

Key

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

### Pressure Problems Worksheet

Use the formula  $Pressure = \frac{Force}{Area}$  to solve the following problems. Remember: the metric unit for Force is the Newton (N) and the English unit of force is the Pound (lb); the metric unit for Area is the square meter (m<sup>2</sup>) and the English unit is square inch (in<sup>2</sup>) or square foot (ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Solve for Pressure

1.) A box has a weight of 120 lbs and the bottom of the box is 12 in<sup>2</sup>. What is the pressure the box exerts on the floor?

$$P = \frac{120 \text{ lb}}{12 \text{ in}^2} = 10 \text{ psi} \times \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{14.7 \text{ psi}} \times \frac{101325 \text{ Pa}}{1 \text{ atm}} = 69,000 \text{ Pa}$$

2.) A bronze statue weighs 2400 Newtons and has a base that is 4 meters by 1/2 meter. What is the pressure the statue exerts on the floor?

$$a = 4 \times 0.5 = 2 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P = \frac{2400 \text{ N}}{2 \text{ m}^2} = 1200 \text{ Pa}$$

3.) The base of a box is 12 inches by 10 inches. It weighs 360 pounds. What is the pressure exerted on the floor by the box?

$$a = 12 \text{ in} \times 10 \text{ in} = 120 \text{ in}^2$$

$$P = \frac{360 \text{ lb}}{120 \text{ in}^2} = 3 \text{ lb/in}^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{14.7 \text{ psi}} \times \frac{101325 \text{ Pa}}{1 \text{ atm}} = 21,000 \text{ Pa}$$

#### Solve for Force (weight)

4.) What is the weight of an object that has a base which is 3 square inches and which exerts a pressure of 21 pounds per square inch?

$$P = \frac{F}{A} \quad A = \frac{F}{P} \quad 21 \text{ psi} = \frac{F}{3 \text{ in}^2} = 63 \text{ lb} \times \frac{4.45 \text{ N}}{1 \text{ lb}} = 280 \text{ N}$$

$$F = P \times A$$

5.) What does a car weigh if its tires cover an area of 4 square feet and each tire exerts a pressure of 1000 pounds per square foot on the ground?

$$4000 \text{ psf} = \frac{F}{4 \text{ ft}^2}$$

TOTAL  $P = 4000 \text{ psi}$

$$F = 16,000 \text{ pounds} \times \frac{4.45 \text{ N}}{1 \text{ lb}} = 71,000 \text{ N}$$

6.) To pop a balloon you stab it with a pencil. If the area of the pencil tip is  $.001 \text{ in}^2$  and the pressure applied by the pencil to the balloon is  $10 \text{ lbs/in}^2$ , how hard (what force) must you push on the pencil to make the balloon pop?

$$10 \text{ psi} = \frac{F}{.001 \text{ in}^2}$$

$$F = .01 \text{ lb} \times \frac{4.45 \text{ N}}{1 \text{ lb}} =$$

$$.045 \text{ N}$$

### Solve for Area

7.) A round tube weighs  $30 \text{ lbs}$ . If the tube is stood on end it pushes down on the floor with a pressure of  $2 \text{ lbs/in}^2$ . How many square inches is the end of the tube?

$$2 \text{ psi} = \frac{30 \text{ lb}}{a}$$

$$15 \text{ in}^2$$

8.) The pressure a box pushes down on the floor is  $50 \text{ lbs/in}^2$ . If the box weighs  $400 \text{ lbs}$  what is the area of the base of the box?

$$50 \text{ psi} = \frac{400 \text{ lb}}{a}$$

$$a = 8 \text{ in}^2$$

9.) A motorcycle weighs  $1500 \text{ lbs}$ . If the pressure the tires exert on the road is  $150 \text{ lbs per square inch}$  what is the area of the tire in contact with the road. (hint: there are two tires)

$$150 \text{ psi} = \frac{1500 \text{ lb}}{a}$$

$$a = 10 \text{ in}^2 / 2$$

$$= 5.0 \text{ in}^2$$

In the next 3 problems it is up to you to determine what you are solving for.

10.) If the inside of a container has a surface area of  $20 \text{ in}^2$ , what will be the pressure on each square inch of the container if  $117.6 \text{ pounds}$  of force are applied to the container?

$$P = \frac{117.6 \text{ lb}}{20 \text{ in}^2} = 5.88 \text{ psi} \times \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{14.7 \text{ psi}} \times \frac{101325 \text{ Pa}}{1 \text{ atm}} =$$

$$40,500 \text{ Pa}$$

11.) A box that is  $2 \text{ in} \times 2 \text{ in} \times 2 \text{ in}$  size would need to weigh how much in order to create a pressure of  $32 \text{ lbs/in}^2$  on the floor.

$$32 \text{ psi} = \frac{F}{4 \text{ in}^2}$$

$$F = 128 \text{ lb} \times \frac{4.45 \text{ N}}{1 \text{ lb}} =$$

$$570 \text{ N}$$

12.) A woman walking in high heels can damage a hardwood floor by making small dimples in the floor since her weight is concentrated on such a small area (the tip of the high heel). If the woman weighs  $100 \text{ lbs}$  and the tip of the high heel is  $1/15 \text{ in}^2$  what is the pressure exerted on the floor by her high heel?

$$P = \frac{100 \text{ lb}}{\frac{1}{15} \text{ in}^2} = 1500 \text{ psi} \times \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{14.7 \text{ psi}} \times \frac{101325 \text{ Pa}}{1 \text{ atm}} =$$

$$10,300,000 \text{ Pa}$$