Grade 3 Writing Assessment

Response to Literature



Table of Contents

- Definition of Response to Literature
- Scoring Rubrics
- Model Papers
 - Writing Assignment
- Practice Papers
 - Applying the Scoring Rubrics
 - Scoring Cautions
- Response to Literature Lesson

Defining Response to Literature

Response to Literature: Writing that shows an understanding of a text by making connections from the text to the writer's life, to the outside world, or to another text.

Purpose: The purpose of a response to literature may be to express and support an opinion about the text or to use the text as a model for writing. Making connections to a text enhances the student's comprehension of the text.

Methods:

- Connecting the text to another text
- Connecting the text to self
- Connecting the text to the outside world
- Using the text as a model for generating a new piece of writing.

What Response to Literature Is and Is Not

An effective response to literature	An effective response to literature is NOT	
Establishes a clear position on the text	A retelling of a book or story	
Has a consistent focus and point of view	Writing about multiple, unrelated ideas	
Makes connections to the text (e.g., text to text, text to self, text to outside world)	A plot summary	
Contains sufficient information to develop a point of view	A brief paragraph with only a few sentences	
Contains an appropriate organizational strategy for the purpose of formulating a position on the text	Writing in which ideas are presented in illogical or confusing order	
Includes an effective introduction and conclusion	Writing that begins without an introduction and ends without a conclusion	
Uses transitions such as transition words and phrases, bullets, subheading or numbering	An incoherent response in which ideas are not linked	
Uses a lively voice that demonstrates awareness of audience	Flat, uninteresting writing	
Uses interesting language and sensory details	An essay that contains imprecise language and little sentence variety	
Contains correct sentences, usage, grammar, and spelling that makes the writer's ideas understandable	Incorrect sentences, usage, grammar, and spelling that prevent the reader from understanding the writer's ideas	

Ways of Connecting to Text

Text to Self

 Relating an incident in a text to an incident in the student's life.

Text to Outside World

 Exploring the theme of a text: relating an incident in a text to some aspect of the real world.

Text to Text

Comparing/contrasting one text to another.

How much retelling is appropriate in a response to literature?

- It is acceptable to summarize parts of the story to help the reader understand the writer's position or to help the reader understand the character, setting, or theme of the text.
- A response consisting solely of a plot summary does not meet the standard.
- The summary of the story may serve as the introduction to the paper.

The Response to Literature Sample for the Grade 3 Writing Assessment

- The assignment should direct students to form and support a position in response to a text they have read.
- The assignment should be linked to a specific piece of literature for students' responses.
 - Short stories, biographies, fables, plays, poetry, chapter books
- Plot summaries or the retelling of an entire story are <u>not</u> appropriate responses to literature.

Georgia Grade 3 Writing Assessment: Scoring Rubric RESPONSE TO LITERATURE

Domain 1: Ideas - The degree to which the writer establishes a focus and develops the main points with examples, facts, anecdotes, and details.

Component	Does Not Meet Standard	Meets Standard	Exceeds Standard
Focus	Little or no evidence of focus, purpose, or point of view	Generally consistent focus; some evidence of a purpose and point of view	Sustained focus, purpose, and point of view
Supporting Details	Examples and details are limited and may be irrelevant	Includes some relevant examples, facts, anecdotes, and/or details	Relevant examples, facts, anecdotes, and details are used throughout the paper
Connecting to Text	Does not formulate a position in response to the text	Begins to formulate a position and connect the text to self, outside world, or another text	Formulates and supports a position in response to the text; connects the text to self, the outside world, or another text
Development/ Completeness	Insufficient information to develop a point of view; may be limited to retelling	Sufficient information to develop a point of view	Complete information, the writer's point of view is well developed

Domain 2: Organization - The degree to which the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in a clear order with an introduced in the ideas are arranged in the ideas are a	action, body, and conclusion.
--	-------------------------------

Component	Does Not Meet Standard	Meets Standard	Exceeds Standard
Organizational Pattern (Introduction, body, conclusion)	Little or no evidence of an organizational pattern	Contains an introduction, body, and conclusion; one part of the paper may not be as strong as the others	Clear and appropriate organizational pattern with a strong introduction, body, and conclusion
Grouping of Ideas	Ideas are not arranged in a meaningful order	Related ideas are generally grouped together	Related ideas are consistently grouped together; may use specific strategies (e.g., cause and effect, similarity and difference, questions and answers)
Transitions	Little or no evidence of transitions	Transitions are used but may not be varied	Varied transitional elements link parts of the paper

Domain 3: Style	 The degree to which the v 	writer controls language	to capture the reader's interest.

Component	Does Not Meet Standard	Meets Standard	Exceeds Standard
Word Choice	Language is simple, repetitive, or imprecise; little or no interesting language	A mixture of simple, ordinary language and interesting language (e.g., descriptive language, sensory details, strong verbs)	Sustained use of interesting language (e.g., descriptive language, sensory details, strong verbs)
Audience Awareness	Little or no awareness of audience	Some attention to the audience; some sense of the writer's voice	Attention to the audience in the introduction, body, and conclusion; writer's voice is clear and appropriate

Georgia Grade 3 Writing Assessment: Scoring Rubric CONVENTIONS All Genres

Domain 4: Conventions -	The degree to which the writer	demonstrates control of Sentence	Formation, Usage, and Mechanics.
-------------------------	--------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------

Component	Element	Does Not Meet Standard	Meets Standard	Exceeds Standard
Sentence Formation	Clarity and Correctness	More incorrect and unclear sentences than correct, clear sentences	Majority of clear and correct sentences	Consistently clear and correct sentences
	Complexity	Little or no variation in sentence structure	Some variation in sentence structure	A variety of sentence structures with some complex or compound sentences
Usage	Subject/Verb agreement	Frequent and severe agreement mistakes	Agreement is generally correct with some mistakes	Few, if any, agreement mistakes
	Noun Forms (singular, plural, possessives)	Frequent mistakes in noun forms	Majority of correct noun forms with occasional mistakes	Consistently correct singular, plural, and possessive nouns
	Personal and Possessive Pronouns	Frequent mistakes using personal and possessive pronouns	Generally correct personal and possessive pronouns with only occasional mistakes	Consistently correct personal and possessive pronouns
Mechanics	Spelling	Frequent and severe spelling errors that may distract the reader, including misspellings of common words	Generally correct spelling; spelling errors do not distract the reader	Consistently correct spelling with few errors, spelling errors occur is words that are above grade level
	Punctuation (commas, apostrophes, quotation marks)	Frequent errors in punctuation; some basic punctuation (commas in a series) may be correct	Generally correct punctuation with occasional mistakes	Correct punctuation in a variety of contexts
	Capitalization	Frequent errors in capitalization, some basic capitalization (first word in a sentence) may be correct	Generally correct capitalization with occasional mistakes	Correct capitalization in a variety of contexts
	Contractions	Frequent mistakes forming contractions (missing or incorrectly placed apostrophes)	Generally correct use of contractions	Consistently correct use of contractions; may use a variety of contractions

Three Levels of Development

Does Not Meet the Standard in Ideas

I think you should read Miss Nelson is Missing. It reminds me of when you are sometimes absent from school. It reminds me of when you want Mr. V. And we don't get him. When Miss Nelson is missing the kids misbehave. Read the book to find out the rest.

Meets the Standard in Ideas

This book is about a nice teacher named Miss Nelson. The kids in Miss Nelson's class misbehave. They spit gumballs on the ceiling. They fly paper airplanes through the air. Then Miss Nelson disappears and Miss Viola Swamp appears. The kids don't like Miss Viola Swamp.

I like this book because I am going to be a teacher when I grow up and if my students are bad I can trick them like Miss Nelson did. I'll do the same things as Miss Nelson. I also like this book because it teaches those bad kids a lesson. They learned to be good in class after Miss Nelson came back. I would recommend this book to someone who was bad n their class and didn't listen to their teacher.

Three Levels of Development

Exceeds the Standard in Ideas

- Are you bad in class and don't listen to your teacher? If you are read this book and after you read this book I bet you will stop. You should read this book now!
- This book is about a nice teacher named Miss Nelson. The kids in Miss Nelson's class spit gumballs on the roof. They also have paper planes flying through the air. One day Miss Viola Swamp came to the classroom. The kids were scared and were thinking crazy things happened to Miss Nelson. One kid was thinking Miss Nelson's car was carried off by a swarm of angry butterflies. The kids told the police. He said, "Kids I think Miss Nelson is Missing." Read this book to find out more about this great story.
- I like this book because I am going to be a teacher when I grow up and if my students are bad I can trick them like Miss Nelson did. I'll do the same thing as Miss Nelson. I also like this book because it teaches those bad kids a lesson. They learned to be good in class.
- This books reminds me a lot of when my sister told me her teacher was out and the meanest substitute came to her class. She said everyone in her class was good. She told me it was April Fool's Day and her class didn't know that the teacher was at the door laughing. She said the teacher opened the door and screamed, "April Fool's!" Everyone started laughing.
- My best part is when Miss Viola Swamp says something and the kids do it. When Miss Viola Swamp tells the kids to take out thier books, they do it as fast as they can.

Model Papers

Response to Literature Samples with Score Point Annotations

Response to Literature Assignment

Write a book recommendation to a friend. Explain why you liked or did not like the book. Be sure to include specific examples to support your opinion. The response may be in letter or essay form.

The sample papers in this section were written in response to this assignments. Student names have been removed.

Response to Literature Paper 1

Deas	Miss of February 16, 2006
II	nink you should nead
This	book it is called
Sumr I L	ner Time In The Big Woods. By. Laura Ingalls Wilder 15 about a little
girl	named Laura and
her	Family. It is a very
good	book to read and
fun	Ya
	Sincerly,

Ideas: Does Not Meet Standard

Although all the information in this brief paper is relevant to the topic of the Laura Ingalls Wilder book, there is not enough information to develop a point of view. The writer provides only very limited examples: the title of the book, a one-sentence plot summary, and a one-sentence statement that the book is "good" and "funny." These two words do not constitute a position in response to the text.

Organization: Does Not Meet Standard

In a paper this brief, there is not enough evidence to give the writer credit for having an organizational pattern. The second and third sentence could be rearranged without affecting the writer's meaning, so there is no clear body or conclusion. There are not enough ideas to determine if the writer knows how to group related ideas.

Style: Does Not Meet Standard

Word choice is simple and repetitive ("it is called," "It is about," "It is very"). There are no sensory details or interesting language. The writer does address the reader directly once ("I think you should read this book"), but this the only evidence of awareness of audience. There is no evidence that the writer is enthusiastic about the book or feels strongly about it. Overall, the writer does not demonstrate control of the components of Style.

Conventions: Does Not Meet Standard

The first half of the paper consists of a long run-on sentence. There are only two correct simple sentences which is not enough evidence to determine competence in forming correct sentences. There are not enough instances of subject-verb agreement or enough different noun forms to determine competence in usage. There is some evidence that the writer understands how to capitalize proper names and book titles. Spelling is correct but very simple. There is no internal punctuation. Overall, there is not enough evidence to determine competence in Conventions.

Afternoon on the Amazon

Jack and Annie are trying to find four things to free Morgan lafay foom a spell. Jack an Annie find a magic tree house in frogereck woods. They have to saie we wish to go there and point to the picture in the book. This time the togoing to Amazon rain forist. Oh ho an atack by fless, eating army ants. they get into a cond There are pictly fish in the water with, teath. Oh ho thoer are pranari Thereforent any padols: Then a monky came he pointed a long stick at the boat. Jack grabed for the monkey pulled them to shor!

I dident like this story because It doesent have the kindofactions I'm looking for. I thank it was boming I did ent care if they found the thing or not

Ideas: Does Not Meet Standard

The majority of this paper is a retelling of the story *Afternoon on the Amazon*. For response to literature papers, a brief plot summary may be appropriate, but it should not be the focus of the response. The writer's reactions and responses to the book should be the focus of the student's paper. A point of view is not established: it appears during the retelling that the writer enjoyed some of the action in the story, but in the second part of the paper the writer states just the opposite ("I dident like this story."). It is acceptable for a student writer to dislike a story, but this approach is probably more difficult to execute successfully. A student may dislike a story and not know why or be able to develop and elaborate on why he/she didn't like a book. This writer does give reasons to explain why the book was not appealing. Overall, the writer is not focused from beginning to end. The reader is left feeling that this might be a good book regardless of what the writer's opinion is.

Organization: Does Not Meet Standard

There is little evidence of an organizational pattern. There is no introduction; the writer launches into a retelling of the story in the first sentence. (Titles are not evaluated as part of the paper but subheadings are.) There is no conclusion. There is chronological organization in the retelling of the book, and the paper is divided into two distinct parts: the retelling and the writer's opinion. However, without an introduction or conclusion, the writer does not appear to have had an overall plan.

Style: Meets Standard

The paper is a mix of interesting language ("Oh no an attack by flesh eating army ants.") and simple, ordinary language ("They have to say we wish to go there and point to the picture in the book."). The writer uses dialogue from the story to engage the reader ("There are pretty fish in the water with teeth. Oh no those are piranhas!"). In the final section of the paper, the language is repetitive ("I dident," "I think," "I dident"). The writer's voice is inconsistent between the first paragraph and the second paragraph.

Conventions: Does Not Meet Standard

Most of the sentences are correct, but there is one run-on sentence at the end of the first paragraph ("Then a monky came he pointed a long stick at the boat."). Subjects and verbs agree. The writer uses the wrong form of the word there ("This time their going..."), but the majority of usage is correct. The majority of the writer's errors are in mechanics. Some simple words are spelled incorrectly, quotations are not punctuated, and formatting is not appropriate. The writer meets the standards for sentence formation and usage but not for mechanics. For this reason, overall the paper does not meet the standard for conventions.

Grade 3 Response to Literature

Space Brat review Brite Coville

Response to Literature Paper 3

you like aliens? Well read Who got a pirce body knew enough he got so mad felt tell like cosmos. School was over be ran the day care and into the

Response to Literature
Paper 3
(page two)

Response to Literature Paper 3 (page three)

Care of it, block could keep his pet. After comple of Mounths blocks on the pood noobla arev.

This book to peaple who like Aliens, space shuttles, planets and Alien termology.

Ideas: Does Not Meet Standard

The majority of this paper is a retelling of the story *Space Brat*. For response to literature papers, a brief plot summary may be appropriate, but it should not be the focus of the response. The writer's reactions and responses to the book should be the focus of the student's paper. In this response, the plot summary comprises all but the final sentence of the paper. A point of view cannot be established in a single sentence. Although the writer wrote more than two pages, there is not sufficient focus to meet the standard.

Organization: Meets Standard

Even though the writer is not focused on responding to the story, the paper contains a clear introduction, body and conclusion. The body of the paper consists of a retelling, but it is a retelling in appropriate chronological order. Related ideas from the story are grouped together in time. Transitions are simple (then, so, after). Overall, the paper meets the standard for Organization.

Style: Meets Standard

The paper is a mixture of interesting language ("Everyone thought he was a brat everyone blamed everything on him," "anti-gravity powder," "worst tantrums in the cosmos," "that one must be rotten") and simple, ordinary language. There are some sensory details ("He got so mad he felt like he was going to explode."). The writer shows some awareness of audience by addressing questions to the reader.

Conventions: Does Not Meet Standard

There are more incorrect sentences than correct sentences. Most of the paper consists of run-ons. Usage is generally correct. The writer uses the wrong form of the word "threw" and the possessive of teacher ("teachers lunch") is missing an apostrophe. There are frequent errors in the elements of mechanics. Proper nouns like blork are not capitalized consistently. Common nouns are capitalized unnecessarily at the end of the paper. Some commas are correct while others are not. "Hached" and "mounths" are the only misspelled words. Although there is some control demonstrated in usage, severe weaknesses in sentence formation prevent this paper from meeting the standard for Conventions.

Response to Literature Paper 4

I here is a big ghost and everyone is carraid of the ghost. Beth, Jennie Sam Fround ou they were in a haunted house with Ms. Briggs.] hex think Ms. Briggs is an old grabby but, she isn + she's just a normal person. Then Sam, Beth, and Jennie want to move out because everyone ask say's there is a ghost. So then they find a door that leads them nowhere,

I liked this story because it was very interesting. My favorite character was the ghost because he poped out at scary times. And I also liked how every one worked together and Found all the answers. That is why you should read this book.

ure

Ideas: Meets Standard

There is a consistent focus on the story *The Ghost of Captain Briggs*. All of the information included in the paper is relevant. The writer formulates an opinion about the book and begins to connect the text to self. There is enough information provided to understand the writer's point of view and his/her recommendation to read the book.

Organization: Meets Standard

The paper contains an introduction, body and conclusion, but the opening and closing sentences are not very effective. The writer never offers the name of the book in the text of the paper. A reader unfamiliar with the book would not know that the title of the paper was also the title of the book read by the writer. Related ideas are grouped together: the first section of the paper is about the story, while the second half of the paper is about the reader's response to the story. Transitions are simple (but, then, so).

Style: Meets Standard

The paper is a mixture of interesting language ("haunted house," "old, crabby lady," "door that leads them nowhere") and simple, ordinary language ("There is big ghost"). There is some sense of the writer's voice and enthusiasm for this book. The writer shows awareness of audience by directly addressing the audience ("That is why you should read the book.").

Conventions: Meets Standard

Most of the sentences are clear and correct, but there is a run-on in the first paragraph and some sentences begin with "And" or "So." Subject-verb agreement, noun forms, and pronouns are correct. Commas and apostrophes are often incorrect or unnecessary. Generally, spelling is correct (except "poped"). Overall, there is enough control of the three components to meet the standard in Conventions.

The Crone Wife is a mappificent back to read. This story takes place one winter in Japan. Sachi and Yukiko are the characters in the story. Guess what? Sadii needs a wife because he is very lonely. So he makes a wish for a wife. Sachi's wish came troe, but Sachi is very poor, keep reading to find out what happens. You should read this book because the crane tums into a girl. The girl turns into a crane when she is wearing. When she is done wearing she torns back into a girlo' You should also read this book because it tells why you should keep

Response to Literature Paper 5

Response to Literature
Paper 5
(page two)

your promises and never The example 9s Sadhi broke his Another example promise to weave sills to sello know anymore, read

Ideas: Meets Standard

There is a consistent focus on the story *The Crane Wife*. All of the information included in the paper is relevant. The writer formulates an opinion about the book and begins to connect the text to the larger world; the writer uses the example of keeping your promises as an important lesson taught by the book. When Yukiko fails to keep his promise to his wife, he loses everything he cares about. There is enough information provided to understand the writer's point of view and his/her recommendation to read *The Crane Wife*. The writer is effective at interspersing the reader response with the description of the book.

Organization: Meets Standard

The paper contains an introduction, body and conclusion. Related ideas (plot summary, recommendation, moral) are grouped together into paragraphs. Transitions are effective ("when she was done weaving," "another example," "This story takes place").

Style: Meets Standard

The paper is a mix of interesting language ("magnificent," "characters," "when he was specifically told not to") and simple, ordinary language ("That is why you should read this book."). Although sensory details are not used, the writer addresses the reader throughout the paper ("You should read this if you want to know more").

Conventions: Exceeds Standard

The writer demonstrates sustained control of all of the components of Conventions. Sentences are consistently clear and correct with a variety of structures. Subjects and verbs agree. Nouns and pronouns are formed correctly. Possessives and plurals are formed correctly. Some commas are missing after introductory clauses, but the writer demonstrates correct spelling and capitalization. Overall, the skills demonstrated in this paper exceed the standard.

Paper 6

Ideas: Meets Standard

The writer is focused on the book *The Meanest Thing* and all of the information included is relevant to the topic. The writer begins with a brief summary of the main characters, setting, and plot, then begins to describe what he/she liked about the book ("Here are some parts of the story that are amusing to me."). Most of the paper consists of examples to support the writer's claim that the book is worth reading. The writer reveals the theme of the book without giving away the ending. There is enough information to establish and develop the writer's point of view.

Organization: Meets Standard

The paper contains an introduction, body, and conclusion. The opening is more effective and more developed than the closing which is limited to a single sentence. Related ideas (characters/plot/setting, parts that are amusing, what the book teaches) are grouped together in paragraphs. Transitions are used within paragraphs but not across parts of the paper.

Style: Meets Standard

The paper is a mixture of interesting language ("dancing around the house," "amusing," "so what so what," "characters,") and simple ordinary language ("you learn about what happens if you say mean things to someone."). The writer shows awareness of audience by directly addressing the reader several times in the paper ("You should read this book," "Keep on reading to find out what will happen," "If you want to know what happens, read the book."). There is just enough control demonstrated to meet the standard for Style.

Conventions: Does Not Meet Standard

Most of the sentences are technically correct, but many are unclear due to usage errors ("Some part of the story that are to know and not to do are not to say mean things to people."). Many word forms are incorrect ("went" for "wants," "how for who," "want for what," "say for said," "a other for another"). There are frequent errors in capitalization and punctuation. Proper names are capitalized, but only part of the title of the book is capitalized. Quotations have no punctuation, which requires the reader to reread to figure out who is speaking. The frequency and severity of errors in all components prevent this paper from meeting the standard.

The Magic School Bus Gets Bakedina Cake

Reviewed by.

I his book is about hey have everything but a mothand tossed in the cake batter. I liked this book because the kids try to keep us. Frizzle away while they bake the cake and make decorations for the party.

This book reminds me of my binthday party when I tried to make a cake I gotso messy. I had to ask my Nanaif she could go to the bakery and bye me a birthday cake.

Response to Literature Paper 7

29

iterature

Ideas: Meets Standard

There is a consistent focus on the story *The Magic School Bus Gets Baked in a Cake*. All of the information included in the paper is relevant. The writer formulates an opinion about the book and begins to connect the text to his/her own life by relating the incident of trying to bake a cake for a birthday party. The plot summary at the beginning is appropriate, and the writer relates it to a personal experience. The writer uses specific examples (keeping Mrs. Frizzle away) to support his/her opinion. There is enough information to develop a point of view.

Organization: Does Not Meet Standard

There is no introduction or conclusion. The writer begins with "This book" rather than identifying the book by title. (Titles are not evaluated or considered part of development.) The paper ends abruptly causing the reader to turn the page to look for more information. Related ideas are grouped within the "body" of the paper, but there is no evidence of an overall organizational pattern or use of transitions.

Style: Meets Standard

The paper is a mixture of interesting language ("They have everything but a birthday cake." "The bus shrinks to the size of a moth") and simple, ordinary language ("This book is about how the magic school bus got baked in a cake."). There is a sense of the writer's voice and enthusiasm for the book. The writer uses a few sensory details ("the bus shranks to the size of a moth and tossed in the cake batter.").

Conventions: Meets Standard

The majority of sentences are correct with the exception of the last sentence which is a long run-on. Some of the sentences are complex. Usage is correct with the exception of one missing word that should precede ("tossed in the batter"). Subjects and verbs agree and nouns and verbs are formed correctly. Capitalization of proper nouns is correct. Spelling is correct (except for "shranks" and "bye me"). The possessive of the possessive of the standard.

Amber Brownis not a Crayen Reviewed by: are linking pinkes? It's not a this story. If you want to to Alabama. The two friends get in a fight about a gumballe Will Amber and Justin my friend and I Jinks each over. That

Response to Literature Paper 8

Response to Literature Paper 8 (page two)

Then we say, "jinks" and then we laugh.

I would recommend this dook to some one that has a friend that is going to live in a different state then this might chear that person up.

Now That you read this. I bet you want to read Amber brown is not a Crayon.

Ideas: Exceeds Standard

Focus is sustained and all the information is relevant to the book and the writer's response. The writer's point of view on both the book and its theme of friendship is clear and well-developed. The writer successfully ties the text to self by relating the story to a personal experience of a friend moving away and a current friendship. Each opinion is supported with specific details from the book. Identifying the theme of the book is an example of connecting the text to the larger world. The writer also explains the personal custom of saying "Jinx" with his/her friends.

Organization: Exceeds Standard

The organizational pattern is clear and appropriate with a strong introduction, body, and conclusion. Many grade three writers open their papers by announcing the book title and launching into a plot summary. This writer's introduction hooks the reader by suggesting rather than announcing the purpose and theme of the paper: friendship. The body of the paper interweaves the writer's response with specific examples from the book. The conclusion is more than a simple recommendation to read the book. The writer suggests how this book could cheer up "someone who has a friend that is going to live in a different state." Transitions smoothly connect the theme of the book to the writer's personal life and to the larger world. This is quite sophisticated for a grade three writer.

Style: Exceeds Standard

The writer uses interesting language from the beginning to end of this response. Awareness of audience is very strong as the writer repeatedly addresses the reader with questions ("What are linking pinkies?" "Will Amber and Justin ever talk again?" "If you want to know how they link pinkies then read on."). The writer's voice is clear throughout the paper as he/she relates the book to his/her life. The tone of enthusiasm for the book is clear and sustained.

Conventions: Exceeds Standard

Sentences are consistently clear, correct, and complex on the first page of the paper, but there are some incorrect sentences on page two (a fragment and a run-on). There are errors in usage ("girl name Amber," "jinks each over," but these are minor and do not distract the reader. Errors in mechanics (the spelling of pinkes, pormise, jinks, sales) are minor. Contractions are correctly punctuated and possessives are formed correctly. Formatting is unusual, but it is not evaluated on the Grade 3 Writing Assessment.

The Case of The Kidnapped Collie

Response to Literature Paper 9

reverwed by:

A dog named Hank is Head of Ranch Security. When a girldog comes to the ranch he tries to impressible When she gets Kid napped herbirddog boy triend gets scaled Now its up to Plato and Hank to save her. If you want to know what happens in this exciting story you'll just have to read the book.

This book reminds me of My little dog Buster that always follows my biggerdag Reble. In the book, Drover always follows Hank. And when Orover a etc. scored he mides behind Reble.

My fovorite part is when Pete the barnest clawed
Drover on the tailcand he screamed and Kept saying Yeah but...
Yeah but.... What made me laugh was the picture on the page.
I liked the way the author wed the this picture to create a picture in my mind. That's what made it so fanny.
I like the way the author what made it so fanny.

I liked when Hank said as the sharp little impulses of pain began pouring into Data control, my eyelids: 100gan to quiver and a fourocias groul began to rands in the deep recessitudes of my throat?

ature

Response to Literature Paper 9 (page two)

That was interesting to me because it made him sound like a person in the army.

If you like mysteries and life on the ranch. People who make dogs and cats sound like humans than this is the perfect book for you.

Ideas: Exceeds Standard

The writer's focus is sustained and all the information included is relevant to the book or the writer's response. The writer uses specific examples to support his/her point of view: how the dogs in the book are similar to his/her pets, what makes the book funny, and the type of language used in the book. The brief plot summary at the beginning is appropriate and is used to create interest in the book. The writer's enthusiasm for the book is clear and the point of view is well- developed.

Organization: Exceeds Standard

The organizational pattern is clear and the introduction, body, and conclusion of the paper are strong. The introduction effectively summarizes the book without giving too much information away. The body of the paper moves from how the author relates to the characters in the book to a humorous scene in the book to a specific excerpt from the story. The conclusion summarizes and explains who might enjoy this type of story.

Style: Exceeds Standard

The writer's voice is clear and appropriate. It is clear to the reader that the writer enjoyed the book and believes that others would also. There is attention to the audience in the introduction ("If you want to know what happens..."), the body (sharing an excerpt of a funny scene) and the conclusion ("If you like mysteries and life on the ranch..."). The writer effectively communicates the humorous tone of the book by using sensory details in the writer's own words.

Conventions: Exceeds Standard

Sentences are consistently clear and correct until the final paragraph which contains two fragments.

Usage and mechanics are correct and varied. There are a couple of missing commas and a misspelled word ("fouracias"), but these minor errors do not prevent the paper from exceeding the standard for Conventions.

Response to Literature Paper 10

Response to Literature Paper 10 (page two)

for the rest of the season. That's how the character felt about when he last his job I know how he feels.

If you like bot ball this is a book that you will like.

Annotations for Response to Literature Paper 10

Ideas: Exceeds Standard

The writer's focus is sustained and all the information included is relevant to the book or the writer's response. The writer uses specific examples to support his point of view: football is his favorite sport, his own football 'career', and losing his job on offense. The writer connects specific examples from the text to his own life and explains why he empathizes with the main character in the book. The writer's point of view is well developed.

Organization: Exceeds Standard

The organizational pattern is appropriate and the introduction, body and conclusion of the paper are strong. The introduction briefly summarizes the theme of the book and relates the book to everyone who has ever had problems in a football league. In the body of the paper the writer relates specific parts of his life to the story. The conclusion relates the writer's empathy with the character in the book and recommends the story to any football lover. Related ideas are grouped together into paragraphs and the writer uses transitions to link ideas in the response.

Style: Exceeds Standard

The writer's voice is clear throughout the paper as he shares his feelings about football with the reader. The tone of enthusiasm for both football and the book *Fighting Tackle* is sustained. There is attention to audience in each section of the paper as the writer story evokes empathy for his personal struggles to succeed at football.

Conventions: Meets Standard

The majority of sentences are clear and correct, but the writer begins several sentences with "And" or "So," and there is a fragment on the second page. The components of usage are consistently clear and correct: subjects and verbs agree, nouns and verbs are formed correctly. Capitalization is effective, but several commas and apostrophes are missing. This response falls at the high end of the Meets Standard category.

Practice Papers

Applying the Scoring Rubrics

- 1. Read through the entire writing sample.
- 2. Use the scoring rubric to make a tentative decision.
- 3. Reread the entire writing sample to collect evidence to determine the final score.
- 4. Assign domain scores for Ideas and Organization.
- 5. Repeat the process for Style and Conventions domains.

Scoring Cautions

- Do not base the score on the single most noticeable aspect of a paper.
- 2. Withhold judgment until you have read the entire response.
- 3. Don't allow the score you assign in one domain to influence the scores you assign in the other three domains.
- Avoid making judgments based on neatness, novelty, or length.
- 5. Base each scoring decision on the assessment sample the writer has produced, not what you think the student's potential competence in writing may be.
- 6. Do not allow your personal opinions to affect the score the writer receives. Whether you agree or disagree with the writer's ideas should not influence your score.

Score Sheet for Response to Literature Practice Papers

Paper #	Ideas	Org.	Style	Conv.
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

Literature Practice Paper 1

This book is about a boy named Glenn who helps his brother Pau the basketbal team. tirst practice laul gets with a ball. can't play because both the lau overcomes problems. Finally the last game Pauls team is down by one with ten seconds to taul gets he shoots, he scores. think you should read this because this book has a lesson. give up. lesson is to never best you can do this book because like a book

Practice Paper 2

Corduray

Reviewed by

day a girland her MOIN was walking in a toy store. The girlson a bear and her man could she have it Her man soid no because it had a missing button. Corduroydid not know he had a missing button. The rest of the of the book tells about Corduray's Adventures as he looks for his missing button He rode On an escalaton, He pulled a button off the mattress, and broke a lamp. What do you think will happen when the night matin mangets corduray? You're going to have to read this book because I'm no+ going to tell you,

Bea utu

Response to Literature
Practice
Paper 3
(page two)

My favorith part is when Luke finds a new friend, Joshua hey play cow bours and indians of the sounded like fun. I would recomb und this book to someone who loves trama Drama Drama, and more drama that's all it seems to be but I still but it.

Response to Literature Practice Paper 4

you ever read one of Blumes books? Well, this book to marry Shella lub man while vacation in Maine Why book is becaute it's I very finny,

Miss Nelson is Missing Author, Hallard Allard Review read about a nice teacher named roof. They also have paner planes the air. wamp came to the class were scared and were thinking s carried off this areat

bechase esson. They learned to reminds me ator teacher opened the door

Response to Literature
Practice
Paper 6
(page two)

Response to Literature
Practice
Paper 6
(page three)

The toun 9 ace elve. Love

leadina think you should read this amozing think you should read this book. This halorrys because every body thinks emperor because the emperors

you Should read this Book cos the man coos gotting a sichs to sloe piche to got many to all man want a picho you do not have no money he I ban the Woman was nins to the old nan was laning a picho they he was a now to the tree and all thopople ware out to see the monwas one and all the people ware going for some pichs and the man picks war gone and

Best Friends Author Steven hellog Previewed by

like reading books about best friends? Well, I read one and it was about two little airls named were the bestest of friends. Then one day Louise had to as off to see her aunt and uncle Now, hathu feels like Friend because she doesn't get a letter for a long time. When I read this book, I liked it because it was about me. She lived a I remember how Janck and me like the same thing. We like dancina. It reminded me of how I feet shunned sometimes. One time Sanck, wanted to

came over to me ments

Response to Literature
Practice
Paper 10
(page two)

Response to Literature
Practice
Paper 10
(page three)

Answer Key for Response to Literature Practice Papers

Paper #	Ideas	Org.	Style	Conv.
1	Meets	Meets	Meets	Meets
2	Does not Meet	Does not Meet	Does not Meet	Meets
3	Exceeds	Exceeds	Exceeds	Meets
4	Meets	Meets	Meets	Meets
5	Does not Meet	Does not Meet	Does not Meet	Does not Meet
6	Exceeds	Exceeds	Exceeds	Exceeds
7	Meets	Meets	Meets	Meets
8	Does not Meet	Meets	Meets	Meets
9	Does not Meet	Does not Meet	Does not Meet	Does not Meet
10	Exceeds	Exceeds	Exceeds	Exceeds

Response to Literature Lesson

Lesson 1: Family Stories

GPS

• ELA3W1k: The student demonstrates competency in the writing process. The student writes a response to literature that demonstrates understanding of the text, formulates an opinion, and supports a judgment.

Focus of the Lesson

- Desired Outcome: The student's writing demonstrates how literature relates to oneself.
- Suggested Time Line: Provide enough time to expose your students to a variety of literature focusing on family experiences.

Suggested Materials

- Reading Selections:
 - The Relatives Came by Cynthia Rylant (a story about a family reunion)
 - Owl Moon by Jane Yolen (a story about a father daughter owling experience)
 - Sleep Out by Carol and Donald Carrick (a story about a boy camping alone)
- Word wall or personal writing notebooks
- Writing journals

Suggested Procedures

Part One

- The teacher introduces the idea that family structures vary.
- Teachers and students share their photo albums, individual pictures, and mementoes.
- Teacher and students tell family stories.

Part Two

- Read chosen stories. Read each story more than once. The first time without interruptions, the second and/or third time with student interactions.
- Continue sharing personal family stories; especially those that relate to the chosen stories read.
- Discuss how the authors use language, voice, etc. (writer's crafts).
- Write a response to literature tying a family story to one of the stories read together as a class.

Suggested Procedures

Part Three (Outcomes)

- Option A: The student will write a piece comparing himself to the main character of one of the reading selections.
- Option B: The student will choose one of the reading choices and explain why that particular story relates to them and their family.