# Grade 4 Module 7

.

a a

#### 1. Complete the tables.

a.

| Yards | Feet |
|-------|------|
| 1     | 3    |
| 4     | 12   |
| 10    | 30   |

b.

| Feet | Inches |
|------|--------|
| 1    | 12     |
| 3    | 36     |
| 9    | 108    |

C.

| Yards | Inches |
|-------|--------|
| 1     | 36     |
| 2     | 72     |
| 4     | 144    |

1 yard = 3 feet. I multiplythe number of yards by 3 to find the number of feet.

1 foot = 12 inches. I multiplythe number of feet by 12 to find the number of inches.

1 yard = 3 feet, and1 foot = 12 inches. Tofind the number of inches in 1 yard, I can multiply,  $3 \times 12 = 36$ . Now I multiply the number of yards by 36 to find the number of inches.

#### 2. Solve.

a. 3 yards 2 inches = \_\_\_\_\_ inches

There are 36 inches in 1 yard.  $3 \times 36$  inches = 108 inches.

12 yards 4 feet = \_\_\_40\_\_\_ feet

There are 3 feet in 1 yard.  $12 \times 3$  feet = 36 feet.

 $3 \text{ yards } 1 \text{ foot} = \underline{120}$  inches

I can solve this two ways: Convert yards and feet to inches, or convert yards to feet and then feet to inches.

Lesson 1;

Create conversion tables for length, weight, and capacity units using measurement tools, and use the tables to solve problems.

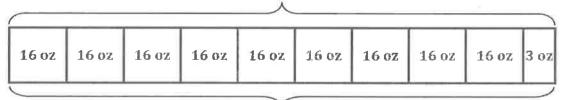
3. Complete the table.

| Pounds | Ounces |
|--------|--------|
| 1      | 16     |
| 3      | 48     |
| 5      | 80     |

1 pound = 16 ounces. I multiply the number of pounds by 16 to find the number of ounces.

4. Ronald's cat weighs 9 pounds 3 ounces. How many ounces does his cat weigh?

#### 9 pounds 3 ounces



T

1 unit: 16 ounces

9 units: 144 ounces

T = 144 ounces + 3 ounces

T = 147 ounces

Ronald's cat weighs 147 ounces.

1 6 × 9 1 4 4 I can draw a tape diagram with 9 units of 16 ounces and 1 unit of 3 ounces because the cat weighs 9 pounds 3 ounces and each pound equals 16 ounces.

I can multiply  $9 \times 16$  to find the number of ounces in 9 pounds. Then I can add 3 more ounces to find the total number of ounces.

5. Answer *true* or *false* for the following statement. If the statement is false, change the right side of the comparison to make it true.

2,001 grams

1 kilogram = 1,000 grams

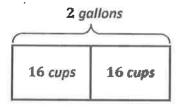
 $2 \times 1,000 \text{ grams} = 2,000 \text{ grams}$ 

2 kilograms = 2,000 grams

The statement is false because 2,000 grams is not less than 1,900 grams. The number on the right has to be greater than 2,000.

Use the RDW process to solve Problems 1 and 2.

1. Lucy buys 2 gallons of milk. How many cups of milk does she have?



I can draw a tape diagram with 2 units of 16 cups because Lucy bought 2 gallons of milk and each gallon is the same as 16 cups.

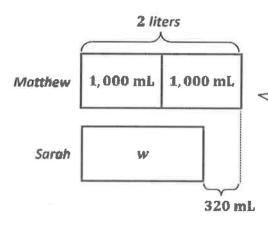
1 unit: 16 cups

2 units:  $2 \times 16$  cups = 32 cups

Lucy has 32 cups of milk.

I multiply  $2 \times 16$  cups to find the number of cups in 2 gallons.

2. Matthew drank 2 liters of water today, which was 320 milliliters more water than Sarah drank today. How much water did Sarah drink today?



I draw tape diagrams to represent the amount of water Matthew and Sarah drank. Matthew's tape diagram is longer than Sarah's because he drank 320 more milliliters of water than she did.

1 L = 1,000 mL

2 L = 2,000 mL

 $w = 2,000 \,\mathrm{mL} - 320 \,\mathrm{mL}$ 

w = 1,680 mL

Sarah drank 1,680 mL of water today.

I convert the amount of water Matthew drank, 2 liters, into milliliters. Then, I subtract from 2,000 mL the excess amount of water that Matthew drank, which is 320 mL. This tells me how much water Sarah drank.



Lesson 2:

Create conversion tables for length, weight, and capacity units using measurement tools, and use the tables to solve problems.

3. Complete the tables.

а.

| Gallons | Quarts |
|---------|--------|
| 1       | 4      |
| 3       | 12     |
| 5       | 20     |

b.

| Quarts | Pints |
|--------|-------|
| 1      | 2     |
| 4      | 8     |
| 8      | 16    |

1 gallon = 4 quarts. I multiply the number of gallons by 4 to find the number of quarts.

1 quart = 2 pints. I multiply the number of quarts by 2 to find the number of pints.

- 4. Solve.
  - a. 5 gallons 3 quarts = 23 quarts

There are 4 quarts in 1 gallon.  $5 \times 4$  quarts = 20 quarts.

b. 25 gallons 2 quarts = 408\_

I can solve this two ways: Convert gallons and quarts to cups, or convert gallons to quarts and then all quarts to cups.

cups

5. Answer true or false for the following statement. If your answer is false, make the statement true by correcting the right side of the comparison.

false

2 quarts 1 cup

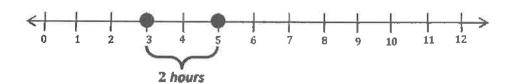
$$2 pints = 1 quart$$

$$3 \times 2$$
 pints = 6 pints

The statement is false because 6 pints is not greater than 6 pints 1 cup. The number on the right has to be less than 3 quarts.

Use RDW to solve Problem 1.

1. Benjamin's football practice ends at 5:00 p.m. If practice starts at 3:00 p.m., how many minutes long is practice? Use the number line to show your work.



1 hour = 60 minutes

2 hours = 120 minutes

I plot the times on the number line. Then, I convert the hours to minutes.

Benjamin's practice lasts for 120 minutes.

2. Complete the following conversion tables.

a.

| Hours | Minutes |
|-------|---------|
| 1     | 60      |
| 3     | 180     |
| 6     | 360     |

b.

| Days | Hours |
|------|-------|
| 1    | 24    |
| 2    | 48    |
| 4    | 96    |

1 hour = 60 minutes

I multiply the number of hours by 60 to find the number of minutes.

1 day = 24 hours

I multiply the number of days by 24 to find the number of hours.

- 3. Solve.
  - a. 9 hours 20 minutes = <u>560</u> minutes

There are 60 minutes in 1 hour.  $9 \times 60$  minutes = 540 minutes.

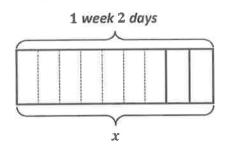
b. 5 minutes 45 seconds = 345 seconds <

There are 60 seconds in 1 minute.  $5 \times 60$  seconds = 300 seconds.

c. 3 days 15 hours = **87** hours

There are 24 hours in 1 day.  $3 \times 24$  hours = 72 hours.

4. In the 1860s, it took a steamship about 1 week 2 days to cross the Atlantic Ocean. How many hours are there in 1 week 2 days?



I can draw a tape diagram to represent 1 week 2 days. I know that there are 7 days in 1 week, so 1 week 2 days = 9 days. I can partition my tape diagram into 9 units to represent 9 days.

1 unit: 1 day = 24 hours

9 units:  $9 \times 24$  hours = 216 hours

x = 216 hours

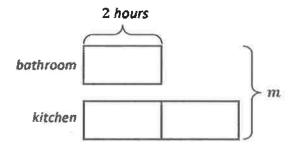
I can multiply  $9 \times 24$  to find the total number of hours in 9 days, or 1 week 2 days.

There are 216 hours in 1 week 2 days.

6

Use RDW to solve the following problems.

1. Rebecca painted her bathroom in 2 hours. It took her twice as long to paint her kitchen. How many minutes did Rebecca spend painting her bathroom and kitchen?



I draw 1 unit of 2 hours to represent the amount of time Rebecca spends painting her bathroom. I draw 2 units of 2 hours to represent the amount of time she spends painting her kitchen.

1 unit: 2 hours

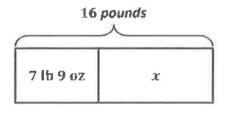
3 units:  $3 \times 2$  hours = 6 hours

 $m = 6 \times 60$  minutes

m = 360 minutes

Rebecca spent 360 minutes painting her bathroom and kitchen.

2. Mason's little sister weighed 7 pounds 9 ounces at birth. At her 6-month check-up, Mason's little sister weighed 16 pounds. How many ounces did Mason's little sister gain?



I draw a tape diagram to represent the problem. I know a part and the whole. I subtract to find the unknown part. Then, I convert 8 pounds to ounces and add 7 more ounces.

16 pounds - 7 pounds 9 ounces = 8 pounds 7 ounces



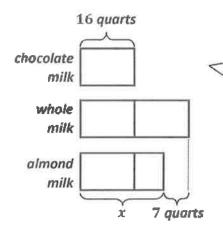
x = 8 pounds 7 ounces =  $(8 \times 16 \text{ ounces}) + 7$  ounces = 128 ounces + 7 ounces = 135 ounces. Mason's little sister gained 135 ounces.



Lesson 4:

Solve multiplicative comparison word problems using measurement conversion tables.

- 3. Melissa stocks 16 quarts of chocolate milk in the refrigerated case at a grocery store. She puts twice as many quarts of whole milk as chocolate milk in the case. Melissa stocks 7 fewer quarts of almond milk than whole milk in the case.
  - a. How many quarts of almond milk did Melissa stock in the refrigerated case?



The tape diagrams show the relationships among the different amounts of each type of milk Melissa stocked. The amount of whole milk is equal to 2 units of chocolate milk. The amount of almond milk is 7 quarts less than the almond milk.

1 unit: 16 quarts

2 units:  $2 \times 16$  quarts = 32 quarts

x = 32 quarts -7 quarts

x = 25 quarts

I find the amount of whole milk by doubling the amount of chocolate milk. I find the amount of almond milk by subtracting 7 quarts from the amount of whole milk.

Melissa stocked 25 quarts of almond milk.

b. Is the total number of quarts of chocolate milk, whole milk, and almond milk more than the 18 gallons of skim milk that are in the refrigerated case? Explain your answer.

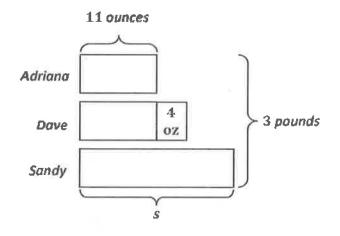
$$16 \text{ quarts} + 32 \text{ quarts} + 25 \text{ quarts} = 73 \text{ quarts}$$

18 gallons = 
$$18 \times 4$$
 quarts =  $72$  quarts

Yes, the total number of quarts of whole milk, chocolate milk, and almond milk is more than the 18 gallons of skim milk. 18 gallons is the same as 72 quarts, and the total for the other types of milk is 73 quarts. There is 1 fewer quart of skim milk than the other types of milk combined.

Draw a tape diagram to solve the following problem.

1. Sandy bought a 3-pound bag of flour. Adriana used 11 ounces of that flour to make cookies. Dave used 4 ounces more of that flour than Adriana to make banana bread. How many ounces of flour were left in Sandy's bag?



I can draw tape diagrams to represent the amount of flour Adriana and Dave used and the amount of flour Sandy still has.

11 ounces + 11 ounces + 4 ounces = 26 ounces

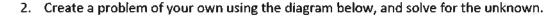
 $3 pounds = 3 \times 16 ounces = 48 ounces$ 

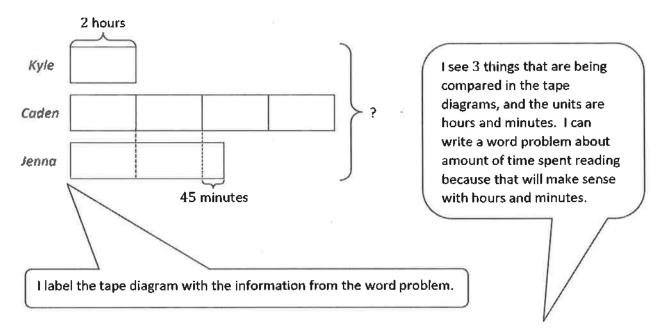
s = 48 ounces -26 ounces

s = 22 ounces

Sandy has 22 ounces of flour left.

After I find the amount of flour Dave and Adriana used, which is 2 units of 11 ounces plus 4 more ounces, I convert 3 pounds to ounces and subtract.





Kyle read for 2 hours last week. Caden read four times as long as Kyle read last week. Jenna read 45 minutes more than half the time that Caden read. What is the total number of minutes they read last week?

 $7 \times 2$  hours = 14 hours

14 hours 45 minutes =  $(14 \times 60 \text{ minutes}) + 45 \text{ minutes} = 840 \text{ minutes} + 45 \text{ minutes} = 885 \text{ minutes}$ Kyle, Caden, and Jenna read for a total of 885 minutes last week.

The tape diagrams show 7 units of 2 hours plus 45 minutes, which is equal to 14 hours 45 minutes. I multiply  $14 \times 60$  to convert the hours to minutes. Then, I add 45 minutes to find the total number of minutes, 885 minutes.

1 gal = 8 pt 1 gal = 4 qt 1 qt = 2 pt 1 pt = 2 c

- 1. Determine the following sums and differences. Show your work.
  - a.  $2 \text{ gal } 3 \text{ qt} + 2 \text{ qt} = __3 \text{ gal } __1 \text{ qt}$

I decompose and rename units to help me solve. Then, I add or subtract like units.

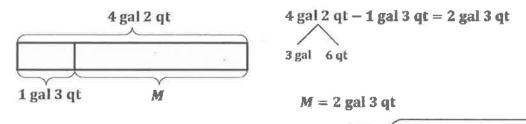
b. 5 qt - 3 pt = 3 qt 1 pt  $3 \text{ pt} \xrightarrow{+1 \text{ pt}} 2 \text{ qt} \xrightarrow{+3 \text{ qt}} 5 \text{ qt}$ 

I use the arrow way counting up to 5 quarts from 3 pints. I rename 3 pints as 1 quart 1 pint and then add on 1 pint to reach 2 quarts. Finally, I add on 3 quarts to reach 5 quarts. The answer is the sum of what was added on.

- c.  $7 \text{ gal } 1 \text{ pt} 2 \text{ pt} = \underline{6} \text{ gal } \underline{7} \text{ pt}$  6 gal 9 ptI rename 1 gallon as 8 pints.
- d.  $2 \operatorname{qt} 3 \operatorname{c} + 3 \operatorname{c} = \underline{3} \operatorname{qt} \underline{2} \operatorname{c}$

$$2 \text{ qt } 3 c + 3 c = 2 \text{ qt } 6 c = 3 \text{ qt } 2 c$$

2. The capacity of the container is 4 gallons 2 quarts of liquid. Right now, 1 gallon 3 quarts of liquid are in the container. How much more liquid will the container hold?



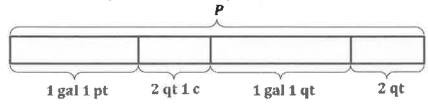
The container will hold 2 gallons 3 quarts more liquid.

I rename 4 gallons 2 quarts as 3 gallons 6 quarts so that there are enough quarts to subtract 3 quarts.

Lesson 6:

Solve problems involving mixed units of capacity.

- 3. Grant and Emma follow the recipe in the table to make punch.
  - a. How much punch does the recipe make?



| Punch Re        | cipe       |
|-----------------|------------|
| Ingredient      | Amount     |
| Fruit Punch     | 1 gal 1 pt |
| Ginger Ale      | 2 qt 1 c   |
| Pineapple Juice | 1 gal 1 qt |
| Orange Sherbet  | 2 qt       |

The recipe makes 3 gallons 7 cups of punch.

I could rename this as 3 gallons 1 quart 3 cups, but naming a measurement with 3 units is uncommon. I think to other measurements with 2 units: hours and minutes, weeks and days, feet and inches, pounds and ounces, and dollars and cents.

b. How many more cups of liquid would they need to fill a 5-gallon container?

3 gal 7 c 
$$\xrightarrow{+9 \text{ c}}$$
 4 gal  $\xrightarrow{+16 \text{ c}}$  5 gal

They would need 25 more cups of liquid to fill a 5-gallon container.

There are 16 cups in 1 gallon. I count up 9 cups to reach 4 gallons, and then I add 16 cups, or 1 gallon, to reach 5 gallons.

1 ft = 12 in1 yd = 3 ft

1. Determine the following sums and differences. Show your work.

a. 
$$3 \text{ yd } 1 \text{ ft} + 4 \text{ ft} = 4 \text{ yd } 2 \text{ ft}$$
  
 $3 \text{ yd } 1 \text{ ft} + 4 \text{ ft} = 3 \text{ yd } 5 \text{ ft} = 4 \text{ yd } 2 \text{ ft}$   
 $1 \text{ yd } 2 \text{ ft}$ 

I add like units and then rename 5 feet as 1 yard 2 feet. I add 1 yard to 3 yards.

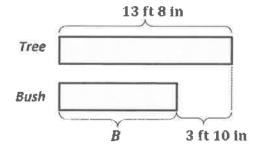
I rename 5 yards as 4 yards 3 feet in order to subtract 2 feet.

c. 
$$3 \text{ ft 7 in } - 8 \text{ in } = \underline{2} \text{ ft } \underline{11} \text{ in } < 2 \text{ ft } \underline{19} \text{ in}$$

I try to subtract like units, but I can't take 8 inches from 7 inches. I rename 3 feet 7 inches as 2 feet 19 inches by taking 1 foot from 3 feet and renaming it as 12 inches and then adding the 7 inches. Then I can subtract 8 inches.

d. 
$$3 \text{ ft 8 in} + 4 \text{ ft 8 in} = 8 \text{ ft } 4 \text{ in}$$
  
 $3 \text{ ft 8 in} + 4 \text{ ft 8 in} = 7 \text{ ft 16 in} = 8 \text{ ft 4 in}$   
 $1 \text{ ft 4 in}$ 

2. The height of the tree is 13 feet 8 inches. The height of the bush is 3 feet 10 inches shorter than the height of the tree. What is the height of the bush?



13 ft 8 in 
$$-$$
 3 ft 10 in  $=$  9 ft 10 in  
12 ft 20 in

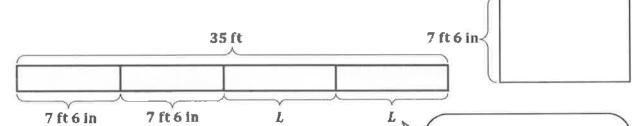
$$B = 9$$
 ft 10 in

The height of the bush is 9 feet 10 inches.

Lesson 7:

Solve problems involving mixed units of length.

- 3. The width of Saisha's rectangular-shaped tree house is 7 feet 6 inches. The perimeter of the tree house is 35 feet.
  - a. What is the length of Saisha's tree house?



7 ft 6 ln + 7 ft 6 in + 
$$L$$
 +  $L$  = 35 ft  
14 ft 12 in +  $L$  +  $L$  = 35 ft  
15 ft +  $L$  +  $L$  = 35 ft  
 $L$  +  $L$  = 20 ft  
 $L$  = 10 ft

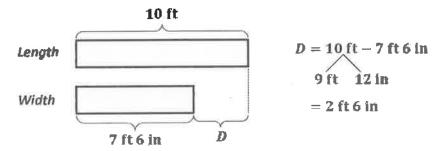
The tape diagram helps me to solve this problem. I see that if I subtract the widths from the perimeter that the difference is two times as much as the length.

The length of Salsha's tree house is 10 feet.

I know the perimeter is 35 feet. I subtract the two widths from the perimeter to get the sum of the two lengths.

$$35 \text{ ft} - 15 \text{ ft} = 20 \text{ ft}$$
  
 $10 \text{ ft} + 10 \text{ ft} = 20 \text{ ft}$ 

b. How much longer is the length of Saisha's treehouse than the width?



The length of Saisha's treehouse is 2 feet 6 inches longer than the width.

1 lb = 16 oz

- 1. Determine the following sum and difference. Show your work.
  - a. 6 lb 7 oz + 4 lb 9 oz = 11 lb

b. 
$$10 \text{ lb } 4 \text{ oz} - 4 \text{ lb } 9 \text{ oz} = \underline{5} \text{ lb } \underline{11} \text{ oz}$$

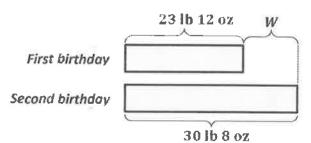
$$6 lb 7 oz + 4 lb 9 oz = 10 lb 16 oz = 11 lb$$

4 lb 9 oz 
$$\xrightarrow{+7 \text{ oz}}$$
 5 lb  $\xrightarrow{+5 \text{ lb}}$  10 lb  $\xrightarrow{+4 \text{ oz}}$  10 lb 4 oz

Just like adding units of capacity or length, I add like units and rename.

I choose to use the arrow way to solve. I count up to reach the next whole pound. I add to find how many I count up in all. That's the same as the difference.

2. On her first birthday, Gwen weighed 23 pounds 12 ounces. On her second birthday, Gwen weighed 30 pounds 8 ounces. How much weight did Gwen gain between her first and second birthday?



$$W = 30 \text{ lb } 8 \text{ oz} - 23 \text{ lb } 12 \text{ oz}$$

29 lb 24 oz

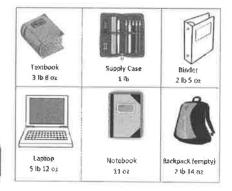
= 6 lb 12 oz

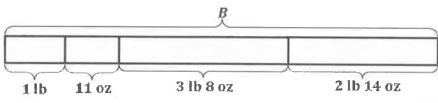
I think of 30 pounds 8 ounces as 29 pounds 16 ounces plus 8 ounces. I subtract like units to get my answer.

Gwen gained 6 pounds 12 ounces between her first and second birthday.

3. Use the information in the chart about Hayden's school supplies to answer the following question:

On Monday, Hayden packs her supply case, a notebook, and a textbook into her empty backpack. How much does Hayden's full backpack weigh on Monday?





B = 1 lb + 11 oz + 3 lb 8 oz + 2 lb 14 oz

= 6 lb 33 oz 2 lb 1 oz

= 8 lb 1 oz

I draw a number bond to show 33 ounces as 2 pounds 1 ounce.

Hayden's full backpack weighed 8 pounds 1 ounce on Monday.

EUREKA MATH

Lesson 8:

Solve problems involving mixed units of weight.

1. Determine the following sum and difference. Show your work.

1 day = 24 hr 1 hr = 60 min1 min = 60 sec

a. 6 hr 26 min + 4 hr 41 min = 11 hr 7 min

6 hr 26 min + 4 hr 41 min = 10 hr 67 min = 11 hr 7 min

1 hr 7 min

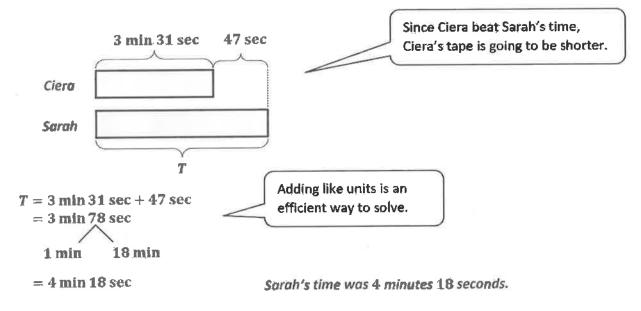
I add like units just as with fractions or other measurement units.

b.  $36 \min 42 \sec - 24 \min 56 \sec = 11 \min 46 \sec$ 

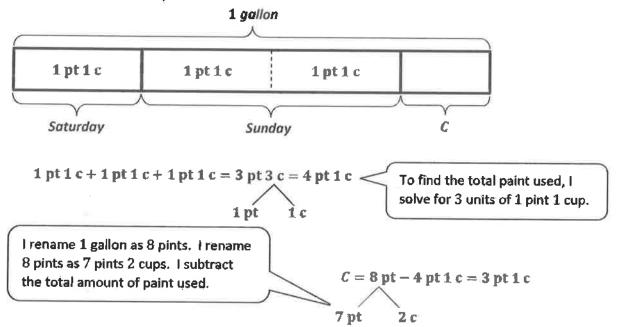
36 min 42 sec - 24 min 56 sec = 36 min 46 sec - 25 min = 11 min 46 sec

| 1 use compensation as a strategy to solve. | add 4 seconds to each time. The difference remains the same. Subtracting just one unit, minutes, is easier than subtracting mixed units.

2. Ciera finished the race in 3 minutes 31 seconds. She beat Sarah's time by 47 seconds. What was Sarah's time?

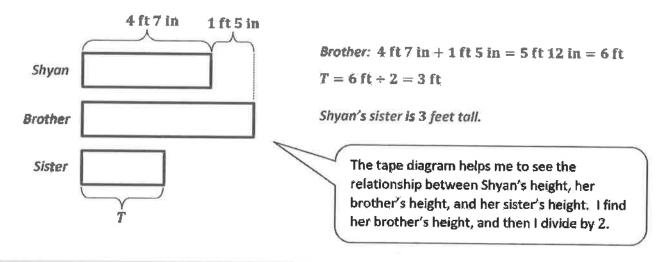


1. On Saturday, Andrew used 1 pint 1 cup of paint from a full gallon container to paint the porch steps. On Sunday, he used twice as much paint from the container as he did on Saturday. How much paint was left in the container after Sunday?

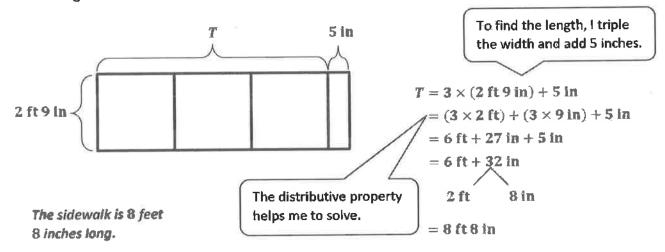


There were 3 pints 1 cup of paint left in the container after Sunday.

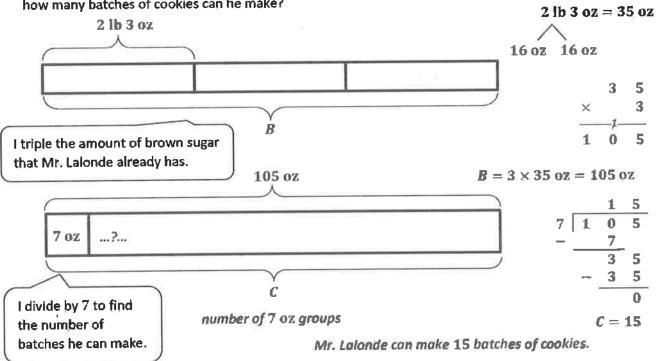
2. Shyan is 4 feet 7 inches tall. Her brother is 1 foot 5 inches taller than she is, and her sister is half as tall as her brother. How tall is Shyan's sister?



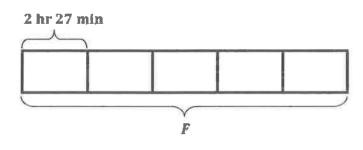
1. A rectangular sidewalk is 2 feet 9 inches wide. Its length is three times the width plus 5 more inches. How long is the sidewalk?



2. Mr. Lalonde plans to make his world-famous cookies. He has 2 pounds 3 ounces of brown sugar. This is  $\frac{1}{2}$ of the total amount of brown sugar needed. If he uses 7 ounces of brown sugar for each batch of cookies, how many batches of cookies can he make?

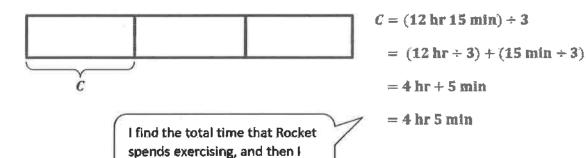


3. Rocket exercised for 2 hours 27 minutes each day for 5 days. He spent an equal amount of time on lower body, upper body, and cardio. How long did he spend on cardio during the five-day period?



$$F = 5 \times 2 \text{ hr } 27 \text{ min}$$
  
=  $(5 \times 2 \text{ hr}) + (5 \times 27 \text{ min})$   
= 10 hr 135 min  
2 hr 15 min

= 12 hr 15 min



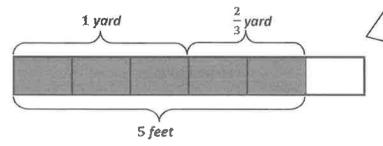
Rocket spent 4 hours 5 minutes on cardio during the five-day period.

divide each unit of time by 3.

Lesson 11:

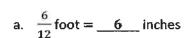
Solve multi-step measurement word problems.

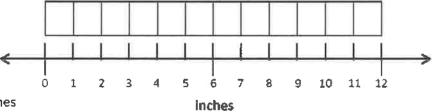
1. Draw a tape diagram to show  $1\frac{2}{3}$  yards = 5 feet.



I know that 1 yard = 3 feet, so I can decompose each yard in my tape diagram into 3 feet. I can shade in  $1\frac{2}{3}$  yards, and since each unit is  $\frac{1}{3}$  yard, or 1 foot, I can see that  $1\frac{2}{3}$  yards is equal to 5 feet.

Solve the problems using whatever tool works best for you.





1 foot

b. 
$$\frac{9}{12}$$
 foot =  $\frac{3}{4}$  foot =  $\frac{9}{12}$  inches

c.  $\frac{8}{12}$  foot =  $\frac{4}{6}$  foot =  $\frac{8}{12}$  inches

For part (a), I know that  $\frac{6}{12}$  foot =  $\frac{1}{2}$  foot, and I know that half a foot is 6 inches. For parts (b) and (c), I can make equivalent fractions and then find the number of inches.  $\frac{3\times3}{4\times3} = \frac{9}{12}$ .  $\frac{9}{12}$  foot is the same as 9 inches.

#### 3. Solve.

a. 
$$5\frac{1}{3}$$
 yd = 16 ft  
15 1  
feet foot

b. 
$$4\frac{3}{4}$$
 gal = 19 qt  
16 3  
quarts quarts

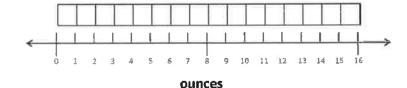
c. 
$$3\frac{1}{3}$$
 ft = 40 in 36 4 inches inches

1 yard = 3 feet, so 5 yards =  $5 \times 3$  feet = 15 feet. And  $\frac{1}{3}$ yard = 1 foot. 15 feet + 1 foot = 16 feet. 1 gallon = 4 quarts, so 4 gallons =  $4 \times 4$  quarts = 16 quarts. And  $\frac{1}{4}$  gallon = 1 quart, so  $\frac{3}{4}$  gallon = 3 quarts. 16 quarts + 3 quarts = 19 quarts. 1 foot = 12 inches, so 3 feet =  $3 \times 12$  inches = 36 inches. And  $\frac{1}{12}$  foot = 1 inch, so  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1 \times 4}{3 \times 4} = \frac{4}{12}$ .  $\frac{4}{12}$  foot equals 4 inches. 36 inches + 4 inches = 40 inches.

Lesson 12:

Use measurement tools to convert mixed number measurements to smaller units.

1. Solve,

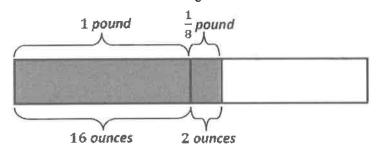


a. 
$$\frac{2}{16}$$
 pound =  $\frac{2}{16}$  ounces

- b.  $\frac{8}{16}$  pound =  $\frac{2}{4}$  pound =  $\frac{8}{16}$  ounces
- c.  $\frac{6}{16}$  pound =  $\frac{3}{8}$  pound =  $\frac{6}{16}$  ounces

For part (a), I know that  $\frac{1}{16}$  pound = 1 ounce, so  $\frac{2}{16}$  pound = 2 ounces. For part (b), I know that  $\frac{2}{4}$  pound =  $\frac{1}{2}$  pound, which is equal to  $\frac{8}{16}$  pound or 8 ounces. For part (c), I can make equivalent fractions.  $\frac{3\times2}{8\times2}=\frac{6}{16}$ . And  $\frac{6}{16}$  pound = 6 ounces.

2. Draw a tape diagram to show  $1\frac{1}{8}$  pounds = 18 ounces.



16 ounces + 2 ounces = 18 ounces

I can draw a tape diagram that shows  $1\frac{1}{8}$  pounds. Then I can convert the pounds to ounces. I pound = 16 ounces. I can use an equivalent fraction to figure out how many ounces are in  $\frac{1}{8}$  pound.  $\frac{1\times 2}{8\times 2} = \frac{2}{16}$ , so  $\frac{1}{8}$  pound = 2 ounces.

3. Solve.

#### 1 hour



#### minutes

a. 
$$\frac{45}{60}$$
 hour =  $\frac{3}{4}$  hour =  $\frac{45}{4}$  minutes

b. 
$$\frac{40}{60}$$
 hour =  $\frac{2}{3}$  hour =  $\frac{40}{3}$  minutes

For part (a), I know that  $\frac{1}{4}$  hour = 15 minutes, so  $\frac{3}{4}$  hour = 45 minutes =  $\frac{45}{60}$  hour. For part (b), I know that  $\frac{1}{3}$  hour = 20 minutes, so  $\frac{2}{3}$  hour = 40 minutes =  $\frac{40}{60}$  hour.

#### 4. Solve.

a. 
$$3\frac{5}{8}$$
 pounds =  $58$  ounces b.  $4\frac{1}{4}$  lb =  $68$  oz 
48 10 
64 4 
62 oz oz

b. 
$$4\frac{1}{4}$$
 lb = 68 oz

64 4
oz oz

c. 
$$2\frac{3}{4}$$
 hours = 165 minutes  
120 45 min min

1 pound = 16 ounces, so 3pounds =  $3 \times 16$  ounces = 48 ounces. And  $\frac{1}{8}$  pound = 2 ounces, so  $\frac{5}{8}$  pound = 10 aunces. 48 ounces + 10 ounces = 58 ounces.

4 pounds = 
$$4 \times 16$$
 ounces  
=  $64$  ounces. And  $\frac{1}{4}$  pound  
=  $4$  ounces.  $64$  ounces  
+  $4$  ounces =  $68$  ounces.

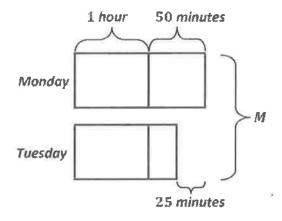
1 hour = 60 minutes, so $2 \text{ hours} = 2 \times 60$ minutes = 120 minutes. And  $\frac{1}{4}$  hour = 15 minutes, so  $\frac{3}{4}$  hour = 45 minutes. 120 minutes +45 minutes = 165minutes.

Lesson 13:

Use measurement tools to convert mixed number measurements to smaller units.

Use RDW to solve the following problems.

1. Doug practiced piano for 1 hour and 50 minutes on Monday. On Tuesday, he practiced piano for 25 minutes less than Monday. How many minutes did Doug practice piano on Monday and Tuesday?



I can draw a tape diagram to represent the amount of time that Doug practiced piano each day. The tape for Monday is longer than Tuesday's because he practiced for 25 minutes less on Tuesday.

1 hour 50 minutes - 25 minutes = 1 hour 25 minutes

I subtract 25 minutes from Monday's time to figure out how long Doug practiced on Tuesday.

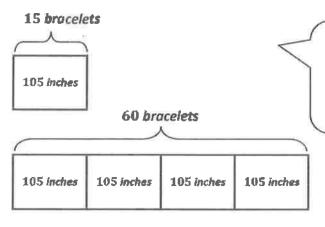
1 hour 50 minutes + 1 hour 25 minutes = 2 hours 75 minutes
2 hours 75 minutes = 120 minutes + 75 minutes = 195 minutes M = 195 minutes

Doug practiced piano for 195 minutes on Monday and Tuesday.

I add the times for Monday and Tuesday to find the total time. Then I convert the hours to minutes.

1 hour = 60 minutes, so
2 hours = 120 minutes.

- 2. Ella can make 15 bracelets from a 105-inch piece of cord.
  - a. How many inches of cord would be needed to make 60 bracelets?



I can draw 1 unit of 105 inches to represent the length of cord needed to make 15 bracelets. I can draw 4 units of 105 inches to represent the length of cord needed to make 60 bracelets because  $4 \times 15 = 60$ .

 $4 \times 105$  inches = 420 inches

To find the total number of inches of cord that Ella needs to make 60 bracelets, I can multiply  $4 \times 105$  inches.

Ella needs 420 inches of cord to make 60 bracelets.

b. Extension: The cord Ella uses to make bracelets is also sold in  $8\frac{1}{3}$ -foot packages. How many packages would be needed to make 60 bracelets?

$$8\frac{1}{3}$$
 **feet** = 100 inches

96 4
inches inches

I can covert  $8\frac{1}{3}$  feet to inches.  $8 \times 12$  inches = 96 inches and  $\frac{1}{3}$  foot = 4 inches. 96 inches + 4 inches = 100 inches. Ella would need to buy 5 packages because 4 packages would only be 400 inches of cord and she needs 420 inches of cord.

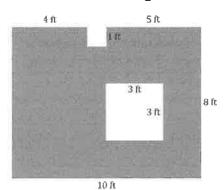
 $5 \times 100$  inches = 500 inches

Ella would need 5 packages to make 60 bracelets.

Lesson 14:

Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.

1. Find the area of the figure that is shaded.



$$3 \text{ ft} \times 3 \text{ ft} = 9 \text{ square ft}$$

$$1 \text{ ft} \times 1 \text{ ft} = 1 \text{ square ft}$$

9 square ft + 1 square ft = 10 square ft

$$10 \text{ ft} \times 8 \text{ ft} = 80 \text{ square ft} \stackrel{\checkmark}{=}$$

I find the area of the white portion inside the shaded figure and the area of the cutout.

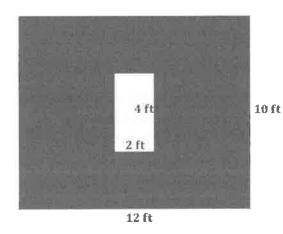
I think of the shaded area as a rectangle without the cutouts and find its area.

80 square ft - 10 square ft = 70 square ft

I subtract the area of the cutouts from the area of the larger rectangle to find the area of the figure that is shaded.

The area of the shaded figure is 70 square feet.

2. A wall is 10 feet tall and 12 feet wide. A window with a width of 2 feet and a height of 4 feet is in the center of the wall. Find the area of the wall that can be painted.



$$12 \text{ ft} \times 10 \text{ ft} = 120 \text{ square ft}$$

$$2 \text{ ft} \times 4 \text{ ft} = 8 \text{ square ft}$$

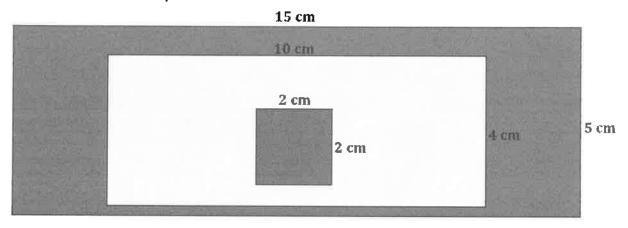
$$120 \text{ square ft} - 8 \text{ square ft} = 112 \text{ square ft}$$

The area of the wall that can be painted is 112 square feet.

1. Use a ruler and protractor to create and shade a figure according to the directions:

Draw a rectangle that is 15 centimeters long and 5 centimeters wide. Inside the rectangle, draw a smaller rectangle that is 10 centimeters long and 4 centimeters wide. Inside the smaller rectangle, draw a square that has side lengths of 2 centimeters. Shade the larger rectangle and the square.

Find the area of the shaded space.



To find the area of the shaded space, I subtract the area of the smaller, unshaded rectangle from the area of the larger, shaded rectangle, and add back the area of the square.

Large rectangle: 15 cm × 10 cm = 150 square cm

Small rectangle: 10 cm × 4 cm = 40 square cm

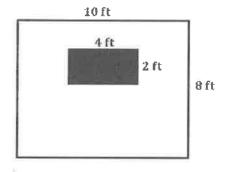
150 square cm - 40 square cm = 110 square cm

Square: 2 cm × 2 cm = 4 square cm

110 square cm + 4 square cm = 114 square cm

The area of the shaded space is 114 square centimeters.

2. Zachary hangs a television that is 4 feet long and 2 feet wide on a wall that is 10 feet long and 8 feet tall. How much area of the wall is not covered up by the television?



Wall:  $8 \text{ ft} \times 10 \text{ ft} = 80 \text{ square ft}$ 

TV:  $2 \text{ ft} \times 4 \text{ ft} = 8 \text{ square ft}$ 

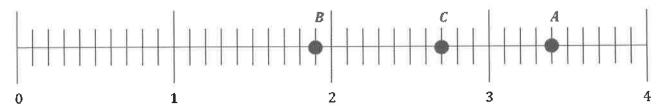
80 square ft - 8 square ft = 72 square ft

72 square feet of the wall is not covered by the television.

Lesson 16;

Create and determine the area of composite figures.

1. Plot and label each point on the number line below, and complete the chart.



| Point | Unit Form       | Decimal<br>Form | Mixed Number<br>(ones and fraction<br>form) | How much more to get to the next whole number? |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|
| A     | 3 ones 4 tenths | 3.4             | 3 4 10                                      | 0.6  |
| В     | 1 one 9 tenths  | 1.9             | 1 9/10                                      | 0.1  |
| С     | 2 ones 7 tenths | 2.7             | $2\frac{7}{10}$                             | $\frac{3}{10}$ or 0.3                          |

To solve for point C, I named two and seven tenths, but I could have named any decimal that is 3 tenths from a whole number between zero and four: 0.7, 1.7, or 3.7.

#### 2. Complete the chart.

| Decimal | Mixed Number | Tenths                       | Hundredths                          |
|---------|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 5.8     | 5 8 10       | 58 tenths or $\frac{58}{10}$ | 580 hundredths or $\frac{580}{100}$ |
| 9.2     | 9 2/10       | 92 tenths or $\frac{92}{10}$ | 920 hundredths or $\frac{920}{100}$ |

I convert 9.2 to  $9\frac{20}{100}$  to help me write the number as hundredths.