Lesson 2

Objective: Use the place value chart to record and name tens and ones within a two-digit number.

Suggested Lesson Structure

■ Fluency Practice	(14 minutes)
■ Application Problem	(5 minutes)
■ Concept Development	(31 minutes)
■ Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
Total Time	(60 minutes)



Fluency Practice (14 minutes)

- Core Addition Fluency Review **1.OA.6** (5 minutes)
- 3, 4, and 5 More **1.OA.6** (4 minutes)
- Change 10 Pennies for 1 Dime **1.NBT.2** (5 minutes)

Materials Needed

- (S) Core Addition Fluency Review Sheet, 10 pennies and 2 dimes per student pair, toolkit of cubes from Lesson 1, personal white board, place value chart
- (T) Hide Zero cards, chart paper



I can use a place value chart to record and name a two-digit number as a ten and some ones.



Core Addition Fluency Review

A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 2 Core Addition Fluency Review

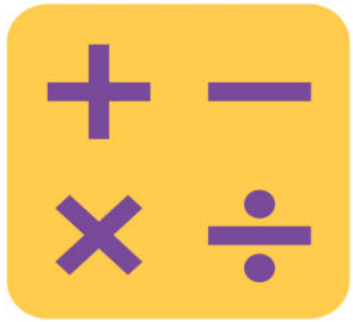
1•4

Name _____

Date _____

Core Addition Fluency Review

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. $2 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$ | 16. $1 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$ | 31. $5 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 2. $2 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$ | 17. $6 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$ | 32. $3 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 3. $2 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$ | 18. $6 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$ | 33. $3 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 4. $4 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$ | 19. $5 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$ | 34. $3 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 5. $0 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ | 20. $4 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ | 35. $4 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 6. $0 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ | 21. $2 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ | 36. $5 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 7. $0 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$ | 22. $2 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ | 37. $4 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 8. $3 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$ | 23. $4 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$ | 38. $2 + 7 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 9. $1 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ | 24. $3 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$ | 39. $2 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 10. $1 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ | 25. $9 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$ | 40. $2 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 11. $1 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$ | 26. $8 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$ | 41. $5 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 12. $5 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$ | 27. $7 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$ | 42. $4 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 13. $1 + 7 = \underline{\quad}$ | 28. $7 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ | 43. $2 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 14. $7 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$ | 29. $6 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$ | 44. $3 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$ |
| 15. $1 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$ | 30. $6 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ | 45. $3 + 7 = \underline{\quad}$ |



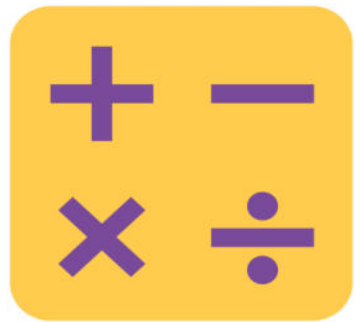
3, 4 and 5 More



On my signal, say the number that is 3 more.

Now, say the number that is 4 more.

Now, say the number that is 5 more.



Change 10 Pennies for 1 Dime



You are going to work with a partner.

Partner A begins with 10 pennies.

Partner B begins with 2 dimes.

Partner A is going to count their pennies into 5-groups. Partner B is going to change 10 cents for 1 dime when it is time. Be sure to count out loud and say the unit.

Switch roles and count again

Application Problem

Ted has 4 boxes with 10 pencils in each box.

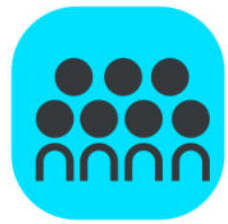
How many pencils does he have altogether?

Draw and label your picture.

Write a number sentence and a statement.

We'll talk about this problem during our debrief.





Concept Development



We're going to pull apart some numbers today.

I'm going to use Hide Zero cards to show you a number.

When I pull the number apart, tell me the two parts.

Then show me the number using your linking cubes, showing me ten-sticks and extra ones.



Concept Development



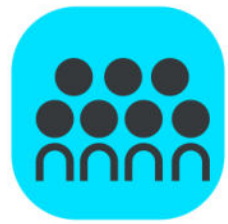
Let's look back at 17 again.

I have a blank chart ready to record this number.

Where do I write the 1 ten?

How many extra ones do you have?

Where should I write 7?



Concept Development



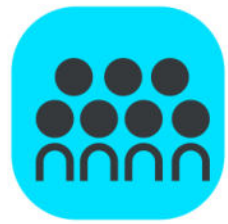
What does this 1 stand for?

Show me with your cubes

I'll label the chart with **tens**.

Point to the set of cubes that tells us what this 7 stands for.

I can write **ones** here because this 7 stands for...?



Concept Development



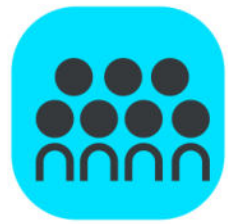
Look at our new chart.

This is called a place value chart.

What is 1 ten and 7 ones?

Yes, 17. Now say it the Say Ten way.

Yes, 1 ten 7.



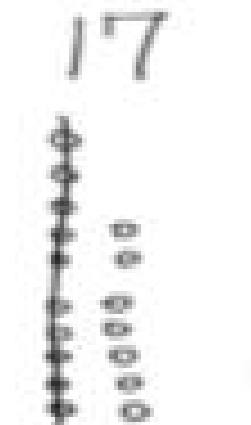
Concept Development



Looking at the cubes in front of you, how many tens and ones are in 17?

Yes, 1 ten 7 ones.

Before we go on to other numbers, let's make a drawing to show 17.





Concept Development



Let's do it again with some other numbers.

Problem Set

1 2 3 4 5

Problem Set

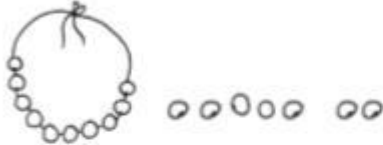


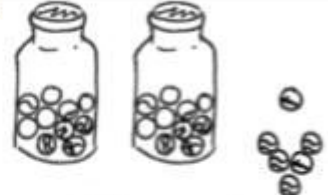
A STORY OF UNITS

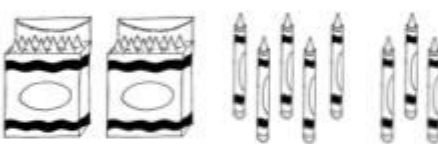
Lesson 2 Core Addition Fluency Review 1•4


Name _____ Date _____

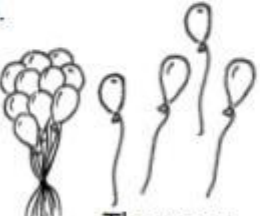
Write the tens and ones and say the numbers. Complete the statement.

1. 
17 = ____ ten ____ ones

2. 
26 = ____ tens ____ ones

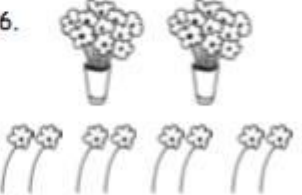
3. 
28 = ____ tens ____ ones

4. 
____ tens ____ ones = 33

5. 


tens	ones

There are ____ balloons.

6. 

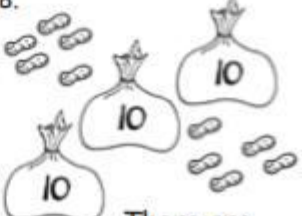
tens	ones

There are ____ flowers.

7. 

tens	ones

There are ____ marbles.

8. 

tens	ones

There are ____ peanuts.

Problem Set

1 2 3 4 5

Problem Set



A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 2 Core Addition Fluency Review 1•4

Write the tens and ones. Complete the statement.

9. There are _____ cubes.	10. There are _____ cubes.
11. There are _____ cubes.	12. There are _____ cubes.

Write the missing numbers. Say them the regular way and the Say Ten way.

13. <table border="1"><tr><td>tens</td><td>ones</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></table> → 35	tens	ones			14. <table border="1"><tr><td>tens</td><td>ones</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>7</td></tr></table> → _____	tens	ones	2	7
tens	ones								
tens	ones								
2	7								
15. <table border="1"><tr><td>tens</td><td>ones</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>9</td></tr></table> → _____	tens	ones	3	9	16. <table border="1"><tr><td>tens</td><td>ones</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></table> → 29	tens	ones		
tens	ones								
3	9								
tens	ones								
17. <table border="1"><tr><td>tens</td><td>ones</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table> → 40	tens	ones		0	18. <table border="1"><tr><td>tens</td><td>ones</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></table> → 9	tens	ones		
tens	ones								
	0								
tens	ones								

Debrief



Share your solutions with your partner.

How many tens and how many ones are in the number 29?

What amount is greater — 2 tens or 9 ones?

Explain your thinking. Use your cubes and your place value chart.

Look at Problem 18.

How did you complete your place value chart? Explain your thinking.

Debrief



What new math tool did we use to show how many tens and ones are in a number?

How does the **place value chart** help us?

How did the Application Problem connect to today's lesson?

What did you get really good at today?



I can use a place value chart to record and name a two-digit number as a ten and some ones.

Exit Ticket



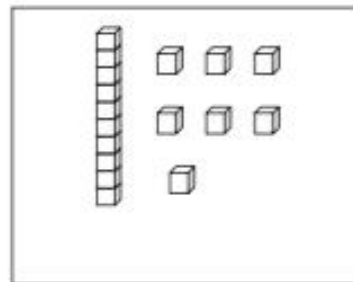
A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 2 Core Addition Fluency Review

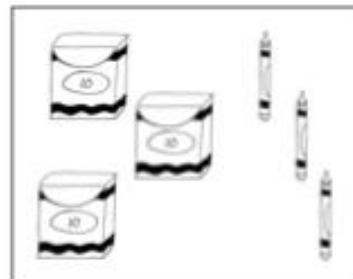
1•4

Name _____ Date _____

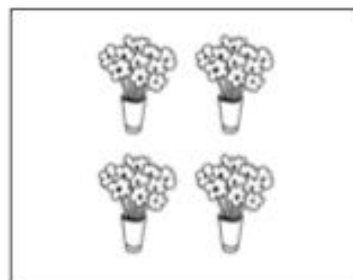
Match the picture to the place value chart that shows the correct tens and ones.



tens	ones
4	0



tens	ones
1	7



tens	ones
3	3