

This course was developed in 2017 by the Pacific Education Institute (PEI) with funding from Pacific Mountain Workforce Development Council and partnership with CTE teachers from four school Districts (Shelton, Aberdeen, South Bend, and the Muckleshoot Tribal School), Grays Harbor College, Green River College, Port Blakely Companies, Green Diamond Resource Company, Sierra Pacific Industries, and Rayonier Inc. It was then revised in 2022 by PEI with funding from Career Connect Washington and primary participation from teachers from Vashon School District Grays Harbor College, Spokane Community College, Manulife Forest Management, and OSPI's Associate Director of Secondary Science. This working document will be periodically updated while working with CTE teachers across Washington to provide local resources and relevant materials and opportunities to engage youth in learning about forest practices in Washington State.

Course Information		
Course: Introduction to Forest Management		Total Framework Actual Hours: 180
CIP Code: 030506	☑ Exploratory □ Preparatory	Date Last Modified: 9/26/2023
	Preparatory courses are best built with a	
	min. of 140 hours.	
Career Cluster: Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources		Cluster Pathway: Natural Resources Systems
Course Summary: This course applies scientific and forestry principles to forestry practices in Washington. The course includes units on safety and well-		
being; plant identification; tree measurement; diseases, insects, and pathogens; timber stand management and silviculture; fire ecology; mapping and		
land measurement; forest practice rules and laws; and career pathways. Students will complete a Supervised Agricultural Experience (SAE) in a local		
forest as part of the course. The course is designed to meet the requirements for 1.0 credit of lab science.		

Unit Information	
Unit 1: Safety and Well-Being	Total Learning Hours for Unit: 10
Unit Summary: This unit will highlight the skills necessa	ary to work safely and effectively on a restoration work crew.
Competencies:	
1. Understand the safe and proper use of tools for	manual and chemical restoration practices (including cleaning, maintenance, and storage).
· ·	pacing, adequate food, water, sleep, and use of personal protective equipment, road rights-of-
way).	

3. Work on a crew successfully and safely (includes skills in listening, following directions, keeping other crew members safe).

- 4. Understand and adhere to community partner safety protocols.
- 5. Understand basic first aid relevant to working in a forest.
- 6. Practice Leave No Trace and low ecological impact practices.
- 7. Practice basic navigation skills.

Components and Assessments

Performance Assessments: These can be locally developed or use the suggested assessments below.

Assessments will be formal and informal, written, verbal and practical. Students can:

- Perform field work safely and properly (ex: pacing, adequate food, water, sleep, and use of personal protective equipment, road rights-of-way).
- Practice safe crew practices (includes skills in listening, following directions, keeping other crew members safe).
- Practice safe and proper hand tool use for manual and chemical restoration practices.
- Adhere to community partner's safety plans and protocols.
- Practice first aid skills through role play activities.
- Use Leave No Trace and low ecological impact practices in the field.
- Practice first aid skills through role play activities.
- Locate and track locations using a compass, map and GPS.
- Read a weather report and make safety decisions based on forecast.
- Participate in orienteering course.
- Participate in geocaching activity.

Related to Supervised Agricultural Experience (SAE):

- Describe the importance of safety protocols in workplaces.
- Create a list of supplies and personal protective equipment needed to implement the final project.

Leadership Alignment:

- Students will assume shared responsibility for collaborative work, and value the individual contributions made by each team member (3.8.3) to assure crew safety and effectiveness.
- Students will adapt to varied roles, job responsibilities, schedules, and contexts (7.A.1) in the field as a member of the crew.
- Students will use information (4.B.1) about weather reports, and map reading to navigate and make informed safety decisions.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies	
Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and Natural Resources (AFNR)	Website:
Career Cluster Content Standards	https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0F
	INAL.pdf

AFNR Standards: NRS

- NRS.03. Develop plans to ensure sustainable production and processing of natural resources.
- NRS.03.02. Demonstrate cartographic skills, tools and technologies to aid in developing, implementing and evaluating natural resource management plans.
- NRS.03.02.01.a. Summarize how to use maps and technologies to identify directions and land features, calculate actual distance and determine the
 elevations of points.
- NRS.03.02.01.b. Apply cartographic skills and tools and technologies (e.g., land surveys, geographic coordinate systems, etc.) to locate natural resources.

AFNR Cluster Skills

• CS.03. Examine and summarize the importance of health, safety, and environmental management systems in AFNR workplaces.

Career Ready Practices (CRP) Strand

• CRP.09.03. Demonstrate behaviors that contribute to a positive morale and culture in the workplace and community.

Unit Information Total Learning Hours for Unit: 25 Unit Summary: This unit will explore plant characteristics, with emphasis on major commercial timber species and their associated understory plant communities. Competencies: 1. Use appropriate terminology to describe leaf and plant parts and plant life cycles. 2. Understand the difference between native, non-native, invasive, and noxious plants. 3. Understand basic plant taxonomy (ex: family, genus, species). 4. Understand traits that allow plants to adapt and compete for resources. 5. Increase familiarity with ethnobotany-related topics (ex: tribal sovereignty, traditional and contemporary use of plants, cultural resources related to timber species and forest ecosystems.) Components and Assessments

Performance Assessments: These can be locally developed or use the suggested assessments below.

Assessments will be formal and informal, written, verbal and practical. Students can:

- Describe the basic physiology of a plant in a local forest.
- Use plant characteristics and field identification keys (including dichotomous keys) to identify a plant in a local forest.
- Identify a common native tree or plant species in different stages of growth in a local forest.
- Identify a common nonnative tree or plant species in a local forest.
- Given specimens, use dichotomous keys to identify local plants in a taxonomic practicum.
- Identify traits that allow plants to adapt and compete for resources (ex: allelopathy, growth rates, seed viability and germination).
- Identify plants and their medicinal and traditional uses.
- Create an herbarium of local flora.
- Participate in traditional land use practices (ex: planting or harvest techniques).
- Identify culturally relevant resources with the help of local elders and tribal representatives.

- Use terminology and scientific names to accurately describe forests, trees, and vegetation.
- Research how organisms and populations at a local site depend on and may compete for biotic and abiotic resources.

Leadership Alignment:

• Groups of five (5) students will **develop**, **implement and communicate new ideas to others effectively (1.B.1)** as each team collects 2 samples for trees (live) or unique tools (pictures will work) and then identify each sample and present to the groups their findings.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies	
Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and Natural	Website: https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0FINAL.pdf
Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster Content Standards	

- NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned, and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.
- NRS.01.01. Apply methods of classification to examine natural resource availability and ecosystem function in a particular region.
 - o NRS.01.02.01.a. Research and examine the characteristics used to identify trees and woody plants.
 - o NRS.01.02.01.b. Apply identification techniques to determine the species of a tree or woody plant.
 - NRS.01.01.02.c. Conduct analyses of ecosystems and document the interactions of living species and non-living resources.
 - NRS.01.01.03.c. Evaluate biodiversity in ecosystems and devise strategies to enhance the function of an ecosystem and the availability of natural resources by increasing the level of biodiversity.
- NRS.01.02. Classify different types of natural resources to enable protection, conservation, enhancement, and management in a particular geographical region.
 - o NRS.01.02.02.a. Research and examine the characteristics used to identify herbaceous plants.
 - NRS.01.02.02.b. Apply identification techniques to determine the species of an herbaceous plant.

Aligned Washington State Learning Standards	
	HS-LS2-1. Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales
<u>Science</u>	<u>HS-LS4-5</u> Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in: (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species

	Unit Information	
Unit 3: Tree Measurement	Total Learning Hours for Unit: 25	
Unit Summary: This unit will establish the necessary	y skills required to accurately measure trees and assess timber volumes in a managed forest.	
Students will also explore carbon sequestration cond	cepts.	
Competencies:		
•	f measure for most commercial timber volume and value.	
2. Determine tree board foot volume using clin	ometers, diameter tapes, and Tarif Access and Scribner volume tables.	
3. Work with local foresters to establish a fixed	radius plot or a variable plot.	
4. Make a claim about tree density and relative	frequency of species.	
6. Calculate the radius for various fixed plots.		
7. Design sample plot grids.		
8. Understand how technology is evolving to ut	tilize the highest percentage of individual trees.	
9. Understand characteristics of logs that impact	ct domestic and export value (ex: size, wood grain).	
10. Understand how identification tools and app	os are used in forest practices.	
	Components and Assessments	
Performance Assessments: These can be locally dev	veloped or use the suggested assessments below.	

Assessments will be formal and informal, written, verbal and practical. Students can:

- Read and interpret a given volume table.
- Calculate plot radius.
- Establish a fixed radius plot and calculate trees per acre.
- Use a clinometer and diameter tape to measure sample trees (ex: calculate heights, diameters, eventual board foot volume).
- Use the National Tree Benefit Calculator to examine and explain the value of a tree.

- Calculate cords of wood.
- Estimate timber volume per acre and total volume.
- Calculate relative density and frequency.
- Estimate the amount of carbon in a tree using tree rings.
- Observe a local forester in the field or sawmill.

- Describe relevant timber cruising and valuation data and observations in final SAE project.
- Use tree rings and an Excel spreadsheet to create a model that predicts carbon sequestration rates in a tree stand.

Leadership Alignment:

- Students will **demonstrate the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams (3.B.1)** and **assume shared responsibility for collaborative work, and value the individual contributions made by each team member (3.B.3)** through their work on cruising teams that will be assigned an area in the forestry plot, create a report, and present it to the class. Team members will take on various leadership roles.
- Students will **solve different kinds of non-familiar problems in both conventional and innovative ways (2.D.1)** based on what they find when cruising their assigned area and communicate that to the class in their report. FFA forestry Career Development Event (CDE), Timber Cruising and Team Activity and economic principles, is a natural extension of this.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies		
Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and Natural Resources	Website:	
(AFNR) Career Cluster Content Standards	https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0FINAL.pdf	
AFNR Standards: NRS		
NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned, and scientifically based solutions to natural resource		
issues and goals.		

- NRS.01.01. Apply methods of classification to examine natural resource availability and ecosystem function in a particular region.
 - NRS.01.01.01.b. Assess the characteristics of a natural resource to determine its classification.
 - NRS.01.01.01.c. Devise strategies for the preservation of natural resources based on their classification.
 - NRS.01.01.02.c. Conduct analyses of ecosystems and document the interactions of living species and non-living resources.
 - NRS.01.01.03.c. Evaluate biodiversity in ecosystems and devise strategies to enhance the function of an ecosystem and the availability of natural resources by increasing the level of biodiversity.
- NRS.01.02. Classify different types of natural resources in order to enable protection, conservation, enhancement, and management in a particular geographical region.
 - NRS.01.02.06.a. Research the purpose and value of resource inventories and population studies.
 - NRS.01.02.06.b. Apply procedures for conducting resource inventories and population studies.
 - NRS.01.02.06.c. Conduct an assessment of the resource inventories or population in a given area.
 - NRS.02.01. Analyze the interrelationships between natural resources and humans.

- NRS.02.04. Examine and explain how economics affects the use of natural resources. Sample Measurement: The following sample measurement strands are provided to guide the development of measurable activities, at different levels of proficiency, to assess students' attainment of knowledge and skills related to this performance indicator. The topics represented by each strand are not all-encompassing.
 - NRS.02.04.01.b. Assess whether economic value increases or decreases the conservation, protection, improvement and enhancement of natural resources.

Aligned Washington State Learning Standards	
Science	HS-ETS1-2: Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.

Unit Information	
Unit 4: Diseases, Insects, and Total Learning Hours for Unit: 25	
Pathogens	
Unit Summary: Students will explore the role of diseases, insects, and pathogens in forest health, and their effect on both timber and ecosystem	
services.	

Competencies:

- 1. Identify key primary and secondary diseases, insects, and pathogens (ex: mycorrhizae, fungi, pollination) that affect forest health.
- 2. Know the factors that may predict how diseases, insects, and pathogens impact forests (ex. presence of certain species, humidity, sunlight, soil type).
- 3. Make claims using climate projections supported by evidence for the increasing or decreasing likelihood of diseases.
- 4. Understand impacts of diseases, insects, and pathogens on forest health.
- 5. Understand protocols used in the field to prevent the spread of disease.

Components and Assessments

Performance Assessments: These can be locally developed or use the suggested assessments below.

Assessments will be formal and informal, written, verbal and practical. Students can:

- Analyze a plant disease, insect, or pathogen based on symptoms in a local timber stand or forest.
- Demonstrate the process used to identify a plant disease, insect, or pathogen.
- Participate in insect collection activities in a timber stand or forest.
- Describe the basic fungi life cycle, including fungi's relationships with trees and forests.
- Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning about the role of disease in complex ecosystem interactions.

- Analyze a plant disease based on its symptoms, identify if the disease needs to be reported to authorities and determine which authorities it should be reported to.
- Classify the cause of a disease in plants.
- Research the agency or authority that should be notified of disease or pathogen presence.

• Investigate a disease, insect or pathogen's impact on forest health.

Leadership Alignment:

• In groups of 3 to 5, students articulate thoughts and ideas effectively using oral, written and nonverbal communication skills in a variety of forms and context (3.A.1) and demonstrate ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams (3.B.1) as they present to the ownership group of the forestry plot a pest control plan for the forestry plot. FFA tie-in could be the "Prepared Public" speaking contest or agri-science fair.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies		
Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and	Website: https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0FINAL.pdf	
Natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster		
Content Standards		

- NRS.04. Demonstrate responsible management procedures and techniques to protect, maintain, enhance, and improve natural resources.
- NRS.04.02. Diagnose plant and wildlife diseases and follow protocols to prevent their spread.
 - NRS.04.02.01.a. Classify causes of diseases in plants and the correct authorities to whom some diseases should be reported.
 - NRS.04.02.01.b. Analyze a plant disease based on its symptoms, identify if the disease needs to be reported to authorities and determine which authorities it should be reported to.
- NRS.04.03. Prevent or manage introduction of ecologically harmful species in a particular region.
 - o NRS.04.03.01.a. Categorize harmful and beneficial insects, as well as signs of insect damage to natural resources.
 - NRS.04.03.01.b Analyze signs of insect infestation, identify if it needs to be reported to authorities and determine which authorities it should be reported to.
 - NRS.04.03.01.c. Create a management plan to reduce spread of harmful insects in natural resource systems.
 - NRS.04.03.02.a. Identify and classify invasive species common to a particular region.
 - NRS.04.03.02.b. Analyze signs of the spread of invasive species, identify if it needs to be reported to authorities and determine which authorities it should be reported to.
 - o NRS.04.03.02.c. Create a management plan to reduce spread of harmful invasive species in natural resource systems.
 - NRS.04.03.03.a. Research and summarize strategies and benefits of preventing the introduction of harmful species to a particular region.
 - o NRS.04.03.03.b. Assess and implement a plan for preventing the spread of harmful species for its effectiveness.

• NRS.04.03.03.c. Identify potentially invasive species and devise strategies to prevent ecological damage that would result from the introduction of that species.

Aligned Washington State Learning Standards		
<u>Science</u>	 <u>HS-LS2-2</u>: Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales. <u>HS-LS2-6</u>: Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning that the complex interactions in ecosystems maintain relatively consistent numbers and types of organisms in stable conditions but changing conditions may result in a new ecosystem. <u>HS-LS2-7</u>: Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for reducing the impacts of human activities on the environment and biodiversity. 	

Unit Information	
Unit 5: Timber Stand and Silviculture	Total Learning Hours for Unit: 25
Practices	
Unit Summary: This unit will introduce the st	udent to the techniques used to manage timber stands for maximum total yield, with emphasis on a
particular stand. Students will explore moderr	n silviculture techniques and practices.
Competencies:	
-	ocal climate, topography) influence a particular stand's composition.
2. Understand how stand density affects	growth and forest health.
3. Describe how organic matter decompo	osition impacts seedling development from seed scarification through year one.
4. Understand the importance of soil in f	orest management (ex: nutrient and water uptake, harvesting methods, planting).
5. Describe the impact of human activities on resources in a particular stand.	
6. Understand harvesting methods and practices (ex: clear cuts, silviculture, thinning).	
7. Understand why and how foresters use maps.	
8. Describe the role of carbon in the bios	sphere (ex: photosynthesis, sequestration, decomposition, cellular respiration)
	Components and Assessments
Performance Assessments: These can be loco	ally developed or use the suggested assessments below.
Assessments will be formal and informal, write	ten, verbal and practical. Students can:

• Engage in forestry work.

- Measure and evaluate soil site index.
- Conduct a basic soil test.
- Develop a model that shows how forest canopy levels influence light environment and photosynthesis.
- Complete seed scarification and seed germination lab.
- Conduct tree planting audit.
- Describe the importance of forest resource conservation (ex: old growth forests, stream riparian zones, carbon sequestration, protection from conversion).
- Compare environmental impacts of historical and current logging practices.
- Compare and contrast pre-colonial and contemporary forest management objectives and practices.
- Evaluate stand density by applying knowledge of forest inventory methods.
- Collect forest stand-related data (ex: disease, blowdown, roads to decommission).
- Describe how and why foresters use maps.
- Topographical map interpretation (ex: slope, aspect, scale, elevation).
- Participate in a topographical map lab.

- Choose a nutrient and follow its cycling process through the life cycle of a tree (ex: impact of nutrient's absence).
- Create a post-harvest forest regeneration model.
- Measure areas of interest with software tools built into Google Earth or similar software.
- Use Survey123 to acquire on-the-ground data and create maps showing healthy or diseased forests.

Leadership Alignment:

- Students **interpret information and draw conclusions based on the best analysis (2.C.4)** in evaluating stand density by applying knowledge of forest inventory methods and interpreting topographical maps
- Students **analyze and evaluate major alternative points of view (2.C.2)** as they compare environmental impacts of historical and current logging practices.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies		
Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and	Website: https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0FINAL.pdf	
natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster		
Content Standards		

- NRS.03. Develop plans to ensure sustainable production and processing of natural resources.
- NRS.03.01. Sustainably produce, harvest, process and use natural resource products (e.g., forest products, wildlife, minerals, fossil fuels, shale oil, alternative energy, recreation, aquatic species, etc.).
 - NRS.03.01.01.a. Summarize forest harvesting methods.

- NRS.03.01.01.b. Assess harvesting methods regarding their economic value, environmental impact, and other factors.
- NRS.03.01.01.c. Develop a forest harvesting plan that ensures economic, environmental and social sustainability.
- NRS.03.02. Demonstrate cartographic skills, tools and technologies to aid in developing, implementing and evaluating natural resource management plans.
 - NRS.03.02.01.a. Summarize how to use maps and technologies to identify directions and land features, calculate actual distance and determine the elevations of points.
 - NRS.03.02.01.b. Apply cartographic skills and tools and technologies (e.g., land surveys, geographic coordinate systems, etc.) to locate natural resources.
- NRS.04. Demonstrate responsible management procedures and techniques to protect, maintain, enhance, and improve natural resources.
- NRS.04.01. Demonstrate natural resource protection, maintenance, enhancement and improvement techniques.
 - NRS.04.01.02.a. Identify and categorize characteristics of a healthy forest.
 - o NRS.04.01.02.b. Assess and apply the methods used to improve a forest stand.
 - o NRS.04.01.02.c. Create a timber stand improvement plan for a forest.
 - NRS.04.01.05.c. Evaluate the impact of recreational activities on natural resources and create an improvement plan.
- Plant Science (PS).01. Develop and implement a crop management plan for a given production goal that accounts for environmental factors.
- PS.01.01. Determine the influence of environmental factors on plant growth.
 - PS.01.01.01.a. Identify and summarize the three measurements of light color, intensity and duration that affect plant growth.
 PS.01.01.02.a. Identify and summarize the effects of air and temperature on plant metabolism and growth.
 - PS.01.01.02.b. Determine the optimal air and temperature conditions for plant growth.
 - o PS.01.01.03.a. Identify and summarize the effects of water quality on plant growth, (e.g., pH, dissolved solids, etc.).
 - o PS.01.01.03.b. Analyze and describe plant responses to water conditions.
 - PS.01.01.03.c. Analyze plant responses to water conditions and recommend modifications to water for desired plant growth.
- PS.01.03. Develop and implement a fertilization plan for specific plants or crops.
 - PS.01.03.01.a. Identify the essential nutrients for plant growth and development and their major functions (e.g., nitrogen, phosphorous, potassium, etc.).
 - PS.01.03.01.b. Analyze the effects of nutrient deficiencies and symptoms and recognize environmental causes of nutrient deficiencies.
- Plant Science (PS).02. Apply principles of classification, plant anatomy, and plant physiology to plant production and management.
- PS.02.02. Apply knowledge of plant anatomy and the functions of plant structures to activities associated with plant systems. PS.01.02. Prepare and manage growing media for use in plant systems.
 - o PS.02.02.02.b. Analyze root tissues and explain the pathway of water and nutrients into and through root tissues.
 - PS.02.02.04.b. Analyze how leaves capture light energy and summarize the exchange of gases.
 - PS.02.02.04.c. Devise a plan for plant management practices that takes into account leaf structure and functions.
- PS.02.03. Apply knowledge of plant physiology and energy conversion to plant systems.
 - PS.02.03.01.b. Apply knowledge of photosynthesis to analyze how various environmental factors will affect the rate of photosynthesis.

- PS.02.03.01.c. Evaluate the impact of photosynthesis and the factors that affect it on plant management, culture and production problems.
- Plant Science (PS).03. Propagate, culture, and harvest plants and plant products based on current industry standards.
- PS.03.01. Demonstrate plant propagation techniques in plant system activities.
 - PS.03.01.01.c. Select and defend the use of pollination methods and practices used to maximize crop pollination.
 - PS.03.01.02.a. Demonstrate sowing techniques for providing favorable conditions to meet the factors of seed germination.
 - PS.03.01.02.b. Handle seed to overcome seed dormancy mechanisms and to maintain seed viability and vigor.
 - o PS.03.01.02.c. Conduct tests associated with seed germination rates, viability and vigor.
- PS.03.04. Apply principles and practices of sustainable agriculture to plant production.
 - o PS.03.04

Aligned Washington State Learning Standards

	HS-LS2-6: Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning that the complex interactions in ecosystems maintain relatively
	consistent numbers and types of organisms in stable conditions but changing conditions may result in a new ecosystem.
	HS-LS2-7: Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for reducing the impacts of human activities on the environment and
	biodiversity. *
<u>Science</u>	HS-LS4-6: Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.*
	HS-LS1-5: Use a model to illustrate how photosynthesis transforms light energy into stored chemical energy.
	HS-LS2-4: Use mathematical representations to support claims for the cycling of matter and flow of energy among
	organisms in an ecosystem.

Unit Information	
Unit 6: Fire Ecology	Total Learning Hours for Unit: 25
Unit Summary: This unit will introduce students to the ecological importance of fire, the role of prescribed fire in the management of commercial	

forests, and wildland fire suppression concepts.

Competencies:

- 1. Explore the role of fire as a nutrient cycling force and other forces that cycle nutrients in ecosystems that lack frequent fire.
- 2. Describe historical and contemporary relationships between humans and fire in forests and other ecosystems.
- 3. Explore historical fire suppression practices and policies' influence on forest health.
- 4. Describe how abiotic factors influence fire spread (ex: wind speed, stand density, atmospheric humidity, temperature, topography).

Components and Assessments

Perfo	nance Assessments: These can be locally developed or use the suggested assessments below.
Assess	nents will be formal and informal, written, verbal and practical. Students can:
•	Model the fire triangle.
٠	Create a model that demonstrates correlations between abiotic factors and fire.
•	Demonstrate use of sling psychrometer to determine relative humidity.
٠	Describe the role of fire in the life cycle of one fire-adapted species.
•	Describe the cycle of succession after fires of different intensities.
٠	Describe examples of the historical and current use of fire in forest management.

• Research historical and current fire management practices that have been used in a local forest.

Leadership Alignment:

- Students will be open and responsive to new and diverse perspectives; incorporate group input and feedback into the work (1.B.2), analyze how parts of a whole interact with each other to produce overall outcomes in complex systems (2.B.1), and assume shared responsibility for collaborative work, and value the individual contributions made by each team member (3.B.3) as they present to the class in teams all sides of the use of fire in the forest. FFA tie-in would be the Ag Issues CDE
- Students will use their understanding other nations and cultures including the use of non-English languages (12.A.3) as they describe examples of the historical and current use of fire in forest management.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies

Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and	Website: https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0FINAL.pdf
natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster	
Content Standards.	

- NRS.01. Plan and conduct natural resource management activities that apply logical, reasoned and scientifically based solutions to natural resource issues and goals.
- NRS.01.01. Apply methods of classification to examine natural resource availability and ecosystem function in a particular region.
 - NRS.01.01.01.c. Devise strategies for the preservation of natural resources based on their classification.
 - NRS.01.01.02.a. Summarize the components that comprise all ecosystems.
- NRS.01.03. Apply ecological concepts and principles to atmospheric natural resource systems.
 - NRS.01.03.02.a. Research and summarize how climate factors influence natural resource systems.
 - NRS.01.03.02.b. Analyze the impact that climate has on natural resources and debate how this impact has changed due to human activity.
- NRS.01.05. Apply ecological concepts and principles to terrestrial natural resource systems.

- NRS.01.05.02.a. Compare and contrast the impact of habitat disturbances and habitat resilience.
- NRS.01.05.02.b. Analyze and summarize examples of habitat disturbances and habitat resilience.
- NRS.02.01. Analyze the interrelationships between natural resources and humans.
- NRS.02.01. Examine and interpret the purpose, enforcement, impact and effectiveness of laws and agencies related to natural resource management, protection, enhancement and improvement (e.g., water regulations, game laws, historic preservation laws, environmental policy, etc.).
 - NRS.02.02.01.a. Summarize the relationship between natural resources, ecosystems and human activity.
 - NRS.02.02.01.b. Assess and explain how different kinds of human activity affect the use and availability of natural resources (i.e., agriculture, industry, transportation, etc.).
- NRS.03. Develop plans to ensure sustainable production and processing of natural resources.
- NRS.03.02. Demonstrate cartographic skills, tools and technologies to aid in developing, implementing and evaluating natural resource management plans.
 - NRS.03.02.01.a. Summarize how to use maps and technologies to identify directions and land features, calculate actual distance and determine the elevations of points
 - NRS.03.02.01.b. Apply cartographic skills and tools and technologies (e.g., land surveys, geographic coordinate systems, etc.) to locate natural resources
 - NRS.03.02.01.c. Evaluate the availability of and threats to natural resources using cartographic skills, tools, and technologies (e.g., spread of invasive species, movement of wildlife populations, changes to biodiversity of edge of habitat versus interior, etc.).
- NRS.04. Demonstrate responsible management procedures and techniques to protect, maintain, enhance, and improve natural resources.
- NRS.04.04. Manage fires in natural resource systems.
 - NRS.04.01.a. Differentiate between desirable and undesirable fires and research the role fire plays in a healthy ecosystem.
 - NRS.04.04.01.b. Assess and apply techniques used to fight wildfires, manage prescribed fires and ensure human safety.
 - NRS.04.04.01.c. Develop a prevention plan for harmful fires for a particular region.
 - NRS.04.04.02.a. Research and summarize how fire management techniques have evolved.
 - NRS.04.04.02.b Assess the effectiveness of techniques previously and currently used to prevent harmful fires.

Aligned Washington State Learning Standards	
<u>Science</u>	 <u>HS-LS2-3</u>: Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for the cycling of matter and flow of energy in aerobic and anaerobic conditions. <u>HS-LS2-4</u>: Use mathematical representations to support claims for the cycling of matter and flow of energy among organisms in an ecosystem. <u>HS-PS1-5</u>: Apply scientific principles and evidence to provide an explanation about the effects of changing the temperature or concentration of the reacting particles on the rate at which a reaction occurs.

	Unit Information
Unit 7: Forest Practice Rules and Laws	Total Learning Hours for Unit: 25
Unit Summary: In this unit, students will learn	n about the Forest Practices Act and corresponding rules outlined in Forest Practices Rules that are
designed to protect forest resources and main	ntain a viable forest products industry. <u>Forest Practices Illustrated</u> is the suggested resource for this unit.
Competencies:	
1 5	d forest practices (including growing timber, road maintenance, drainage, using fertilizers and pesticides) urces important to local indigenous populations.
3. Understand the protection measures t	hat are required for constructing and maintaining forest roads.
4. Understand how harvest activity can ir	mpact water quality and wildlife species.
5. Learn how to identify and delineate we	etlands.
6. Manage and update student created E	Excel databases.
renormance Assessments: These can be loco	ally developed or use the suggested assessments below.
Assessments will be formal and informal, writh	ten, verbal and practical. Students can:
• In the field, identify a Wetland Manage	ement Zone (WMZ) under Forest Practices Rules.
• Examine key components of a road ma	
• Give examples of culturally significant	resources and historic sites and artifacts that might be discovered in a forested area.
	A Assessment by addressing what impacts the assessment mitigates for in terms of environmental impact tect water quality from harvest activity.
Measure width of streams to determin	ne the RMZ boundaries for streams of different size classes under the Forest Practices Rules.
Related to SAE:	
 Develop and host a student-led town forestry issue using evidence from cur 	hall or presentation for the city council, tribal council or other decision-making body addressing a curren rent forest practice or tribal rules.
Leadership Alignment:	
examples of culturally significant resou	nding other nations and cultures, including the use of non-English languages (12.A.3) by giving urces and historic sites and artifacts that might be discovered in a forested area obligations of citizenship at local, state, national and global levels (12.C.2) and use communicatior
for a range of purposes (e.g. to info	prm, instruct, motivate and persuade) (3.A.3) by hosting a student-led town hall or presentation for the cision-making body addressing a current forestry issue using evidence from current forest practice or trib

rules. FFA tie-in could be Forestry or Natural Resources CDEs.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies

Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and	
Natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster	Website: https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0FINAL.pdf
Content Standards	
AFNR Standards: NRS	

- NRS.02. Analyze the interrelationships between natural resources and humans.
- NRS.02.01. Examine and interpret the purpose, enforcement, impact and effectiveness of laws and agencies related to natural resource management, protection, enhancement and improvement (e.g., water regulations, game laws, historic preservation laws, environmental policy, etc.).
 - NRS.02.01.01.a. Distinguish between the types of laws associated with natural resources systems.
 - NRS.02.01.01.b. Analyze the structure of laws associated with natural resources systems.
 - NRS.02.01.01.c. Evaluate the impact of laws associated with natural resources systems (e.g., mitigation, water regulations, carbon emissions, game limits, invasive species, etc.).
 - NRS.02.01.02.a. Distinguish between the types of agencies associated with natural resources systems.
 - NRS.02.01.02.b. Analyze the specific purpose of agencies associated with natural resources systems.
 - NRS.02.01.02.c. Evaluate the impact and effectiveness of agencies associated with natural resources systems (e.g., regulation of consumption, prevention of damage to natural resources systems, management of ecological interactions, etc.).
- NRS.02.04. Examine and explain how economics affects the use of natural resources.
 - NRS.02.04.01.a. Compare and contrast how the economic value of a natural resource affects its availability.
 - NRS.02.04.01.b. Assess whether economic value increases or decreases the conservation, protection, improvement and enhancement of natural resources.
 - NRS.02.04.01.c. Devise a plan to improve the conservation, protection, improvement and enhancement of natural resources based on economic value and practices.
 - NRS.02.04.02.c. Anticipate and predict how changes to the availability of natural resources because of human activity may impact a local, state and national economy.
- NRS.03. Develop plans to ensure sustainable production and processing of natural resources.
- NRS.03.02. Demonstrate cartographic skills, tools and technologies to aid in developing, implementing and evaluating natural resource management plans.
 - NRS.03.02.02.c. Use GIS data for a given area to devise a management plan for the management, conservation, improvement, and enhancement of its natural resources.

Aligned Washington State Learning Standards		
<u>Science</u>	HS-ESS3-3: Create a computational simulation to illustrate the relationships among management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity. HS-ESS3-4: Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems.*	

HS-LS2-2: Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting
biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.
HS-ETS1-2: Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable
problems that can be solved through engineering.
HS-ETS1-3: Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs that account
for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability, and aesthetics as well as possible social, cultural, and
environmental impacts.

Unit Information	
Unit 8: Career Pathways	Total Learning Hours for Unit: 10
Unit Summary: This unit will expose students to various career nathways in the natural resources profession and provide opportunities for students to	

Unit Summary: This unit will expose students to various career pathways in the natural resources profession and provide opportunities for students to develop and enhance their employability skills.

Competencies:

- 1. Outline the key components to include in applications, cover letters, and resumes.
- 2. Describe individual skills and experiences that are relevant to natural resource jobs.
- 3. Navigate the employment sections of natural resource organization websites (both public and private).
- 4. Learn about natural resource jobs that relate to the student's career goals.
- 5. Understand soft and hard skills that contribute to career success.
- 6. Understand the required skills, certifications and degrees required for various restoration ecology jobs.

Components and Assessments

Performance Assessments: Assessments will be formal and informal, written, verbal and practical.

- Complete a self-assessment to identify qualifications and reflect on opportunities for future job skill growth.
- Create a list of gained individual skills and experiences that are relevant to natural resource jobs.
- Write a resume and cover letter that integrate the skills learned through the course.
- Complete a practice job application.
- Prepare for, and participate in, a mock job interview for a natural resources position.
- Describe how course learning relates to the students' future academic and career goals.
- Research certifications, training, or postsecondary programs that relate to student's career goals.
- Conduct a job search.

Related to SAE:

- Present SAE project to the public and potential employers.
- List knowledge, skills, and abilities gained in the course.

Leadership Alignment:

- Students will **balance short-term and long-term goals (8.A.2)** by describing how course learning relates to the students' future academic and career goals.
- Students will **demonstrate initiative to advance skill levels towards a professional level (8.C.2)** by completing a self-assessment to identify qualifications and reflect on opportunities for future job skill growth and creating a list of gained individual skills and experiences that are relevant to natural resource jobs.

	Industry Standards and/or Competencies
Name of standards: Agricultur Natural Resources (AFNR) Care Content Standards	
pathways.	pportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources career er opportunities within a career cluster that match personal interests, talents, goals and preferences.
 CRP.02.01. Use strategic community. CRP.04.01. Speak using 	act upon opportunities for professional and civic service at work and in the community. c thinking to connect and apply academic learning, knowledge and skills to solve problems in the workplace and strategies that ensure clarity, logic, purpose and professionalism in formal and informal settings. ar, reasoned and coherent written and visual communication in formal and informal settings.
	Aligned Washington State Learning Standards
<u>Environment &</u> <u>Sustainability</u>	 Standard 1: Ecological, Social, and Economic Systems Students develop knowledge of the interconnections and interdependency of ecological, social, and economic systems. They demonstrate understanding of how the health of these systems determines the sustainability of natural and human communities at local, regional, national, and global levels. Standard 2: The Natural and Built Environment Students engage in inquiry and systems thinking and use information gained through learning experiences in, about, and for the environment to understand the structure, components, and processes of natural and human-built environments.
Social Studies	SSS2.9-12.3 Determine the kinds of sources and relevant information that are helpful, taking into consideration multiple points of view represented in the sources, the types of sources available, and the potential uses of the sources.

Unit Information					
Unit 9: Supervised Agricultural Experience (SAE) Project		Total Learning Hours for Unit: 10			
		te their learning by completing a Supervised Agricultural Experience Project (SAE). Students will work eir strengths as well as their areas for future learning in performing restoration work.			
Comp	etencies:				
1.	Understand the benefits of the SAE	for skill development, leadership, and career success.			
2.	Understand the connection betwee	en SAE and FFA.			
3.	Describe the two types of SAE:				
	-	xploration & planning (high school and beyond plan), Personal financial planning and management,			
		bility skills for college and career readiness, agricultural or forestry literacy)			
	-	urship/Ownership, Placement/Internships, Research (Experimental, Analytical, Invention), School Business			
	Enterprises, Service Learning				
4.		course topics as well as the student's personal interests, academic goals, and career goals.			
5.	Develop procurement and funding				
6.	•	reporting formats influence delivery of content to audiences.			
7.		edness, emergent properties, causality, feedback loops in an ecosystem) to develop SAE project.			
8.	Demonstrate flexibility.				
9.	Demonstrate self-directed learning				
		Components and Assessments			
Perfo	rmance Assessments: These can be	locally developed or use the suggested assessments below.			
Asses	sments will be formal and informal, v	vritten, verbal and practical. Students can:			
•	Select a final project format that ef	fectively delivers content (ex: PowerPoint, YouTube video, report, radio public service announcement, poste			
	tri-fold display, brochure, map, web	osite or blog, event, phone app, etc.)			
٠	Write a report that investigates a to	opic covered in the course.			
٠	Use Ag Experience Tracker (AET) Sy	stem or equivalent utilized to track SAE Project.			
•	Outline the components to be used	d in final project:			

- Outline the components to be used in final project:
 - \circ $\;$ Determine the goals of the SAE project.
 - \circ $\;$ Identify resources and data to be collected to meet project goals.
 - Select the types of data that will be meaningful.
 - \circ $\;$ Collect data to be used in the final project.
 - \circ $\;$ Keep records that pertain to the chosen SAE project.

- Enter data into an Excel spreadsheet.
- Create maps that display necessary data.
- Cite sources.
- Prepare and deliver final project deliverables.

Leadership Alignment:

• Students will **demonstrate initiative to advance skill levels towards a professional level (8.C.2), balance short-term and long-term** goals (8.A.2), and monitor, define, prioritize and complete tasks without direct oversight (8.B.1) by completing an SAE.

Industry Standards and/or Competencies					
Name of standards: Agriculture. Food, and	Website: https://www.nj.gov/agriculture/ag_ed/classroom/AFNR_Standards_v2_0FINAL.pdf Click or				
Natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster	tap here to enter text.				
Content Standards					

Agriculture Food and Natural Resources Standards: Natural Resource Science (NRS)

NRS.03. Develop plans to ensure sustainable production and processing of natural resources.

- NRS.03.01. Sustainably produce, harvest, process and use natural resource products (e.g., forest products, wildlife, minerals, fossil fuels, shale oil, alternative energy, recreation, aquatic species, etc.).
 - NRS.03.02.01.b. Apply cartographic skills and tools and technologies (e.g., land surveys, geographic coordinate systems, etc.) to locate natural resources. Create GIS maps that show different projects in a forest and the ongoing results of those projects.

AFNR Cluster Skills

CS.01.05: Awareness: Desire purposeful understanding related to professional and personal activities.

Level 2

CS.01.05.01.b. Analyze the impact of trends and issues on the community.

Level 3

CS.01.05.01.c. Articulate current issues that are important to the local, state, national and global communities.

CS.01.05.02.c. Perform leadership tasks associated with citizenship.

Career Ready Practices (CRP) Strand

- CRP.01.03. Identify and act upon opportunities for professional and civic service at work and in the community.
- CRP.02.01. Use strategic thinking to connect and apply academic learning, knowledge and skills to solve problems in the workplace and community.
- CRP.04.01. Speak using strategies that ensure clarity, logic, purpose and professionalism in formal and informal settings.
- CRP.04.02. Produce clear, reasoned and coherent written and visual communication in formal and informal settings.
- CRP.10.01. Identify career opportunities within a career cluster that match personal interests, talents, goals and preferences.

SAE

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0	SAE.01.01.b.	Explain the benefits of SAE projects to skill development, leadership and career success.				
0	SAE.01.01.c.	Explain the connection between SAE and FFA.				
0	SAE.01.01.d.	Explain the five types of SAE (Entrepreneurship, Placement, Research, Exploratory, Improvement).				
0	SAE.01.01.e.	Explore ideas for SAE projects.				
0	SAE.01.01.f.	Explain how SAE projects support academic achievement.				
		Select and establish an SAE project.				
		Explain and keep records on established SAE projects.				
	SAE.01.01.i.					
0	SAE.01.01.I.	Explain the three-circle concept for SAE, FFA Leadership, Classroom/Laboratory in an Agriculture Education program.				
	Aligned Washington State Learning Standards					
		Standard 1: Ecological, Social, and Economic Systems Students develop knowledge of the interconnections and				
		interdependency of ecological, social, and economic systems. They demonstrate understanding of how the health of these				
Environment &		systems determines the sustainability of natural and human communities at local, regional, national, and global levels.				
<u>Sustainability</u>		Standard 2: The Natural and Built Environment Students engage in inquiry and systems thinking and use information				
		gained through learning experiences in, about, and for the environment to understand the structure, components, and				
		processes of natural and human-built environments.				
		Specific standards will be based on the SAE selected by the student. As students select projects, instructors will connect				
Science		students with deep science learning by ensuring that they engage with at least two of the science and				
		engineering practices.				
		1. Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering)				
		2. Developing and using models				
		3. Planning and carrying out investigations				
		4. Analyzing and interpreting data				
		5. Using mathematics and computational thinking				

SAE.01.01 Students will establish and conduct Supervised Agricultural Experience Projects (SAE).

6. Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
7. Engaging in argument from evidence 8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information