HOW TO READ A...Delaware English Language Arts Literacy Concept Organizer

The ELA Literacy Concept Organizers* were created to assist teachers in aligning their instruction to the Common Core State Standards in ELA. These ELA Literacy Concept Organizers are <u>not</u> replacements for teachers' individual units. They are deconstructions of the Common Core State Standards. These Literacy Concept Organizers are a resource from which teachers can select appropriate *Knowledge*, *Understandings*, and *Dos* to develop their own unit(s) of instruction. *Knowledge*: Refers to information such as vocabulary terms, definitions, and facts that may or may not need explicit instruction, however, are the foundation on which the lesson will be built. *Understandings*: Refers to the important ideas, principles, and generalizations that allow students to make connections and see patterns and relationships among content. These are the goals of the instruction, outcomes you expect to achieve.

Dos: Refers to demonstration of skills. These are the skills that require explicit instruction. By the completion of a lesson/unit, students should have mastered the selected skill(s).

GRADE 1-Key Ideas and Details Informational Reading Standard 1

The shaded areas

highlight both the College

and Career Readiness

Anchor Reading Standard

Key Ideas and Details and

the CCSS for the grade

College and Career Readiness (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard Key Ideas and Details (1): Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

				1	evel indicated.				
		CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Standard 1 (Informational)							
This arrow	Grade K: With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	Grade 1: Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	Grade 2: Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why and how to demonstrate		This arrow				
indicates the CCSS of grade level prior to the			understanding of key details in the text.		indicates the CCSS of grade level above the				
grade level you	KNOW	UNDERSTAND	DO	,	grade level you				
are working.	(Factual)	(Conceptual)	(Procedural, Application and		are working.				
This allows you			Extended Thinking)		This allows you				
to see the	• Texts	 Authors include key details in 	Make reasonable predictions as		to see the				
progression of	Questions	informational texts which can help	they read		progression of				
from grade to	Answers	a reader ask and answer questions.	• Use information from the text and		from grade to				
grade.	Key details		background knowledge to make	\searrow	grade.				
	Predictions	Good readers know a question is	inferences						
	Inferences	different from a statement and	• Ask and answer questions which	The Kn	0W				
These recursive	 Background knowledge 	requires an answer.	begin with who, what, where,	Understar					
strategies are		•	when why, and how	<u>Do</u> column					
the basic	• 5 W's + H questions (who, what	,	• Ask and answer questions about	to the sh					
reading	where, when, why and how)		key details in a text	grade le					
strategies that	CSS – Grade Specific Reading In	formational Standard 10 (Grade 1)	key details in a text	grade le	evel.				
students must		CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Informational Standard 10 (Grade 1) With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.							
know and use to	with prompting and support, read in	ormational texts appropriately complex for gr							
become	Informational Text-Literary Nonfi	ction and Historical Scientific and Technic	eal Texts						
successful	Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including								
readers. Some of the strategies									
are not explicitly	directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics Reading Recursive Strategies:								
stated in the	 Assimilating prior knowledge 								
Common Core	 Rereading to clarify information 								
State Standards									
for ELA.		 Making and revising predictions Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions 							
	 Osing critical and circle cut diministration assumption knowledge to critical one of the circle shows of the circ								
	These recursive strategies are the basic reading strategies that students must know and use to become successful readers. Some of the strategies are not explicitly stated in the Common Core								
<u> </u>	State Standards for ELA.								



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GRADE 9-10-Craft and Structure <u>Informational</u> Reading Standard 7

College and Career Ready (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard (7):									
Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.									
CCSS – Grade Level Reading Standard 7 (Informational)									
Grade 8 : Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.		Grade 9-10: Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account.		Grade 11-12: Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.					
Know (Factual)		Understand		Do					
		(Conceptual)		(Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking)					
 Characteristics of an analysis Emphasis Compare/contrast Text and media topic/message Author's purpose /intention Audiences' needs Media formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) Media types (e.g., print and digital sources, audio, video, live, multimedia, documentary, podcast) 	•	 written and visual text choose details to present a particular topic or idea relevant for a specific audience and purpose. Good readers' and viewers' understandings and perceptions of a topic or idea are affected by the ways in which information or details are selectively presented. 	•	Compare how different text/media present information about the same subject Identify aspects of text/media that reveal an author's purpose/intention Analyze the details included (and excluded) in different versions of an account Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account					

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

CCSS- Grade Specific Reading Standard 10 (Grade 9)

By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 9-10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

CCSS- Grade Specific Reading Standard 10 (Grade 10)

By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

Reading Recursive Strategies:

- Assimilating prior knowledge
- $\circ \qquad \text{Rereading to clarify information} \\$
- Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary
- Making and revising predictions
 Using critical and divergent think
 - Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions
- Making connections and responding to text

These recursive strategies are the basic reading strategies that students must know and use to become successful readers. Some of the strategies are not explicitly stated in the Common Core State Standards for ELA.