10-2 Populations and Sample

			Group about whi	ch info is gathered.			
	population rather than just a sample.						
	•	Example: surveying travel time by asking people you meet is a sample .	everyone at school is a c	ensus (of the school) but asking only the first 50			
			lation is chosen to	get information about the whole			
ро	pulation		nation by individual	samples so as to learn about the whole			
thi	ing.	To gather inform	nation by individual	samples so as to learn about the whole			
_			Characteristics:				
	• A_	A is a characteristic of a population.					
	-	 For example, say you want to know the mean income of the subscribers to a particular magazine—a parameter of a population. 					
	• A_	A is a characteristic of a sample.					
		Sampling Methods Video:					
1.	Who uses statistics?,,,,,						
2.	What is	s the purpose of statistics?					
3.	When a	a people have a strong preferen	ce for	, we say they			
		are toward that point of view.					
4.	When p	people present or interpret data	in a	way to achieve a particular			
	purpos	e, we say they are	data.				
5.	What a	What are the two ways data can be manipulated?,					
6. What was Makaha researching?							
7.	What questions should be asked before collecting data?						
	1.			3			
	2.			4			
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8.	Data	that is not biased is fair to	·			
9.	Who	were the people affected by the school unifo	rms?,,,			
10.	Your	survey needs to be	of the population			
11.	The r	ules of sampling are:				
	1.	The sample must be				
		i. About what percentage of the popula	ation should you include in your survey?			
	2.	Ensure that each group is				
	3.	The ideal sample size depends on how ma	ny groups of people			
		with expected response	es there are in the			
12.	. Why o	couldn't Makaha ask only his friends about u	niforms?			
13.	Descr	ribe two examples of collecting data random	y shown in the video.			
14.	When	n using a representative sample you should:				
		Choose an appropriate				
	2.	Use a	if there are identifiable groups in the			
		population				
	3.	Select a sample.				
		Tunes of Somm	Jac wayiayy			
		Types of Samp	iles review			
		Consists of individu				
	tha		als from the population chosen in such a way ce to be part of the sample actually collected.			
	does not fairly represent the population.					
	• A	is adily available. (Just passing by)	based on members of the population that are			
	•		le who chose themselves. d to questions have strong opinions, often negative ones vell.			