

GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 1

College and Career Readiness (CCR): Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade 2: Ask and answer such questions as who, what, when, where, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers. Grade Progression to Mastery Make, test and revise predictions before, during and after reading Use the combination of explicitly stated information, and background knowledge, to answer questions Show (underline, highlight) where in the text you found your evidence (key details) Select information that is relevant to the question Demonstrate understanding of the text when answering questions about the text Refer explicitly to the text as a basis for answering questions about the text Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers Grade 4: Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text when explaining heat the text samples in a text, when explaining heat the text says explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers. Grade 4: Refer to details and extext when explaining heat the text samples in a text, when explaining heat the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text Everoncepts Close reading Explicitly stated information from the text Text features? What have you learned from the text? What do you predict will happen next? Ask and answer who, what, when, where, why, how, why questions about the text. Think about what your ead and create your own question about an important idea in this text.	conclusions drawn from the text.		
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 Inference Predictions Use the combination of explicitly stated information, and background knowledge, to answer questions Show (underline, highlight) where in the text you found your evidence (key details) Select information that is relevant to the question Demonstrate understanding of the text when answering questions about the text Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of demonstrate understanding of explicitly to the text as a basis for answering questions about the text Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the Inference Predictions Generalizations(using relevant information from the text) Background Knowledge Explicitly stated information from the text Text features? What have you learned from the text? What do you predict will happen next? Ask and answer who, what, when, where, why, how, why questions about the text. Think about what you read and create your own question about an important idea in this text. Where did you find your information? /Where did you find the answer to the question? 	Grade Progression to Mastery	Key Concepts	
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<u>3RI10:</u> Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity: By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently. [Lexile Band: 420-820]

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics.

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 2

College and Career Ready (CCR): Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development;		
Grade 2: Identify the main topic of a multi-paragraph text, as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.	Grade 3: Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.	Grade 4: Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
Progression to Mastery	Key Concepts	Guiding Questions/Prompts
 Determine the main idea of informational text Recount the key details Identify main ideas and key details in a text Explain how the key details support the main idea Identify informational text features and/or structure(s) that help suggest main idea Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the 	 Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/technical texts) Informational text features Main topic Difference between the main topic and key details Focus of specific paragraphs 	Use questions and prompts such as: • What are the important ideas of this text? How do you know? • What is the main idea of idea of the text? How do you know? • How is the main idea supported by key details in the text?
explain how they support the main idea		

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 3

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College and Career Ready (CCR): Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the		
course of a text. Grade 2: Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.	Grade 3: Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.	Grade 4: Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.
Progression to Mastery	Key Concepts	Guiding Questions/Prompts
 Identify the events, key ideas/ concepts, steps in informational texts Identify and describe how informational and technical texts are structured Identify words that signal relationships in informational texts (e.g., language of time, cause and effect, sequence, and relationships) Explain or graphically represent how ideas, events, steps are connected Use text-structure language to describe or graphically represent relationships between and among ideas, events, or steps/procedures in informational texts Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, steps of a technical procedure in a text Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect. Range of Reading and Level of Text 	 Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/ technical texts) Key features of content-specific texts (e.g., science and historical texts) based on text features (e.g., events, steps, procedures) Key ideas/concepts, events, steps in informational texts. Text structure in informational texts (e.g., time, sequence, cause/effect, steps) Connections and relationships (e.g., one piece of text "explains" another or stands in "contrast" to another or "comes before" another) Transition/linking words that show relationships (e.g., first, because, then, on the other hand) for informational texts. 	 What was the result of? How are andrelated? What is the first thing that you would do to complete this procedure? What would you expect the result to be at the end? When did this happen? Which graphic organizer can be used to represent the key ideas/ concepts, events, or steps in informational text? (timeline, flow map, Venn diagram, cause effect, etc.) Which transition/linking words helped identify the relationship?

texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently. [Lexile Band: 420-820]

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 4

Grade 2: Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area.	Grade 3: Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.	Grade 4: Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.
 Progression to Mastery Determine the meaning of unknown words by identifying known parts (root words, Latin and Greek suffixes and prefixes) Read and reread sentences and non-linguistic images in the text to identify context clues Use context clues to help unlock the meaning of unknown words/phrases Determine the appropriate definition of words that have more than one meaning Describe how language choices create and clarify meaning Differentiate between literal and non-literal meaning Identify and interpret figurative language Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area 	 Key Concepts Informational text Word choice Context clues Non-linguistic images (e.g. picture/graphic clues) Strategies for identifying and using context clues Literal and non-literal meaning Simple figurative language (e.g., simile, metaphor) 	Use questions and prompts such as: Explain how the parts of the word helped you determine the meaning of the word. What does the word mean in this sentence? How can reading the sentences around the word help you understand its meaning? How can reading words around the word help you understand its meaning? What does the phrase mean? Where can you look in the text to help you figure out what that word means? Use a dictionary, glossary, and/or digital reference tool to confirm the meaning of unknown words.

3RI10: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity: By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently. [Lexile Band: 420-820]

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

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including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics.

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 5

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College and Career Ready (CCR): Analyze the structure of text, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.		
Grade 2: Know and use various text	Grade 3: Use text features	Grade 4: Describe the overall structure
features (e.g., captions, bold print,	and search tools (e.g. key	(e.g. chronology, comparison, cause/effect,
subheadings. glossaries, indexes,	words, sidebars, hyperlinks)	problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts,
electronic menus, icons) to locate key	to locate information	or information in a text or part of a text.
facts or information in a text	relevant to a given topic	
efficiently.	efficiently.	
Progression to Mastery	Key Concepts	Guiding Questions/Prompts
 Use text features to locate relevant information on a given topic Use search tools to locate relevant information on a given topic Use text features and search tools to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently 	 Characteristics of informational text (e.g., how-to, biographies, technical, informational/expository) Text features(e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indices) Search tools (e.g., electronic menus, icons, key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) Awareness of text structures related to informational text (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, 	 Use questions and prompts such as: How do you this text is
	problem/solution – <i>these</i>	
	are explicitly taught in 4 th	
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3RI10: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity: By the end of the year, read and comprehend		

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 6

College and Career Ready (CCR): Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.			
Grade 2: Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.	Grade 3: Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.	Grade 4: Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.	
 Progression to Mastery Demonstrate understanding of the author's purpose for writing a text Understand who is speaking in the text Identify the author's point of view in a text Determine language or ideas expressing what the author believes about the information he/she is presenting Identify their own point of view about the topic of a text Distinguish their own point of 	 Key Concepts Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/technical texts) Author's point of view/ focus/attitude Author's purpose(to inform, to persuade, to explain how, to entertain) for writing a text 	 Guiding Questions/Prompts What is the author's point of view? Is the author relating information, or is he/she trying to convince you of an idea? How do you know? Do you agree, or disagree, with what the author has said so far? Why or why not? Explain your thoughts about what you read? 	
view from that of the author of a text.			

<u>3RI10:</u> Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity: By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently. [Lexile Band: 420-820]

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 7

Grade 4: Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.
visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in
contributes to an understanding of the text in
Guiding Questions/Prompts
 What is this text about? What information can be used from the text to help readers understand? What information can be obtained from the map? What information does the "key/legend" of the map convey? Looking at the illustration, how does it relate to the text? Why is this important to understanding the text? Why is the graphic important?

<u>3RI10:</u> Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity: By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently. [Lexile Band: 420-820]

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 8

College and Career Ready (CCR): Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.			
Grade 2: Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.	Grade 3: Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).	Grade 4: Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.	
 Progression to Mastery Identify the key ideas/points in a text Identify the relevant reasons/ examples an author gives to support points in a text Recognize text structures (e.g., comparison/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order) Identify how one sentence is connected to the sentence before and after it (e.g., comparison/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order) Understand how a concept continues from one paragraph to another Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence) 	 Key Concepts Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/technical texts) Main/key ideas/points Supporting details Relevant/important vs. irrelevant/unimportant details Reasons/examples Cohesion (e.g., topic sentences, transitional words and phrases, supporting details) Awareness of text structures related to informational text (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution – these are explicitly taught in Standard 5 - 4th grade) 	Guiding Questions/Prompts: What is the author's point/idea? What details, or facts, support the author's point/idea? What details were relevant? Irrelevant? How does this sentence connect with the sentence before/after? Was it logical? How does the author connect the ideas in each of the paragraphs to the topic of the text? Was it logical? What organizational pattern did the author use to write this text?	

<u>3RI10:</u> Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity: By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently. [Lexile Band: 420-820]

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

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GRADE 3: Informational Reading Standard 9

College and Career Ready (CCR): Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.		
Grade 2: Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.	Grade 3: Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.	Grade 4: Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.
 Progression to Mastery Identify the most important points presented in texts Identify the key/supporting details presented in texts Compare by writing or graphically representing the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic Contrast by writing or graphically representing the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the 	 Key Concepts Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/technical texts) Compare Contrast Illustrations Key/supporting details Most important vs. least important points 	 Guiding Questions/Prompts Use questions and prompts such as: What are the key details in the text? How will you keep track of the important points of each text? What details does the author use to support his point? Can you tell your partner what is the same/different about what you are reading? Is there information in this text that was not included in the other text? How are the ideas the same in both texts?

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

CCSS- Grade Specific Reading Standard 10 (Grade 1)

With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

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