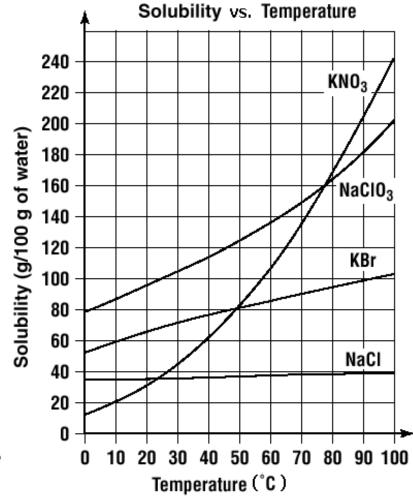
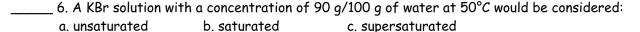
Solubility

The graph shows how a change in temperature affects the solubility of four common compounds.

- _____ 1. An increase in the temperature
 - -?- solubility of NaCl?
 - a. greatly affects the
 - b. has little affect on the
 - c. has no affect on the
 - _ 2. An increase in the temperature
 - -?- solubility of KNO₃?
 - a. greatly affects the
 - b. has little affect on the
 - c. has no affect on the
- _____ 3. At what temperature (in $^{\circ}C$) does KNO₃ have the same solubility as KBr?
- 4. What is the solubility (in g/100 g of H_2O) of both KNO₃ and KBr at the temperature in #3?
- _____ 5. How many grams of KBr are needed to make a saturated solution in 100 g $\,$ of water at 30°C?





7. At what temperature (in °C) is the solubility of NaCl the same as that of KNO₃?

Use the chart below to add the solubility curve of potassium chloride (KCl) to the graph above and then answer questions #8-12.

	Solubility of	f KCI (g per 100	g of water)	`
Temperature	0°C	20°C	60°C	100°C
Solubility	28.0	34.0	46.0	56.0

_____ 8. How many grams of KCl will form a saturated solution in 100 g of water at $60^{\circ}C$?

- _____9. If 10 g of KCl were placed in 100 g of water at 0° C, what kind of solution would be formed?
 - a. unsaturated
- b. saturated
- c. supersaturated
- _____ 10. Which is more soluble in water, KCl or KBr?
 - ____ 11. The solubility of which salt is least affected by temperature?

_____12. The solubility of which salt is most affected by temperature?

Match the chemical formula to the proper name:

- a. KNO₃
- b. NaClO₃
- c. KBr
- d. NaCl
- e. KCl

_____ 13. potassium chloride

____ 14. sodium chloride

 15. potassium nitrate
 16. potassium bromide
17. sodium chlorate