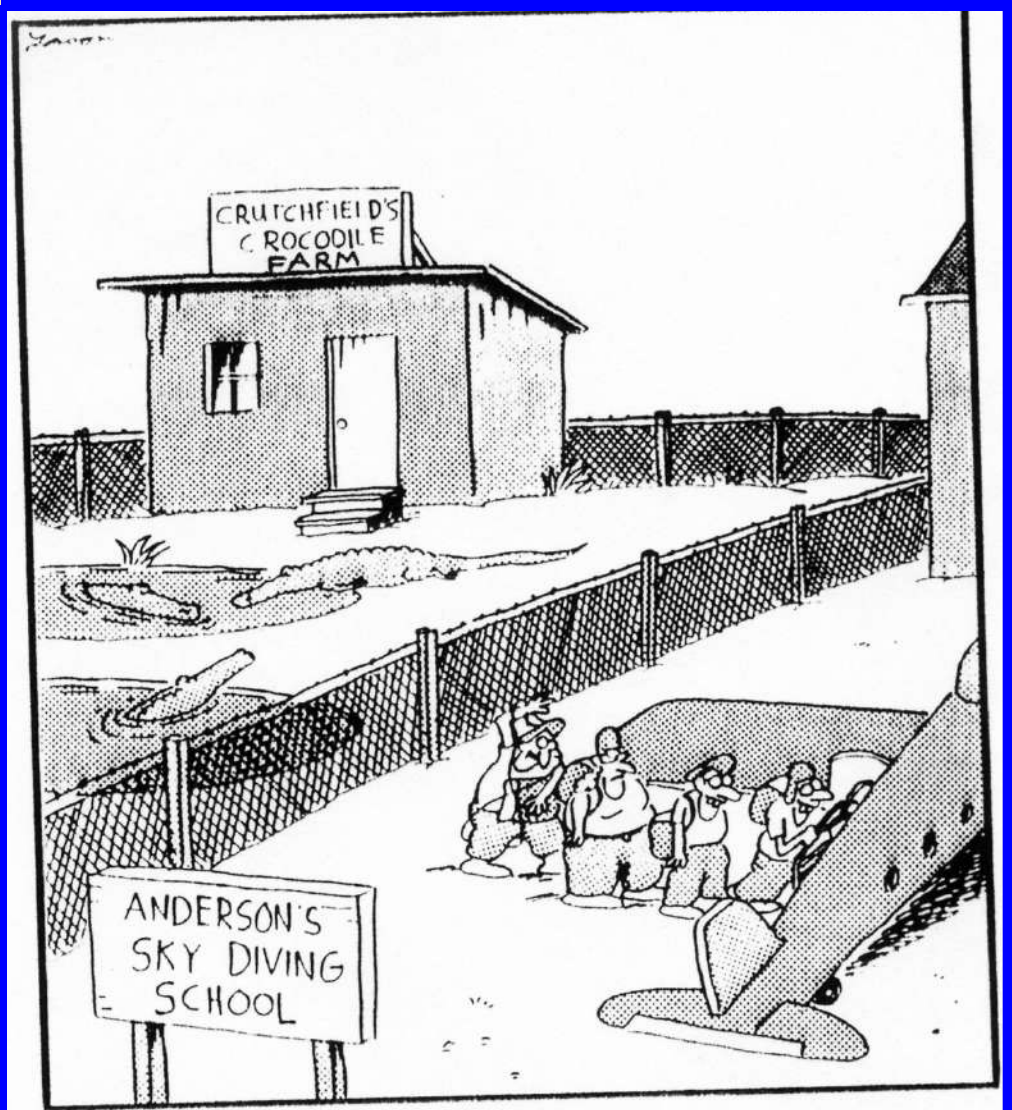


The Five Themes of Geography



Location



More trouble brewing

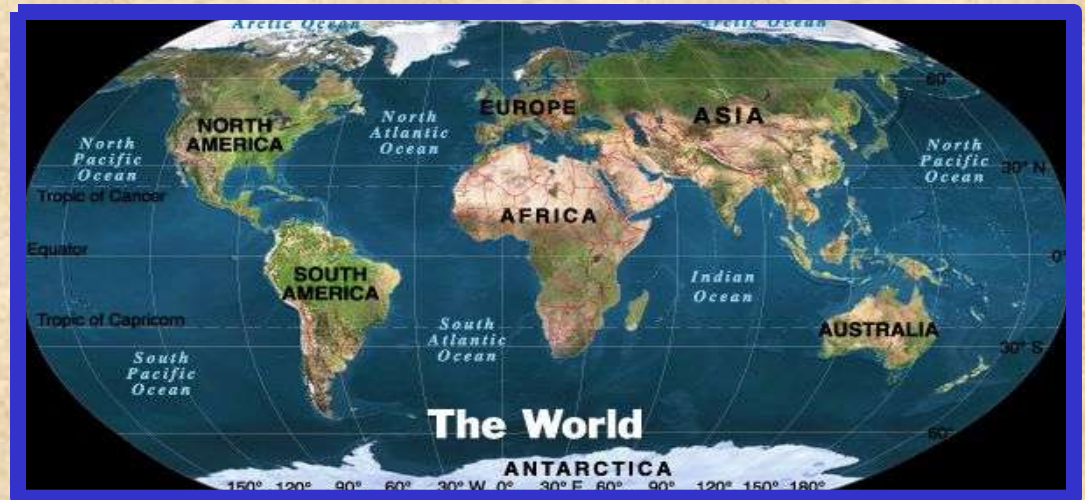
Theme 1: Location

- Where is It?
- Why is It There?

Two Types of Location

Absolute

Relative



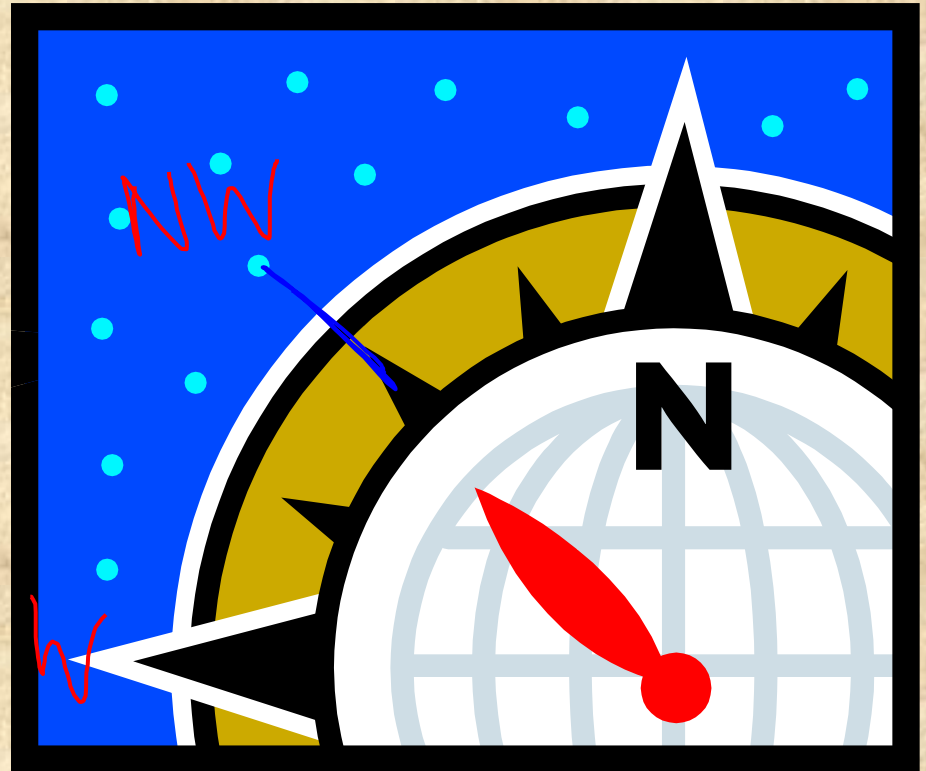
Relative Location

- Where a place is in relation to another place
- Uses directional words to describe

– Cardinal and intermediate directions

N, S, E, W

NE, SW, SE, NW



Georgia

- Georgia is bordered by Florida on the south, Alabama on the west, and South Carolina and Tennessee on the north.
- The Atlantic Ocean forms Georgia's east coast.
- Georgia is one of the Southeastern States

Absolute Location

- Latitude and longitude
- A specific place on the Earth's surface
- Uses a grid system
- A global address



Georgia

Absolute Location

- **Atlanta**

– 33° 44' 56" N / 84° 23' 17" W

- **Thomasville**

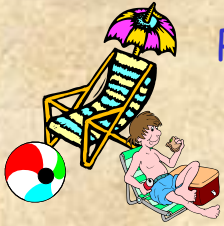
– 30° 50' 11" N / 83° 58' 44" W

Positioning on the Earth's Surface



Latitude: (90°N to 90°S)

Longitude: (180°E to 180°W)



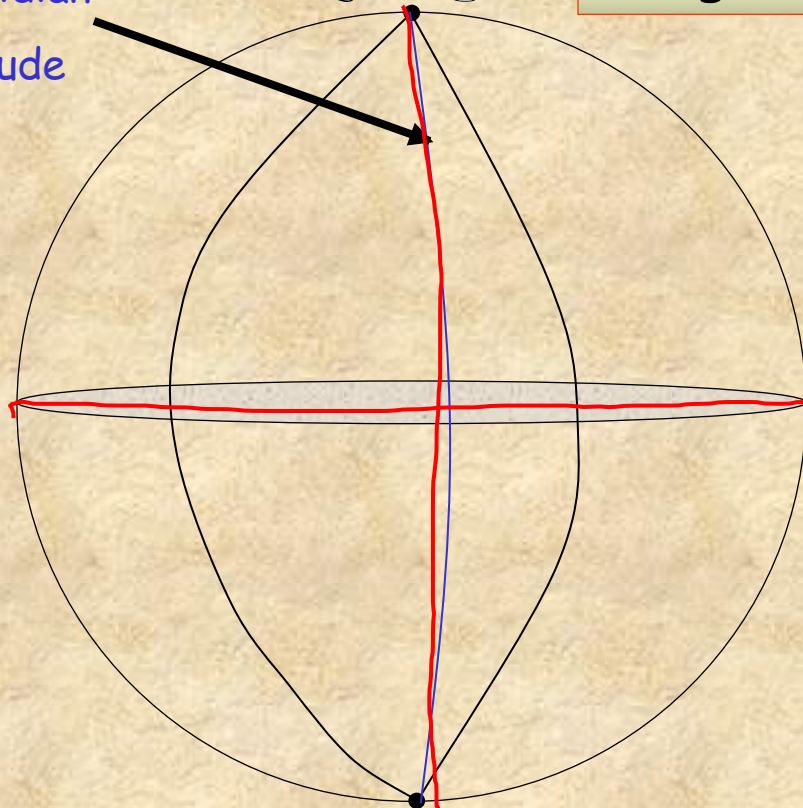
Equator

Equator

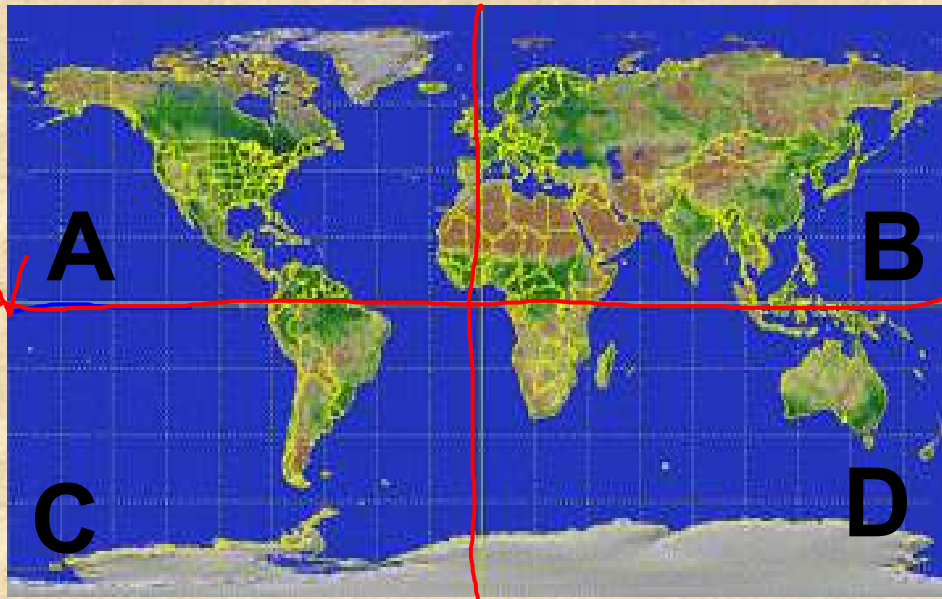
Latitude 0°



Longitude 30° East



Can You Tell What Quarter These Longitudes And Latitudes Are Located?



- 1. 41°N , 21°E
- 2. 37°N , 76°W
- 3. 72°S , 141°W
- 4. 7°S , 23°W
- 5. 15°N , 29°E
- 6. 34°S ,

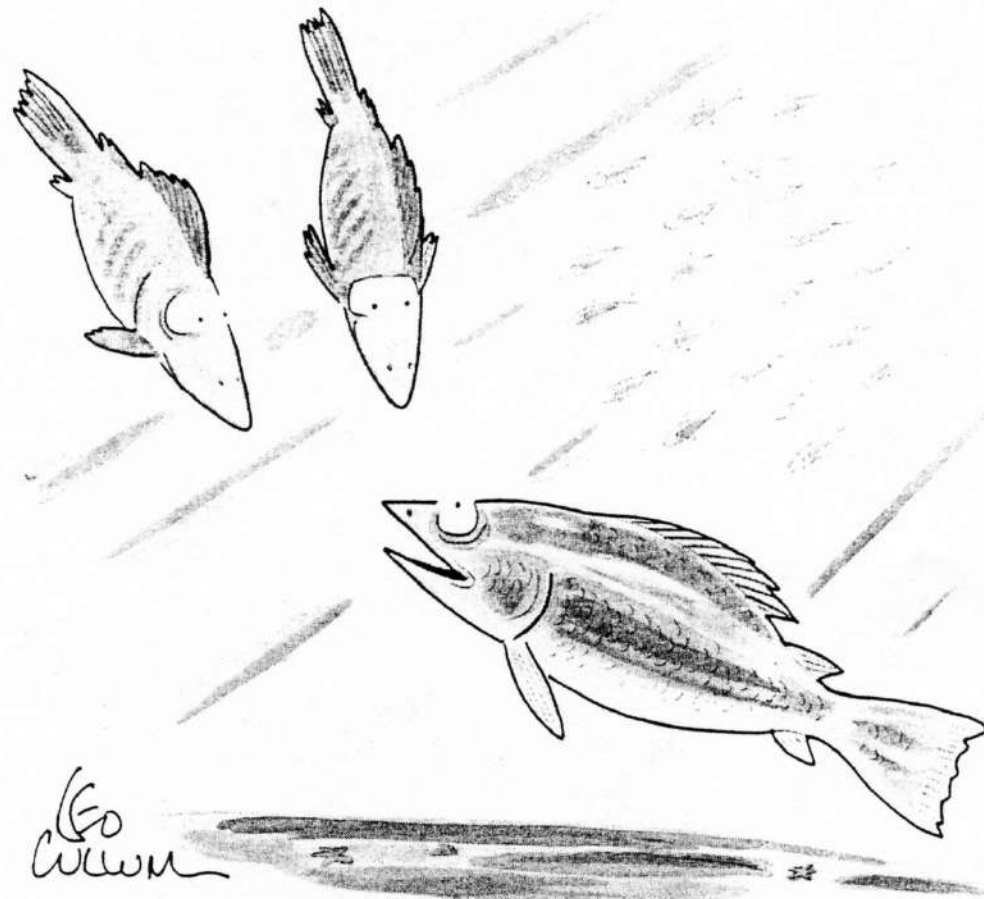
1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. D

EP1a00e



Basic field trips

EPICURE



"I'm not sure what I am, but I believe I'm a product of Norway."

Theme 2: Place

Place – The physical and human characteristics of a place



Physical

- Mountains, plains, & plateaus
- Land Features
- **Climate**
- **Bodies of Water**

Physical Characteristics



Theme 2: Place

Human Characteristics



- People
- Culture
- Language
- Religion
- Cities
- **Buildings and Landmarks**



Human Characteristics



Human Environment Interactions



"It's the only way to go, Frank. Why, my life's changed, ever since I discovered Stackable Livestock.®"

Theme 3: Human Environment Interaction

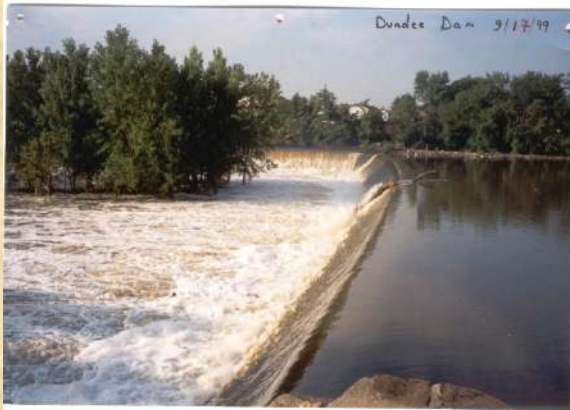


How People Interact With Their Environment and how the environment is affected by people

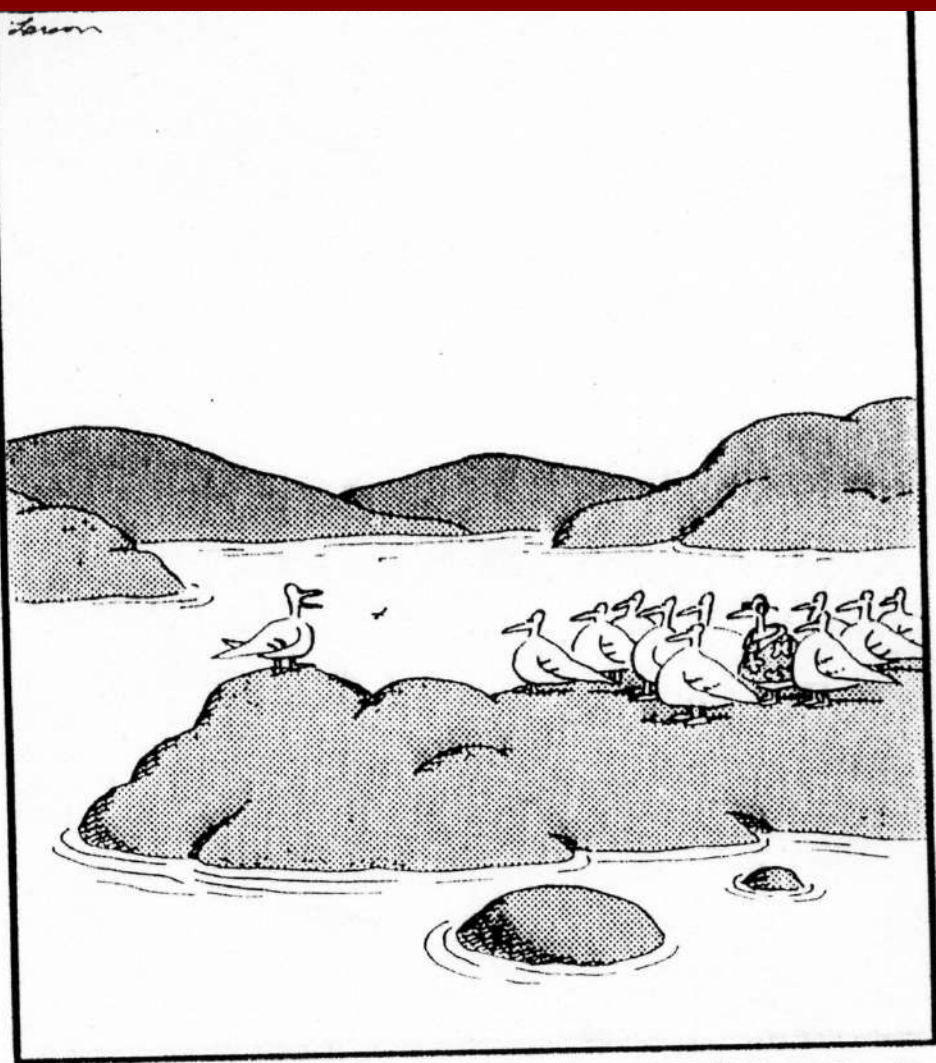
People . . .

- Adapt to Their Environment
- Modify Their Environment
- Depend on Their Environment

Human Environment Interaction



Movement



"OK, everyone, we'll be departing for Antarctica in about 15 minutes. ... If anyone thinks he may be in the wrong migration, let us know now."

Theme 4: Movement



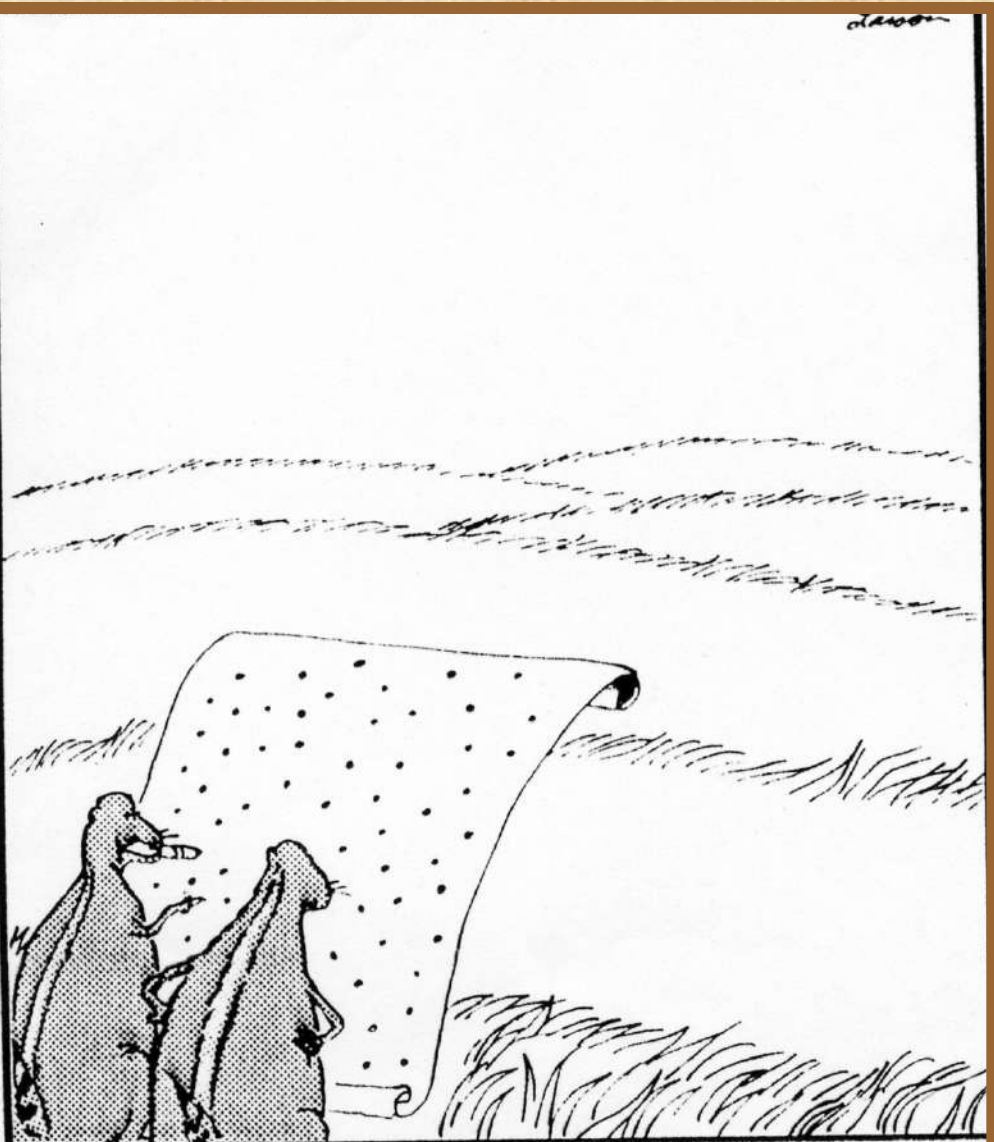
- Transportation of people, goods, and ideas
- Migration and immigration
- Trading partners, imports/exports



Movement



Regions



Prairie dog developers

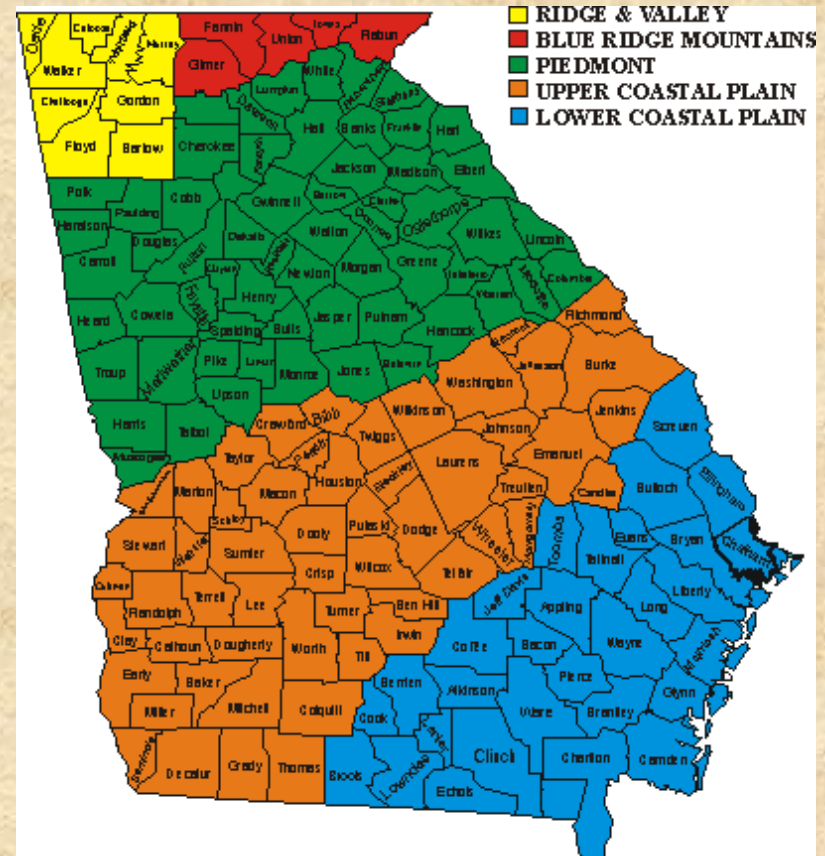
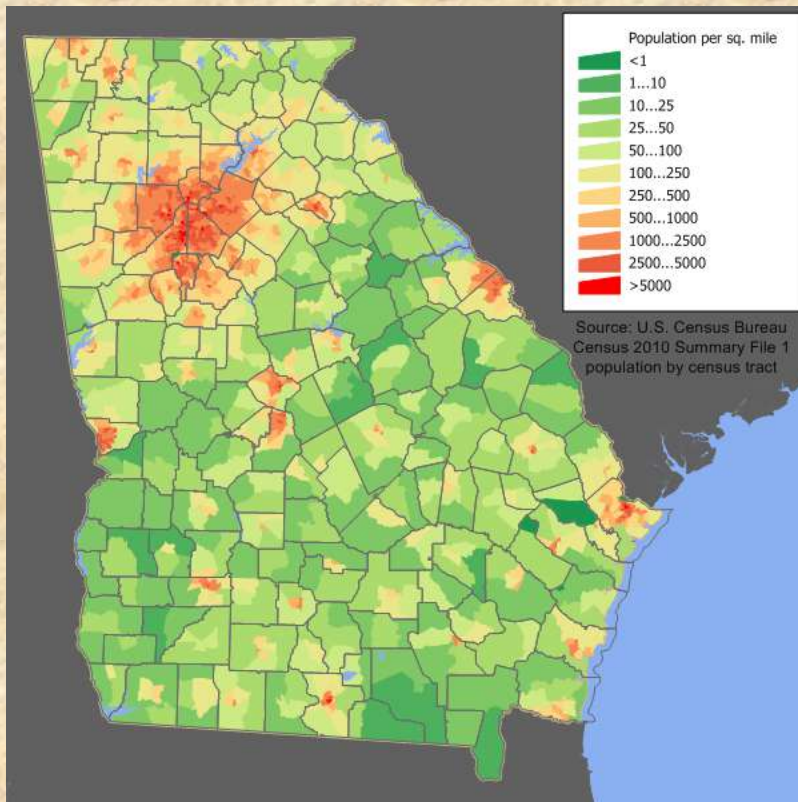
Theme 5: Regions

Grouping areas by what places
have in common

- Political Regions
- Landform Regions
- Agricultural Regions
- Cultural Regions



Georgia: Regions



Reading Enrichment

- On your movie sheet you will need TWO sentences summarizing what you have learned about Cambodia.
- After you are done with the movie sheet, being reading the article on Pol Pot on the back side of the movie sheet.

What am I doing today?

- You will need:
 - Piece of paper
 - Something to write with
 - Your notes
- Finishing up notes and then reviewing the Five Themes of Geography

- Location
- Place
- Region
- Human-Environment
Interaction
- Movement

Bellwork

(In your bellwork notebook)

Answer the following questions...

1. What are the five themes of geography?
 2. What is the difference between relative and absolute location?
 3. Lines on a map that go North and South are called what?
 - (Hint: They give an absolute location)
 4. Lines on a map that go East and West are called what?
 - (Hint: They give an absolute location)
- After you are finished get out your five themes of geography notes.

Review

- What are the five themes of geography?

Review

- What is the difference between relative and absolute location?

Review

- Lines on a map that go North and South?

Review

- Lines on a map that go East and West are called what?

On the back of your notes:

- Write the word
 - Hemisphere: a half of the earth
- Four Hemispheres
 - Northern
 - Southern
 - Eastern
 - Western
- Equator =
- ~~Prime Meridian~~



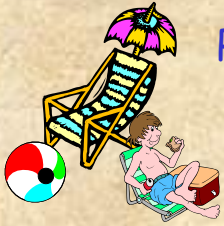
Positioning on the Earth's Surface



North Pole

Latitude: (90°N to 90°S)

Longitude: (180°E to 180°W)



Prime Meridian

0° Longitude

Equator

Latitude 0°

Longitude 30° East

South Pole

Latitude and Longitude together enable the fixing of position on the Earth's surface.

Quiz

- Quiz on Five themes of geography and map skills on Tuesday!

Color the Continents

- North America
 - Green
- South America
 - Yellow
- Africa
 - Blue
- Europe
 - Red
- Asia
 - Purple
- Australia
 - Orange
- Antarctica
 - Grey