Florida Panther Exam

20 Questions to Test your Florida panther I.Q.

Purr-fessor Lotz



Mark Lotz, Panther Biologist Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission

What color are Florida panthers?

- a) Black
- b) Pink
- c) Tan
- d) Plaid

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Shades of tan

NOT black

Jaguars and leopards have black phases

Black cats commonly called "panthers"



Where do Florida panthers range?

a) Florida

- b) The Everglades and Big Cypress physiographic regions
- c) Less than 5% of its historic range
- d) All of the above

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Breeding population in south FL

No females north of river since 1972

Males in central FL, beyond



The Florida panther is most closely related to

- a) Mountain lions
- b) Cougars
- c) Pumas
- d) None of the above

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Panther, puma, cougar, mountain lion are all used to describe Puma concolor.

The Florida panther is a subspecies of puma.



How much do adult Florida panthers weigh?

- a) 25-45 pounds
- b) 55-150 pounds
- c) 175-250 pounds
- d) 300 pounds

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Males ~ 130 lbs Females ~ 80 lbs



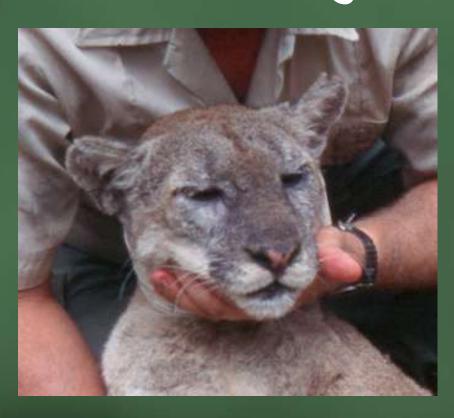
Panthers live to be _____ years old in the wild.

- a) 5
- b) 10
- c) 18
- d) 30

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Males ~ 10 years old Females ~ 15 years old



Panthers preferred food items include

- a) Deer and hogs
- b) Armadillos and raccoons
- c) People
- d) A and B

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Panthers are mainly solitary except during mating and when females are raising kittens.

- a) True
- b) False

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 - b) False

My high school has panther pride...



What time of year do Florida panthers breed?

- a) Summer
- b) Winter
- c) Spring
- d) Year round

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Males mature 3 yrs

Females mature 1.5 yrs

Gestation 3 mo



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- a) 1-4
- b) 2-3
- c) 8
- d) 6

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Den in palmetto thickets

Every 2 yrs

Kittens disperse 9-18 mo



What habitat do Florida panthers use?

- a) Pine forests and hardwood hammocks
- b) Cypress swamps
- c) Back yards
- d) All of the above

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Habitat generalists



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Males

Defend territories

Encompass many females

Females

Don't defend

Share with female offspring



The Florida panther is

- a) Endangered
- b) Threatened
- c) Species of special concern
- d) None of the above

The Florida panther is

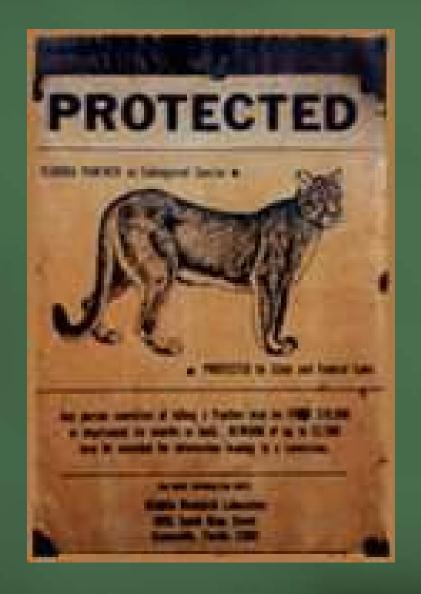
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1950: Game species

1958: Listed endangered by FL

1967: Listed endangered by U.S.

1973: Protected under ESA

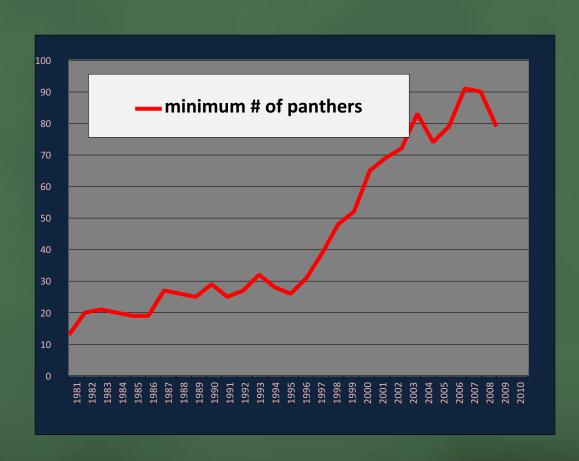


Current Population Range 100-180

Declined in 1900's

May have been fewer than 20

Genetic restoration helped rebound



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- a) Inbreeding
- b) Cars
- c) Habitat loss and fragmentation
- d) Climate change

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Where's a panther to go?





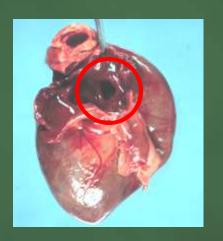
Because the Florida panther population is isolated, inbreeding has caused

- a) Kinked tails
- b) Cowlicks
- c) Holes in the heart
- d) All this and more

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- b) Mimic historical gene flow
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8 female Texas pumas released 1995

Closest population that historically interbred

Project successful!





What plans are in place to manage human-panther conflicts?

- a) Collier County Disaster Management Plan
- b) Plan? What plan?
- c) People are allowed to do whatever they want to
- d) The Interagency Florida Panther Response Plan

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Human-Panther Interactions

- 1. Sighting
- 2. Encounter
- 3. Incident
- 4. Threat
- 5. Attack

Depredations

Interagency Florida Panther Response Plan

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 620 South Meridian Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1600

> U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 1875 Century Blvd. Atlanta, GA 30345

> > National Park Service 100 Alabama St. SW 1924 Building Atlanta, GA 30303







If you see a panther in the wild you should

- a) Enjoy the experience from a safe distance.
- b) Trip your hiking partner and run away as fast as you can.
- c) Approach the panther so you can get a better picture
- d) Call 911

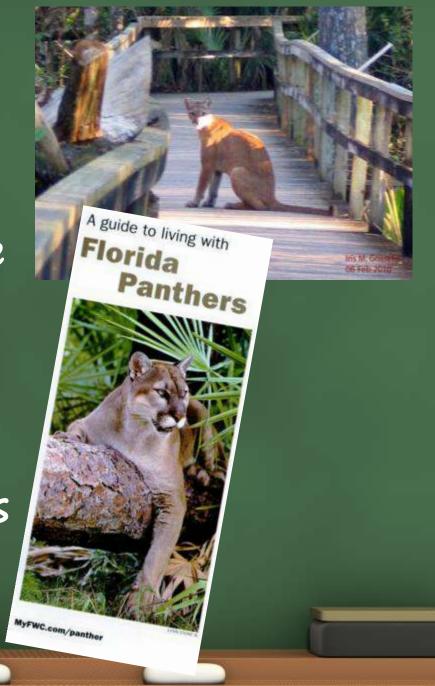
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Presence does not constitute a threat

Panthers should not be feared but caution should be exercised as with any wild animal.

Follow safety guidelines



The best thing to do to protect your pets and hobby farm animals from a panther attack is to

- a) Chain them up so the panther can't drag them away
- b) Use guard animals such as dogs or donkeys
- c) Keep them in a well lit area
- d) House them in a predator safe enclosure, especially at night when panthers are typically most active.

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It really is that simple.



How are Florida panthers captured for study?

- a) Highly specialized proprietary techniques
- b) Ancient Chinese secret
- c) Dogs, because everyone knows cats are afraid of dogs
- d) Traps baited with catnip

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Florida panther research and management activities conducted by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission are funded by

- a) Grants
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- c) Taxes
- d) Sales of the Florida panther license plate

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Florida Panther Research and Management Trust Fund

\$25 extra, 85% goes into trust fund

Program funded 100% through plate sales





Questions?



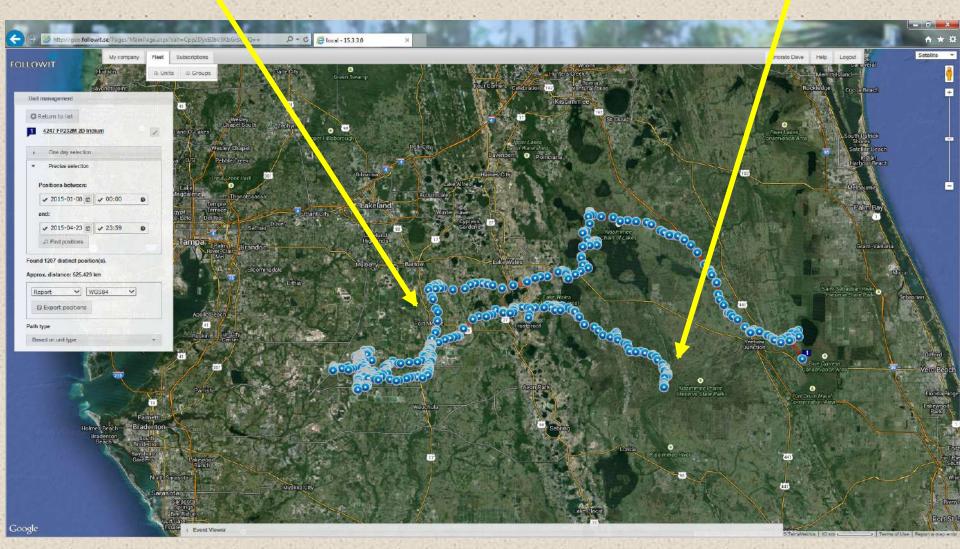
www.floridapanthernet.org

Mark Lotz

Hit by vehicle in Ft. Meade on 4/15/2014 during a lunar eclipse.

FP232 The new FP62?

Released on Kissimmee Prairie Preserve State Park on 1/7/2015.



Returned to Ft. Meade within a week then cut back across the state.