



Waves and Currents

Essential Question: How are waves and currents created?

Standards:

**S6E3d. Explain the causes
of waves, currents, and tides.**

Use your notes to record important information during the lesson.

Waves & Currents Name _____ Date _____ Period _____

1. Definition of a wave _____
2. What causes waves? _____
3. Once set in motion, waves _____

Factors that Influence Wind Height

4. Surface currents move water _____
5. Surface currents are powered by _____
6. Surface currents move in _____ patterns.
7. There are _____ surface currents and _____ surface currents.
8. Surface winds and surface currents are affected by _____
9. Currents north of the equator _____ and currents south of the equator _____
10. The ocean _____ the sun's heat (energy).
_____ transport this energy.
11. Surface currents move _____
12. Surface currents can have a _____ or a _____ effect on an area's climate. Why? _____

Waves

A wave is a rhythmic movement that carries energy through matter and space. In the ocean, waves move through seawater.



Causes of Waves

- What are waves caused by? When wind blows across a body of water, wind energy is transferred to the water
- If the wind speed is great enough, the water begins to pile up, forming a wave.

Factors that influence wind height

Speed of the wind + Distance wind blows + Time

Causes of Waves

- **Once set in motion, waves continue moving for long distances, even if the wind stops blowing**
- **The waves you see lapping at a beach could have formed halfway around the world**



The background features a gradient of blue colors, transitioning from a darker blue at the top to a lighter, cyan blue at the bottom. A horizontal band of darker blue with a wavy, scalloped edge runs across the middle. Along this band, there is a row of ten small, light blue circles, each with a slight shadow, giving them a 3D appearance.

Current

s

Ocean Currents

Ocean currents are a mass flow of ocean water.

There are two main types of currents we will be discussing: Surface Currents and Density Currents

Ocean Currents: Surface Currents

- Surface currents move water horizontally – parallel to Earth’s surface
- Surface currents are powered by wind
- The wind forces the ocean to move in huge, circular patterns <http://www.livescience.com/19662-animation-reveals-ocean-currents.html>
- There are **warm** surface currents and **cold** surface currents

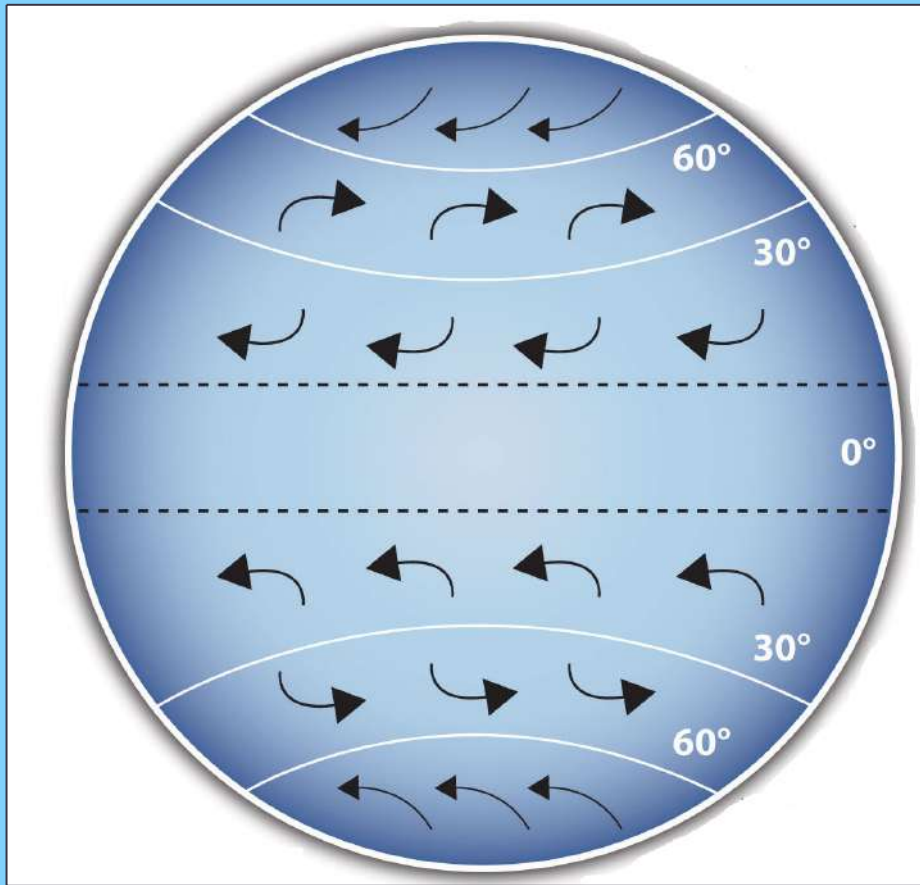
Ocean Currents: Surface Currents

- Surface winds and surface currents are affected by the rotation of the Earth (the Coriolis Effect)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dt_XJp77-mk

- Because Earth rotates toward the east, winds appear to curve to the right in the northern hemisphere and to the left in the southern hemisphere
- So, currents north of the equator turn to the right and currents south of the equator turn to the left

Ocean Currents: Surface Currents



**Curving of
surface
winds due to
the Earth's
rotation**

Animation of Ocean Surface Currents

http://www.classzone.com/books/earth_science/terc/content/visualizations/es2401/es2401page01.cfm?chapter_no=visualization

Animation of Coriolis Effect

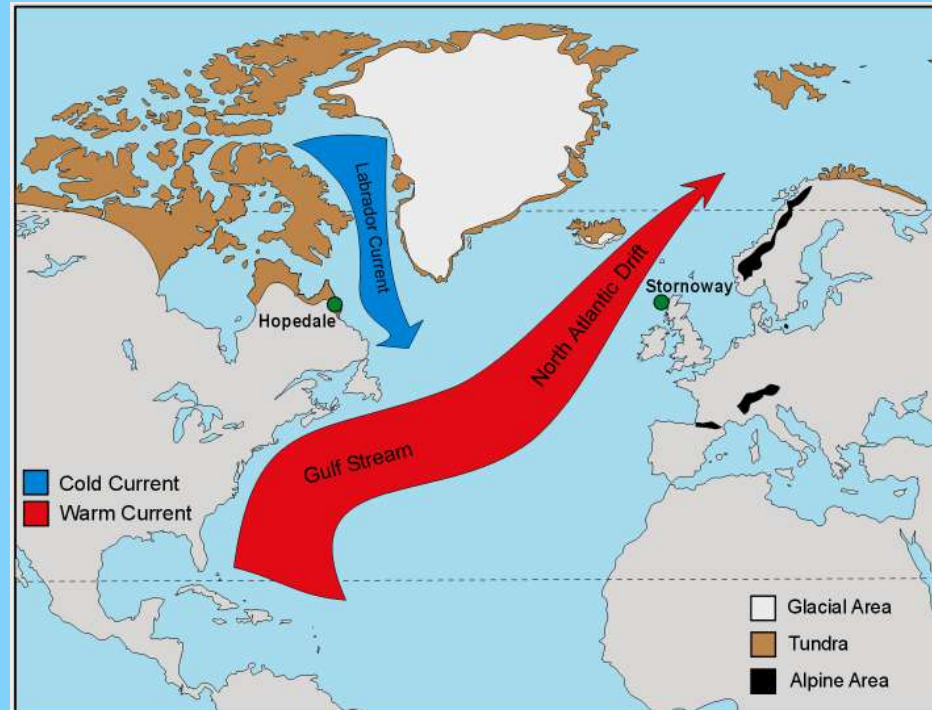
http://www.classzone.com/books/earth_science/terc/content/visualizations/es1904/es1904page01.cfm

Surface Currents Affect Climate

- The ocean absorbs, stores, and moves the sun's heat (energy)
- Surface currents transport this energy all over the world
- Surface currents move warmer water into cooler regions and return cooler water to the warmer regions (tropics)
- Currents can have a cooling effect on an area's climate or a warming effect on an area's climate
- As warm water flows from the equator, heat is released into the atmosphere and the air is warmed.

Surface Currents Affect Climate

- Think about what you learned in social studies about Europe's climate. What surface current makes Europe's climate temperate (mild)?
- The Gulf Stream is a surface current that moves warm water from the tropics to the cooler regions around Europe.

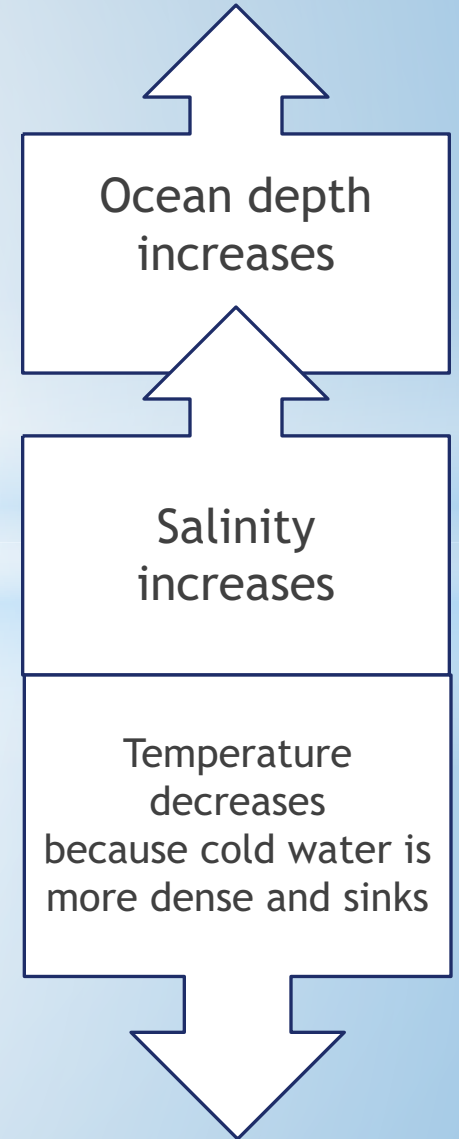
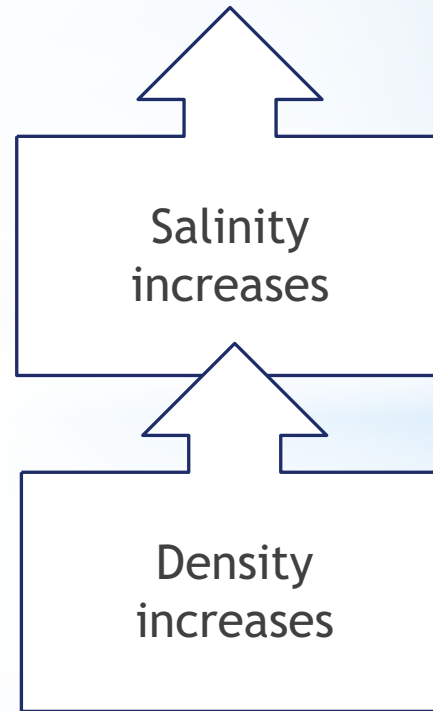
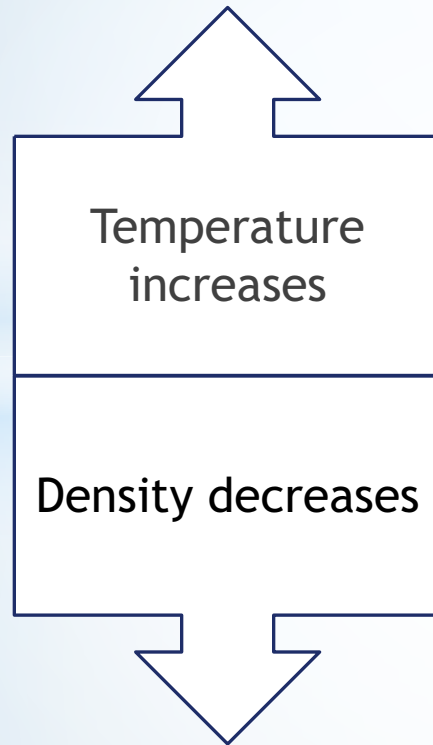
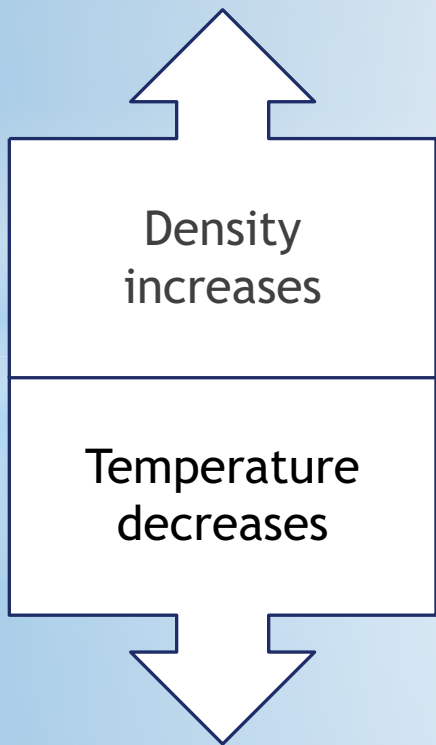




Gulf Stream and Climate

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UuGrBhK2c7U>

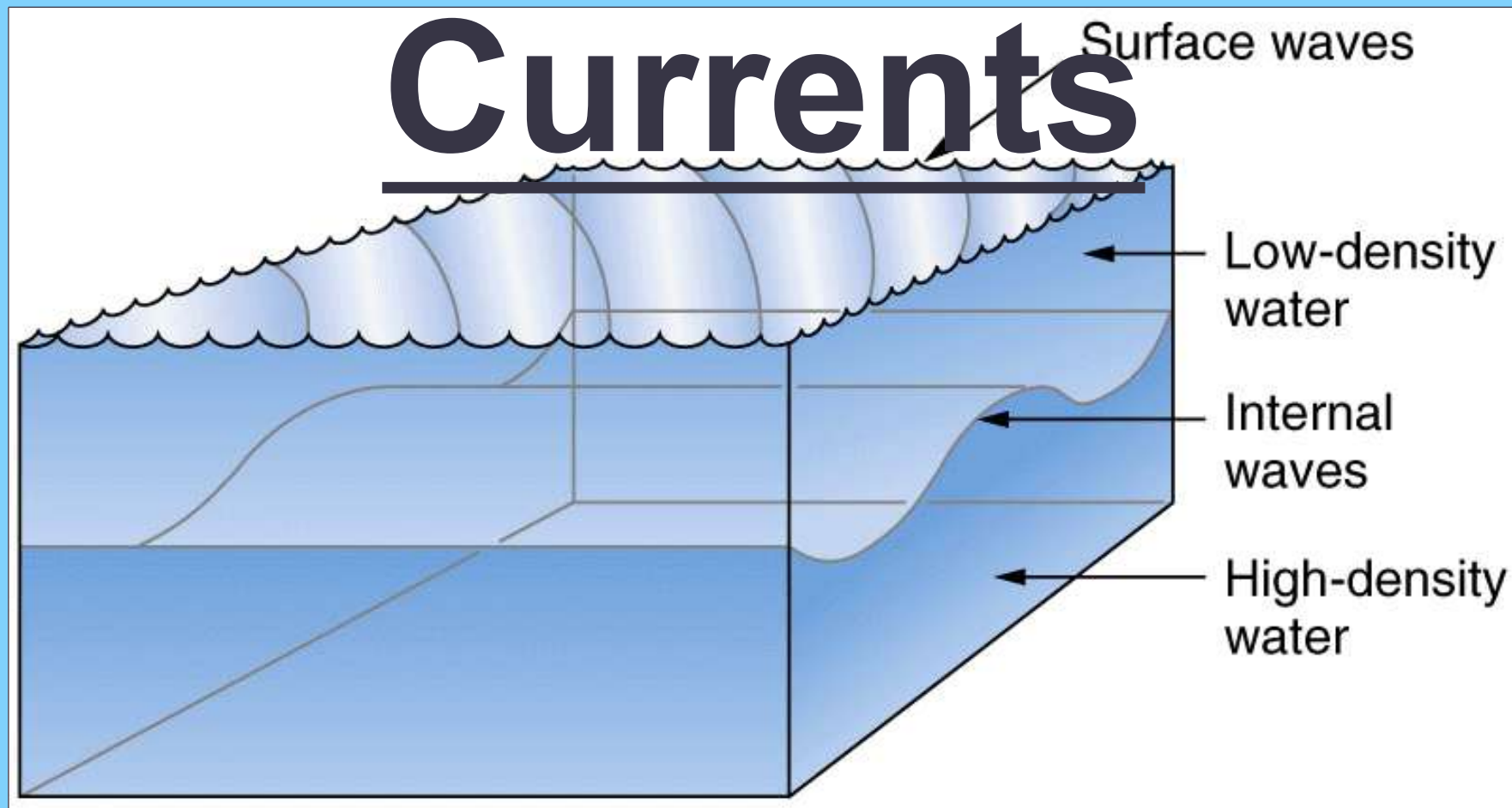
Temperature, Salinity and Density



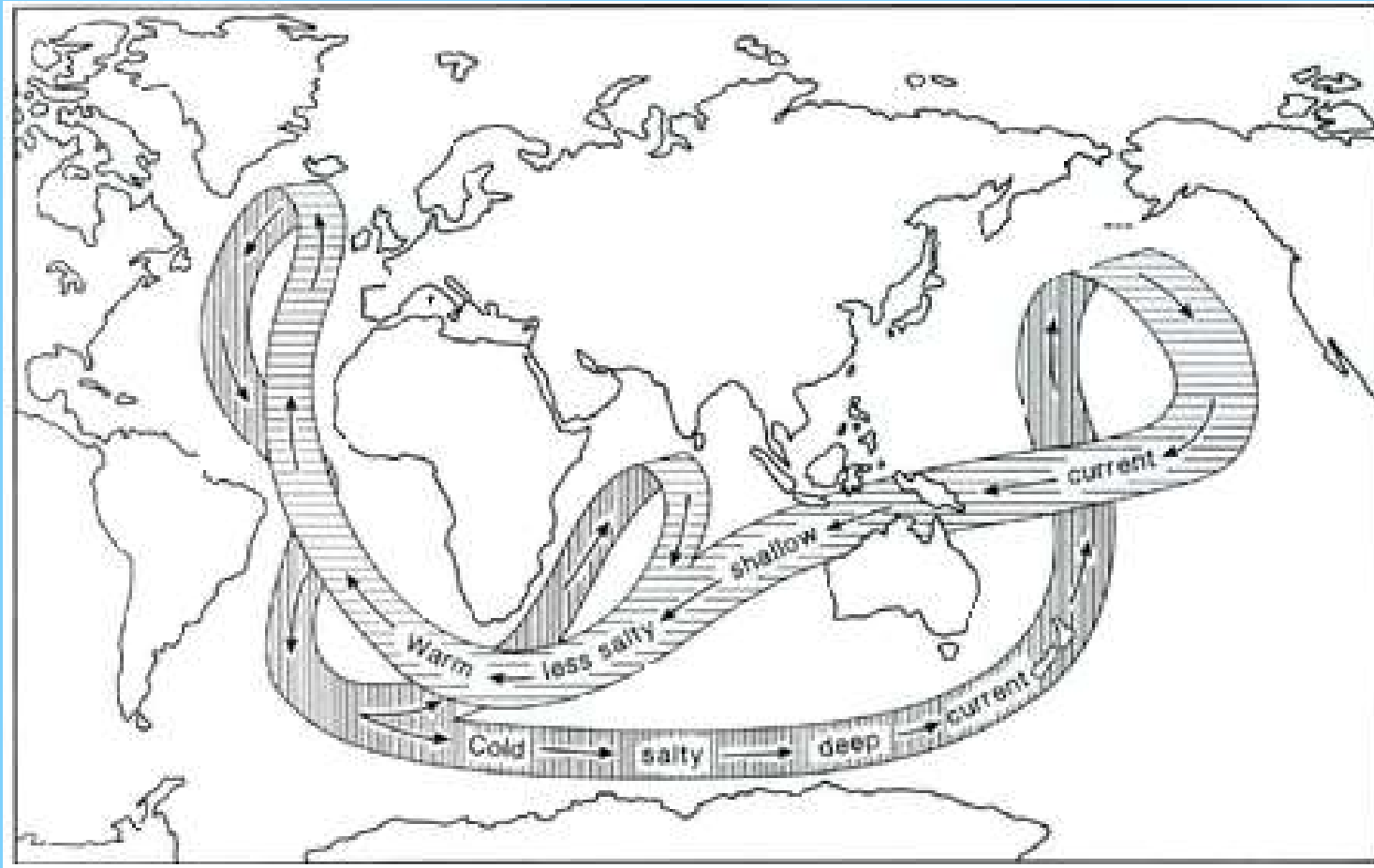
Density Currents

- The movement of water deep in the ocean is caused by a difference in density.
- A density current forms when a mass of seawater becomes more dense than the surrounding water.
- More dense seawater sinks beneath less dense seawater.
- Density currents circulate ocean water slowly.

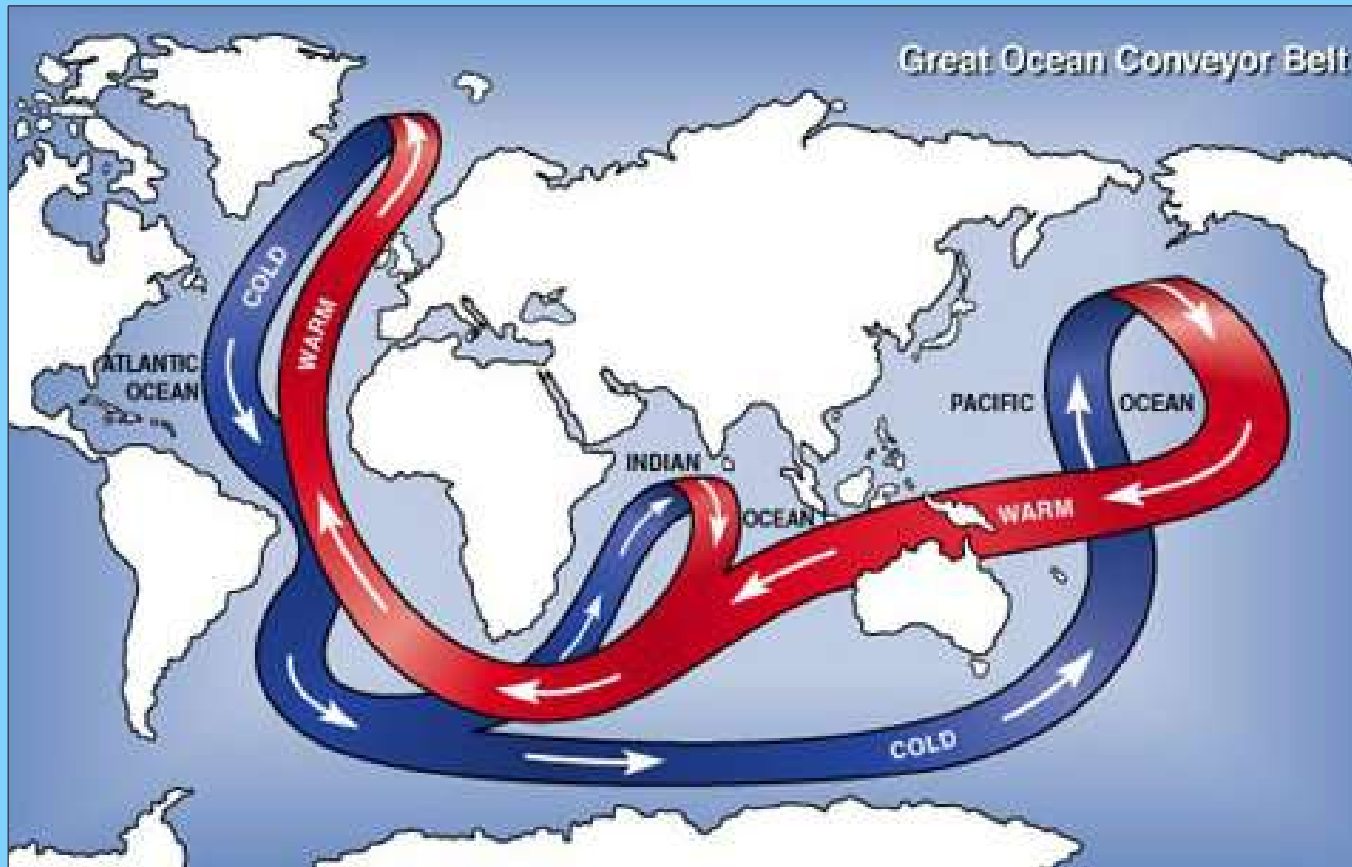
Density Currents



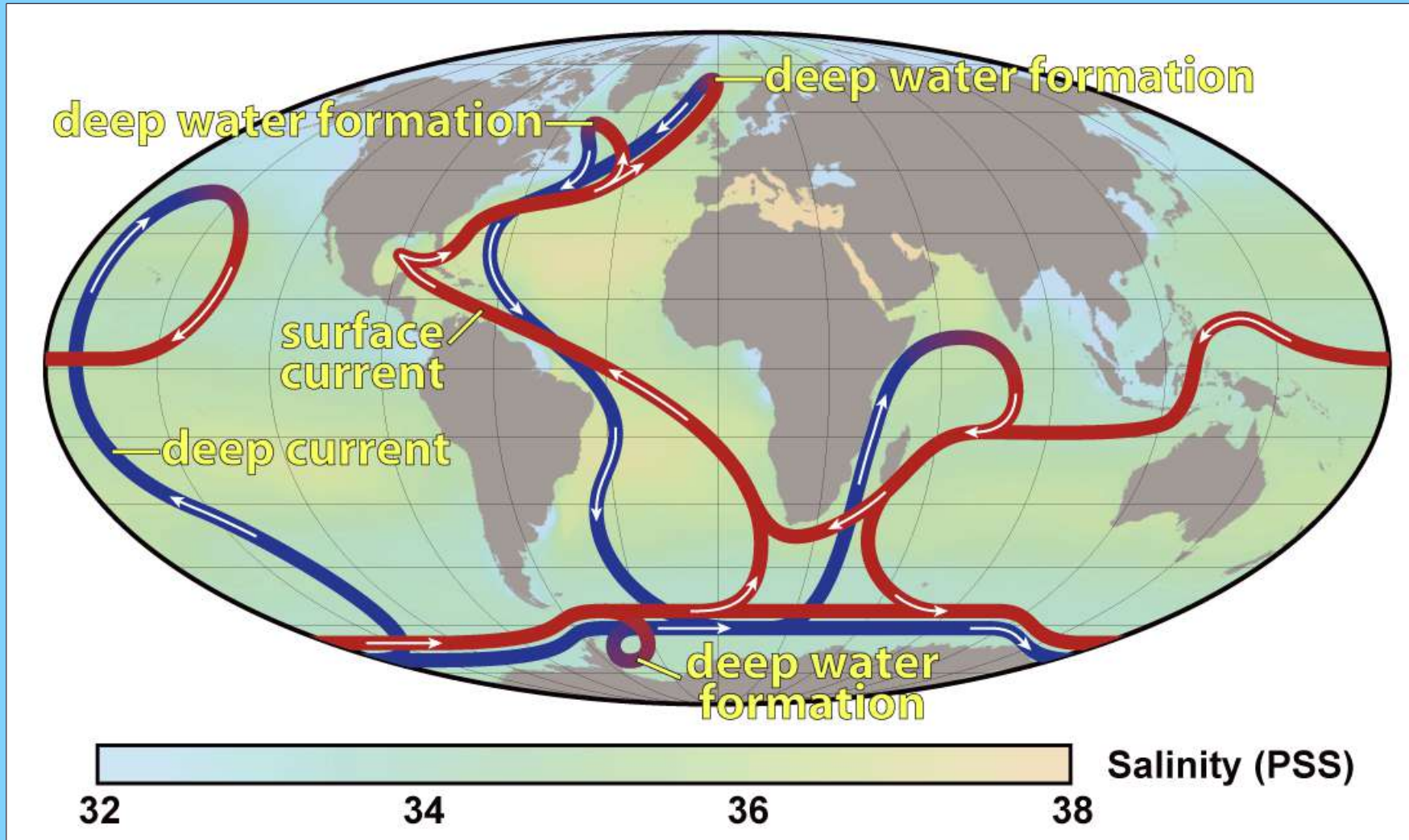
Label on your diagram



Density Currents



Currents



Activating Strategy: Watch the video below then answer the questions.

<http://video.disney.com/watch/catching-the-eac-4bb39d25a179ea8833003b15>

1. Where is this event happening?
2. What causes the condition shown in the video?
3. What do you think is the importance of the condition shown?

Ocean Currents Song

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NsdH_NRM-CU

Waves & Currents Video

<http://studyjams.scholastic.com/studyjams/jams/science/weather-and-climate/waves-and-currents.htm>