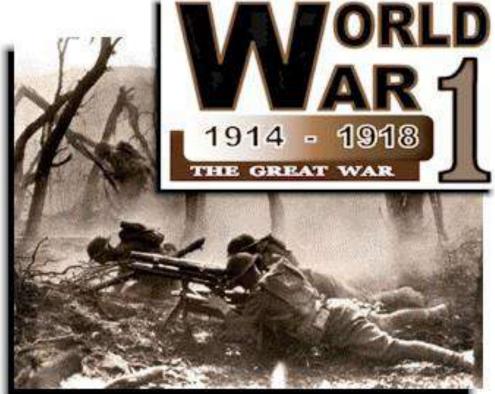
World War

Learning Targets

 I can give reasons for World War I and describe Georgia's contributions.



In the 1900s...

The Industrial Revolution was dawning.





1st Airplane

New technology was revolutionizing the way people lived, worked, and traveled...

City/Urban

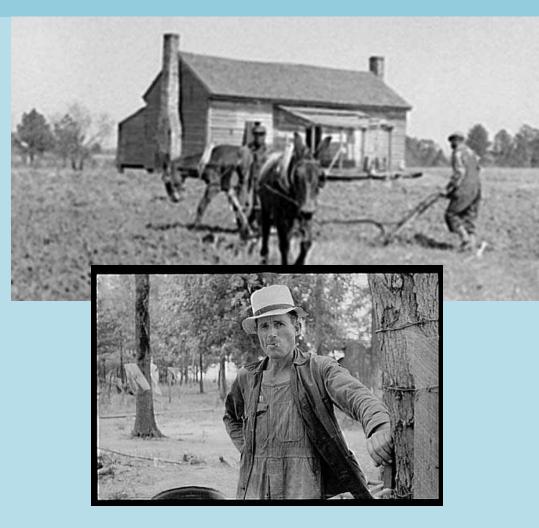
The city was the place to be to experience... --Newest technology --Fashions --Fads --Telephones --Motion Pictures



--Electric Streetlights, Trolleys, 12 Story Buildings, Indoor Toilets, Hot and Cold Running Water

Country/Rural

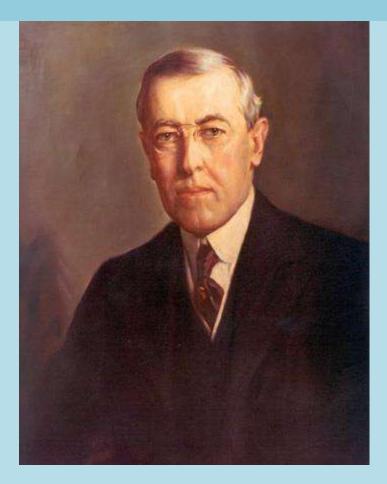
Life moved at a slower <u>pace</u>. **Tenant farmers** lived and worked pretty much the way they had for decades.



No running water, electricity, refrigerators, telephones, or other modern luxuries.

The Coming of World War

Woodrow Wilson was elected president of the United States.



Wilson had many ties to Georgia He lived in <u>Augusta</u> as a boy, practiced law in <u>Atlanta</u>, and married a woman from <u>Rome</u>.

Nationalism

- A devotion and loyalty to one's own ethnic background or country of origin.
- In the 19th century, many nationalist movements led to a widespread struggle for independence.
- This was especially true in the Balkans.
- Serbia was the center of the nationalist movements in the Balkans.
- Austria-Hungary was considered an enemy of Serbia because of the desire of the Serbs in Austria-Hungary to unite with Serbia and create a larger Serbian state.



Georgia Was Worried...

As 1914 arrived, Georgians worried about events taking place across the <u>Atlantic</u> Ocean.



Alliances

agreements between countries to come to each other's aid in the case of war





With the talk of war, Europeans began forming Alliances

Political and Economic Rivalries

Russia	Great Britain	Germany	France	Italy
Largest Most People Wanted to Expand in All Directions	Considered Russia a threat Navy –Largest in the World Wanted to Remain the Leading Naval Power in the Balkans Did Not Want to Be Involved in Europe's Problems Most Concerned with Controlling Its Empire – from Canada, to Australia, to	Growing Navy Became a Threat to Great Britain	Wanted to Reclaim Two Provinces that Had Been Lost to Germany Made Important Alliances with Great Britain and other Countries Had Overseas Colonies	Trying to Build Colonial Empire Wanted an Area that Was Under the Control of the Austro- Hungarian Empire

Assassination



In the summer of 1914, the archduke and archduchess of <u>Austria-Hungary</u> were assassinated by a young Serbian. Austria-Hungary then declared war on <u>Serbia</u>.

Alliances at Work



Germany joined Austria-Hungary, while Russia came to the aid of Serbia, along with France and Great Britain, and Europe was at war.



Alliances Worldwide

Central Powers

Neutral Countries

Allies (some entered the war or dropped out later)

The Great War Begins...



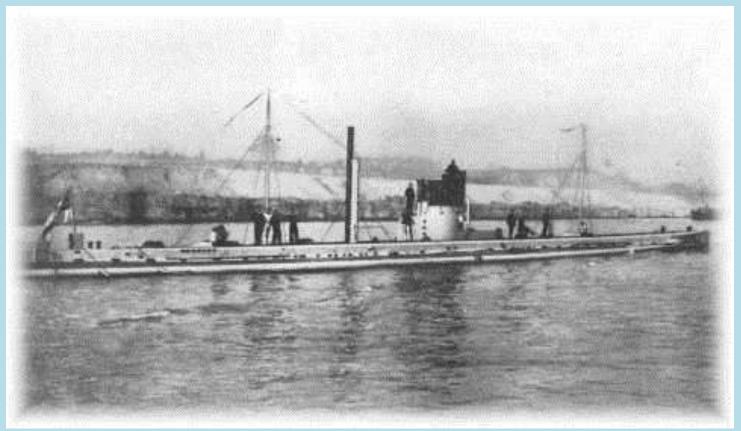
Neutrality

1914-1918 THE GREAT WAR and the Shaping of the 20th Century

At first, the United States followed a policy of neutrality (not taking sides in a conflict). Most Americans believed the war was strictly a European affair.

American Cargo Ships Sunk

In March, several American cargo ships in the Atlantic Ocean were sunk by German submarines.



President Wilson asked <u>Congress</u> for a declaration of war, which came in April.

Lusitania

A German submarine sank this British ocean liner.



http://www.cleanvideosearch.com/media/action/yt/watch?videoId=wN95z_ZkT2c&name=Lusitania+++Nearer+My+God+To+Thee&uploadUsername=thetruekingofnorway&hitCount=36583

Among the hundreds killed, 128 were Americans.

Warning

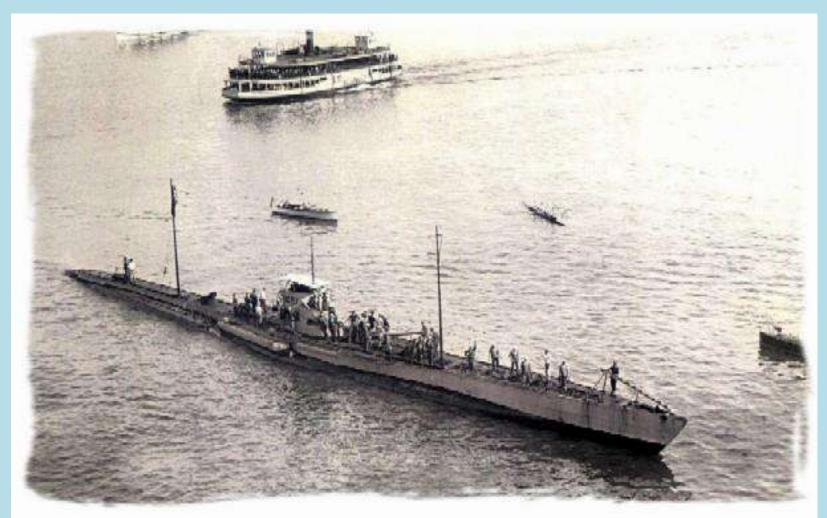
President Wilson warned Germany not to continue to violate international <u>law</u>, which required warships to provide for the safety of the passengers and crews of trading ships they sank.



Germany apologized and <u>stopped</u> the submarine warfare for fear that the United States would enter the war.

Germany Resumes Attacks

In early 1917, Germany resumed its <u>submarine</u> attacks and sinking several American ships.



Telegram

In 1917, American officials found out about a telegram sent by a German official, <u>Arthur</u> <u>Zimmermann</u>, to Mexico.

Zimmermann's telegram suggested that if Mexico would go to war against the United States, it might be able to get back lands ceded to the US in 1847. In return, Germany would help them get back their <u>territories</u> of Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona.



"It is a fearful thing to lead this great people into war, into the most terrible and disastrous of all wars, civilization itself seeming to be in the balance. But the right is more precious than the peace, and we shall fight for the things...nearest and dearest to our hearts for democracy "

Speech Gets Wild Applaud

• Wilson responded by saying to an aide, "My message today was a message of death for our young men. How strange it seems to applaud

that."



Armed Forces Formed

In May 1917, **Congress passed a** law to begin drafting young men into the armed forces. Even with the draft, about half of this nation's fighting men had volunteered for duty.



American Soldiers

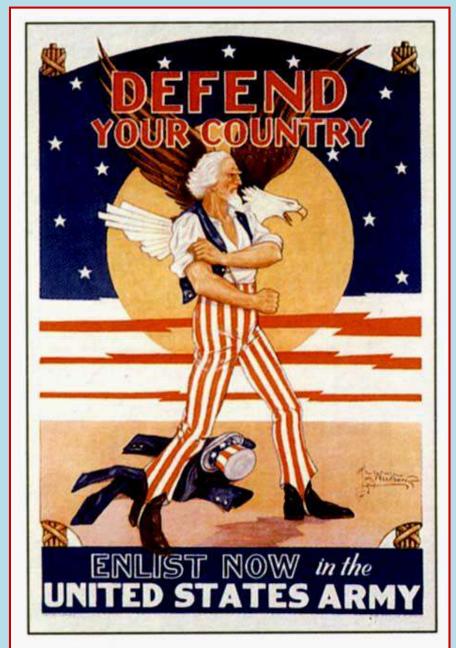
By 1918, an average of <u>200,000</u> American soldiers were arriving in France each

month.

United States and its allies took the offensive and began to push the Germans back.



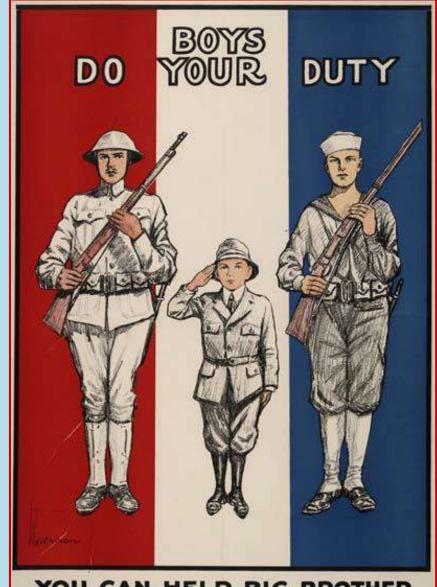
Uncle Sam—He the Man!



Don't Mess with the U.S.

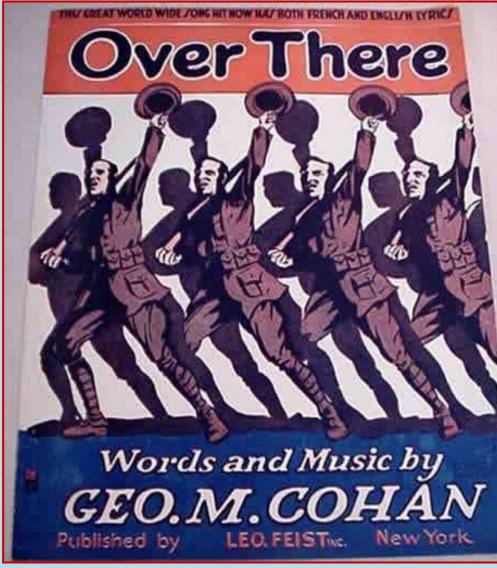


The "Little Soldier"



YOU CAN HELP BIG BROTHER BY BUYING THRIFT STAMPS FILL YOUR CARD

World War I American "Anthem"



http://www.ww1photos.com/OverThere.html

1917 – Selective Service Act

24,000,000 men registered for the draft by the end of 1918.

<u>4,800,000</u> men served in WW1 (2,000,000 saw active combat).

400,000 African-Americans served in segregated units.

15,000 Native-Americans served as scouts, messengers, and snipers in non-segregated units.

Opportunities for African-Americans in WW1

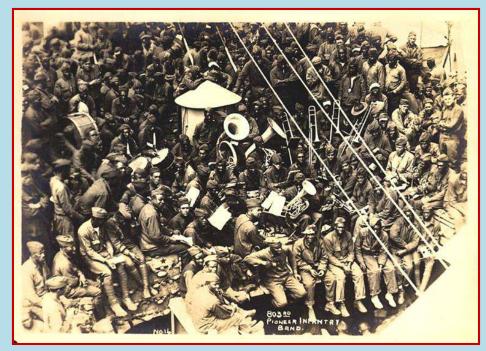


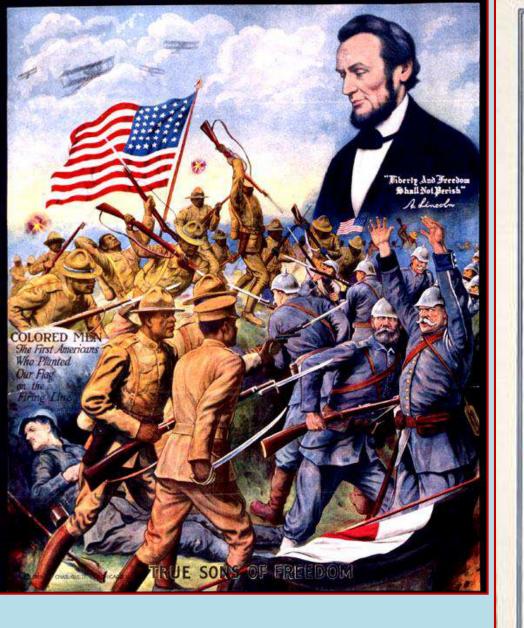
⁵ "Great Migration." 1916 – 1919 → 70,000



War industries work.

Enlistment in segregated units.





HAYWARD UNIT

New York War Camp Community Service



For Colored Men in the Service

2388 Seventh Avenue

200 W. 139th Street

While in New York, Hit the Hay at Hayward. Bed, Bath and Shine 25c.

> Free Use of Laundry, Pool Tables, Reading and Writing Rooms, Victrola, Piano

DANCING SATURDAY NIGHTS HEADQUARTERS FOR INFORMATION SERVICE AND AMUSEMENT

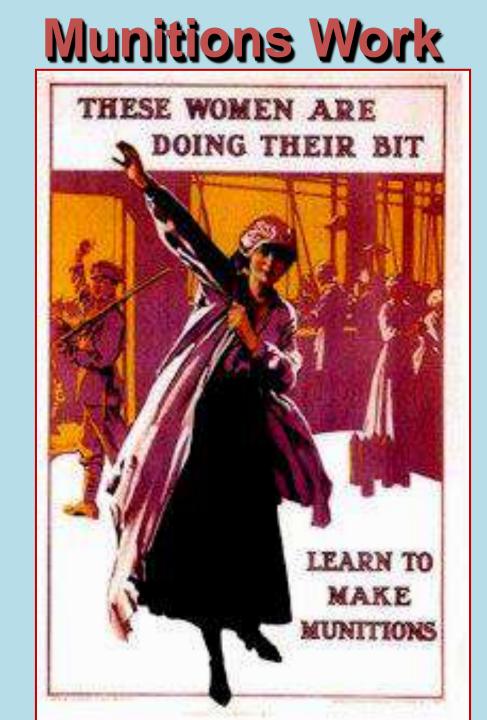
CANTEEN

Phone, Audubon 9513

Women

Back home, women had stepped in to fill all types of jobs while many men were away at war.





The Girls They Left Behind Do Their Bit!



Women Used In Recruitment



Even Grandma Buys Liberty Bonds

HELP AMERICA'S SONS WIN THE WAR

The Red Cross Nurse Women volunteered to work for the Red Cross, to welcome soldiers, to knit, and to help sell bonds.

