HOW TO READ A...Delaware English Language Arts Literacy Concept Organizer

The ELA Literacy Concept Organizers* were created to assist teachers in aligning their instruction to the Common Core State Standards in ELA. These ELA Literacy Concept Organizers are <u>not</u> replacements for teachers' individual units. They are deconstructions of the Common Core State Standards. These Literacy Concept Organizers are a resource from which teachers can select appropriate *Knowledge*, *Understandings*, and *Dos* to develop their own unit(s) of instruction. *Knowledge*: Refers to information such as vocabulary terms, definitions, and facts that may or may not need explicit instruction, however, are the foundation on which the lesson will be built. *Understandings:* Refers to the important ideas, principles, and generalizations that allow students to make connections and see patterns and relationships among content. These are the goals of the instruction, outcomes you expect to achieve.

Dos: Refers to demonstration of skills. These are the skills that require explicit instruction. By the completion of a lesson/unit, students should have mastered the selected skill(s). The shaded areas **GRADE 1-Key Ideas and Details** highlight both the College **Informational Reading Standard 1** and Career Readiness College and Career Readiness (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard Key Ideas and Details (1): Read closely to determine **Anchor Reading Standard** what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking Kev Ideas and Details and to support conclusions drawn from the text. the CCSS for the grade level indicated. CCSS - Grade Specific Reading Standard 1 (Informational) Grade K: With prompting and Grade 1: Ask and answer questions Grade 2: Ask and answer such support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. questions as who, what, where, when, This arrow This arrow about key details in a text. why and how to demonstrate indicates the indicates the understanding of key details in the text. CCSS of grade CCSS of grade level prior to the level above the **KNOW** UNDERSTAND DO grade level vou grade level vou are working. (Factual) (Conceptual) (Procedural, Application and are working. Extended Thinking) This allows you This allows you to see the to see the Texts Authors include key details in Make reasonable predictions as . progression of informational texts which can help progression of Ouestions they read from grade to from grade to a reader ask and answer questions. • Use information from the text and Answers grade. background knowledge to make grade. Key details Good readers know a question is inferences . Predictions different from a statement and Ask and answer questions which • Inferences The Know, requires an answer. begin with who, what, where, Background knowledge Understand and These recursive when why, and how Do columns align strategies are 5 W's + H questions (who, what, Ask and answer questions about the basic ٠ to the shaded where, when, why and how) reading key details in a text grade level. strategies that CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Informational Standard 10 (Grade 1) students must With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1. know and use to become Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts successful Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including readers. Some directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics of the strategies **Reading Recursive Strategies:** are not explicitly Assimilating prior knowledge stated in the 0 Rereading to clarify information 0 Common Core Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary 0 State Standards Making and revising predictions 0 for ELA. Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions 0 Making connections and responding to text 0

These recursive strategies are the basic reading strategies that students must know and use to become successful readers. Some of the strategies are not explicitly stated in the Common Core State Standards for ELA.



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GRADE 6-Craft and Structure Informational Reading Standard 4

College and Career Ready (CCR) Anchor Literary Reading Standard (4): Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

CCSS – Grade Level Reading Standard 4 (Literary)		
Grade 5: Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area. Know (Factual)	Grade 6: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. Understand (Conceptual)	Grade 7: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. Do (Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking)
 Informational text Word choice Context clues Literal/ Denotative meaning Connotative meaning Technical meaning Figurative or non-literal meaning (e.g., simile, metaphor, personification, hyperbole) Tone 	 Authors make purposeful choices to achieve an intended effect within informational text(s). Good readers actively seek the meaning of unknown words/phrases to deepen their understanding of informational text(s). 	 Read and reread other sentences, paragraphs, and non-linguistic images in the text to identify context clues Use context clues to help unlock the meaning of unknown words/phrases Determine the appropriate definition of words that have more than one meaning Differentiate between literal and non-literal meaning Identify and interpret figurative language Explain how figurative language enhances and extends meaning Explain the impact of specific language choices by the author Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

CCSS- Grade Specific Reading Standard 10 (Grade 6)

By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

Reading Recursive Strategies:

- Assimilating prior knowledge
- Rereading to clarify information
- Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary
- Making and revising predictions
 Using critical and divergent think
 - Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions
- Making connections and responding to text

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