

What's In A Number?



The Mysterious World of
Number Identity...

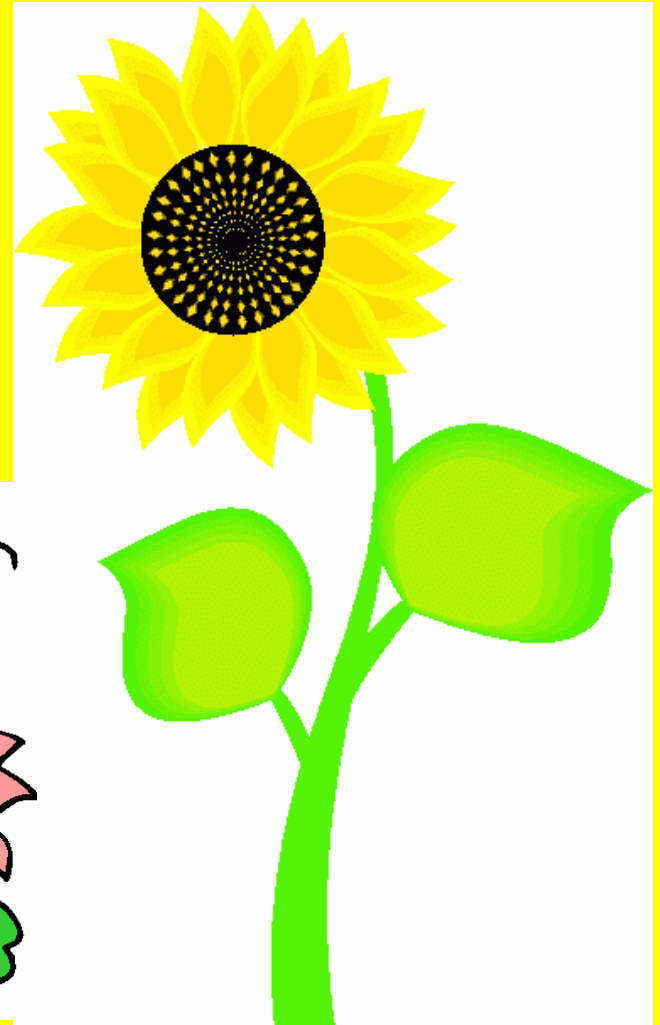
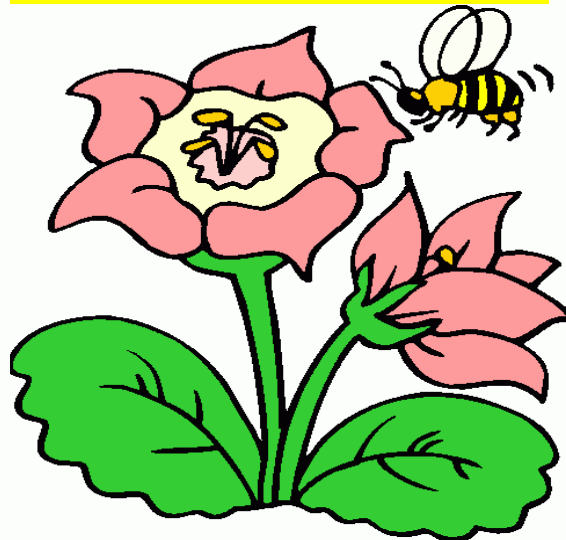
Categories of Numbers in the *REAL* Number System

- Natural Numbers
- Whole Numbers
- Integers
- Rational Numbers
- Irrational Numbers



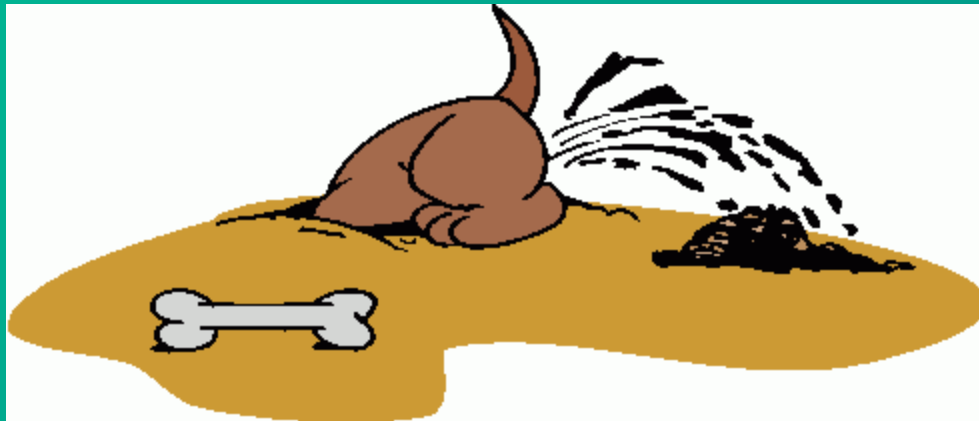
Natural Numbers

- Are the counting numbers
- $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, \dots\}$



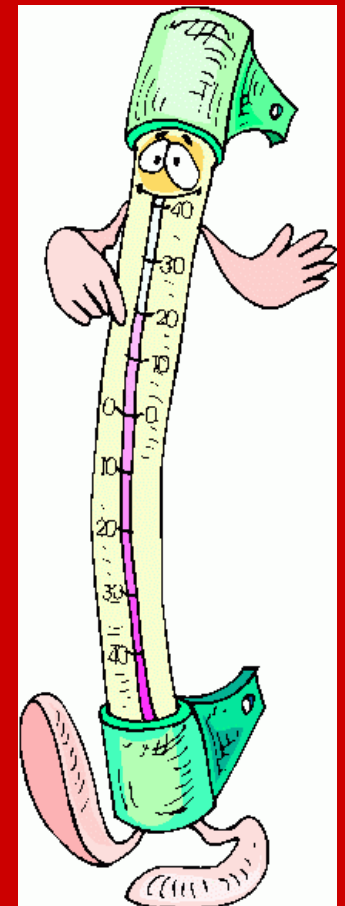
Whole Numbers

- All of the counting numbers and zero.
- $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, \dots\}$



INTEGERS

- Are all of the natural numbers, their opposites and zero.
- $\{\dots, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots\}$



Rational Numbers

- Numbers that can be expressed as a fraction (a/b).
- This set includes the integers, terminating decimals, and repeating decimals.
- Some examples:
 - $2 = \frac{2}{1}$
 - $3 \frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{4}$
 - $-0.25 = \frac{-25}{100}$
 - $\frac{1}{3} = 0.33333333333333333333333333333333$

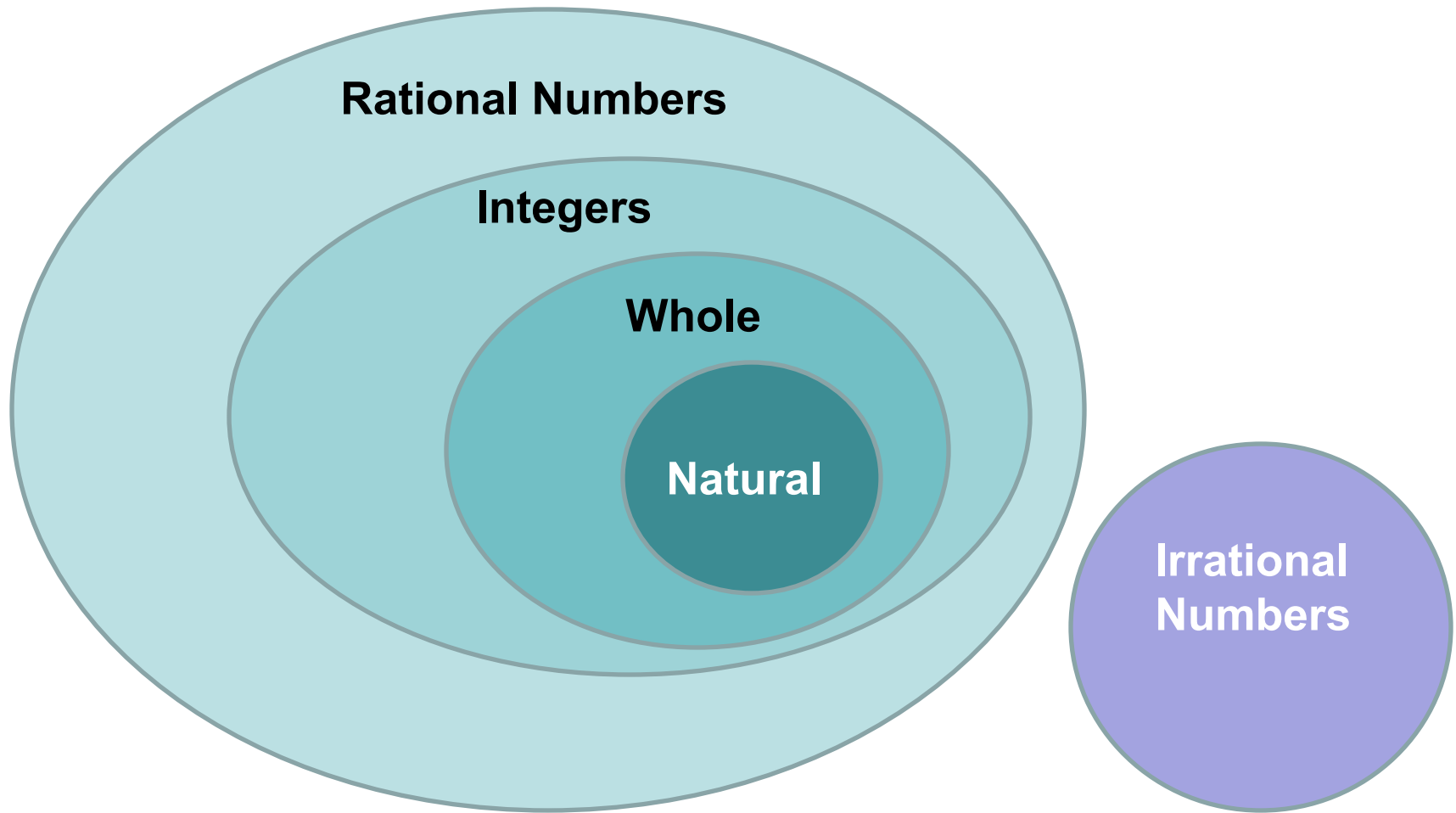


Irrational Numbers

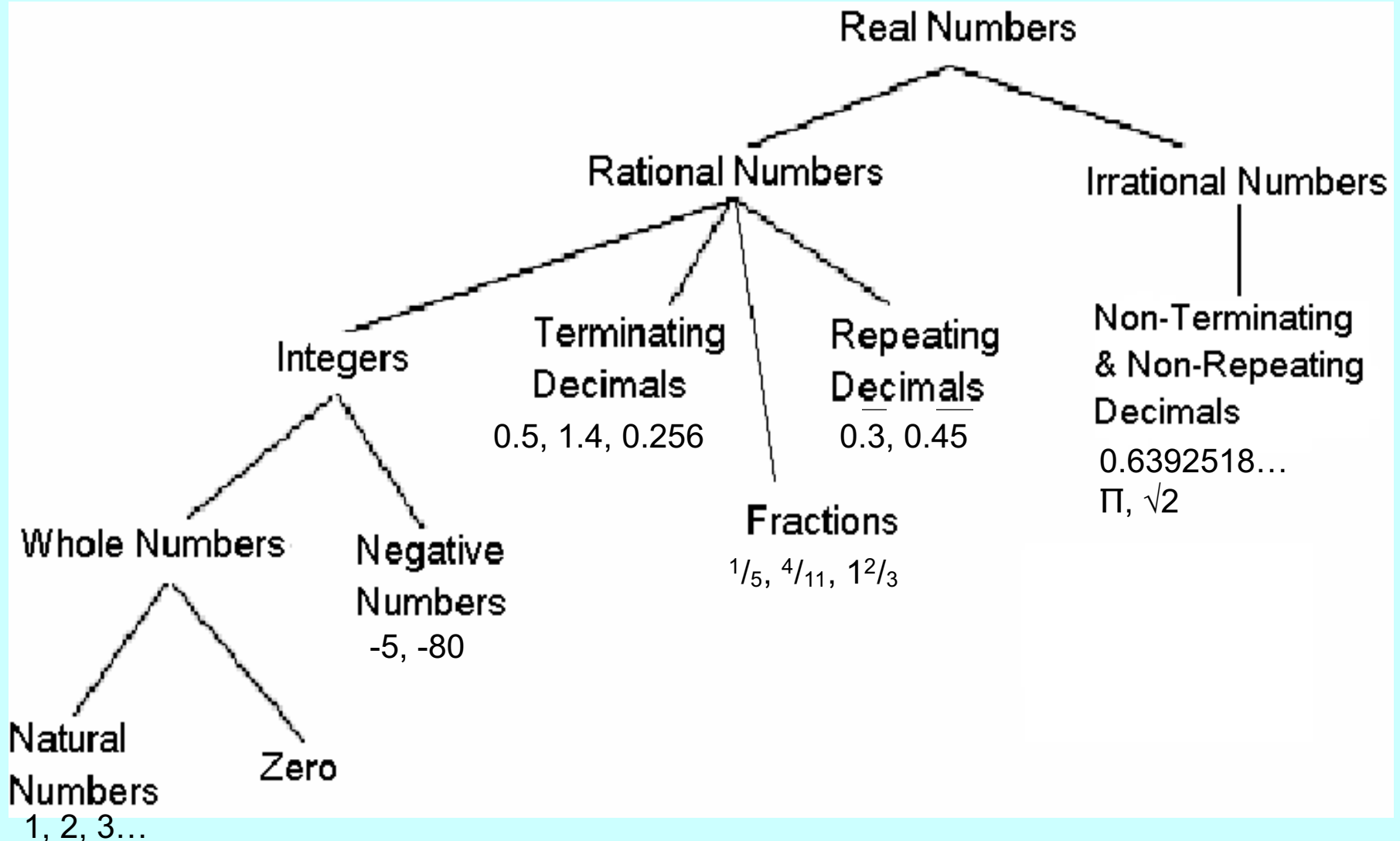
- Numbers that **CANNOT** be expressed as a fraction of integers.
- In decimal form, they are the numbers that go on forever without a repeating pattern.
- Some examples:
 - $\sqrt{2} = 1.4142\dots$
 - $\pi = 3.1415\dots$
 - $45.9492\dots$



Venn Diagram of REAL Number System



Tree Diagram of Real Number System



Classify each number as *natural*,
whole, *integer*, *rational*,
or *irrational*.

Write as many as apply.

1. $7.4569594\dots$

2. $-5\frac{3}{4}$

3. -79

4. 3

5. 0

6. $\sqrt{16}$

