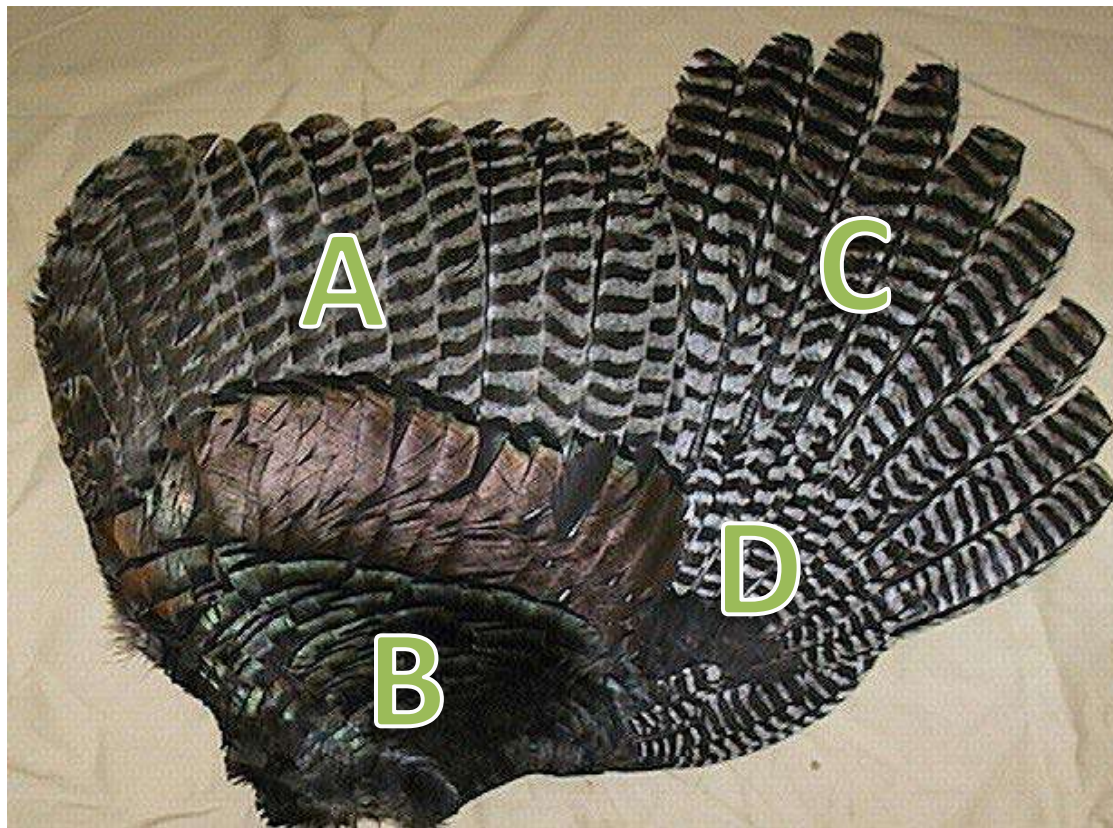


2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Using the photo, identify the secondary flight feathers?



Source: www.nwtf.org

#1

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Female mallards lay an average of ____ eggs.

- A. Five
- B. Six
- C. Eight
- D. Nine

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Identify this species.

- A. Ruffed Grouse
- B. Marsh Hen
- C. Wood Duck
- D. Mallard



Source: www.allaboutbirds.org

#3

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Bobwhites construct their nest _____.

- A. In low lying shrubs
- B. 10 – 15 ft in small trees
- C. On the ground
- D. In tree cavities

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Male _____ have a crested head that is iridescent green and purple with a white stripe leading from the eye to the end of the crest, and another narrower white stripe from the base of the bill to the tip of the crest. The throat is white and the chest is burgundy with white flecks, gradually grading into a white belly. The bill is brightly patterned black, white and red. The legs and feet are a dull straw yellow and the iris is red. The male call is a thin, high, rising "jeeeeee."

- A. Wild Turkey
- B. Snipe
- C. Wood Duck
- D. Canada Goose

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Identify this species.

- A. Marsh Hen
- B. Ruffed Grouse
- C. Wood Duck
- D. Mallard



Source: <http://www.ducks.org>

#6

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Screech owls have _____ brood(s) per year.

- A. Four
- B. One
- C. Three
- D. Two

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

_____ is Georgia's game bird.

- A. Mallard
- B. Marsh Hen
- C. Wild Turkey
- D. Bobwhite Quail

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Identify this species.

- A. American Crow
- B. Mourning Dove
- C. Snipe
- D. Mallard



Source: www.allaboutbirds.org

#9

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Mourning Doves eat roughly _____ percent of their body weight per day, or 71 calories on average.

- A. 10 to 30
- B. 5 to 10
- C. 12 to 20
- D. 4 to 8

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Identify this species.

- A. Marsh Hen
- B. Ruffed Grouse
- C. Wood Duck
- D. Mallard



2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Unlike many birds that leave their nests at hatching, newly hatched _____ cannot feed themselves. They are dependent on the mother for food for the first week. The chicks start to probe in dirt at three or four days after hatching.

- A. Wood Duck
- B. Wild Turkey
- C. Woodcock
- D. Great Horned Owl

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

_____ occasionally hunt cooperatively, with one individual flushing prey towards another.

- A. Great Horned Owl
- B. Bald Eagle
- C. Cooper's Hawk
- D. Screech Owl

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Identify this species.

- A. Cooper's Hawk
- B. Bald Eagle
- C. Redtail Hawk
- D. Screech Owl



Source: www.allaboutbirds.org

#14

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

_____ is the process of replacing worn feathers.

- A. Shedding
- B. Molting
- C. Flaking
- D. Disrobing

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Which turkey foot resembles a juvenile male?



Source: <http://www.nwtf.org>

#16

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Typical clutch size for Mourning Dove is _____.

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

_____ are sexually monomorphic meaning that both males and females have essentially the same feather coloration and pattern.

- A. Mallard
- B. Redtail Hawk
- C. Wild Turkey
- D. Woodcock

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Identify this species.

- A. Marsh Hen
- B. Ruffed Grouse
- C. Wood Duck
- D. Mallard



2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Screech-Owl pairs usually are monogamous and remain together for life.

- A. True
- B. False

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Both sexes of Canada geese have a black head and neck except for broad white cheek patches extending from the throat to the rear of the eye.

- A. True
- B. False

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

The _____ is the only animal that regularly eats skunks.

- A. Great Horned Owl
- B. Redtail Hawk
- C. Bald Eagle
- D. Crow

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Identify this species.

- A. Woodcock
- B. Marsh Hen
- C. Ruffed Grouse
- D. Snipe



2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Mated pairs of Redtail Hawks typically stay together until one of the pair dies.

- A. True
- B. False

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Their cycles can be attributed to the snowshoe hare cycle. When hare populations are high, predator populations increase too. When the hare numbers go down, the predators must find alternate prey, decreasing their numbers.

- A. Wild Turkey
- B. Canada Goose
- C. Ruffed Grouse
- D. Snipe

2012 AREA WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT JUNIOR GAME BIRD BIOLOGY EXAM

Answer Key

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. A | 13.B |
| 2. D | 14.A |
| 3. B | 15.B |
| 4. C | 16.A |
| 5. C | 17.B |
| 6. D | 18.D |
| 7. B | 19.C |
| 8. D | 20.A |
| 9. A | 21.A |
| 10.C | 22.A |
| 11.B | 23.D |
| 12.C | 24.A |
| | 25.C |

Calls

1. Canada Goose
2. Mallard
3. Marsh Hen
4. Woodcock
5. Ruffed Grouse
6. Bobwhite Quail
7. Mourning Dove
8. Wood Duck
9. Crow
10. Wild Turkey