Quarter 3 Third Grade Rubric 2011-2012

Language Arts Standards					
Reading	3	2	1	Notes	
Reads and understands vocabulary in context ELA3R2 e, f ELA3R3r	Reads and understands 86% or more of words containing prefixes/suffixes and vocabulary words using context clues and applies dictionary, thesaurus, & glossary skills to determine word meaning at the appropriate Third Grade level. (Cold read only)	Reads and understands 70-85% of words containing prefixes/suffixes and vocabulary words using context clues and/or dictionary, thesaurus, & glossary skills to determine word meaning at the appropriate Third Grade level. (Cold read only)	Reads and understands 69% or less of words containing prefixes/suffixes and vocabulary words.	Homographs, Homophones, antonyms, & synonyms 3R2c Multiple Meaning Words~b	
Compares/contrasts the elements of various genre ELA3R3n	Identifies the genre and the elements of genres: fiction (fantasy and realistic) and non-fiction, poetry, and drama (cold read only)	genre but is not able to identify	Can not identify genre or the elements of genre (cold read only)		
Recognizes author's purpose ELA3R3p	Recognizes author's purpose with supporting evidence (cold read only)	Recognizes author's purpose but does not identify supporting evidence (Cold read only)	Does not recognize author's purpose (cold read only)		
Demonstrates comprehension of grade-level text ELA3R3	Demonstrates 90 - 100% comprehension of a given Third grade passage; (COLD READ ONLY) (Level O)	Demonstrates 70 - 89% comprehension of a given Third grade passage; (COLD READ ONLY) (Level O)	Demonstrates 69% or less comprehension of a given Third grade passage; (COLD READ ONLY) (Level O)	Story Elements (characters, setting, plot) 3R3e, f, i, m ELA Series Leveled Readers	
Summarizes text content ELA3R3g	The events are in the correct order and include all major events. (Level O)	The events are in the correct order or include all major events. (Level O)	The events are not in order and few major events are included. (Level O)		
Identifies/infers the main idea and supporting details ELA3R3j,m	Identifies explicit and inferred main ideas and supporting details (Level O)	Identifies explicit main ideas and supporting details (Level O)	Cannot identify main idea and details (Level O)		
Distinguishes fact from opinion ELA3R3d	Consistently distinguishes fact from opinion in grade level text (Level O)		Cannot distinguish fact from opinion in grade level text (Level O)		
Identifies/infers cause and effect relationships ELA3R3I	Identifies/infers cause and effect relationships (Level O)	cause (Level O)	Cannot identify cause and effect relationships (Level O)		
Applies oral reading strategies ELA3R1a, d	Reads using self-correction strategies		Does not use self-correction strategies		
Reads fluently ELA3R1b, c	Reads Level O passage at a target rate of 107 wcpm with appropriate expression. (cold read only)	Reads Level O Passage at a target rate of 83 wcpm or above with limited expression. (cold read only)	Reads Level O Passage at a target rate of 82 wcpm or less with limited expression. (cold read only)	"Fresh Reads" Passage "The Spider Catcher", "Racing with Turtle", or "Table Manners."	
Writing/Conventions	3	2	1	Notes	
	*Please refer to the K-12 Write			esources.	
Writes legibly in print/cursive ELA3C1n	Writes readable work with appropriate letter cases, size, and spaces, with no reversals	Writes using incorrect spacing and/or mixes letter case and/or reverses letters	iverties illegibly		
Narrative ~ Ideas ELA3W1a,b,g,i ELA3W2-1a.b.f	 Sustained focus on the narrative purpose; consistent point of view 	* Generally consistent focus; some evidence of a purpose and point of view	* Little or no evidence of focus, purpose, or point of view * Details and descriptions are limited	Aligns with Georgia State Writing Assessment Rubrics	

Writing/Conventions cont.	3	2	1	Notes
Narrative ~ Organization	* Clear narrative organizational	* Contains a beginning, middle, and	* Little or no evidence of an	Aligns with Georgia State Writing
ELA3W1b,d,e	pattern with a strong			Assessment Rubrics
ELA3W2-1c,e,q	beginning, middle, and end *			
Narrative ~ Style	* Sustained use of interesting			Aligns with Georgia State Writing
ELA 3W1f,h	language (e.g.,descriptive language,			Assessment Rubrics
ELA 3W2-1d	sensory details, strong verbs)			
Response to Literature ~ Ideas	* Sustained focus, purpose, and	* Generally consistent focus; some	* Little or no evidence of focus,	Aligns with Georgia State Writing
ELA3W1a,b,i,k	point of view	evidence of a purpose and point of	purpose, or point of view	Assessment Rubrics
ELA3W2-4a,b,c	*Relevant examples, facts,	view *Includes some	*Examples and details are limited	
	anecdotes, and details are used	relevant examples, facts, anecdotes,	and may be irrelevant	
	throughout the paper *Formulates	and/or details	*Does not formulate a position in	
	and supports a position in response	*Begins to formulate a position and	response to the text	
	to the text; connects the text to self,	connect the text to self, outside	*Insufficient information to develop a	
		world, or another text	point of view; may be limited to	
	*Complete information; the writer's	*Sufficient information to develop a	retelling	
	point of view is well developed	point of view		
Response to Literature ~	* Clear and appropriate	* Contains an introduction, body, and		Aligns with Georgia State Writing
Organization ELA3W1b,d,e		conclusion; one part of the paper	organizational pattern	Assessment Rubrics
ELA3W2-4d,e	•	may not be as strong as the others	* Ideas are not arranged in a	
	* Related ideas are consistently		meaningful order	
	grouped together; may use specific	together	* Little or no evidence of transitions	
	strategies (e.g., cause and effect,	*Transitions are used but may not be		
	similarity and difference, questions	varied		
	and answers) *Varied			
	transitional elements link parts of the			
	paper			
Response to Literature ~ Style	* Sustained use of interesting	* A mixture of simple, ordinary	* Language is simple, repetitive, or	Aligns with Georgia State Writing
ELA3W1f			imprecise; little or no interesting	Assessment Rubrics
	sensory details, strong verbs)		language * Little or no awareness	
		details, strong verbs) * Some	of audience	
		attention to the audience; some		
	writer's voice is clear and appropriate	sense of the writer's voice		
Persuasive ~ Ideas				
ELA3W1a,b,i,I ELA3W2-3a,b,f				
Persuasive ~ Organization				
ELA3W1b,d,e ELA3W2-3c,e				
Persuasive ~ Style				
ELA3W1f ELA3W2-3d				
Informational ~ Ideas	* Sustained focus, purpose, and	* Generally consistent focus; some	* Little or no evidence of focus,	Aligns with Georgia State Writing
ELA3W1a,b,i ELA3W2-2a,b,f	point of view		purpose, or point of view	Assessment Rubrics
	1 ' ' '		* Examples and details are limited	
	anecdotes, and details are used		and may be irrelevant	
	1 '	and/or details *	* Little or no use of resources; may	
			copy text from source materials	
	1	source materials	* Insufficient information to explain	
	source materials	* Sufficient information to explain the	the topic	
	*Complete information; the topic is	topic		
	well developed			

Writing/Conventions cont.	3	2	1	Notes
Informational ~ Organization ELA3W1b,d,e ELA3W2-2c,e,g	* Clear and appropriate organizational pattern with strong introduction, body, and conclusion * Related ideas are consistently grouped together; may use specific strategies (e.g., questions and answers, cause and effect, similarity and difference) * Varied transitional elements link parts of the paper	* Contains an introduction, body, and conclusion; one part of the paper may not be as strong as the others * Related ideas are generally grouped together * Transitions are used but may not be varied	* Little or no evidence of an organizational pattern * Ideas are not arranged in a meaningful order * Little or no evidence of transitions	Aligns with Georgia State Writing Assessment Rubrics
Informational ~ Style ELA3W1f ELA3W2-2d	* Sustained use of interesting language (e.g.,descriptive language, technical vocabulary, sensory details) * Attention to the audience in the introduction, body, and conclusion; writer's voice is clear and appropriate	* A mixture of simple, ordinary language and interesting language (e.g., descriptive language, technical vocabulary, sensory details) * Some attention to the audience; some sense of the writer's voice	* Language is simple, repetitive, or imprecise; little or no interesting language * Little or no awareness of audience	Aligns with Georgia State Writing Assessment Rubrics
Writing/Conventions cont.	3	2	1	Notes
Uses the writing process ELA3W1c, m, n	Includes: Prewrites to generate ideas, develop a rough draft, rereads to revise, edits to correct, and publishes work that is of appropriate length.	1 to 3 components are missing or incomplete.	4 or more of the components are missing or incomplete.	
Uses conventions of punctuation & capitalization ELA3C1m		Applies ending punctuation OR capitalization	Cannot use ending punctuation or capitalization.	Commas in a series, in a date, after transitional phrases, city /state, (apostrophe: contractions)
Identifies parts of speech and their purposes. ELA3C1a, b, d	Identifies and uses at least 8 listed to the right		Identifies and/or uses 4 or less listed to the right	Singular and Plural Nouns, Verbs (present, past, future, & helping) Singular and Plural Possessive Nouns, Adjectives, and Pronouns
Applies conventions of writing – mechanics (sentence structure) ELA3C1e, f, g, a	structures - compound and increasingly complex sentences (transition words, phrases) and with correct subject / verb agreement	variety of sentence structures - simple and compound sentences and inconsistent subject verb agreement	agreement	
Applies spelling/phonics skills	Correctly spells grade level words	Uses a mix of inventive and	Mostly inventive spelling within	
ELA3C1I Research	within written work.	conventional spelling within written 2	written work.	Notes
Develops research skills. ELA3C1j, ELA3R3o, ELA3W1j	Selects and uses a variety of resources to gather information about a topic (index, table of contents, encyclopedia, and/or Internet)	to gather information about a topic	Cannot select or use reference materials to gather information about a topic.	

Mathematics Standards ~ Fractions & Decimals/Data Analysis				
Whole Numbers: Addition & Subtraction	3	2	1	Notes
Understands and uses place value M3N1	Identifies place value from the ten thousands through the tenths.	Identifies place value of 5 digit whole number.	Cannot consistently identify place value	Word Name, Standard Form, and Expanded Form See Gray Note Below
Solves addition algorithms M3N2a, c	Solves algorithms by adding four- digit numbers with regrouping.	Minimal errors.	Excessive errors.	Gray Shading = Maintain for those students who scored a 3 previously. Reteach/Assess for those students
Solves subtraction algorithms M3N2a,c	Solves algorithms by subtracting four-digit numbers with regrouping.	Minimal errors.	Excessive errors.	who scored 2 or 1 previously. ** ALL STUDENTS WILL RECEIVE A GRADE EVEN IF ASSESSED IN
Applies concepts of money M3N2d	Adds and subtracts money by counting back change <u>using the</u> <u>fewest number of coins</u>	Adds and subtract money by counting back correct change but not fewest number of coins.	Cannot apply concepts of counting back change.	PREVIOUS QUARTERS.
Whole Numbers: Multiplication & Division	3	2	1	Notes
Understands Multiplication Concepts M3N3a,b,e, g	Applies 6 or more of the multiplication concepts listed to the right.	Applies 4-5 of the multiplication concepts listed to the right.	Applies 3 or less of the multiplication concepts listed to the right.	Distributive, Associative, Commutative, Identity Properties, Arrays, Area Models, and Repeated Addition See Gray Note Above
Solves multiplication algorithms M3N3c	Solves two or three-digit by one-digit multiplication algorithms.	Solves one-digit by one-digit multiplication algorithms.	Cannot use strategies to solve multiplication algorithms.	See Gray Note Above
Solves division algorithms M3N4	Solves ANY three-digit by one-digit division algorithm with remainders	Solves two-digit by one-digit division algorithms with remainders	Excessive errors.	532/6
Geometry	3	2	1	Notes
Classifies plane geometric figures M3G1c, b	Identifies, draws, and explains the properties of all 2 dimensional figures listed to the right (number of edges, vertices, and size of angles - right, obtuse, and acute)	Identifies and draws all 2 dimensional figures listed to the right	Cannot identify all of the 2 dimensional figures listed to the right	Triangle Square Rectangle Trapezoid Quadrilateral Pentagon Hexagon Parallelogram Irregular Polygonal shapes See Gray Note Above
Identifies parts of a circle M3G1d	Identifies the center, diameter, and radius of a circle.	Identifies 2 of the 3 properties of a circle.	Identifies less than 2 properties of a circle.	See Gray Note Above
Classifies triangles M3G1a	Identifies, draws, and explains the properties of scalene, isosceles, and equilateral triangles.	Identifies and draws scalene, isosceles, and equilateral triangles.	Cannot identify all 3 types of triangles.	See Gray Note Above
Measurement	3	2	1	Notes
Measures time M3M1	increments with any given start time	increments within the same hour	Cannot measure time in 15 minute increments	
Compares length M3M2a,d	Compares one unit to another within a single system of measurement (metric AND customary)	Compares one unit to another within a single system of measurement (metric OR customary)	Cannot compare units within a single system	Not Conversion Kilometer, Mile, inch, millimeter, foot, yard, centimeter, & meter Gray Note Above

Measurement cont.	3	2	1	Notes
Estimates length M3M2c	Accurately measure all 3 units: 1/4 inch, centimeter, and millimeter.	Accurately measures 2 of the 3 units: 1/4 inch, centimeter or millimeter	Accurately measures 1 of the units: 1/4 inch, centimeter, and millimeter	See Gray Note Above
Measures customary length M3M2b	Measures and calculates perimeter	Measures perimeter but calculates incorrectly	Cannot measure perimeter	See Gray Note Above
Measures metric length M3M2b	Measures and calculates area	Measures area but calculates incorrectly	Cannot measure area	Counting, adding, and multiplying to determine area See Gray Note Above
Understands and measures perimeter M3M3c	Measures and calculates perimeter	Measures perimeter but calculates incorrectly	Cannot measure perimeter	
Understands and measures area M3M4c	Measures and calculates area	Measures area but calculates incorrectly	Cannot measure area	Counting, adding, and multiplying to determine area
Fractions & Decimals	3	2	1	Notes
Identifies fractions M3N5a,c,d	Identifies a decimal fraction (3/10) and a common fraction (2/3).	Identifies either a decimal fraction (3/10) OR a common fraction (2/3)	Cannot identify fractions.	
Understands fractions & decimals M3N5b	Converts from a decimal fraction (3/10) to a decimal (0.3) and vice	Inconsistently converts from decimal fraction to decimal.	Cannot convert from a decimal fraction to a decimal.	
Adds & subtracts fractions M3N5e,f,g,h	Adds and subtracts decimal fractions and common fractions with like denominators.	Inconsistently adds or subtracts decimal fractions and common fractions with like denominators.	Cannot add or subtract fractions with like denominators.	
Data Analysis	3	2	1	Notes
Creates types of graphs M3D1	using scale increments of 2, 5, and	Creates a graph but is missing pieces: table, or appropriate scale increments using teacher-made template	Cannot create graphs from tables with increments greater than 1	Line Plot Graphs Pictographs Venn Diagrams Bar Graph
Interprets data M3D1	Interprets data when reading graphs and tables	Reads data from graphs and tables	Cannot read data from graphs and tables	Line Plot Graphs Pictographs Venn Diagrams Bar Graph
Algebra	3	2	1	Notes
Uses symbols and function rules M3A1c	Solves a number sentence by using symbols to represent operations and			
Recognizes, describes, and extends	Describes and extends visual and			
patterns M3A1a	number patterns.			
Putting It All Together	3	2	1	Notes
Solves word problems.	Correctly solves multi-step problems and shows work with units		Cannot solve one step problems.	Word problems should be incorporated into all lessons.

Social Studies Standards				
Geographic Understandings	3	2	1	Notes
Identifies major topographical features of USA SS3G1 a, b	Identifies at least 6 of the features listed to the right.		Identifies 2 or less of the features listed to the right.	Mississippi River, Ohio River, Rio Grande, Colorado River, Hudson River, Appalachian & Rocky Mountains
Uses maps/parts of a map to retrieve information	Applies map and globe skills by using at least 8 of the 9 map components listed to the right.	using 6-7 of the map components	Applies map and globe skills by using 5 or less of the map components listed to the right.	Cardinal Directions, Intermediate Directions, Letter/Number Grid System, Natural/Cultural/Political Features of map, Map Scale,
Historical Understandings	3	2	1	Notes
Relates key people and events to history SS3H2	Explains social barriers, restrictions, and obstacles that all historical figures to the right had to overcome and describes how they overcame thom	Partially explains barriers, restrictions, and obstacles and/or how they overcame them.	Cannot explain or describe the historical figures listed to the right.	Paul Revere, Frederick Douglass, Susan B. Anthony, Mary McLeod Bethune, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Eleanor Roosevelt, Thurgood Marshall, Lyndon B. Johnson, Cesar
Describes locations that impact historical figures SS3G2	Identifies specific locations on a map and can describe the impact the places had on the historical figure.	Identifies specific locations on a map or can describe the impact the places had on the historical figure.	Cannot identify specific locations on a map or describe the impact the places had on the historical figure.	Chavez
Describes positive character traits exhibited in historical figures SS3CG2	Describes positive character traits exhibited in historical figures.	traits exhibited in historical figures.	Cannot describe how the historical figures from SS3H2 display the traits listed to the right.	Cooperation, diligence, liberty, justice, tolerance, freedom of conscience and expression, and respect for and acceptance of authority
Identify influences of Greek architecture SS3H1a	Identifies all 3 Greek influences on present.		Identifies 0-1 of the Greek influences on present.	Architecture (Parthenon vs. Supreme Court) Law, and Olympic Games
Explains roots of democracy SS3H1b, c		Explains roots of democracy <u>OR</u> compares/contrasts the two types of	Cannot explain or compare/contrast democracy	Direct Democracy Representative Democracy
Organizes items chronologically	Organizes items chronologically and analyzes & synthesizes the	Arranges items in chronological order but cannot analyze/synthesize the	Cannot organize items chronologically.	
Economic Understandings	3	2	1	Notes
Describes productive resources SS3E1	Describes at least 3 of the four types of productive resources listed to the right.	Describes 1-2 types of productive resources.	Cannot describe any type of productive resource.	Natural (Land) Human (Labor) Capital (capital goods) Entrepreneurship (used to create goods & services)
	governments provide goods/services	in relation to government and services.	Cannot describe process of taxes in relation to government and services.	goods, services, taxes, schools, libraries, roads, police/fire protection, military
Describes interdependence & trade SS3E3	Identifies & explains interdependence and trade with examples.	·	Cannot identify or explain interdependence or trade.	
Describes the costs and benefits of personal spending and saving choices SS3E4	Describes the costs and benefits of	Partially describes the costs and	Cannot describe costs/benefits of personal spending/saving choices.	
Government/Civic Understandings	3	2	1	Notes
Describes the structure of republican			Cannot identify the structure of government	Separation of power, National, State, Local, Executive, Legislative, Judicial, Congress, General

Science Standards					
Nature of Science	3	2	1	Notes	
Uses the scientific method SSCS1-8	Uses science tools and methods to solve problems	Uses some science tools and methods to solve problems	Does not use science tools and methods to solve problems		
Physical Science	3	2	1	Notes	
Investigates heat energy S3P1	*Categorize the sources of heat energy (burning, rubbing, mixing) *Describes how insulation affects heating and cooling *Describes radiation using scientific vocabulary	*Identifies sources of heat energy *Describes how insulation affects heating or cooling *Identifies energy from the sun	Identifies some sources of heat energy		
Investigates magnets S3P2	*Identifies objects that attract and repel magnets * Describes magnetism using scientific vocabulary (attract, repel, north and south poles)	Identifies objects that attract and repel magnets not using vocabulary	Identifies objects that attract or repel magnets		
Life Science	3	2	1	Notes	
Investigates habitats S3L1	*Investigates Georgia habitats with the animals and plants of each region, naming animals and plants *Explains what will happen to an organism if the habitat is changed	*Differentiates Georgia habitats with the animals and plants of each region *Understands change in habitats	*Identifies Georgia habitats with the animals or plants of each region *Does not understand effects of change in habitats		
Recognizes the effects of pollution S3L2	Explains the effects of pollution to the habitats of plants and animals and identifies ways to protect the environment (conservation and recycling)	Explains the effects of pollution to the habitats of plants and animals or identifies ways to protect the environment	Understands pollution changes the habitats and animals but can not explain		
Earth Science	3	2	1	Notes	
Investigates rocks and minerals S3E1a, b, c	color, texture, hardness)	Classifies some rocks and minerals based on physical properties	Cannot identify the difference between rocks and minerals		
Investigates process of weathering and erosion S3E1d	soil.	Compare and contrast the types of soils using some of the properties. Understands how wind and water change rocks and soils.	Identifies different soils. Identifies weathering or erosion.	Clay, loam, potting soil, and sandy soil	
Investigates fossils S3E2	Using scientific vocabulary can describe how a fossil is formed	Describes in basic terms how fossils are formed	Cannot describe how fossils are formed		
Health Standards					
Health and Personal Safety	3	2	1	Notes	
Demonstrates an understanding of healthy living. QCC		Identifies the components of a healthy lifestyle.	Does not understand the components of a healthy lifestyle.	Notes	
Demonstrates an understanding of personal safety. QCC		Identifies the components of personal safety.	Does not understand the components of personal safety.		