

## RECOVERY

## Why is Recovery Important?

As a high performance athlete, you've chosen a career where taking care of your body is your job. When you are training and competing full time, there are several physiological consequences that occur as a result of hard exercise. A sound recovery nutrition protocol will ensure you can optimize training adaptations and perform at 100% of your body's potential for the next training bout or in preparation for competition.

Physical Consequences of Hard Training	The 4 R's of Recovery Nutrition	
Dehydration	Re-hydrate with fluids and electrolytes	
Depletion of glycogen (carbohydrate stored in muscle and liver)		
Breakdown of muscle	Repair and regenerate muscle tissue with high quality protein	
Cell damage and inflammation	Reinforce your immune system with nutritious, fresh foods (e.g., fruits, vegetables, whole grains, fish, nuts, olive oil)	

## **Key Considerations for Recovery Nutrition**

- How quickly you should refuel and how much you need depends on your training intensity, volume, timing of your next training bout and your body weight. This means your daily approach to recovery fueling may change throughout the week or season.
- For hard training research shows that timing is critical and refueling with the following nutrients will optimize recovery:
  - o 1g of carbohydrate per kg of body weight (0.5g of carb per 1lb)
  - 15-20g of protein (high biological value from whey, found mainly in animal sources)
  - o 24oz (3 cups) fluid per pound of sweat lost from session
  - Electrolytes from a sport drink or some salty food
- For moderate training, timing and balance of nutrients is also important, but less stringent. In easy training recovery can occur through your next meal or a small post-training snack.
- Successful recovery will only occur with proper planning! Think about your training sessions ahead of time, so you can plan and pack the appropriate fuels with you.

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## **Recovery Nutrition Guidelines**

Training Type	Nutrition Guidelines	Examples of Recovery Nutrition
Hard training  Characteristics:  Higher volume and/or intensity phases  Physical adaptation training (ie. heavy lifting, altitude training)  Competition or simulated competition days  Multi-day training bouts	<ul> <li>Refuel immediately after training</li> <li>Ensure a minimum of 1 g/kg carbs, 15-20g protein, and fluids/electrolytes lost are replaced.</li> <li>Eat next meal within 1 hour of initial recovery fuel.</li> <li>Add a snack 1 hour later.</li> <li>Regular fueling and hydration throughout the day.</li> <li>Planning is essential!</li> </ul>	45 - 60kg (110-132 lbs)  □ 16oz chocolate milk + water  □ 6oz non-fat Greek yogurt + fresh fruit + water  □ Natural ingredient sport bar (fruit/nut) + glass o skim milk + water  □ Recovery mix (carbohydrate + protein mixed)  70-80kg (154-176lbs)  □ 24 oz chocolate milk + water  □ Sport bar (45-50g carb/15-20g pro) +16oz sport drink  □ 2 x 6oz non-fat Greek fruit yogurt + 1 cup fruit juice + water  □ Recovery mix + Banana  90-100+kg (198-220+kg)  □ 24 oz chocolate milk + 1 banana  □ Sport bar (50g carb/15-20g pro) + 24oz sport drink  □ Recovery mix (aim for 90 g of carbs and 25 g of protein) + banana
Moderate training  Characteristics:  Single session with training the next day  Maintenance of fitness/strength	Refuel within 30-60 minutes after training session. Balanced snack with carbs, protein and fluids Eat next meal within 2 hours Regular fueling and hydration in the day.	8-16oz chocolate milk 6oz non-fat Greek yogurt + fruit + water Natural ingredient sport bar (35-40g carbs and 15-20g pro) + water PB & J + glass of milk Recovery mix + water 8oz of fruit and yogurt smoothie + water
Characteristics:  One session in day, followed by a rest day Recovery day  Athlete in a weight loss phase	<ul> <li>Timing is less critical, but be sure to refuel within 1-2 hours following exercise.</li> <li>Top up glycogen storage with a small high carb snack or having your next core meal</li> </ul>	□ Water followed by core meal □ 8oz PowerAde □ Fresh Fruit + Water □ Fruit Leather Snack + Water □ 4oz Fruit Juice + Water □ 4-8oz Chocolate Milk or Soy + Water □ Plain Greek yogurt + Water