## ${\it Ernest Hemingway: Wrestling with Life Video Guide}$

1.	In 1950, Hemingway was hailed by the <i>New York Times</i> as the most important writer since the death of			
2.	Hemingway was more than a writer: he was an icon of			
3. He was born on July, 1899, and was often dressed in				
	clothing.			
4.	His mother had given up dreams of being an opera singer, and his father was an avid			
5.	As a child, Hemingway would whip himself so his wouldn't have to.			
	Hemingway used his uncle's connections at the Star to			
	get work as a cub reporter.			
	He was rejected by the US Army for defective, and he volunteered			
	with the Red Cross of Italy as an			
8.	While recuperating from an injury, his love affair with Agnes von Kurowsky inspired the novel			
9.	After his breakup with Agnes and being kicked out of his parents' house, he moved to			
	Chicago where he met his first wife,			
10.	The couple moved to as Hemingway got a job as a foreign correspondent.			
11, the godmother of his first son, was instrumental in				
	introducing him to the literary world of his new city. She coined the phrase "The			
	Generation" to describe the generation of ex-pats after WWI.			
12.	He taught poet Ezra Pound how to in exchange for help in navigating the			
	literary world.			
13.	In 1923, Hadley lost all of Hemingway's while on a trip to			
	Austria.			
14.	Hemingway was an aficionado of culture. He brought a large group of			
	his expatriate friends to see the bull fights at Pamplona; he even named his first-born			
	son after Nicador Villata y Serrés, a famous			
15.	Hemingway's Jewish friend,, upstaged			
	Hemingway in bullfights and for the affection of Lady Duff Twyden. He served as the			
	inspiration for Robert Cohn in <i>The Sun Also Rises</i> .			

16.	. Hemingway's	style was ground-breaking and hailed by critics,	
	but he considered his style		
17.	Hadley befriended Pauline Pfeiffer, a socialite who worked for the Paris branch of		
18.	. When faced with the affair, Hadley asked for Hemingway to break off the affair for days.		
19.	•	, where Hemingway	
		d rum, and won many fishing competitions.	
20.	o. He converted to		
		ll, especially after Pauline was told that she should	
	not any more		
22.		n Africa cut his trip short.	
23 Gellhorn, Hemingway's 3 <sup>rd</sup> wife, basically moved in with the			
_ე.	Hemingway family, similar to what Pauline had done to Hadley.		
24.		, where	
·	he sided with the Spanish Republican		
25.	25. His grim portrayal of this war is echoed in		
	In 1939, he and Gellhorn moved to Cuba where he met		
		, the captain of <i>Pilar</i> .	
27.		ay was taken aback when Gellhorn left for Europe	
,	to serve as a war correspondent.	•	
28.	8. Mary, Hemingway's 4 <sup>th</sup> wife, was the opposite of Gellhorn.		
	o. Two tragedies in 1951, the deaths of _		
-).	, took their toll on Hemingway.		
30.		own as his defining work, and he won the Pulitzer in	
31.	. He suffered two	crashes and was incorrectly reported as dead.	
	2. In, he won the Nobel Prize for Literature.		
		n, Hemingway moved to Idaho, where he started	
	work on his memoir,	- •	
34.	4. Seeking help for his depression, Hemi		
		several times.	
35.	5. Hemingway passed of a self-inflicted		

## Answers

- 1. Shakespeare
- 2. Super masculinity
- 3. 21st, girl's
- 4. Outdoorsman
- 5. Mother
- 6. Kansas City
- 7. Vision, ambulance driver
- 8. A Farewell to Arms
- 9. Hadley Richardson
- 10. Paris
- 11. Gertrude Stein, Lost
- 12. Box
- 13. Manuscripts
- 14. Spanish, matador
- 15. Harold Loeb
- 16. Minimalistic, awkward
- 17. Vogue
- 18. 100
- 19. Key West
- 20. Catholicism
- 21. Conceive
- 22. Dysentery
- 23. Martha
- 24. Spanish Civil War
- 25. For Whom the Bell Tolls
- 26. Gregario Fuentes
- 27. WWII
- 28. Welsh
- 29. His mother (Grace) and Pauline
- 30. 1953
- 31. Crashes
- 32. 1954
- 33. A Moveable Feast
- 34. Electric shock therapy
- 35. 2nd