

U.S. History Milestone Review Guide

SSUSH1 Compare and contrast the development of English settlement and colonization during the 17th Century.

1. What is mercantilism? How did it lead to the development of colonies?
2. What is trans-Atlantic trade? How did it lead to the development of colonies?
3. Southern Colonies:
 - a. Why were they established?
 - b. Where are they located?
 - c. What was their relationship with the American Indians?
 - d. How did they make money?
4. New England Colonies:
 - a. Why were they established?
 - b. Where are they located?
 - c. What was their relationship with the American Indians?
 - d. How did they make money?
5. Mid-Atlantic (Middle) Colonies:
 - a. Why were they established?
 - b. Where are they located?
 - c. What was their relationship with the American Indians?
 - d. How did they make money?

SSUSH2 Describe the early English colonial society and investigate the development of its governance.

6. Describe the Middle Passage.
7. Identify and explain contributions of African Cultures in the colonies:
 - a. Shotgun houses
 - b. Front porches
 - c. Foods
8. What is Salutary Neglect? Why did it lead to self-government?
9. What is the Great Awakening? How did it unify the colonies?

SSUSH3 Analyze the causes of the American Revolution.

10. Who fought in the French and Indian War?
11. What was decided in the 1763 Treaty of Paris?
12. What is the Proclamation of 1763?
13. How did the French and Indian War lead to the American Revolution?
14. Explain the following:
 - a. Stamp Act
 - b. Intolerable Acts
 - c. Sons and Daughters of Liberty
 - d. Committees of Correspondence
15. What is *Common Sense*? Who wrote it?

SSUSH4 Analyze the ideological, military, social, and diplomatic aspects of the American Revolution.

16. Who is the author of the Declaration of Independence?
17. Whose ideas did we incorporate in the Declaration of Independence?
18. Who allied themselves with the U.S. during the American Revolution?
19. Who helped negotiate with alliance with France?
20. Identify the leaders in the American Revolution:
 - a. George Washington
 - b. Marquis de LaFayette
 - c. Baron von Steuben
21. Explain the importance of the following battles/events:
 - a. Valley Forge
 - b. Trenton
 - c. Saratoga
 - d. Yorktown
22. What was decided in the Treaty of Paris, 1783?
23. How did women, American Indians and free Blacks contribute to the war effort?

SSUSH5 Investigate specific events and key ideas that brought about the adoption and implementation of the United States Constitution.

24. What are the Articles of Confederation?
 - a. Strengths:
 - i. Land Ordinance of 1785
 - ii. Northwest Ordinance of 1787

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- b. Weaknesses:
 - i. Shay's Rebellion

25. What is the Constitution?

26. Explain the following plans for government:

- a. Virginia Plan
- b. New Jersey Plan
- c. Connecticut Plan (Great Compromise)

27. What is the 3/5th Compromise?

28. What did Federalists want?

29. What did Anti-Federalists want?

30. What were The Federalist Papers? Who wrote them?

31. Why did Anti-Federalists ultimately agree to the Constitution?

SSUSH6 Analyze the challenges faced by the first five presidents and how they responded.

32. Who was the first President of the United States?

33. What precedents did Washington set for future presidents?

34. Who was the second President of the United States?

35. Explain the following:

- a. Sedition Act
- b. Alien Act

36. Who was the third President of the United States?

37. Why is the Louisiana Purchase so important?

38. How did the Louisiana Purchase expand Presidential power?

39. Who explored the Louisiana Territory?

40. Who was the fourth President of the United States?

41. What was the significance of the War of 1812?

42. How did the war help us create a national identity?

43. Who was the fifth President of the United States?

44. What was the importance of the Monroe Doctrine?

SSUSH7 Investigate political, economic, and social developments during the Age of Jackson.

45. What is "Jacksonian Democracy"?

46. How did Jackson expand voting rights?

47. What was the impact of the Nullification Crisis?

48. What was the impact of the Indian Removal Act?

49. What is the American System?

50. How did Henry Clay use the American system to link the North, West, and South?

51. Explain the following Reform Movements:

- a. Second Great Awakening
- b. Temperance movement
- c. Public education
- d. Women's suffrage
- e. Abolitionism

SSUSH8 Explore the relationship between slavery, growing north-south divisions, and westward expansion that led to the outbreak of the Civil War.

52. What were the 3 major parts of the Missouri Compromise?

- a.
- b.
- c.

53. What is Manifest Destiny?

54. Explain how President James K. Polk helped fulfill Manifest Destiny with the following:

- a. Texas
- b. Mexican-American War
- c. Oregon

55. What are the 4 major parts of the Compromise of 1850?

- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.

56. Explain how the following things help lead us toward the Civil War:

- a. Kansas-Nebraska Act
 - i. Popular sovereignty
- b. Scott v. Sanford

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- c. John Brown's Raid
- d. The Election of 1860 (who won?)

SSUSH9 Evaluate key events, issues, and individuals related to the Civil War

57. Use the chart to compare the state of the North and the South and the start of the Civil War.

NORTH	SOUTH
Population in the North:	Population in the South:
Railroad systems?	Railroad systems?
Industrial output?	Industrial output?

58.

59. Explain these important strategies of Lincoln during the Civil War:

- a. Suspending Habeas Corpus
- b. The Emancipation Proclamation
- c. The Gettysburg Address
- d. His Second Inaugural Address

60. Identify these key people from the Civil War:

- e. Ulysses S. Grant
- f. Robert E. Lee
- g. Thomas "Stonewall" Jackson
- h. William T. Sherman
- i. Jefferson Davis

61. Explain the importance of the following events/battles during the Civil War:

- j. Fort Sumter
- k. Antietam
- l. Vicksburg
- m. Gettysburg
- n. Atlanta

SSUSH10 Identify legal, political, and social dimensions of Reconstruction.

62. What was the plan of Presidential Reconstruction?

63. What was the plan for Congressional Reconstruction?

64. What were the major differences between the two?

65. How did Lincoln's assassination affect Reconstruction?

66. Why was Andrew Johnson impeached?

67. What was the Freedmen's Bureau?

68. Identify the importance of the following Civil War Amendments:

- a. 13th Amendment
- b. 14th Amendment
- c. 15th Amendment

69. Identify the resistance to racial equality during Reconstruction:

- a. Black Codes
- b. Ku Klux Klan

70. Who won the election of 1876? How did it end Reconstruction?

SSUSH11 Examine connections between the rise of big business, the growth of labor unions, and technological innovations.

71. How did railroads lead to the rise of the steel and oil industry?

72. Identify and explain the following Robber Barons and their monopolies:

- a. John D. Rockefeller
- b. Andrew Carnegie

73. What is a monopoly? Trust?

74. Describe Thomas Edison's inventions, and how they changed the U.S.:

- a. Telegraph
- b. Telephone
- c. Light bulb

75. What immigrants arrived at Ellis Island?

76. What immigrants arrived at Angel Island?

77. Where did most immigrants settle? What type of jobs did they work?

78. What is a labor union?

79. What tactics did they use?

80. Describe the following Labor Unions:

- a. American Federation of Labor
- b. Knights of Labor

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SSUSH12 Evaluate how westward expansion impacted the Plains Indians and fulfilled Manifest Destiny.

81. What was the transcontinental railroad?
82. Where did the railroad start?
83. Who was used to build the Transcontinental Railroad?
84. How did westward expansion effect the Plains Indians?
85. What was the Dawes Act?
86. What happened at Wounded Knee? Why is it so significant?

SSUSH13 Evaluate efforts to reform American society and politics in the Progressive Era.

87. What are muckrakers?
88. Identify and explain the following reform movements:

- a. Temperance Movement
- b. Carrie Nation
- c. 18th Amendment
- d. Women's Rights Movement
- e. 19th Amendment
- f. Hull House
- g. Jane Addams
- h. NAACP

89. What was the impact of the decision made in the Plessy v. Ferguson?

SSUSH14 Explain America's evolving relationship with the world at the turn of the twentieth century.

90. What is imperialism?
91. Why did the U.S. get involved in the Spanish-American War?
92. What territories did we claim at the end of the war?
93. What was the Roosevelt Corollary? What was its relationship to the Monroe Doctrine?
94. What was the impact of the U.S. establishing the Panama Canal?

SSUSH15 Analyze the origins and impact of U.S. involvement in World War I.

95. What is neutrality?
96. Describe the major reasons why the U.S. got involved in WWI:
 - a. Unrestricted Submarine Warfare (Sinking the Lusitania):
 - b. Zimmerman Telegram:
97. Identify and explain the domestic impact of WWI:
 - a. Great Migration
 - b. Espionage Act
98. Who is Eugene Debs? What political party did he create in the U.S.?
99. What were Woodrow Wilson's 14 points?
100. What was the League of Nations?
101. Why did the U.S. join the League of Nations?

SSUSH16 Investigate how political, economic, and cultural developments after WW I led to a shared national identity.

102. What is the Red Scare? How did the U.S. react?
103. What did Henry Ford create? How did he create it?
104. How did the radio and movies impact the U.S.?
105. What is the Harlem Renaissance?
106. What was the impact of Jazz?

SSUSH17 Analyze the causes and consequences of the Great Depression.

107. Explain the following causes of the Great Depression:
 - a. Overproduction
 - b. Under consumption
 - c. Stock market speculation
108. What is known as "Black Tuesday"?
109. Explain the following causes of the Dust Bowl:
 - a. Over-farming
 - b. Drought
 - c. Wind storms
110. Where did most "oakies and arkies" migrate during the Dust Bowl?
111. Why was unemployment such a problem during the Great Depression?
112. What was a "Hooverville" and who are they named after?

SSUSH18 Evaluate Franklin D. Roosevelt's New Deal as a response to the Great Depression and compare how governmental programs aided those in need.

113. Explain Roosevelt's major New Deal Program Goals:
 - a. Relief

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- b. Recovery
- c. Reform
- 114. Identify and explain the following New Deal Programs:
 - a. Social Security
 - b. CCC
 - c. WPA
 - d. FERA

115. How did Eleanor Roosevelt change the role of the First Lady?

SSUSH19 Examine the origins, major developments, and the domestic impact of World War II, including the growth of the federal government.

- 116. What was the Lend-Lease Act?
- 117. Why did the United States get involved in WWII?
- 118. Identify the following information about the Pacific Theater:
 - a. Enemy?
 - b. Battle of Midway
 - c. Manhattan Project
 - d. Where did we drop the atomic bombs?
- 119. Identify the following information about the European Theater:
 - a. Enemy?
 - b. Battle of the Atlantic
 - c. D-Day
 - d. Fall of Berlin
- 120. Identify the domestic impact of WWII in the following:
 - a. War mobilization
 - b. Women's involvement
 - c. African American/Blacks involvement
- 121. What is internment?
- 122. Why did FDR intern the Japanese Americans during WWII?

SSUSH20 Analyze U.S. international and domestic policies including their influences on technological advancements and social changes during the Truman and Eisenhower administrations.

- 123. What was the Cold War?
- 124. What was the policy of containment?
- 125. Identify the following Containment Policies:
 - a. Truman Doctrine
 - b. Marshall Plan
 - c. Korean War
- 126. What is the GI Bill?
- 127. What is McCarthyism?
- 128. What was the impact of the National Interstate and Defense Highways Act?
- 129. What was the impact of Brown vs. Board of Education, Topeka?
- 130. What was Sputnik? How did it impact the U.S.?

SSUSH21 Analyze U.S. international and domestic policies including their influences on technological advancements and social changes during the Kennedy and Johnson administrations

- 131. Why did the U.S. get involved in Vietnam?
 - a. What is the Gulf of Tonkin Resolution?
 - b. What was the impact of the Tet Offensive?
- 132. What type of government did Cuba establish with Fidel Castro?
 - a. What happened at the Bay of Pigs?
- 133. Identify and explain the following Civil Rights Events/People:
 - a. Martin Luther King, Jr.
 - b. Letter from Birmingham Jail
 - c. SCLC
 - d. SNCC
 - e. I Have a Dream Speech
 - f. Civil Rights Act of 1964
 - g. Voting Rights Act of 1965
- 134. How did TV effect the following:
 - a. Civil Rights Movement
 - b. Presidential Debate of 1960
 - c. Vietnam War
- 135. Why was it important the United States landed on the Moon?

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- 136. What are some examples of Johnson's "Great Society" Programs?
- 137. Identify the impact of the following events from 1968:
 - a. Assassination of MLK
 - b. Assassination of Robert F. Kennedy
 - c. The Democratic National Convention (election of the President)

SSUSH22 Analyze U.S. international and domestic policies including their influences on technological advancements and social changes during the Nixon, Ford, and Carter administrations.

- 138. What is détente?
- 139. How did the U.S. leave Vietnam (Vietnamization)?
- 140. What was the impact of the War Powers Act?
- 141. What were the Camp David Accords? Which President set them up?
- 142. What was the Iranian Hostage Crisis?
- 143. Identify and Explain the following social movements:
 - a. EPA
 - b. NOW
 - c. Cesar Chavez (Migrant Workers)
- 144. What was the Watergate Scandal?
- 145. What did President Nixon do in response to the Watergate Scandal?
- 146. Who pardoned Nixon?

SSUSH23 Assess the political, economic, and technological changes during the Reagan, George H.W. Bush, Clinton, George W. Bush, and Obama administrations.

- 147. When/Why did the Soviet Union Collapse?
- 148. What was Reaganomics?
- 149. What is NAFTA?
- 150. Why was President Clinton Impeached?
- 151. What happened in the Gulf War?
- 152. What happened on September 11, 2001?
- 153. Explain and Identify the following events in the War on Terror:
 - a. Operation Enduring Freedom
 - b. Operation Iraqi Freedom
- 154. How did the internet change society?
- 155. What is the impact of the personal computer and social media?
- 156. Who was elected President in 2008? Why is it so historic?