

Study Guide for “The Founding of Georgia”

1. Identify the following people:

John Martin Bolzius - Leader of Salzburgers who settled Ebenezer

Noble Jones - Surveyor who helped design the city of Savannah

William Stephens - First president of Georgia

Mary Musgrove - British-Indian trader who interpreted for Oglethorpe with the Yamacraw

Samuel Nunis - Jewish physician who settled in Savannah in 1733

Patrick Graham - Served as the last president of Georgia as a charter colony

Chief Tomochichi - Leader of Yamacraw who allowed Oglethorpe to land in Savannah

Robert Castell – Architect friend of Oglethorpe’s who died in prison in England

Robert Jenkins – British seaman after whom Georgia’s war with Spain was named

Sir Robert Montgomery - Nobleman who proposed a utopian colony west of the Savannah River

Thomas Bray - British physician who proposed a debtor’s colony

2. Who first proposed a colony in the New World?

Dr. Thomas Bray

3. What reasons were offered by Oglethorpe to settle the thirteenth English colony?

More land and power for England; Religious freedom ; Defense against French and Spanish

4. What groups of people could not become colonists in Georgia according to its charter?

Papist, black, liquor dealer and lawyers

5. What group of Indians lived in the area where Oglethorpe led his Georgia colonists?

The Yamacraws

6. What famous ship transported Oglethorpe and Georgia’s first colonists from England to the new land?

The Ann

7. **The first city established by Europeans in the New World was _____.**
St. Augustine.
8. **Oglethorpe was active in bringing about _____ reforms in England's prison system**
9. **King George II granted Oglethorpe and his group a charter for the thirteenth colony in _____.**
1732.
10. **Where did James Oglethorpe land his colonists in Georgia to begin the thirteenth colony?**
Yamacraw Bluff on Savannah River
11. **What caused of disease and fatalities in Georgia's first year?**
Lack of fresh vegetables; Changes in climate; Hard physical labor
12. **Ebenezer and New Ebenezer were early Georgia towns established by what group?**
German Salzburgers
13. **What were major sources of discontent with Georgia's early colonists?**
A ban on slavery; Restrictions on rum and alcohol; Restrictions on land inheritances
14. **What were major accomplishment of Georgia's first twenty years?**
Treaties were established with Indian tribes.; A working court system was established.
;The first Sunday School in the nation was established.
15. **Georgia's trustees could not _____.**
own land in Georgia
16. **What were requirements of the colonists to make the trip with Oglethorpe to settle the thirteenth colony?**
They had to agree to defend the colony against all enemies.; They had to agree not to sell their land.; They had to use a portion of their land to grow mulberry trees.
17. **Why was South Carolina so pleased to have Georgia become Great Britain's thirteenth colony?**
Georgia provided a buffer between South Carolina and the Spanish
18. **The first fort built by the British in Georgia was _____.**
Fort King George.

19. What charges were levied (charges) against James Oglethorpe in his final trip home to Great Britain?

He had not captured St. Augustine in the War of Jenkins's Ear.

20. Georgia was a charter colony for _____ years.

Twenty-one years.

**21. What group of Georgia's initial group did not oppose slavery?
English colonists**

22. Great Britain's policy of governing its colonies to build up its own gold supplies and to expand its own trade was known as

_____.
mercantilism.

23. What restriction was not lifted from the colonists after William Stephens was named president of the colony?

The restriction on which crops the colonists were required to produce

24. What reasons was behind Oglethorpe's welcoming of the Salzburgers to the new colony?

He needed the services of the group's doctor since the colony's only doctor had died.; Forty of the colony's settlers had died in the first year and Oglethorpe needed manpower.; He needed more able-bodied men for the colony's militia.

25. The first Sunday school in America was established by

_____.
John and Charles Wesley.

26. The Bethesda Orphans Home in Ebenezer was established by

_____.
George Whitfield.

27. What geographical factor influenced Oglethorpe to make Georgia's first settlement at Yamacraw Bluff overlooking the Savannah River?

The site was protected from ocean winds by forests of pine trees; The site overlooked the Savannah River, making shipping to and from Great Britain convenient.; The location had fresh water springs, which would provide drinking water for the settlement.

28. What crops grew well in Georgia's coastal soil by the settlers?

corn

29. What geographic factor made the colonists experienced hardship in their first year in Georgia?

The colonists had to work very hard using physical labor skills.; The colonists faced diseases such as scurvy, dysentery, and fevers.; The colonists faced poor sanitation conditions during the early years.

30. Describe a royal colony during the colonial period?

A colony that was governed by the king of England

31. Georgia's first royal governor was _____.

John Reynolds

32. Describes Georgia's first government as a royal colony?

The government had a bicameral legislature representing Georgia's eight parishes.

33. During the colonial period, Georgia's official port of entry was

Savannah

34. What Georgia governor contributed much to the defenses of the colony?

James Wright

35.

Altamaha River to Savannah River --- across to the Atlantic Ocean