

Legislative Branch Assessment (CG2)

- The General Assembly is organized into the (CG2a)
 - State Court & Magistrate Court
 - Insurance Commission & Senate
 - Secretary of State and House of Representatives
 - Senate and House of Representatives
- In Georgia's legislative branch of government, what is the responsibility of the General Assembly?
 - To interpret laws
 - To make laws
 - To enforce laws
 - To keep the peace
- The presiding officer in Georgia's House of Representatives is the...
 - Lt. Governor
 - Committee Leader
 - Vice-President
 - Speaker of the House
- Which of the following **BEST** describes the process for a bill to become a law?
 - The bill is approved by the governor, sent to the Senate for approval, and is finalized by the House of Representatives.
 - The bill is sent to a special committee, approved by both houses of the General Assembly, and sent to the Governor for approval.
 - The bill is sent to the House of Representatives first, approved and sent to the Senate, and then sent to the Governor for approval.
 - A special committee approves the bill, sends it to the governor and, if approved, is sent to the General Assembly.
- It take a _____ majority of members in each house to override a governor's veto.
 - two-thirds
 - three-fourths
 - one-half
 - five-eighths
- Which of the following is *not* a duty of Georgia legislators?
 - oversee the executive branch of government
 - serve as a custodian of the Georgia constitution
 - oversee Georgia local governments
 - determine if laws are constitutional
- To be elected to the General Assembly, both representatives and senators must be U.S. citizens, Georgia residents for _____ years, and legal residents of their districts for _____ years.
 - two; one
 - three; two
 - three; three
 - four; two
- Groups in the legislature that are organized to work on bills dealing with specific subjects are called...
 - standing committees.
 - party caucuses.
 - interest groups.
 - special-subject caucuses
- Before a bill can become law, a _____ of members in the General Assembly must approve the exact same version of the bill.
 - minority
 - plurality
 - majority
 - voice vote
- What are appropriation bills?
 - Bills that raise taxes and spend money
 - Bills only the President can veto
 - Bills handled by Georgia's Senate
 - Bill handled by the judicial branch
- How often are members elected to Georgia's General Assembly?
 - 3 years
 - 4 years
 - 2 years
 - 6 years

12. How many work days does the yearly legislative session last?
- a. It lasts 11 years
 - b. 180 days
 - c. 40 days
 - d. 56 days
13. If the governor takes no action on a bill, it
- a. dies
 - b. becomes law without a signature
 - c. Is sent to the people for a vote
 - d. goes back to the legislature
14. The state legislative session begins each year in...
- a. January
 - b. July
 - c. November
 - d. April
15. Georgia's legislature is officially known as the
- a. Congress
 - b. State House of Government
 - c. State Legislature
 - d. General Assembly
16. What must happen to a bill before it can be brought up for a vote in the House or in the Senate?
- a. The governor must approve the bill
 - b. The Georgia State Supreme Court must agree. None of these things have to happen
 - c. All bills must be reviewed by a committee