

# WORKING WITH RIGID TRANSFORMATIONS

# LEARNING GOAL



- I can describe a transformation that takes given points to another set of points.

# 17.1 MATH TALK: FROM HERE TO THERE

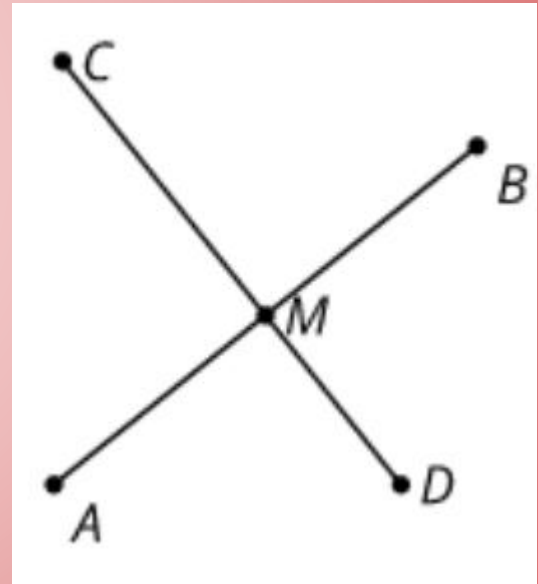
Segment  $CD$  is the perpendicular bisector of segment  $AB$ . Find each transformation mentally.

A transformation that takes  $A$  to  $B$ .

A transformation that takes  $B$  to  $A$ .

A transformation that takes  $C$  to  $D$ .

A transformation that takes  $D$  to  $C$ .

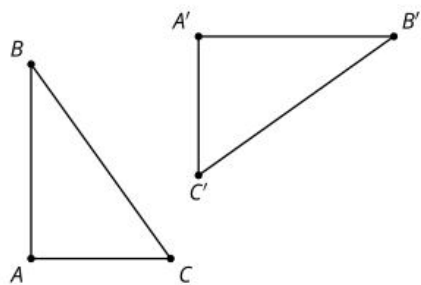


# 17.2 CARD SORT: HOW DID THIS GET THERE?

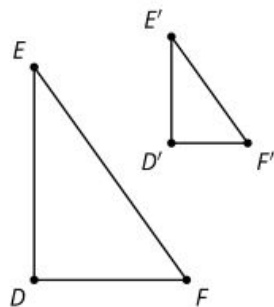
1. Your teacher will give you a set of cards that show transformations of figures.
  - a. Sort the cards into categories of your choosing. Be prepared to explain the meaning of your categories.
  - b. Then sort the cards into categories in a different way. Be prepared to explain the meaning of your new categories.
1. For each card with a rigid transformation: write a sequence of rotations, translations, and reflections to get from the original figure to the image. Be precise.

**Work with your partner to  
complete your poster.**

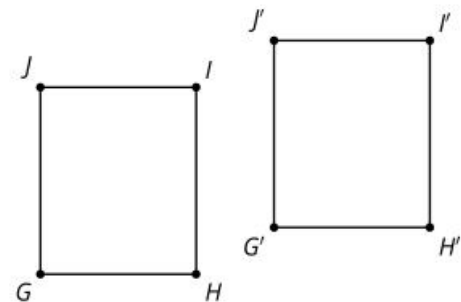
Card 1



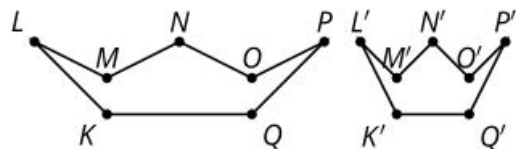
Card 2



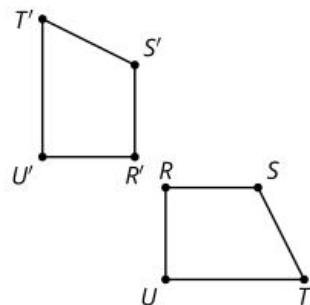
Card 3



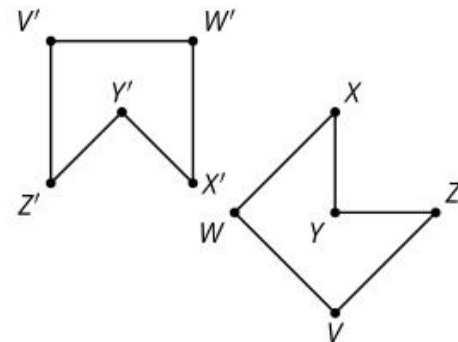
Card 4



Card 5

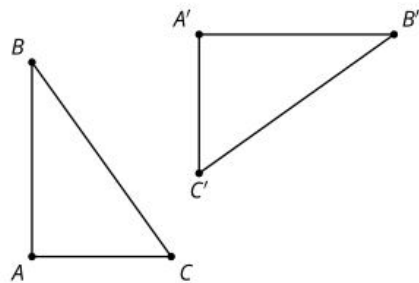


Card 6



# ACTIVITY SYNTHESIS

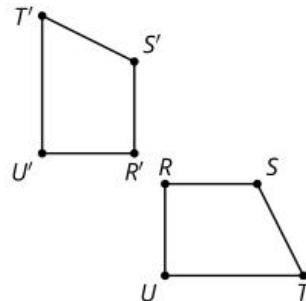
Card 1



How can we translate by the directed line segment from  $C$  to  $C'$ , and then rotate by the angle formed at vertex  $C$ ?

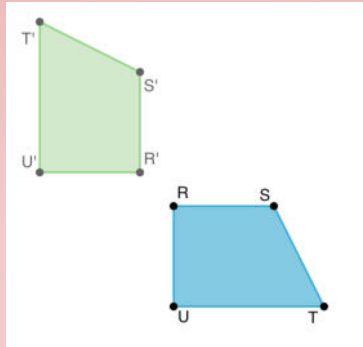
How is Card 5 transformed?

Card 5



# 17.3 REFLECTING ON REFLECTION

*Work quietly, then compare with your partner.*



Diego says, "I see why a reflection could take  $RSTU$  to  $R'S'T'U'$ , but I'm not sure where the line of reflection is. I'll just guess."

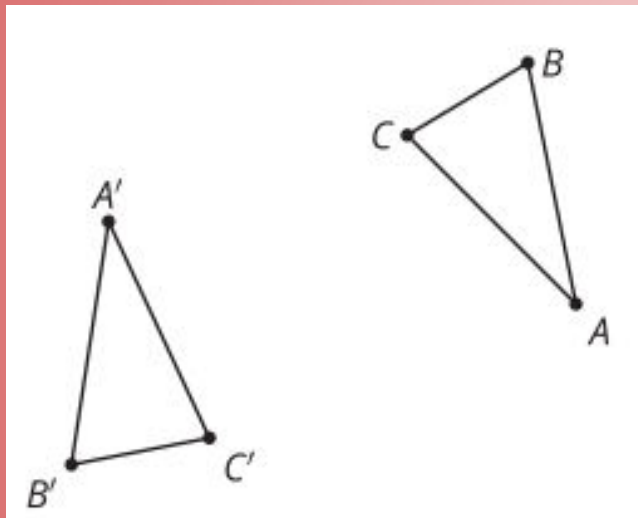
1. How could Diego see that a reflection could work without knowing where the line of reflection is?
2. How could Diego find an exact line of reflection that would work?

# ACTIVITY SYNTHESIS

SHARE YOUR RESPONSES



# LESSON SYNTHESIS



- Which triangle is the original and which is the image?
- What would be a sequence of transformations that would take triangle ABC onto triangle A'B'C'?
- Explain how you know the image of A coincides with A' .
- Would that sequence work just for this one pair of congruent triangles, or would it work for other pairs of congruent triangles, too?