Summer Reading Guide AP Psychology: Opening Skinner's Box (Chapters 1-8), Lauren Slater

- You MUST read the first eight chapters in this book AND watch the corresponding YouTube videos. These short videos can be used before or after the chapter, but you will be responsible for both the book and the videos.
- Please answer the following questions that go along with each chapter. This will be collected and graded.

CHAPTER ONE: OPENING SKINNER'S BOX, BF SKINNER'S RAT RACE

Note in this chapter: Do not confuse the "baby in the box" with a Skinner box!

READ THE CHAPTER AND WATCH: BF Skinner shapes a pigeon with reinforcement/reward. The light goes on when he gives it food. It's on YouTube. Search for "BF Skinner Foundation - Pigeon Turn"

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TtfQlkGwE2U

QUESTIONS:

- What was the connection Skinner made with behavior and reward (reinforcement)?
- What did Skinner try to prove about human behavior by using rats?
- What did Skinner think about the concept of "free will"?

Using the chapter and the video, **describe Skinner's three main beliefs about BEHAVIOR**. Yes, he studied rats and pigeons, but what is he saying about all behavior, including humans?

CHAPTER TWO: OBSCURA, STANLEY MILGRAM AND OBEDIENCE TO AUTHORITY

READ THE CHAPTER AND WATCH: The real Stanley Milgram and real footage of the experiment in the YouTube video "Milgram Obedience Study." The video is 9 minutes and 54 seconds, but **you only have to watch from 1:31 to 9:00**. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W147ybOdapE

Questions:

- How often did his test subjects go all the way through to the most shocks?
- How was deception used in his method of experimentation?
- Even though no one actually was shocked, what might be considered unethical in this experiment?
- What does Milgram prove about how humans respond to authority?

Using the chapter and the video, **list the three most important ideas from Milgram's experiment about OBEDIENCE**. In other words, list the three most important conclusions about human behavior that came from this experiment.

CHAPTER THREE: ON BEING SANE IN INSANE PLACES

QUESTIONS:

- What was the Rosenhan's purpose of his deception?
- Why do you think the patients were able to tell the fakers better than the trained psychologists?

Using the chapter, what are **the three most important lessons** we can learn from this experiment.

CHAPTER FOUR: IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT OF A WATER LANDING, DARLEY AND LATANE

READ THE CHAPTER AND WATCH: Find "the smoke filled room study" on YouTube and be able to explain what is going on. There is no sound in the video and the subjects did not know they were being filmed.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KE5YwN4NW5o

QUESTIONS:

- How was the Kitty Genovese case an example of the "bystander effect" (also known as "diffusion of responsibility")?
- Explain how each of Darley and Latane's experiments: (1) the fake seizure and (2) the smoke filled room help explain the bystander effect and diffusion of responsibility.
- In each of the previous experiments, they used actors, which are called confederates, to pretend that they were in the experiment, just like the subject. Why did they need actors instead of just other subjects?

CHAPTER FIVE: QUIETING THE MIND, THE EXPERIMENTS OF LEON FESTINGER

READ THE CHAPTER AND WATCH: Cognitive dissonance is a difficult concept, so go to YouTube and watch the video "Cognitive Dissonance - Psychology Photo Story Project by Bill Hsiao"

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DHNe54qXxL0

AND the video "A Lesson in Cognitive Dissonance" http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=korGK0yGIDo

QUESTIONS:

- Cognitive dissonance is the conflict one has when their actions do not match their beliefs. Think of it as *justifying* your behavior.
- Try to explain how each example in the book relates to cognitive dissonance:
 - > The Sanada cult when the Great Event didn't actually occur.
 - ➤ When Audrey's mom Linda gets cancer, but is not cured by Audrey.
 - Festinger's experiments with \$1 and \$20 to get someone to lie.

CHAPTER SIX: MONKEY LOVE, HARRY HARLOW'S PRIMATES

READ THE CHAPTER AND WATCH: Please go to YouTube and watch "Food or Security? Harlow's study on monkeys' attachment"

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hsA5Sec6dAl

QUESTIONS:

- What does Harlow prove, using monkeys, about raising a child?
- Why would Harlow's methods be considered unethical?

Obviously, Harlow's research was done to learn about humans. Although he used monkeys, what are three main important findings from Harlow's research? Use the chapter and the video.

CHAPTER SEVEN: RAT PARK, THE RADICAL ADDICTION EXPERIMENT

READ THE CHAPTER AND WATCH: Please go to YouTube and watch "Living Genomics: Nature vs Nurture"

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3AIHC4PNCak

QUESTIONS:

- During this year, we will discuss the difference between NATURE and NURTURE. Please write down the arguments for each as it pertains to drug addiction.
 - o NATURE: It's in your genes and your biology. Your brain and your body are hardwired for it. What arguments in this chapter relate to drug addiction and NATURE?
 - o NURTURE: How you are raised, your environment, your parents, your friends. What arguments in this chapter relate to drug addiction and NURTURE?

CHAPTER EIGHT: LOST IN THE MALL, THE FALSE MEMORY EXPERIMENT

READ THE CHAPTER AND WATCH: Loftus explains her research on the YouTube video "False memories - Lost in a shopping mall - Elizabeth Loftus" http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PQr_IJvYzbA

QUESTIONS:

Why is Elizabeth Loftus' research important for crime investigations?

Memories play a very important part of out life. Please list and explain the three most important conclusions from Loftus on our memory.

You are now finished with the assignment and the book. You do not have to read chapters nine and ten. Please be ready to discuss the book when school begins.

If you have any questions, please email me bmazur@paulding.k12.ga.us or coachmazur13@gmail.com