Eureka Math

1st Grade Module 2 Lesson 10

At the request of elementary teachers, a team of Bethel & Sumner educators met as a committee to create Eureka slideshow presentations. These presentations are not meant as a script, nor are they required to be used. Please customize as needed. Thank you to the many educators who contributed to this project!

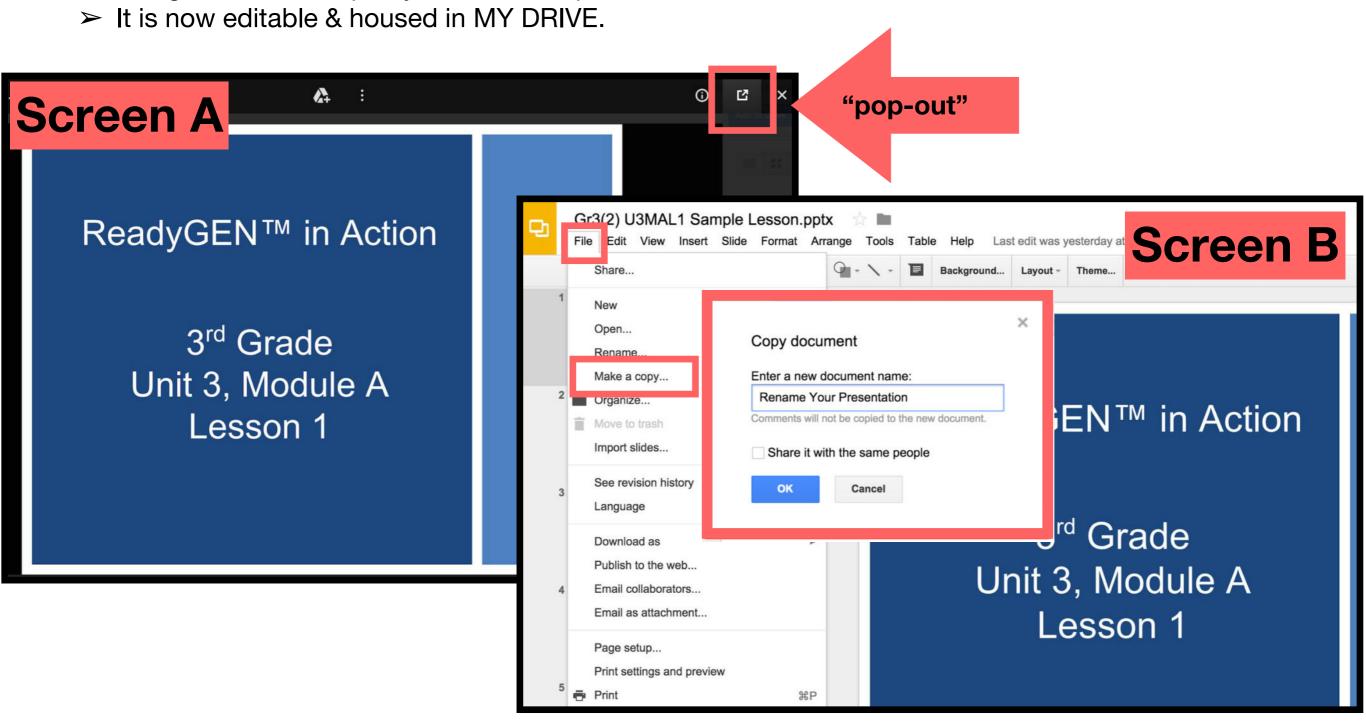
Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.



Customize this Slideshow

Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- > When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- > Click on the "pop-out" button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- > The view now looks like Screen B.
- Within Google Slides (not Chrome), choose FILE.
- Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.



Icons



Read, Draw, Write



Learning Target



Personal White Board



Problem Set



Manipulatives Needed



Fluency



Think Pair Share



Whole Class



Individual



Partner



Small Group



Small Group Time



Materials Needed

 (S) Personal white board, numeral cards or 5-group cards, one "+" card for each student, and one "=" card for each pair of students

Lesson 10

Objective: Solve problems with addends of 7, 8, and 9.

Suggested Lesson Structure

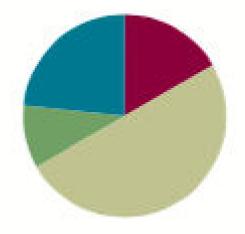
Fluency Practice	(10 minutes
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Application Problem (6 minutes)

Concept Development (30 minutes)

Student Debrief (14 minutes)

Total Time (60 minutes)





I can solve problems with addends of 7, 8, and 9.



1, 2, and 3 Less

Let's play 1, 2, and 3 Less!

Example: On my signal, say the number that is 1 less.

T: 3.

S: 2.

We'll practice with all numbers within 10. Then we'll do 2 less and 3 less!



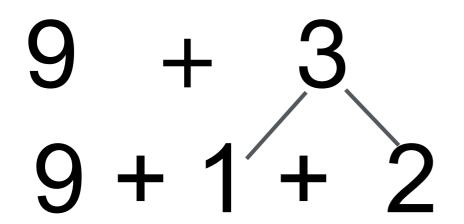
$$9 + 3$$

What does 9 need to make ten?



If we take 1, what part is left?





Let's say the whole number sentence with 3 addends!



$$8 + 3$$

What does 8 need to make ten?



If we take 2, what part is left?



Let's say the whole number sentence with 3 addends!



$$9 + 4$$

What does 9 need to make ten?



If we take 1, what part is left?



Let's say the whole number sentence with 3 addends!



$$9 + 5$$

What does 9 need to make ten?



If we take 1 from 5, what part is left?



4 is left! Let's say the whole number sentence with 3 addends!



$$8 + 5$$

What does 8 need to make ten?



If we take 2 from 5, what part is left?



$$8 + 5 \\ 8 + 2 + 3$$

Let's say the whole number sentence with 3 addends!



$$8 + 4$$

What does 8 need to make ten?



If we take 2 from 4, what part is left?



$$8 + 4 \\ 8 + 2 + 2$$

Let's say the whole number sentence with 3 addends!



$$9 + 6$$

What does 9 need to make ten?



If we take 1 from 6, what part is left?



Let's say the whole number sentence with 3 addends!



Happy Counting by Threes

Let's play Happy Counting! We're going to count by threes.

When I hold my hand like this (point thumb and motion up), I want you to count **up**.



If I put my hand like this (point thumb and motion down), I want you to count **down**.



If I do this (thumb to the side) that means **stop**, but try hard to remember the last number you said.





Application Problem

There were 4 boots by the classroom door, 8 boots in the hallway, and 6 boots by the teacher's desk. How many boots were there altogether?



$$9 + 6 =$$

Using an organized math drawing or a number bond, solve 9 + 6. Think about the equal tenplus fact, and write a true number sentence using two expressions.



When there is a 9 as an addend, what could you do to the other addend?



Get the 1 out! Break apart 6 into 1 and 5 as parts.



$$8 + 4 =$$

Let's try another expression. Using an organized math drawing or a number bond, solve 8 + 4. Think about the equal ten-plus fact, and write a true number sentence using two expressions.



$$8 + 4 =$$

When there is a 8 as an addend, what could you do to the other addend?



Get the 2 out! Break apart 4 into 2 and 2 as parts.



Turn and talk to your partner. How might you solve this problem using what you already know about the make ten strategy?





$$7 + 6 =$$

Which number should we make ten with? Why?





$$7 + 6 =$$

With your partner, use a number bond to solve this problem.



$$7 + 6 =$$

7 + 6 the same as 10 + 3!



Write that as a true number sentence!



$$10 + 3 = 7 + 6$$



$$10 + 3 = 7 + 6$$

What is 10 + 3?



$$10 + 3 = 7 + 6$$

10 + 3 is 13! So, what is 7 + 6? Say the number sentence.



$$10 + 3 = 7 + 6$$

$$7 + 6 = 13!$$



Let's practice more!

$$4 + 7 = _{---}$$

Using an organized math drawing or a number bond, solve 4 + 7. Think about the equal tenplus fact, and write a true number sentence using two expressions.



Let's practice more!

$$7 + 5 =$$

Using an organized math drawing or a number bond, solve 4 + 7. Think about the equal tenplus fact, and write a true number sentence using two expressions.



Get the 3 out! Make 3 as a part.



Now, we are going to play Simple Strategies! Here's how you play:

I will assign partners. You will make combine your cards and make 2 piles:

- 1. Digits 1-6
- 2. Digits 7-9



- 1. Partner A picks a card from the first pile (digits 1–6).
- 2. Using the 9 card from the second pile and the card picked by Partner A, Partner B writes an addition expression (e.g., 6 + 9).
- 3. Partners use counting on and then use making ten to solve the expression.
- 4. After using the make ten strategy, Partner A writes down the equal 10 + fact.
- 5. Partners place the equal sign card between the boards to make a true number sentence.
- 6. Switch roles. Keep the 9 card up each time you begin a new

Problem Set 1 2 3 4 5

Problem Set

A STORY OF UNITS Lesson 10 Problem Set 12

Name Date

Solve. Use number bonds or 5-group drawings if needed. Write the equal ten-plus number sentence.

Complete the addition sentences to make them true.

10 + 1

10 + 4

10 + 2

10 + 5

10 + 7

10 + 3



 Look at Problems 8–10. Can you find number sentences that have the same total? What are the number sentences? How are they related?



 Why is it efficient to start with a larger addend when you add? Give an example.



 Solve9+6= ,8+6= ,7+6= . What patterns do you notice? Look at how you broke apart the second addend.
What patterns do you see there? How did this breaking apart affect your totals?



 Which is easiest for you to use? Counting on, making ten, or just knowing? Why?

Exit Ticket

A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 10 Exit Ticket 122

Date _____

Solve. Use number bonds or 5-group drawings if needed. Write the equal ten-plus number sentence.