SS7G7d GO.notebook August 27, 2015

## Geography of Southwest Asia Standard SS7G7d

Read yellow workbook chapters 14 and 15.

## Describe how the geography of the Middle East has affected the population in terms of...

where people live	Climate is mostly arid, hot and dry, but varies from region to region. In Southwest Asia most were nomadic until the 1960's. Now 95% live in cities or oases.
the type of work they do	farming near rivers; oil work shipbuilding/repair near coast herding/livestock
transportation	cars → pollution problem buses, trucks donkeys, horses, camels Iran also uses trains Turkey also uses planes/helicopters

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work they do		near coast
	herding/livestock	
	too many leads pollution problem	to an air
tranapartation	buses, trucks	
transportation	donkeys, horses,	
	Iran also uses	
	Turkey also uses planes/h	elicopters

Environmental Issues in Southwest Asia Standards SS7G6, SS7G7, SS7G8 Read green textbook chapter 16 beginning on pg. 418.				
Describe the land, economy and people of the following countries:				
Israel	Land	deserts, plains, highlands, Negev, Dead Sea, lowest place on Earth, narrow fertile plain along coast, Mediterranean climate in north, desert climate in south		
	Economy	industry, mining potash & phosphate, manufacturing,, citrus farming		
	People	open to all Jews, 80% Jewish population, most Arabs there are Palestinian, most people live in cities, Holocaust led to the Zionist movement		
Iraq	Land	Tigris & Euphrates Rivers, highlands, plains, desert		
	Economy	Oil and agriculture, some manufacturing		
	People	70% live in urban areas, most are Muslim Arabs, Muslim Kurds are the 2nd largest group, in 1990 invaded Kuwait for oil and caused the Persian Gulf War		
Iran	Land	dry plateau, mountain ranges, coastal plains along Caspian Sea and Persian Gulf		
	Economy	Oil producer, little farming (wheat, barley, corn, cotton, dates, nuts, tea, tobacco), some manufacturing (leather goods and tools)		
	People	Most are Shi'ite Muslims, speak Persian/Farsi, Ruled by Muslim religious leaders, 61% live in urban areas		
Saudi Arabia	Land	Mostly desert, coastal plain in the east and highlands/fertile valleys in the west		
	Economy	Oil wealth, desalination		
	People	Muslim, constitutional monarchy, live in cities or oases		
Turkey	Land	Turkish Straits (waterways), highlands & plains, river valleys, coastal plains, Mediterranean to steppe climate		
	Economy	agriculture (wheat, livestock), textiles, minerals		
	People	Ottoman heritage, big cities, 98% Muslim, 35% farm villages		

Environmental Issues in Southwest Asia Standards SS7G6, SS7G7, SS7G8 Read green textbook chapter 16 beginning on pg. 418.  Describe how the land, economy and people of the following countries:				
Israel	Economy	strong transportation andindustry, mining potash & phosphate, manufacturing , most farming		
	People	open to all Jews, 80% Jewish population, most there are Palestinian, most people live in, Holocaust led to the movement		
Iraq	Land	Tigris & Euphrates, highlands, plains, desert		
	Economy	and agriculture, some manufacturing		
	People	70% live in urban areas, most are Muslim Arabs, Muslim are the 2nd largest group, in 1990 invaded for oil and caused the Persian Gulf War		
Iran	Land	dry plateau, mountain ranges, along Caspian Sea and Persian Gulf		
	Economy	producer, little farming (wheat, barley, corn, cotton, dates, nuts, tea, tobacco), some manufacturing (leather goods and tools)		
	People	Most are Shi'ite, speak Persian/Farsi, Ruled by Muslim religious leaders, 61% live in		
	Land	Mostly desert, coastal plains in and highlands/fertile valleys in		
Saudi Arabia	Economy	wealth, desalination		
	People	Muslim, constitutional, live in or oases		
,	Land	Turkish Straits (waterways), highlands & plains, river valleys, coastal plains, to steppe climate		
	Economy	Agriculture (wheat, livestock), textiles,		
	People	heritage, big cities, 98% Muslim, 35% farm villages		