

IDEA Part B
Annual Performance Indicators

Indicator	Description	Compliance	Results
1	Percent of youth with IEPs graduating from high school with a regular diploma. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416 (a)(3)(A)</i>		✓
2	Percent of youth with IEPs dropping out of high school. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416 (a)(3)(A)</i>		✓
3	Participation and performance of children with disabilities on statewide assessments: A. Percent of the districts with a disability subgroup that meets the State’s minimum “n” size that meet the State’s AYP targets for the disability subgroup. B. Participation rate for children with IEPs. C. Proficiency rate for children with IEPs against grade level, modified and alternate academic achievement standards. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416 (a)(3)(A)</i>		✓
4	Rates of suspension and expulsion: A. Percent of districts identified by the State as having a significant discrepancy in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with IEPs for greater than 10 days in a school year; and		✓
	B. Percent of districts identified by the State as having a significant discrepancy in the rates of suspensions and expulsions of children with IEPs of greater than 10 days in a school year by race and ethnicity and that have policies, procedures or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and that do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A); 1412(a)(22)</i>	✓	
5	Percent of children with IEPs aged 6 through 21 served: A. Inside the regular class 80% or more of the day; B. Inside the regular class less than 40% of the day; or C. In separate schools, residential facilities, or homebound/hospital placements. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A)</i>		✓
6	Percent of children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs attending a separate special education class, separate school or residential facility. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A)</i>		✓
7	Percent of preschool children with IEPs who demonstrate improved: A. Positive social-emotional skills (including social relationships); B. Acquisition and use of knowledge and skills (including early language/ communication and early literacy); and C. Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416 (a)(3)(A)</i>		✓
8	Percent of parents with a child receiving special education services who report that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A)</i>		✓
9	Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services that is the result of inappropriate identification. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(C)</i>	✓	
10	Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(C)</i>	✓	
11	Percent of children who were evaluated within 60 days of receiving parental consent for initial evaluation or, if the State establishes a timeframe within which the evaluation must be conducted, within that timeframe. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B)</i>	✓	
12	Percent of children referred by Part C prior to age 3 and who are found eligible for Part B who have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays. <i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B)</i>	✓	

13	<p>Percent of youth with IEPs aged 16 and above with an IEP that includes appropriate measurable postsecondary goals that are annually updated and based upon an age appropriate transition assessment, transition services, including courses of study, that will reasonably enable the student to meet those postsecondary goals, and annual IEP goals related to the student’s transition services needs. There also must be evidence that the student was invited to the IEP Team meeting where transition services are to be discussed and evidence that a representative of any participating agency was invited to the IEP Team meeting with the prior consent of the parent or student who has reached the age of majority.</p> <p><i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B)</i></p>	✓	
14	<p>Percent of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school and were:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Enrolled in higher education within one year of leaving high school. B. Enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school. C. Enrolled in higher education or in some other postsecondary education or training program; or competitively employed or in some other employment within one year of leaving high school. <p><i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B)</i></p>		✓
15	<p>Percent of hearing requests that went to resolution sessions that were resolved through resolution session settlement agreements.</p> <p><i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B)</i></p>		✓
16	<p>Percent of mediations held that resulted in mediation agreements.</p> <p><i>Regulation: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B)</i></p>		✓
17	<p>The State’s SPP/APR includes a State Systemic Improvement Plan (SSIP) that meets the requirements set forth for this indicator.</p> <p>The State’s SPP/APR includes an SSIP that is a comprehensive, ambitious, yet achievable multi-year plan for improving results for children with disabilities. The SSIP includes the components described below.</p>		✓