UNDERSTANDING A CREDIT CARD

"Take Charge of Your Finances" Advanced Level

WHAT IS CREDIT?

Credit- when goods, services or money is received in exchange for a promise to pay a definite sum of money at a <u>future</u> date

Credit is derived from the Latin word "credo" meaning "I believe"

Why would a person want to use credit?





OBTAINING CREDIT

Borrower is in need of credit

Borrower- person or organization that is receiving the money Borrower requests to receive credit from a **lender**

Lender- person or organization who has the resources to provide the borrower money

Lender determines whether to grant the borrower credit based on perceived **creditworthiness**

Creditworthiness- an individual's ability and willingness to pay the money back

Why would a lender assess a borrower's creditworthiness before granting credit?



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PAYING BACK CREDIT

If approved, the borrower will receive money from the lender Borrower is usually expected to pay **interest** in addition to the money borrowed

Interest - the price of money

Borrower pays money back

Why would a lender charge a borrower interest?

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DIFFERENT FORMS OF CREDIT

How are these forms of credit different?



VS.

Closed-end Credit

Open-end Credit



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CLOSED-END VS. OPEN-END CREDIT

	Closed-end credit	Open-end (revolving) credit	
Definition	A one-time loan	Credit extended in advance	
Purpose of loan (what is purchased)	Specified in application	May be used for a variety of purposes	





CLOSED-END VS. OPEN-END CREDIT

	Closed-end credit	Open-end credit	
Payments	Specified number of equal payments	Varies- can be paid in one payment or a series of equal or unequal payments	
Loan Amount	Agreed upon during the application process	May be increased	
Examples	Mortgage, automobile, education loans	Credit cards	

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WHAT IS A CREDIT CARD?

Buy Now, Pay Later

Pre-approved credit which can be used for the purchase of goods and services now and payment of them later

May continue to borrow as long as the **credit limit** (maximum dollar amount loaned) is not exceeded

Credit limit varies based upon the cardholder's perceived creditworthiness



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CREDIT CARD INTEREST

Interest is charged each month the balance is not

Rate at which interest is charged is referred to as:

Annual Percentage Rate (APR)

The cost of credit expressed as a yearly interest rate

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MINIMUM PAYMENTS

Required to make at least a minimum payment each month

 Usually only a small percentage (2.5-5%) of the total balan





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MINIMUM PAYMENTS

To prepare for her first semester of college, Miranda purchased a new computer for \$1000 and textbooks for \$500, spending a total of \$1500 on her credit card charging 15% APR. How much would Miranda pay in interest if she makes the minimum payment?

	Payment Made	~ Time to pay off card	~ Total amount of interest paid	~ Total amount paid
Full Payment	\$1500	1 month	\$0	\$1500
Partial Payment	\$135	1 year	\$125	\$1625
Minimum Payment	\$30	11 years	\$1413	\$2913



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ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES TO USING CREDIT CARDS

- Convenient payment tool
- Useful for emergencies
- Often required to hold a reservation
- Able to purchase "big ticket" items and spread out payments
- Protection against fraud
- Opportunity to establish a positive credit history
- Online shopping is safer than using a debit card
- Possibility of receiving bonuses

- Interest can be costly when a balance is revolved
- Additional penalty fees may apply
- Tempting to overspend
- Risk of identity theft
- Responsible for lost/stolen cards
- Applying for multiple accounts in a short period of time can lower your credit score





WHAT IS A DEBIT CARD?

Plastic card which looks like a credit card but is electronically connected to the cardholder's bank account Money is immediately withdrawn from the cardholders checking What is the difference between a ad credit card and a debit card?





CREDITWORTHINESS

Credit card approval depends on borrower's perceived creditworthiness



How a person uses a credit card affects their creditworthiness

Creditworthiness is determined by a credit report and/or credit score



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CREDIT HISTORY

Credit Report

A record of a consumer's credit history that includes information about credit card use as well as the use of other types of credit

Credit Score

A number that summarizes an individual's credit record and history; a numeric "grade" of a consumer's financial reliability

Credit cards can have a positive or negative impact on an individual's credit history



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POSITIVE CREDIT CARD USE



A high credit score gives the opportunity to have lower interest rates on loans, the privilege to use different forms of credit, and an easier approval process for future credit





POSITIVE CREDIT CARD USE

Examples of positive credit card behaviors:

- Paying credit card balances in full every month
- Paying credit card bills on time
- Applying for only credit cards that are needed
- Keeping track of all charges by keeping receipts and using a check register
- Checking the monthly credit card statement for errors





NEGATIVE CREDIT CARD USE

Examples of negative credit card behaviors:

- Making late credit card payments
- Paying only the minimum payment
- Exceeding the card's credit limit (usually triggers a penalty fee)
- Charging items that can't be paid off immediately
- Owning too many credit cards





CREDIT CARD BENEFITS





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CARDHOLDER PROTECTIONS & RIGHTS

Truth in Lending Act

Protects from unauthorized credit card charges

If the actual credit card was used

If only the card number was used

Cardholder liability is limited to \$50.00

Cardholder has no liability

MUST write a letter within 60 days of the bill containing the error

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CARDHOLDER PROTECTION & RIGHTS

Fair Credit Billing Act Protects from broken, undelivered, unsatisfied purchases made with credit cards

- Allows the consumer to not pay for a product or service for which the consumer has a complaint
- Any amount of money above the \$50.00 fee that consumers are responsible for will be issued back

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CREDIT CARD SAFETY TIPS

Sign card with a signature and "Please see I.D." Do not leave cards lying around, and report lost/stolen cards promptly Close unwanted accounts by writing and phone then cut up the card

Do not give out account numbers unless making a purchase

Keep a list of all cards, account numbers, and phone lists separate from cards Shred all preapproved credit card offers, applications, or solicitations





ONLINE SHOPPING SAFETY TIPS

1. Use a temporary credit card number

- This is a one-time use only number
- A set amount will be charged to your credit card
- Then a number will be given to you to do your shopping
- 2. Use a credit card rather than a debit card



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SUMMARY

A credit card is pre-approved credit which can be used for the purchase of goods and services now and payment of them later

To avoid paying interest on a credit card, pay the balance in full every month

A credit card can have a positive or a negative impact on an individual's credit history

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SUMMARY

Credit card companies are required to disclose the terms and fees of a credit card in the Schumer's box

Credit card statements outline important information about a credit card and should be checked carefully for errors

Consumers have many protections and rights in regards to credit card use



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