Eureka Math

First Grade Module 2 Lesson 2

At the request of elementary teachers, a team of Bethel & Sumner educators met as a committee to create Eureka slideshow presentations. These presentations are not meant as a script, nor are they required to be used. Please customize as needed. Thank you to the many educators who contributed to this project!

Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.

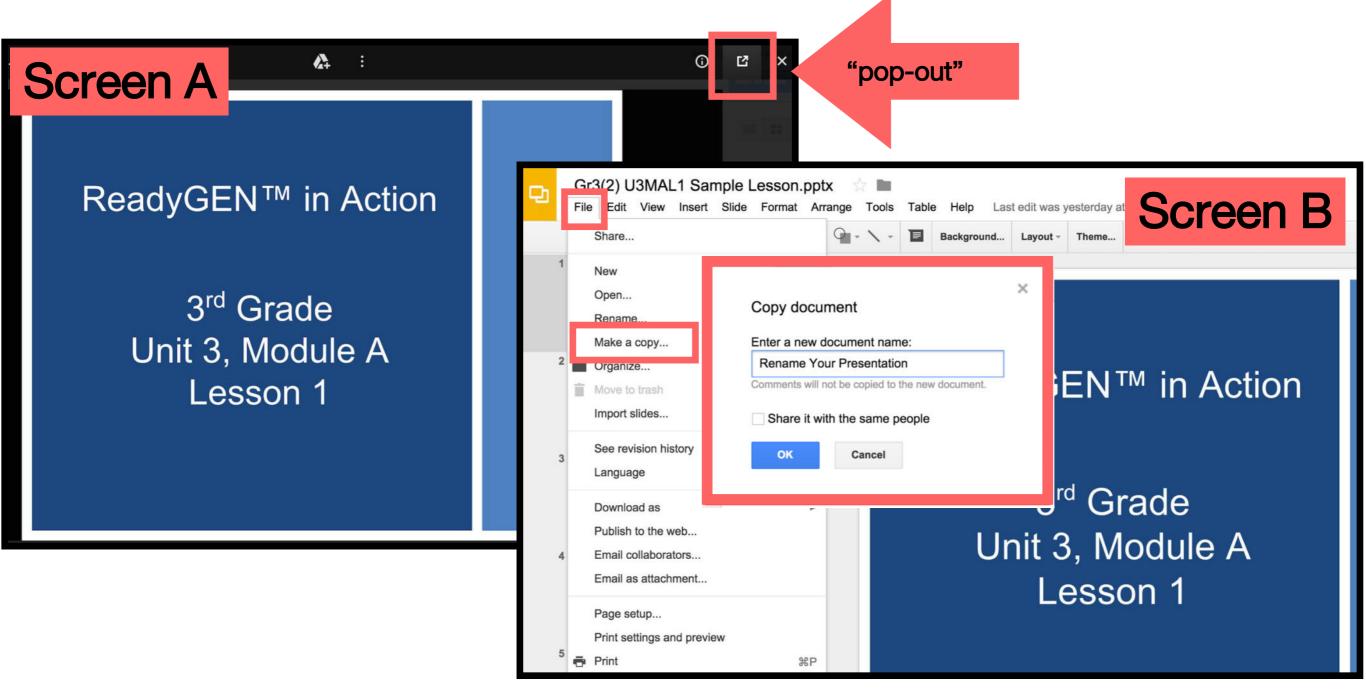


This work by Bethel School District (<u>www.bethelsd.org</u>) is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial Share-Alike 4.0 International License. To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. Bethel School District Based this work on Eureka Math by Common Core (http://greatminds.net/maps/math/copyright) Eureka Math is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial-ShareAlike 4.0 License.

Customize this Slideshow

Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- > When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- ➤ Click on the "pop-out" button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- \succ The view now looks like Screen B.
- > Within Google Slides (not Chrome), choose FILE.
- ➤ Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- ➤ Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.
- ➤ It is now editable & housed in MY DRIVE.



Icons





Read, Draw, Write



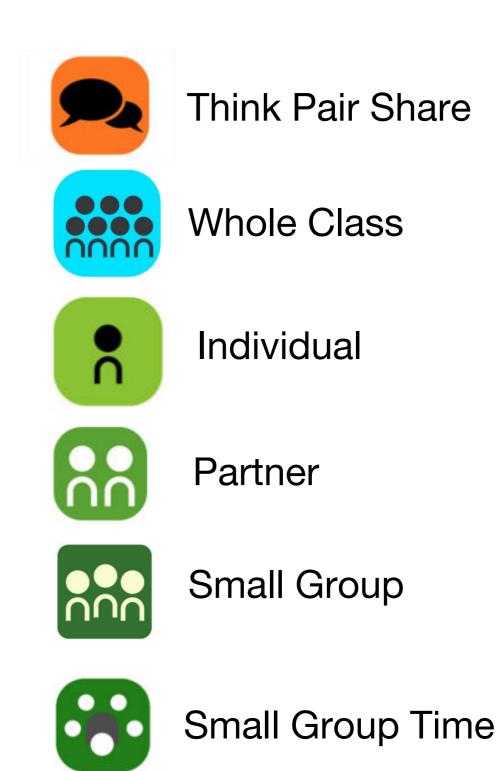








Manipulatives Needed





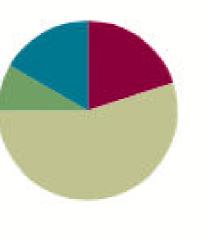


Lesson 2

Objective: Use the associative and commutative properties to make ten with three addends.

Suggested Lesson Structure

- Fluency Practice (12 r
 Application Problem (5 m
 Concept Development (33 r
 Student Debrief (10 r
 Total Time (60 r
- (12 minutes) (5 minutes) (33 minutes) (10 minutes) (60 minutes)





Materials Needed

- (S) Personal white board
- (T) 5-group cards (Lesson 1 Fluency Template)



I can use the reorder and group addends to make ten with three addends.

Take Out 1: Number Bonds

I will say a number within 10. You write a number bond for the number I say using 1 as a part!



5-Group Flash: Partners to Ten

Let's play 5-group flash! I will show you a card. You write two expressions that make 10 on your whiteboard!



I will call a number between 10 and 20 either the regular way or the Say Ten Way. If I say it the Say Ten Way, you say it the regular way. If I say it the regular, you say it the Say Ten Way!

Application Problem

Lisa was reading a book. She read 6 pages the first night, 5 pages the next night, and 4 pages the following night. How many pages did she read?

Make a drawing to show your thinking. Write a statement to go with your work.





5 + 3 + 5 = ____

Draw to solve for this unknown.



5 + 3 + 5 = ____

Let's see how our friends solved this!



5 + 3 + 5 = ____

I heard some of you say these ideas!

I added 5 + 3 and remembered that was 8. Then, I counted up 5 more from 8 and got 13.

I drew the groups of 5 together and added those first since I knew they made ten. Then I added. 10 and 3 is 13.





5 + 3 + 5 = ____

Talk with your partner. How were the strategies used by your classmates similar and different from one another? Which one was correct?





5 + 3 + 5 = ____

Talk with your partner. How were the strategies used by your classmates similar and different from one another? Which one was correct?





5 + 3 + 5 = ____

I heard one of you say they were both correct! I see one of you put the fives together and made ten, and one added them in order.



5 + 3 + 5 = ____

So, even though they added two different numbers together first, did they get the same total?



Yes! Okay. Let's try this again. Let's use the strategy of making ten from two of our addends.



7 + 5 + 3 = ____

What two numbers make ten?



7 + 5 + 3 = ____

7 and 3 make 10!

Good! Show that 7 and 3 make ten in your drawing by circling like we did yesterday.



7 + 5 + 3 = ____

Here is a new number sentence that shows what numbers you added first:

7 + 3 + 5 = ____



7 + 5 + 3 = ____

I'll make a number bond to show you made ten from two numbers.

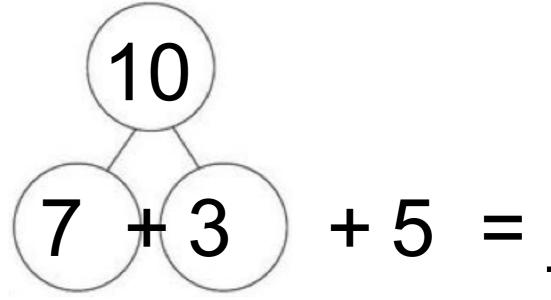
7 + 3 + 5 = ____



7 + 5 + 3 = ____

I'll make a number bond to show you made ten from two numbers.

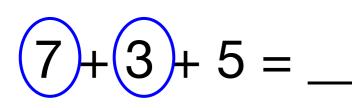
(7)+(3)+ 5 = _

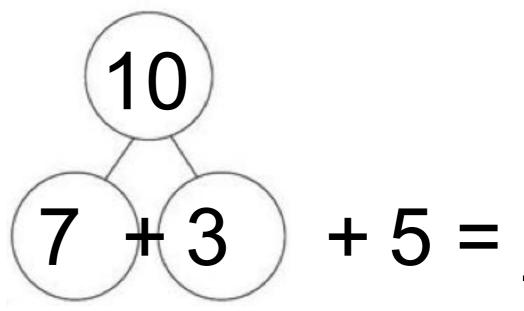




7 + 5 + 3 = ____

You just showed me 10 and 5 more, which equals?



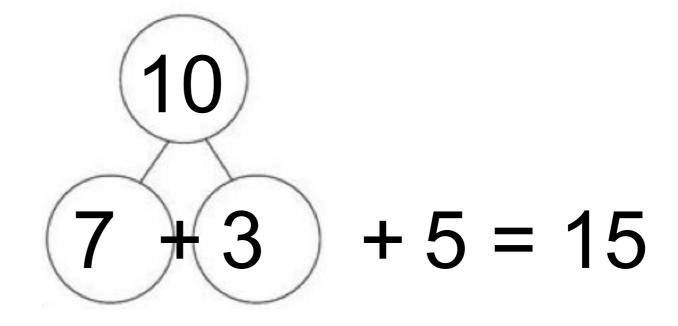




7 + 5 + 3 = ____

It equals 15!

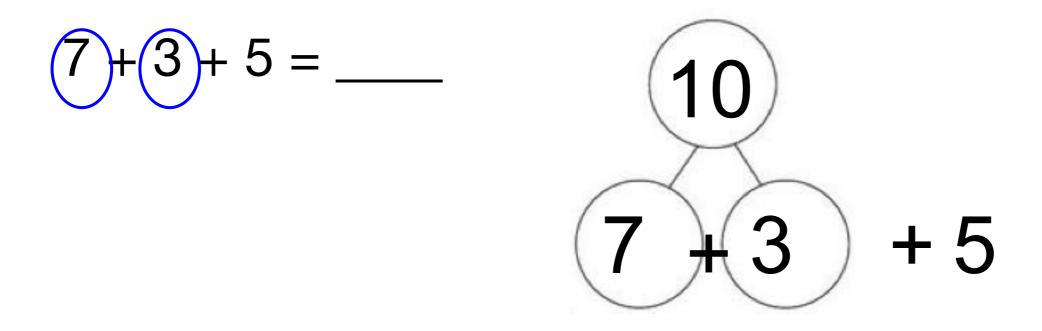
(3)+ 5 = ____





7 + 5 + 3 = ____

Good! I'll show how we solved for the unknown. I'll write the new number sentence explaining what we just did, starting with 10.



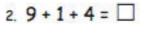


Let's practice more!



Problem Set

Lesson 2 Problem Set
Date
a picture. Complete the number sentence.
••••• ××××
••000
10 + =



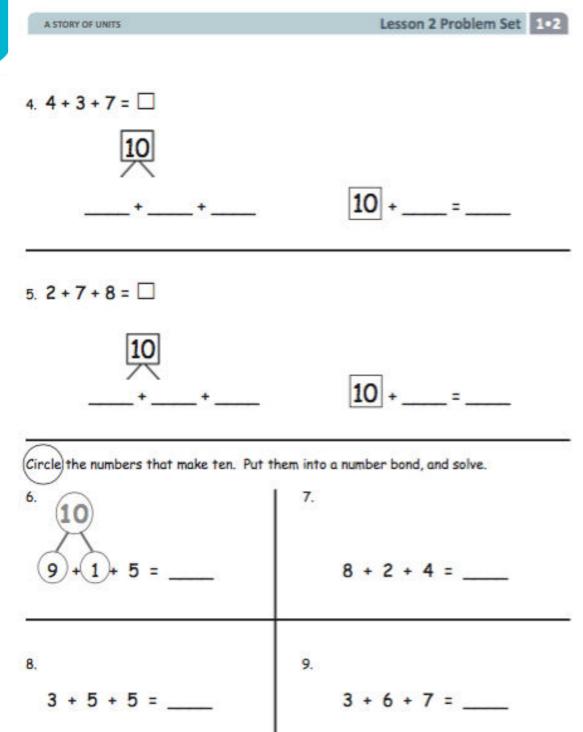


3. 5 + 6 + 5 = 🗌





Problem Set





Look at your Problem Set. We added amounts in different orders. When we did this did we get the same amount? Is this always true?



Talk with your partner. How did you organize your drawings to show the three different amounts? How did you show that you used the make ten strategy in your drawings?



Look at Problem 1 and Problem 4. What similarities do you notice?



Are there any problems in the Problem Set that you can solve using your knowledge of doubles?



Look at Problem 9. How did you show the number bond for making ten? How is it different from some of your other bonds?



	STO	OW.	ÓC.	LTM	12.2
100	210	mr.	ur:	Diat	13.

Lesson 2 Exit Ticket 102

Name	Date
~	

(Circle) the numbers that make ten.

Draw a picture, and complete the number sentences to solve.

a, 8 + 2 + 3 = ____

_____+ _____= _____

10 + ____ = ____

b. 7 + 4 + 3 = _____

____+___=____

10 + ____ = ____