Name: ______ Period: ______

Main Ideas/Questions	Notes	
Transformation	 An operation that maps an original figure called the A transformation can change the,,,	onto a new
$\frac{\text{Reflection}}{\sqrt{c}}$	 A over a line called the Each point and its image are the Each point and its image are the Possible lines of reflection and their rules: x-axis: y-axis: Vertical line x = #: Horizontal line y = #: Diagonal line y = x: Diagonal line y = -x: 	
Translation C. D. J. C. J.	 To vertically and/or horizontally a figure. Symbolic Form: represents the represents the Special Notation: 	
Rotations	A around a fixed point called the center of rotation . The figure rotates at a specific and Rules for rotating COUNTERCLOCKWISE about the ORIGIN 90° 444 180° 444 180° 444 270° 444	
Dilations	 The or of a figure. The or of a figure. The indicates how much the figure will e reduce. Variable for scale factor: When, the dilation is an When, the dilation is an Symbolic Form: 	nlarge or

Practice:

1. Reflect triangle ABC with vertices A(-4, 2), B(4, 7), and C(5, 1) the x-axis.





3. Rotate triangle ABC with vertices A(2, 7), B(6, 5), and C(4, 1): 90° counterclockwise



5. Dilate triangle WXY with vertices W(-4, 8), X(10, 0), and Y(-2, -8): $k = \frac{1}{4}$



7. Transform quadrilateral MNOP with vertices M(-7, 7), N(-2, 7), O(-3, 4), and P(-5, 3): a) rotation: 180 b) reflection: in the line y = -1



2. Translate triangle CDE with vertices C(2, -1), D(7, -4), and E(4, -6): $(x, y) \supseteq (x - 3, y + 8)$



4. Reflect triangle JKL with vertices J(1, -1), K(2, 3), and L(3, -2) in the line x = 4.



6. Reflect triangle XYZ with vertices X(-5, -2), Y(-3, 4), and Z(-1, 1) in the line y = x.



8. Transform triangle GHI with vertices G(-1, 6), H(-1, 3), and J(-6, 6): a) translation: (x, y)
② (x + 7, y − 5)

b) reflection: in the line y = -3

