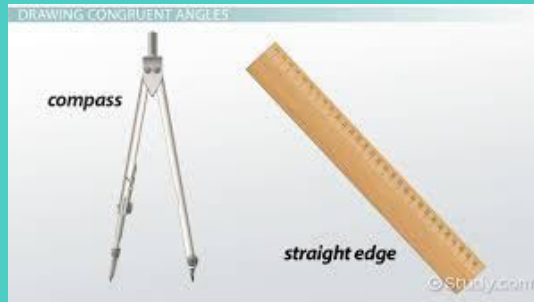


Lesson 1: Build It

Lesson Summary

Constructing Geometric Figures:

- The tools to use are a straightedge and a compass.



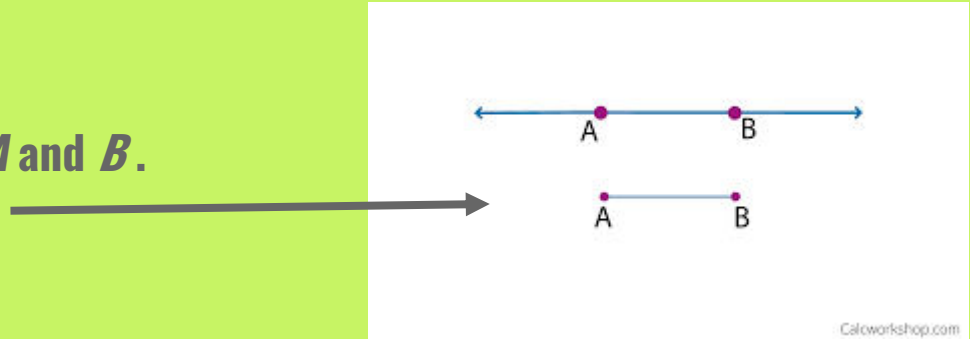
- These tools allow us to create precise drawings that someone else could copy exactly.

We use the straightedge to draw a **line segment**.

line segment: is a set of points on a line with 2 endpoints.

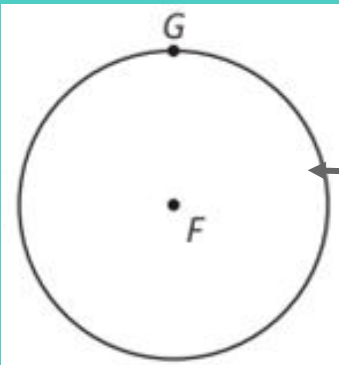
We name a segment by its endpoints.

Here is segment AB , with endpoints A and B .




We use the compass to draw a **circle**.

Circle: is the set of all points the same distance from the center.



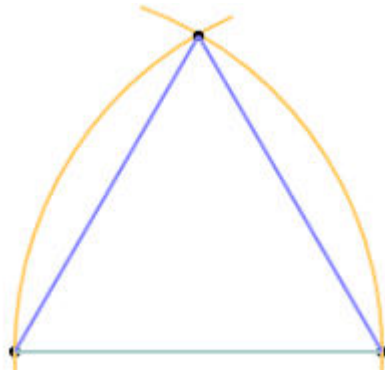
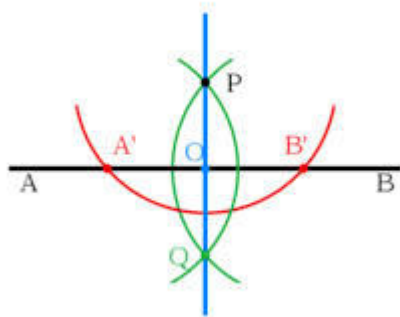
We describe a circle by naming its center and radius.

Here is the circle centered at F with radius FG .



Early mathematicians noticed that certain properties of shapes were true regardless of how large or small they were.

Constructions were used as a way to investigate what has to be true in geometry without referring to numbers or direct measurements.



The point of intersection between \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} , M , is the midpoint of \overline{AB} .

