

Georgia's Colonial History ~ SS8H2a

Name _____ Date _____ Class _____

- 1) During the early 1700s in Great Britain, many citizens couldn't pay their _____ Many of those people went to _____.
- 2) James Edward _____ believed that debtors should not be jailed. He worked to get laws passed to improve _____ and to set _____ thousands of debtors free.
- 3) Unfortunately, there were no _____ for them, and without work, they still couldn't pay their _____.
- 4) _____, a clergyman, proposed that a _____ be founded to help those people.
- 5) Oglethorpe and 20 other men developed a _____ that promised a fresh start in the _____ for "unfortunate, but worthy individuals."
- 6) In the summer of _____, Oglethorpe's group asked King George II for a tract of land "_____ of _____ for settling poor persons of London."
- 7) The group knew Great Britain's two main reasons for beginning new colonies were (1) a balanced _____ to make Great Britain self-sufficient and (2) _____ to protect British colonies from the French, Spanish, and Native Americans.
- 8) The new settlement could defend the southern Carolinas from _____. It could also provide protection from the _____ who were pushing east from the Mississippi River valley.
- 9) Oglethorpe's group also listed _____ reasons for the settlement. France and Spain made money trading with the _____.

10)	Great Britain could benefit from the trade in the area between the _____ and the _____.
11)	The colony could produce _____, _____ and _____. Great Britain was importing these items from France, Russia, and Spain.
12)	The colonies promised to send _____ and _____ to Great Britain.
13)	British merchants were pleased with the idea of getting a good supply of _____ while also having a _____ for their goods.
14)	Georgia would offer _____ to Protestants who were being mistreated by the _____ church in Europe.
15)	The king also liked the idea of more _____ and greater _____ for Great Britain.
16)	On June 7, 1732, King George II granted a _____ to Oglethorpe's group of trustees for establishing the colony of Georgia and managing it for _____ years.
17)	What is a <u>charter</u> ?
18)	What are <u>trustees</u> ?
19)	The Georgia charter granted an area of "all those lands, Countries, and Territories" between the _____ and the _____ rivers extending westward "to the _____" (Pacific Ocean).

20)	In the charter, the king stated that the trustees could not own _____, hold _____, or be given _____ for their work.
21)	_____ (Catholics), _____, and _____ could not become colonists.
22)	_____ were excluded because of a longstanding division between the Catholic Church and the _____ of _____.
23)	Blacks were not admitted so as not to introduce _____ to the colony.
24)	The trustees feared settlers wouldn't work if _____ was permitted.
25)	They wanted colonists to settle their differences out of _____ and didn't think _____ would allow them to do this.
26)	The colony belonged to the _____ (monarchy), so the trustees were to get instructions from King George II. They could pass no laws unless the _____ agreed.
27)	The trustees worked around some of the rules by not having a _____ and by using _____, or government orders, instead of laws.
28)	Oglethorpe and the trustees talked with applicants and planned for the voyage and settlement. Unfortunately, _____ and former _____ did not get to go.
29)	Who was disappointed because the humanitarian reasons he was interested in were all but forgotten?
30)	The applicants chosen were promised (a) _____ (b) _____.

31)	Those who could pay their own way were promised (a) _____ (b) _____.
32)	In exchange, the colonists had to agree that (1) _____ _____ (2) _____ _____ (3) _____ _____ (4) _____ _____ (5) _____ _____
33)	Between _____ and _____ people were on the journey.
34)	The voyage took about _____ days.
35)	Besides its passengers and crew, the <i>Ann</i> carried _____, _____, _____, _____, and several dogs.
36)	Where did the <i>Ann</i> first dock in the New World? _____
37)	Before the <i>Ann</i> could set anchor, Oglethorpe had to make friends with the _____ through their chief, _____.
38)	Oglethorpe went to the trading post in the Yamacraw village to find an _____.
39)	Who became Oglethorpe's interpreter? _____
40)	A permanent settlement site was established _____ _____.
41)	This settlement became the _____ of the British in America.

42)	As the accepted leader of the colony, Oglethorpe (a) _____ (b) _____.
43)	Oglethorpe had a small fort built on the bank of the river and trained a <u>militia</u> to defend the settlement. What is a <u>militia</u> ? _____
44)	The basic pattern of their first planned city in the colonies was after a design by _____, Oglethorpe's friend who had died in an English debtor's prison.
45)	The plan was for Savannah to have _____. On the north and south sides of each square were _____. On the east and west sides, _____ were set aside for such buildings as _____ or _____.
46)	The squares were divided into blocks called _____ and wards.
47)	How many houses were to be in each block? _____ How many blocks were to be in each ward? _____
48)	What three things were each colonist expected to do? (1) _____ (2) _____ (3) _____
49)	During the first months, the colonists cultivated _____ _____ to feed _____. They also built a _____ for telling time, a _____ for grinding corn into meal, a courthouse, a water well, and a bakery.
50)	Work was done in spite of growing medical problems likely caused by (1) _____ (2) _____ (3) _____ (4) _____
51)	How many people died that first year?