

## Solving One Step Equations – Guided Notes

An \_\_\_\_\_ is a mathematical sentence with an \_\_\_\_\_ sign.

The following are all considered to be equations:

Ex)  $9 + 2 = 11$

Ex)  $x + 7 = 37$

Ex)  $a + (-3) = 2a + 5$

A \_\_\_\_\_ of an equation is a value for a \_\_\_\_\_ that makes an equation \_\_\_\_\_.

You substitute a number for a variable to determine whether the number is a \_\_\_\_\_ of the equation.

### Examples

Directions: Is the given number a solution for the equation? Please show how you arrived at your answer.

Ex)  $170 + x = 200$ , for  $x=30$

Ex)  $3 = 12 - a$ , for  $a=6$

Ex)  $9 - m = 3$ , for  $m=6$

Ex)  $8 + t = 2t$ , for  $t=3$

### Important Rules for Solving Equations

Rule #1) When you solve an equation, your goal is to get the \_\_\_\_\_ alone by itself on \_\_\_\_\_ of the equation. In other words, you are trying to \_\_\_\_\_ the variable.

Rule #2) When you are solving for a variable, you MUST use inverse \_\_\_\_\_ to isolate the variable on one side of the equation.

\*\*Rule #3) Whatever you do to \_\_\_\_\_ of an equation, you must do to the \_\_\_\_\_ of the equation. In other words, you must keep the equation \_\_\_\_\_.

*Think of solving an equation like lifting weights. If you add or subtract weight from one side of the barbell, you must add or subtract the same amount of weight from the other side of the barbell to keep it balanced.*

### **Solving One Step Equations involving Addition and Subtraction:**

1).  $x+89=123$

4).  $y-92=78$

2).  $y-45=237$

5).  $99+x=233$

3).  $76+x=344$

### **Solving One Step Equations involving Multiplication or Division:**

1).  $7x=126$

9).  $\frac{x}{19} = 7$

2).  $45y=540$

10).  $\frac{x}{26} = 15$

3).  $11z=253$

4).  $9x=135$

11).  $\frac{x}{45} = 270$

5).  $18y=108$

12).  $\frac{1}{4}x = 16$

6).  $5y=420$

13).  $\frac{3}{5}x = 75$

7).  $\frac{y}{8} = 32$

14).  $\frac{2}{7}x = 6$

8).  $\frac{x}{4} = 76$

15).  $\frac{1}{12}x = 13$