Eureka Math

1st Grade Module 1 Lesson 25

At the request of elementary teachers, a team of Bethel & Sumner educators met as a committee to create Eureka slideshow presentations. These presentations are not meant as a script, nor are they required to be used. Please customize as needed. Thank you to the many educators who contributed to this project!

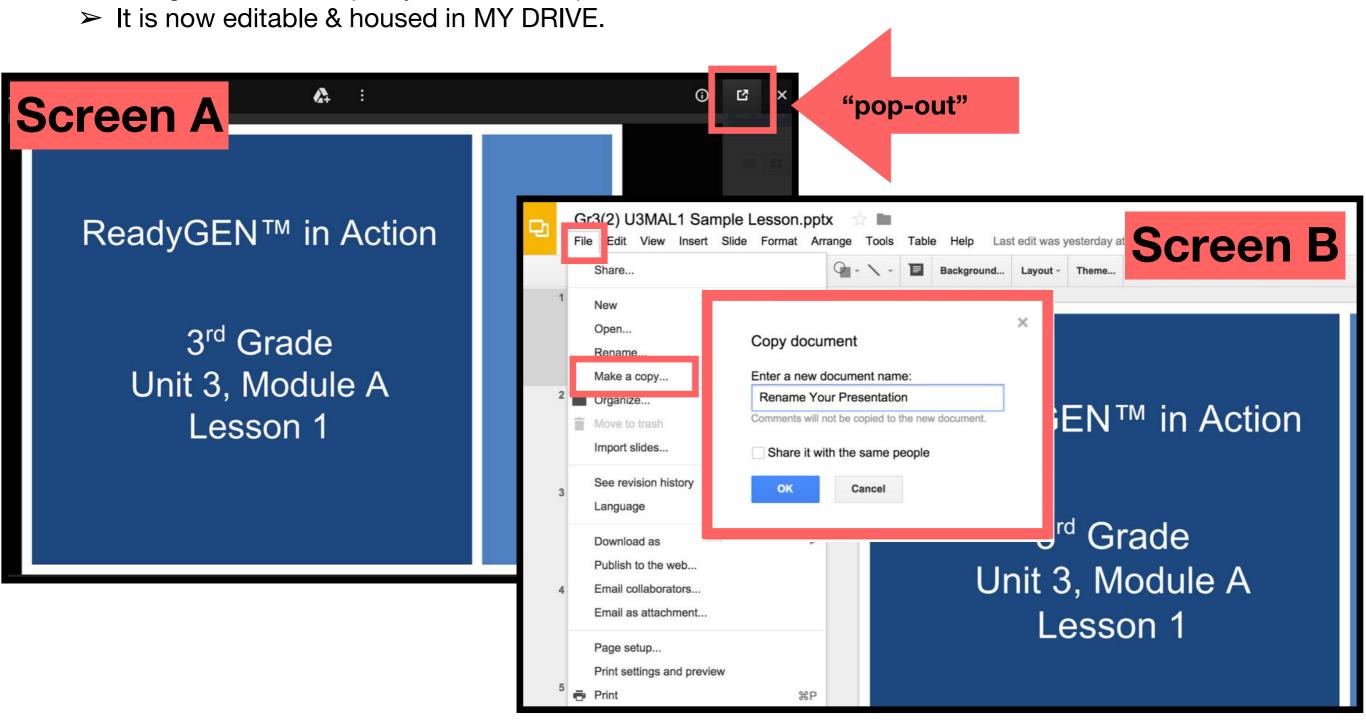
Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.



Customize this Slideshow

Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- > When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- > Click on the "pop-out" button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- > The view now looks like Screen B.
- Within Google Slides (not Chrome), choose FILE.
- Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.



Icons



Read, Draw, Write



Learning Target



Personal White Board



Problem Set



Manipulatives Needed



Fluency



Think Pair Share



Whole Class



Individual



Partner



Small Group



Small Group Time

Materials Needed

- S) Race to the Top (Fluency Template),
- (S)crayons (or pencil)
- (S) 1 die (replace 6 with 0) per pair
- (T) 9 counters, container
- (T) 10 bear counters, number bond and number sentences (Template)
- (S) Personal white board, number bond and number sentences (Template)
- (T) 10 bear counters

Lesson 25

Objective: Solve add to with change unknown math stories with addition, and relate to subtraction. Model with materials, and write corresponding number sentences.

Suggested Lesson Structure

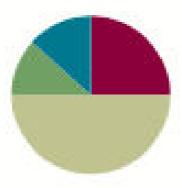
Fluency Practice (15 minutes

Application Problem (7 minutes)

Concept Development (30 minutes)

Student Debrief (8 minutes)

Total Time (60 minutes)





I can solve add to with change unknown math stories with addition, and relate to subtraction. Model with materials, and write corresponding number sentences.





Race to the Top Doubles

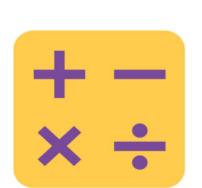
You will take turns rolling a die. Your partner says the double fact and records it on the graph.







- 1. Place 9 counters on the floor next to an opaque container.
- 2. Tell students to close their eyes. Put 1 counter in the container.
- 3. Tell students to open their eyes. Ask, "Who can use their x-ray vision to make a number sentence combining the counters in and outside the container?"
- 4. Continue the game, eliciting all partners to 9.

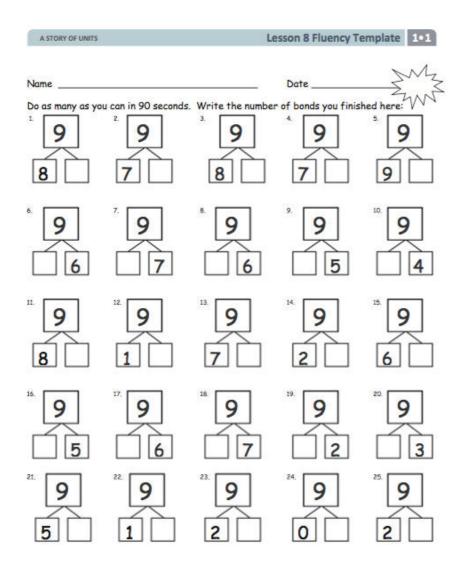


Number Bond Dash:



9

Let's do a Number Bond Dash!



Application Problem

Taylor and her sister Reilly each got 4 books from the library. Then, Reilly went back in and checked out another book. How many books do Taylor and Reilly have together? Draw and label a number bond to show the part of the books Taylor took out and the part that Reilly took out. Write a statement to share your answer.





Four bears went to play tag in the forest.





Some more bears came over.

In the end, there were 6 little bears playing tag.



Four bears went to play tag in the forest. Some more bears came over. In the end, there were 6 little bears playing tag.



How many more bears came to play?





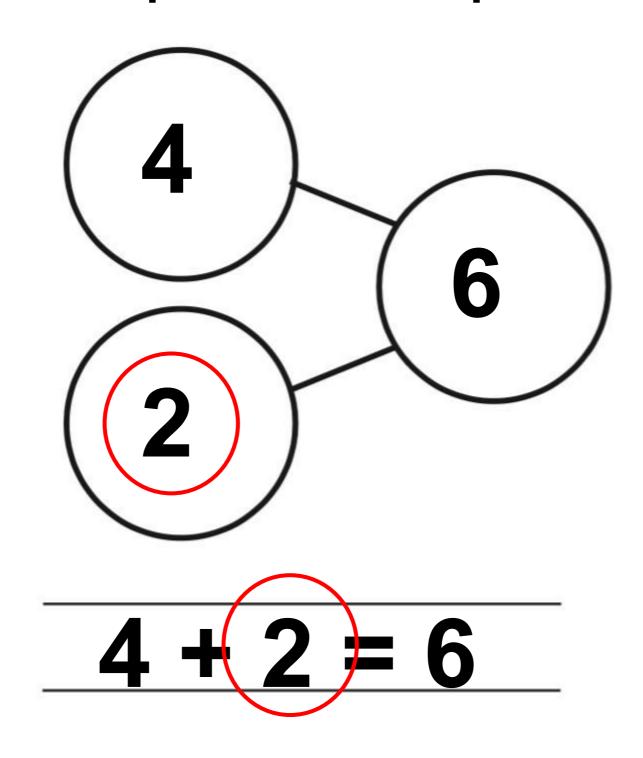




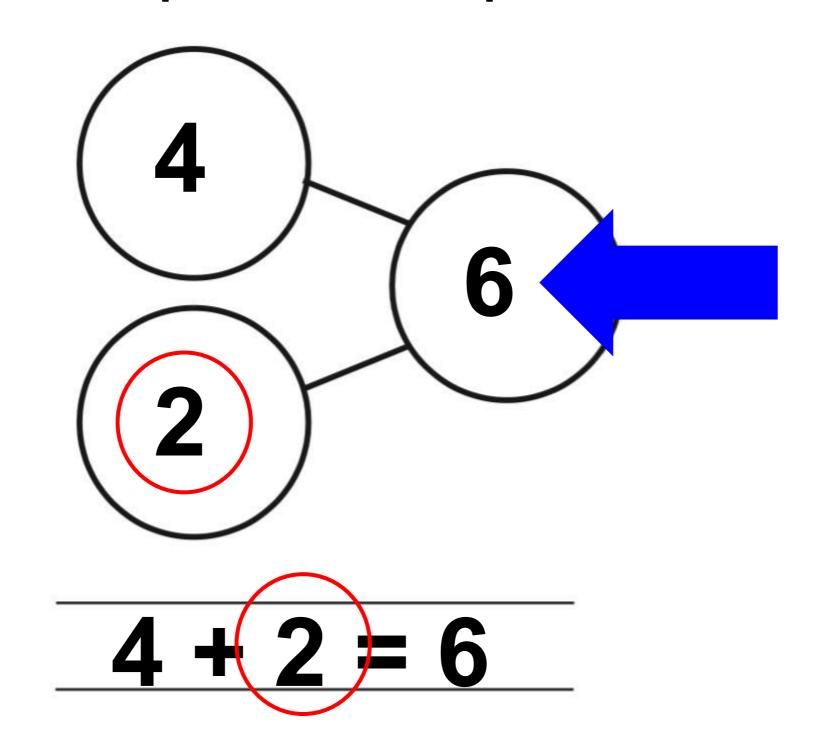






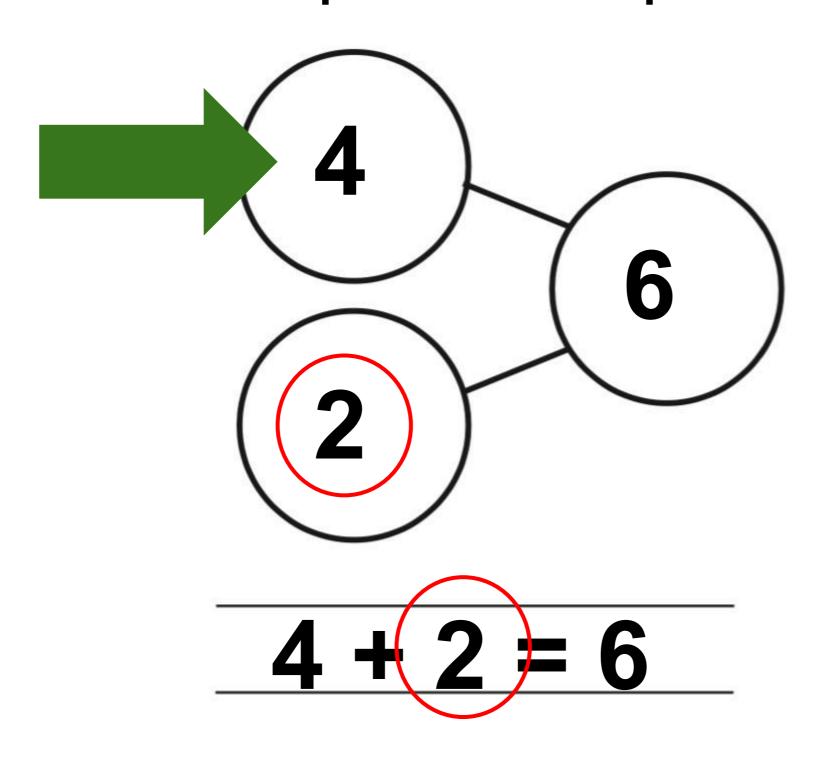






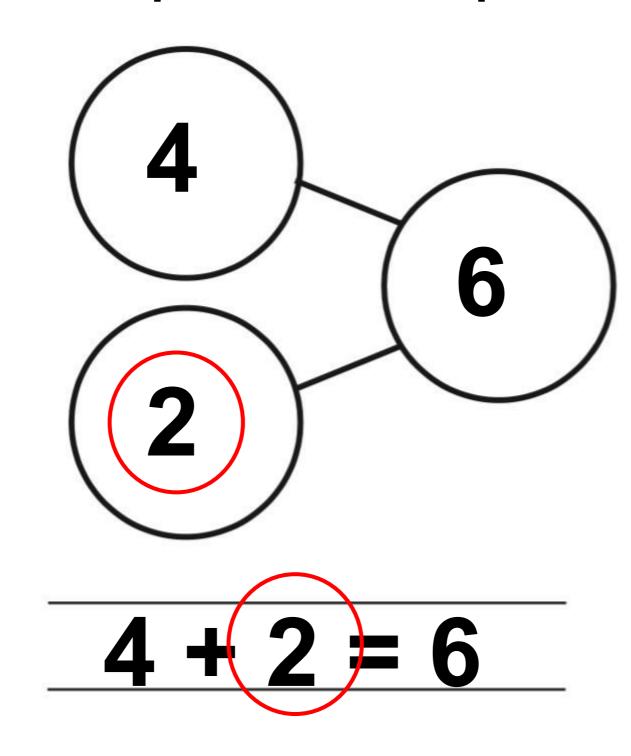
What does the 6 stand for?





What does the 4 stand for?





How many more bears came to play?

We can make an imaginary line to show the two parts.

Four bears were there, and then 2 more bears came.

















Some of us used addition to figure out how many more bears came to play.

















Since we know the whole and one part, we can also use subtraction to find the other part.

$$4 + = 6$$

















How could we write this as a subtraction sentence?

$$4 + = 6$$









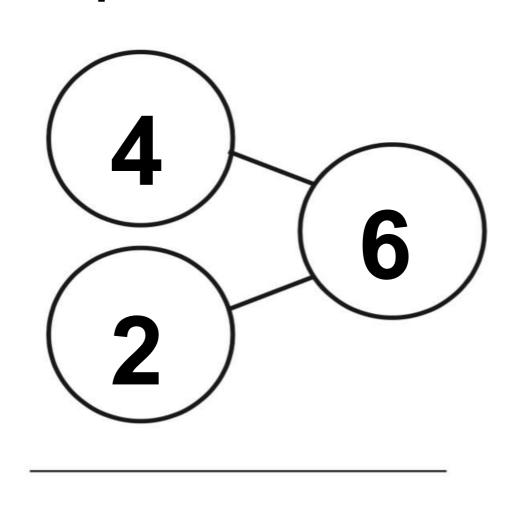






$$6 - 4 = 2$$

What part of the number bond matches the parts of our story?











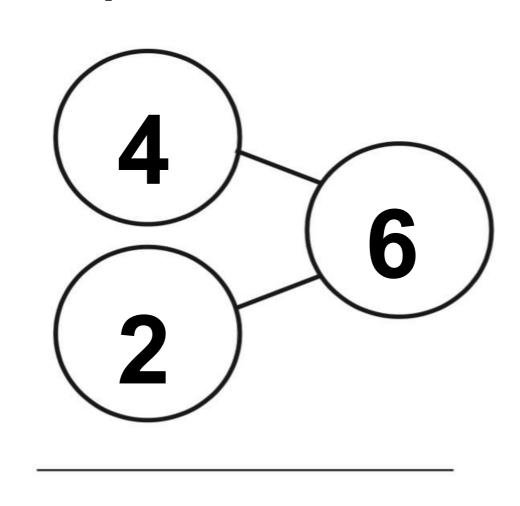






$$6 - 4 = 2$$

What part of the number bond matches the total of our story?

















Once upon a time, 8 bears were fishing for dinner.

Five bears had been fishing all day.

The rest of the bears came after lunch.

How many bears came after lunch?





Once upon a time, 8 bears were fishing for dinner.

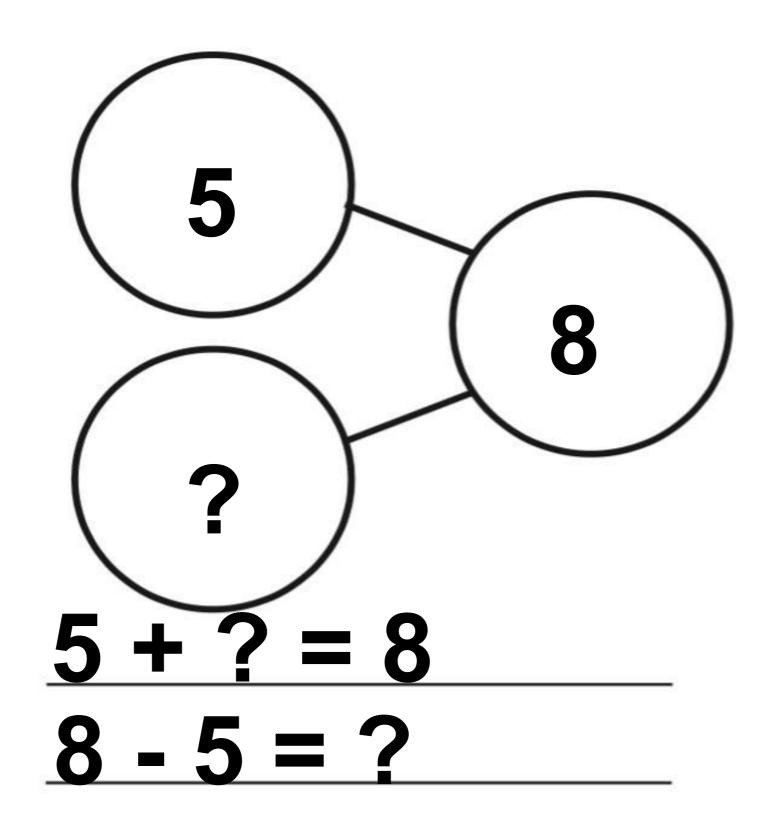
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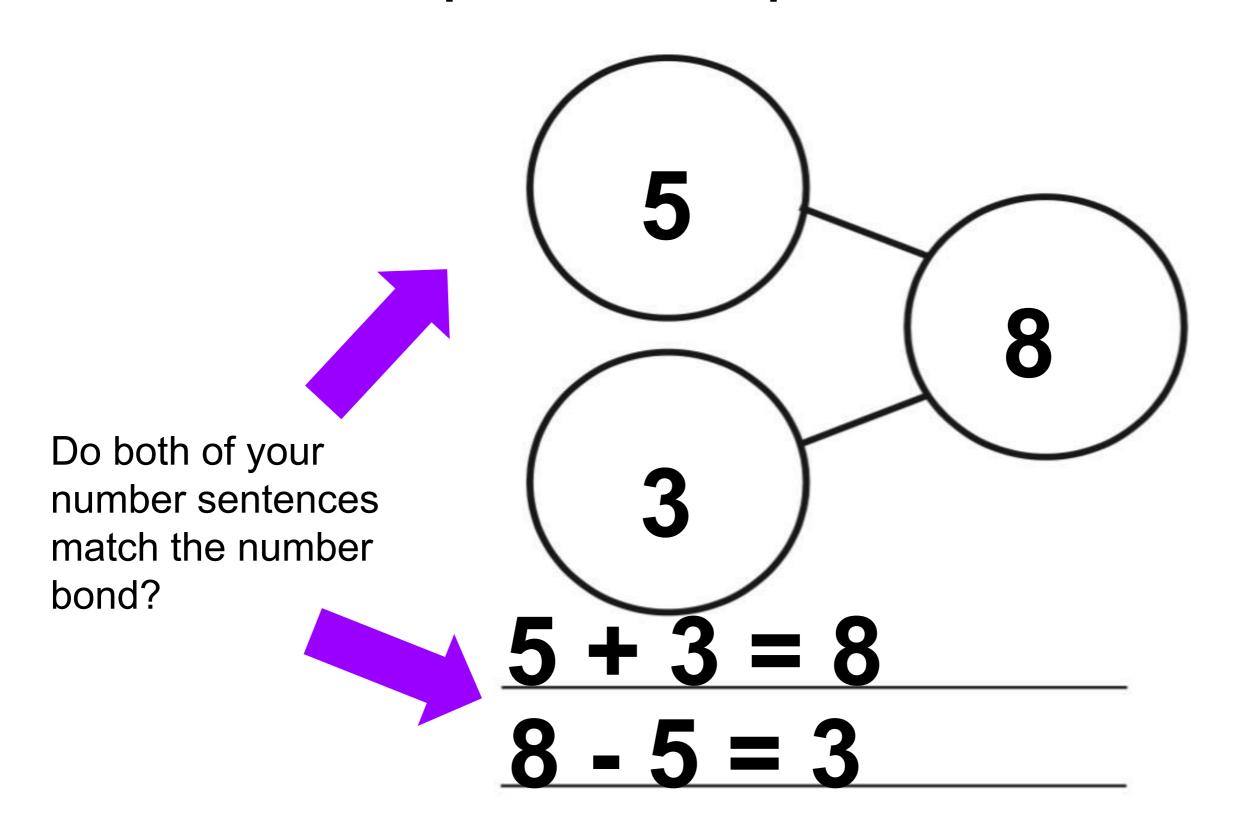
How many bears came after lunch?

Write an addition sentence, a subtraction sentence, and use a number bond.





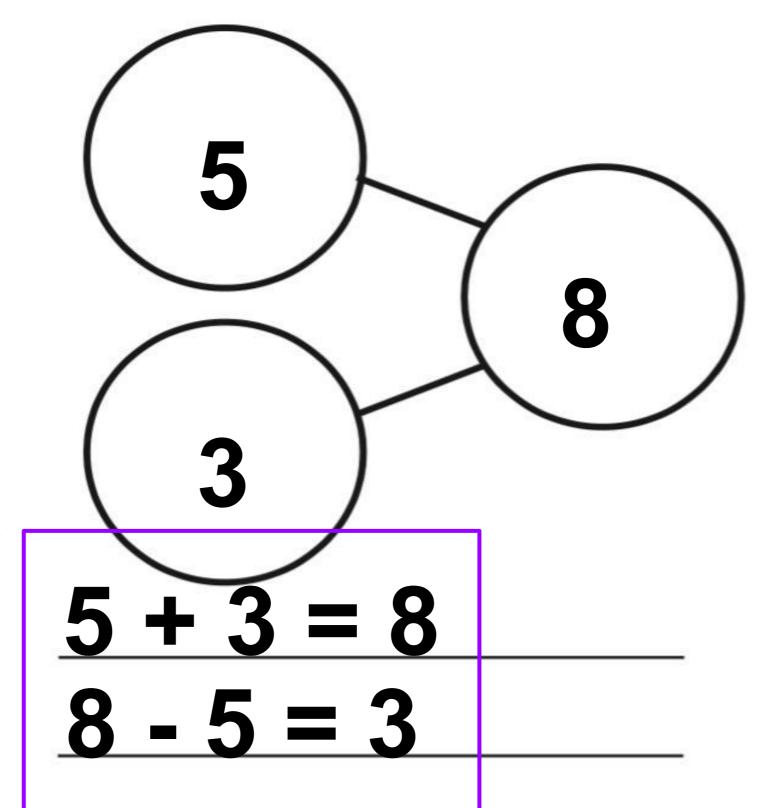














How are these number sentences the same?

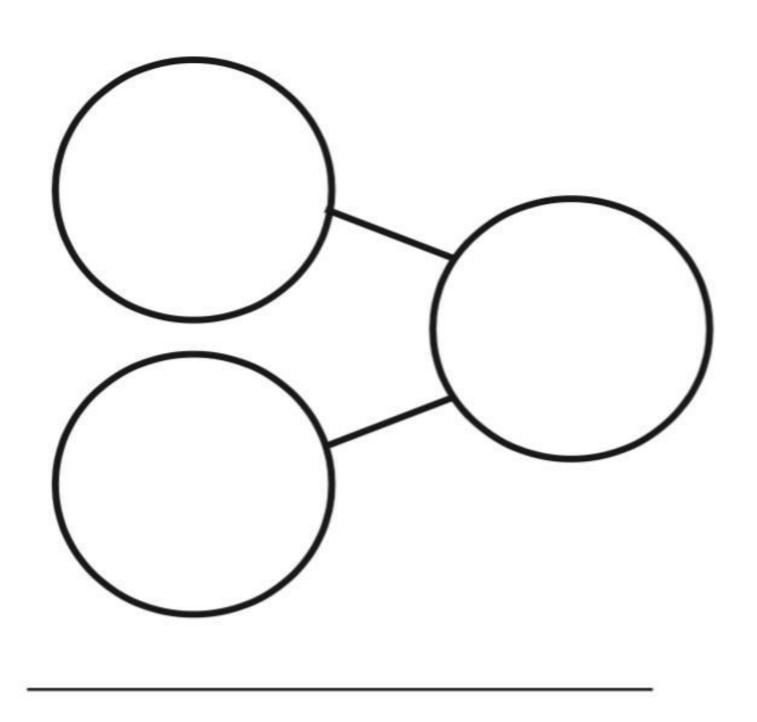
How are they different?



Use your counting bears to solve this this story.

5 bears were playing. Some more came. Now there are 7 bears. How many more bears came?





Problem Set
12345

Problem Set

A STORY OF UNITS	Lesson 25 Problem Set 1.1
Name	Date
	ber sentences to match the $2+1=3$ $3-2=1$ ag with 5 trucks. If Rachel is playing with 2 of them, how
many is Lucy playing with?	2 + = 5 5 - 2 = Lucy is playing with trucks.

Debrief

- What did you learn today?
- With your yellow colored pencil, circle all the numbers that were unknown in the number bond and in the numbers sentences. Where do they appear in the number bonds and the number sentences?
- How did the number bond help you come up with the addition and the related subtraction sentence?
- Look at problem 4. Explain how the addition and subtraction sentences are related. How are addition and subtraction alike?

Exit Ticket

A STORY OF UNITS	Lesson 25 Exit Ticket 101
Name	Date
Solve the math story. Complete the number bo unknown number yellow.	nd and number sentences. Color the
Rich bought 6 cans of soda on Monday. He bought some more on Tuesday.	
Now, he has 9 cans of soda. How many cans did Rich buy on Tuesday?	
Rich bought cans.	(+) [= [
	(-) (T) = (T)

