Solving Inequalities





An *inequality* is like an equation, but instead of an equal sign (=) it has one of these signs:

- < : less than
- \leq : less than or equal to
 - > : greater than
- \geq : greater than or equal to

What do Inequalities mean?

• A mathematical sentence that uses one of the inequality symbols to state the relationship between two quantities.

Graphing Inequalities

- When we graph an inequality on a number line we use open and closed circles to represent the number.
 - Plot an open circle \bigcirc Plot a closed circle \bigcirc

x < 5

means that whatever value *x* has, it must be less than 5.

Try to name ten numbers that are less than 5!

Numbers less than 5 are to the left of 5 on the number line.



- If you said 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3, etc., you are right.
- There are also numbers in between the integers, like 2.5, 1/2, -7.9, etc.
- The number 5 would *not* be a correct answer, though, because 5 is not less than 5.

$x \ge -2$

means that whatever value *x* has, it must be greater than <u>or</u> equal to -2.

Try to name ten numbers that are greater than or equal to

Numbers greater than -2 are to the right of -2 on the number line.

- If you said -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, etc., you are right.
- There are also numbers in between the integers, like -1/2, 0.2, 3.1, 5.5, etc.
- The number -2 *would also* be a correct answer, because of the phrase, "or equal to".

Solving an Inequality

- Follow the same rules and steps that we used to solve an equation.
- Always undo addition or subtraction first, then multiplication.
- Remember whatever is done to one side of the inequality must be done to the other side. The goal is to get the variable by itself.

Solve an Inequality



All numbers less than 3 are solutions to this problem!





More Examples



More Examples



Your Turn....

Solve the inequality and graph the answer. 1. x > -71. x + 3 > -42. d > 42. 6d > 24 3. x < 113. 2x - 8 < 144. c < 34. 2c - 4 < 2

One Difference

• There is one difference between solving an equation and in inequality.

- If you multiply or divide **BY** a negative number you must reverse the inequality.
- We will look closer at this as a class.