The end of WWII in 1945, marked a turning point in U.S. history by taking an active role in world affairs

The USA became a leader in the United Nations & World Bank For the first time, the USA joined an international organization to intervene in world affairs

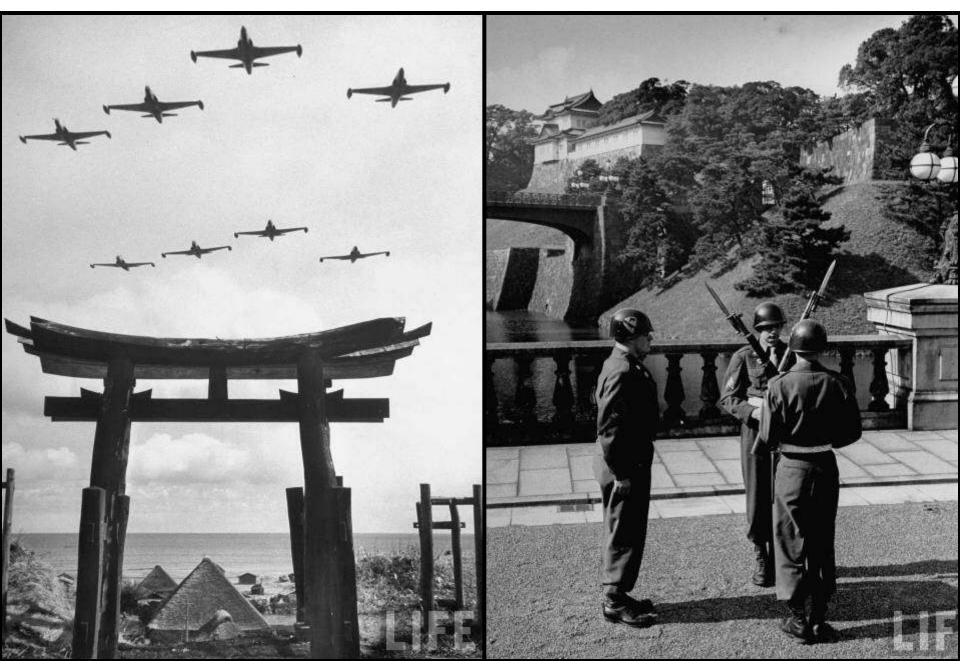


Member Nations

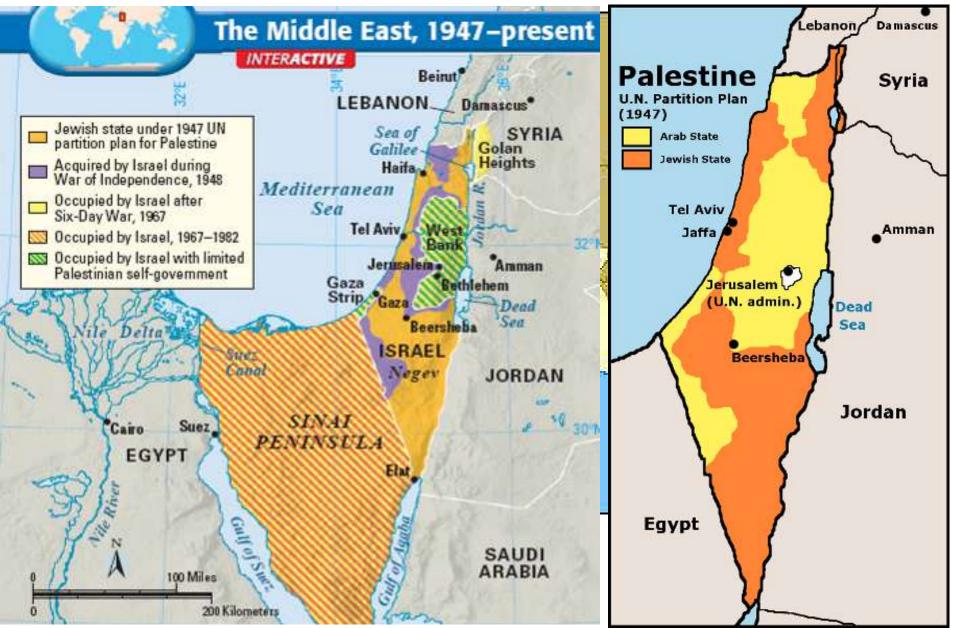
U.N. Peacekeeping Interventions, 1945-2009



The U.S. occupied & helped rebuild Japan after WWII

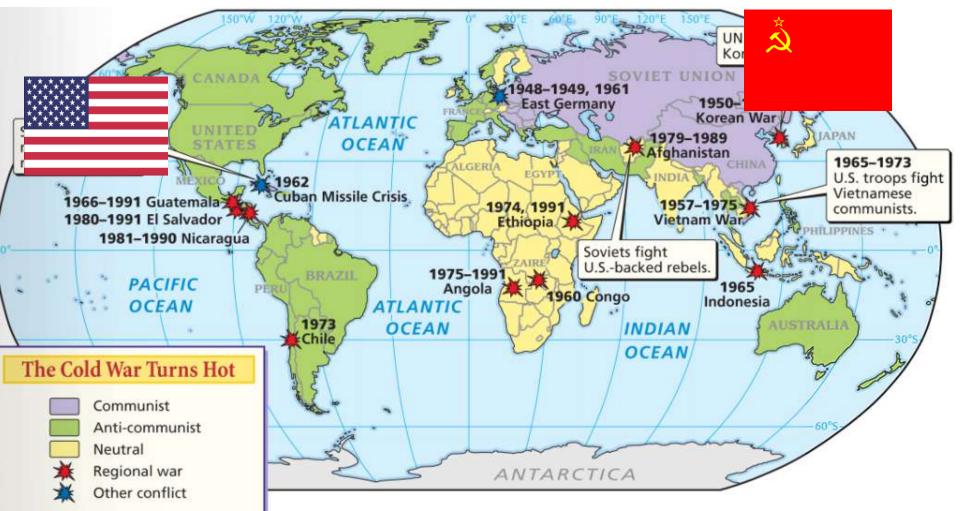


The U.S. helped found Israel as a Jewish nation in the Middle East



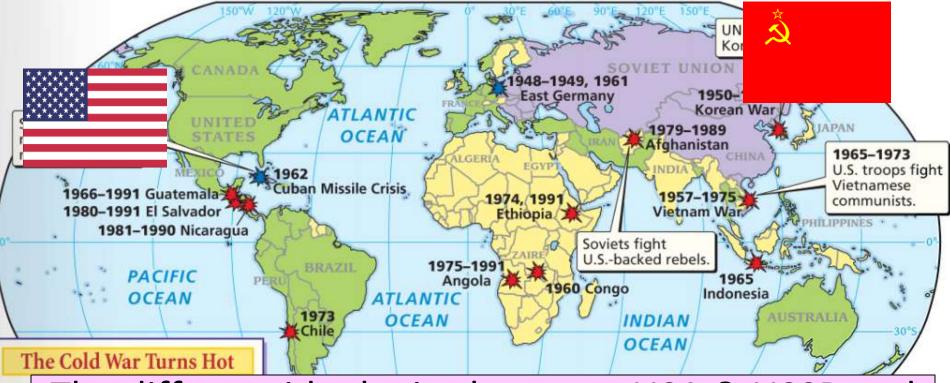
The United States & Soviet Union were superpowers & rivals who dominated world politics

What were the major ideologies of the USA & USSR?



The two sides	of the Cold War
CAPITALISM	COMMUNISM
"All industry, business and agriculture should be owned by private people or firms. Competition between rival factories or shops or farms will cause prices to fall, and make firms more efficient."	"Everything belongs to the state and should be run by the government on behalf of the people. A classless society achieved by overthrowing capitalism by revolution."
Any person should be free to start a business and employ people	No private person should be allowed to profit from the work from other citizens All profits, instead of going into the pockets of one owner or even shareholders, goes to the state – everyone benefits
Average standard of living higher than under Communism, but a wide spread between rich and poor A free economy Opportunity for all Choice of many parties for Government, chosen by the people. A democracy	Lower average standard of living, but (in theory) everyone equal Fairness and equality for all Only one party of Government – no need for any more Only one party of government – no need for any more

The United States & Soviet Union were superpowers & rivals who dominated world politics This was an era of competing ideologies: the USA promoted democracy & capitalism while the USSR tried tompread communism



The different ideologies between USA & USSR and their desires to spread these ideas led to an era of distrust, hostility, proxy battles, & near nuclear war

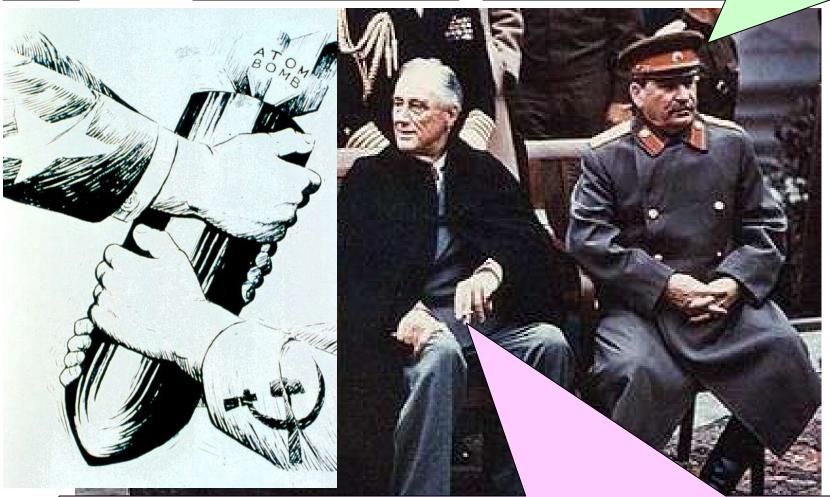


Causes of the Cold War

During WWII, the USA & USSR worked together to defeat the Axis Powers, but...

...World War II increased tensions between the USA and USSR

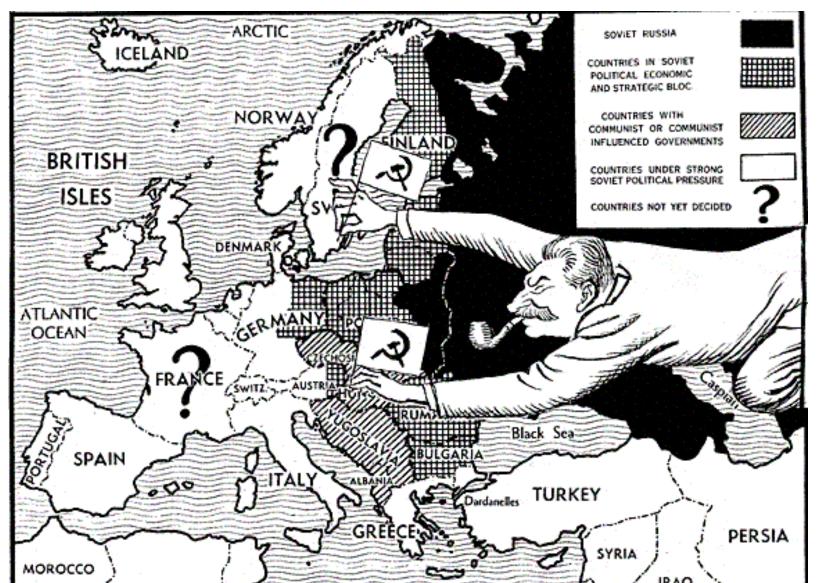
Stalin never trusted the Britain or the USA during World War II



The Manhattan Project gave the USA a monopoly on nuclear weapon technology



In the years after World War II, the USA began to view Stalin as a new Hitler—a dangerous dictator who wanted to take over the world

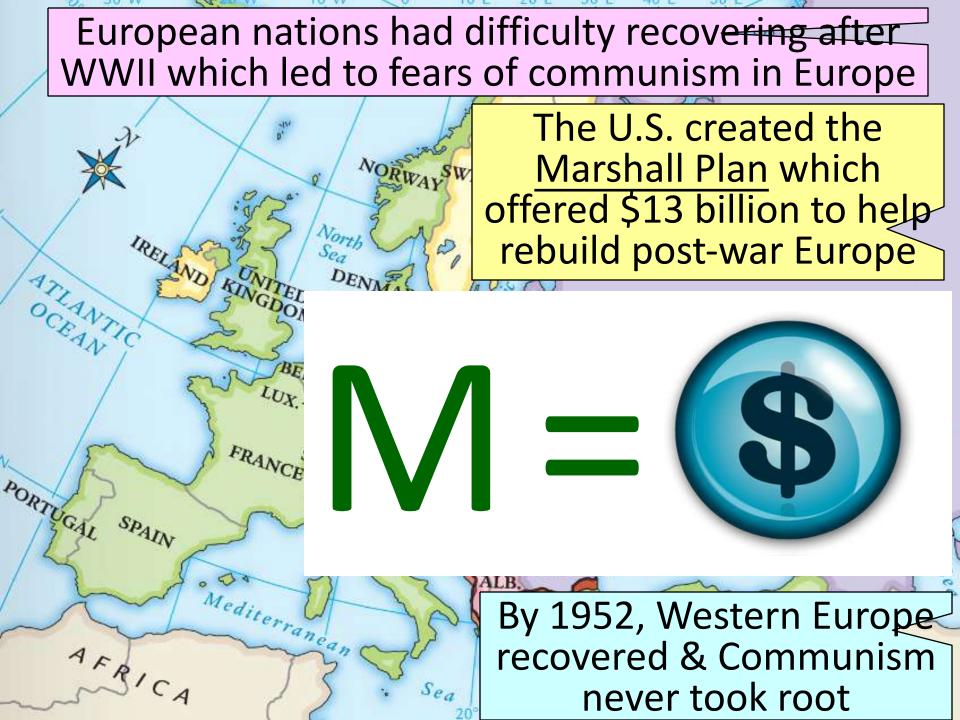






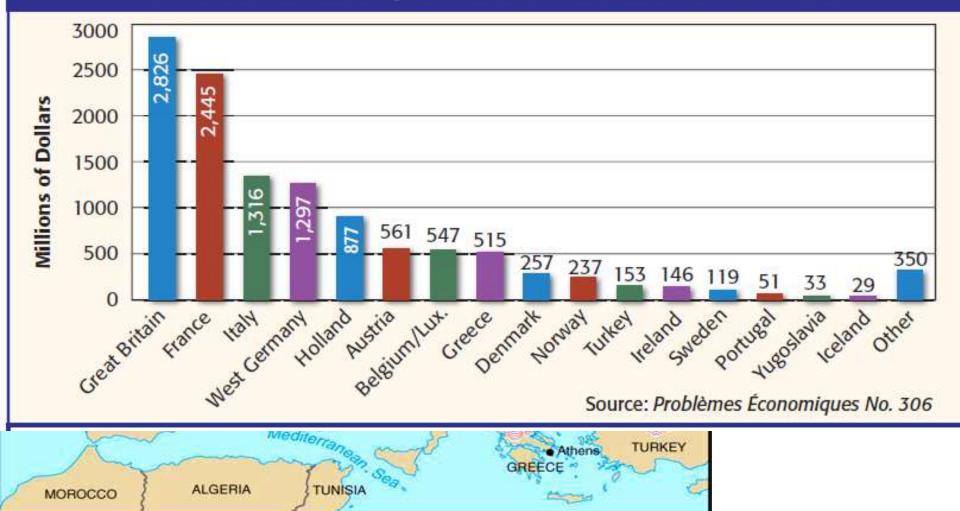
Russian Pressure: Basis for U.S. Aid to Turkey







Countries Aided by the Marshall Plan, 1948–1951



In 1948, the USSR used military force to turn Czechoslovakia to communism; This led to fears that Stalin would use similar tactics in Western Europe

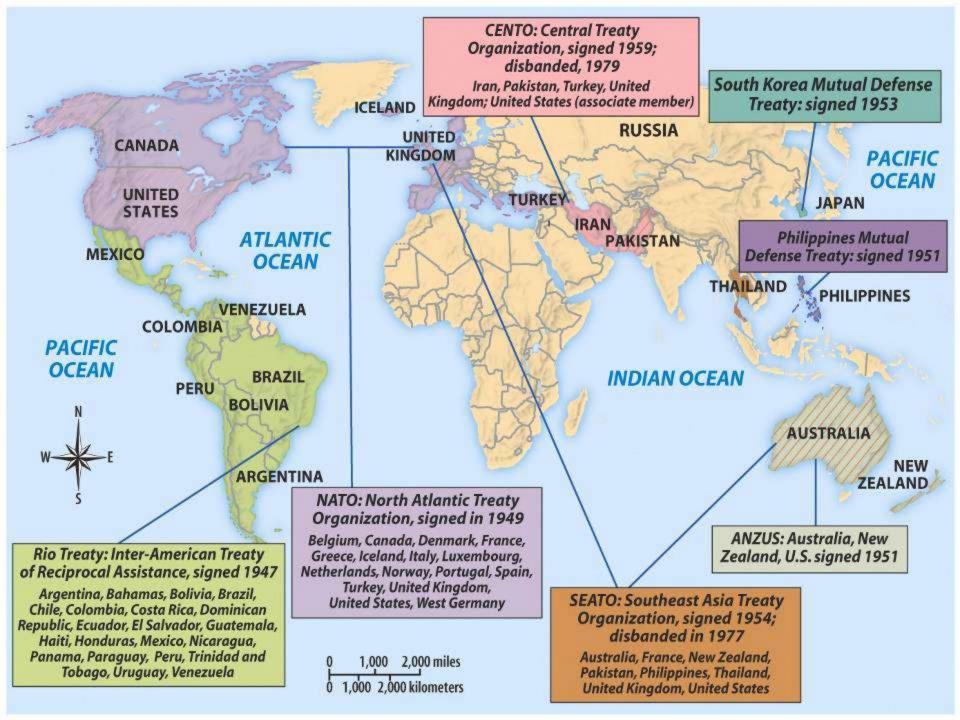




In 1949, the United States formed the North Atlantic **Treaty Organization** (NATO): a military alliance among democratic countries in Europe & North America

ASI

TURKEY



In 1947, the U.S. government created 3 new agencies to better meet the challenges of the Cold War



The Department of Defense was reorganized to created an independent Air Force (which was preferred military agency of the Cold War because airplanes could drop nuclear bombs if needed)

In 1947, the U.S. government created 3 new agencies to better meet the challenges of the Cold War



The Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) was created to spy on foreign nations, collect national security information, and carry out covert operations



In 1947, the U.S. government created 3 new agencies to better meet the challenges of the Cold War



The National Security Council (NSC) was created to advise and assist the president on national security and foreign policy matters



At the end of WWII, Germany was divided into zones occupied by the USA, Britain, France, & the USSR

Berlin, the German capital, was also divided but was located in the Soviet zone

In 1948, Stalin tried to turn all of Berlin communist & ordered the Berlin Blockade which shut down all ground transportation to West Berlin

In response, the U.S. began the Berlin Airlift

For 11 months, U.S. & British planes supplies landed in Berlin to bring food, fuel, & supplies

Stalin admitted defeat & lifted the blockade in 1949

The United States successfully kept West Berlin from turning communist

MILK ... new weapon of Democracy!

Supplied by air transport alone, 23 Berliners sample a new way of

 In today's diplomatic Butle for Berlin, democracy is being kept alive for millions (Europe by the U. S. Air Force.

Flying Douglas aircraft almost exclusive creases have pourch over half a million tons of into Berlin since last June. This impressive strained to the limit our resources in air *h* has shown why cargo planes in sufficient must be considered essential to any modern minute defense program.

Nambed and destingateday and latimat faster two

From 1945 to 1949, the United States successfully contained communism in Europe But, in 1949 Communist forces led by Mao Zedong took control of China and the Cold War spread to Asia

INDIA

195

The fall of China was a shock to the USA & President Harry Truman took the blame for "losing China"

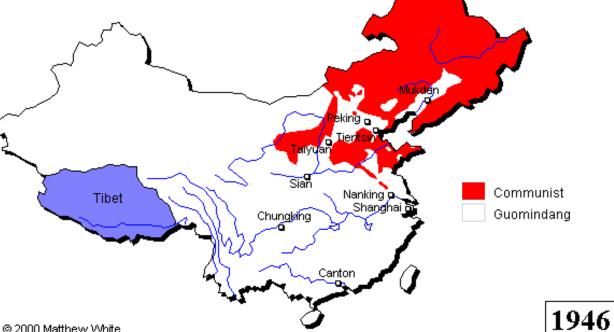
The Chinese Civil War (1930-1949)

Chinese Political Opponents, 1945

Nationalists		Communists
Jiang Jieshi	Leader	Mao Zedong
Southern China	Area Ruled	Northern China
United States	Foreign Support	Soviet Union
Defeat of Communists	Domestic Policy	National liberation
Weak due to inflation and failing economy	Public Support	Strong due to promised land reform for peasants



*



The U.S. response to the fall of China was to more aggressively confront communism the world

The USA was afraid of a "domino theory" in which communist nations turn their neighbors communist



Sla

E Ha

As a result, the USA vowed to contain the spread of communism anywhere in the world

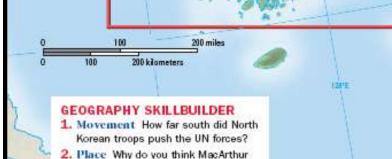
Thailand Aalaysia m The USA acted when communism threatened Korea

bodia

Ē

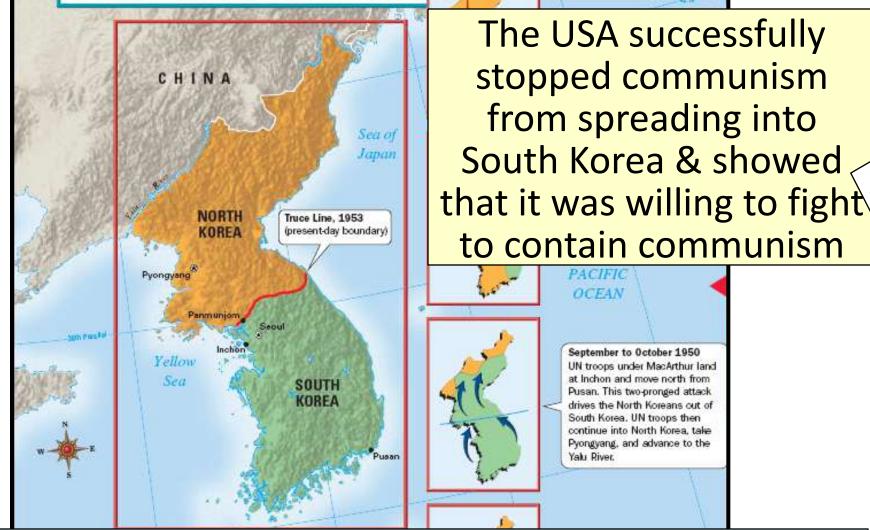
In 1950, North Korea (using Soviet supplied weapons) crossed the 38° & attacked South Korea

When South Korea appealed to the United Nations, the USA sent But, when the USA pushed too close to China, the Chinese Army entered the war & helped North Korea

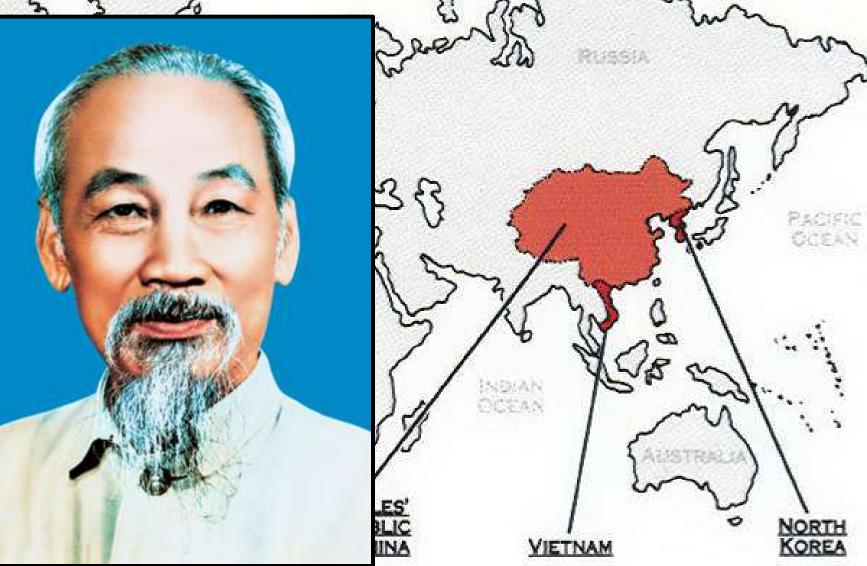






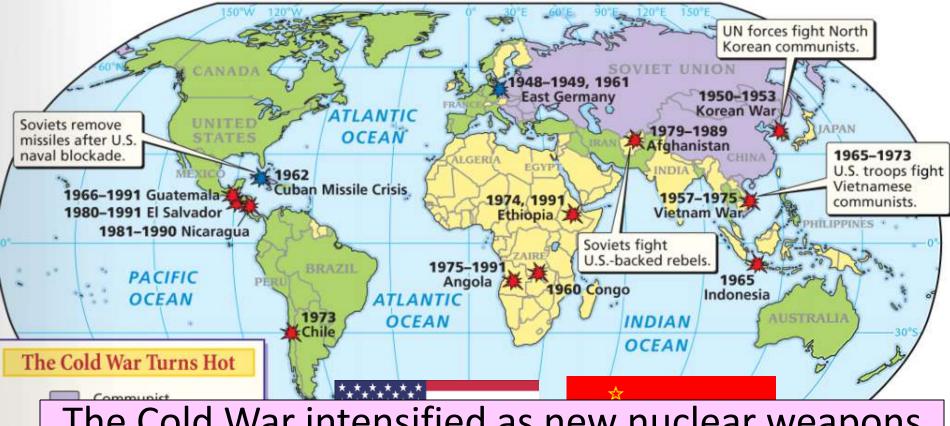


After 3 years of fighting, a ceasefire was agreed to in 1953, the fighting stopped, & the 38° was restored as the boundary between North & South Koreas The USA stopped the spread of Communism into South Korea, but in 1954, Communist <u>Ho Chi Minh</u> began a war to gain independence for Vietnam



CL

From 1945 to 1949, the United States successfully contained communism in Europe But over the next 40 years, the Cold War intensified as communism spread to Asia, Africa, and Latin America



The Cold War intensified as new nuclear weapons were introduced; espionage (spying) increased; & wars broke out in Korea, Vietnam, & Afghanistan