SS8H2a

Creating a Settlement Georgia



Standards

SS8H2 The student will analyze the colonial period of Georgia's history.

a. Explain the importance of James Oglethorpe, the Charter of 1732, reasons for settlement (charity, economics, and defense), Tomochichi, Mary Musgrove, and the city of Savannah.

Teacher Info – Who's & What's

Print off the Who's & What's handout for each student.

 BEFORE the lesson, have students fill in the squares with what they think each term means.

AFTER the presentation, the students will write down new (factual) information about each term.

Check the answers as a class.

Directions: BEFORE the unit, write what you *think* each term means. AFTER the presentation, you will write down new information about each term.

James Oglethorpe Who I think this is:	Charter of 1732 What I think this means:
Definition:	Definition:
Reasons for Settling GA What I think they were:	Tomochichi Who I think this is:
Definition:	Definition:
Mary Musgrove Who I think this is:	Savannah What I think this means:
Definition:	Definition:

Teacher Directions - CLOZE Notes

- The next pages are handouts for the students to use for note-taking during the presentation. (Print front to back to save paper and ink.)
- Check the answers as a class after the presentation.

and to
 All colonists were given, tools for farming, and food to last for one year. In return, the colonists had to agree to
carpenters, bakers, farmers, etc.). • Many British citizens supported Oglethorpe's venture by
He only accepted people with
 Colonists Oglethorpe interviewed hundreds of people, but only accepted to travel to Georgia.
 Georgia was to become a
from the Spanish, French, and Native Americans.
ned the could apply t
that would govern the new colony.
 It would also serve as abetween Florida (Spanish-controlled land) and the British colony of South Carolina. In, King George granted a charter that created the, and named Oglethorpe as one of the
Georgia King George liked the idea because the colony would .
 It was proposed that the new colony be called Georgia, in
unemployed. Oglethorpe asked King George II for a in 1730.
citizens. In 1720, he began talking about creating a colony to and
 He was upset with thethat many of London's citizens faced, especially those that were thrown in jail for debt. Oglethorpe worked to for these
Oglethorpe James Oglethorpe was a wealthy, well-educated member of ———————————————————————————————————

• On November 17, 1732, the with Oglethorpe and 114 other people on board. • In, they arrived in America. • Oglethorpe selected a, they arrived in America. • Tomochichi, they a
omochichi While scouting the new land, Oglethorpe met a group Tomochichi.
Oglethorpe didOglethorpe did
 Mary Musgrove Fortunately for Oglethorpe, a named Mary Musgrove offered to be his She served as interpreter for Oglethorpe from 1733 to 1743 and helped him
Musgrove helped Oglethorpe and Tomochichi work together to establish a
 Her to the founding of the colony of Georgia.
Savannah In, Oglethorpe and the colonists beside the river for the new city of
Savannah. • The trustees hoped that Savannah would be a "."
 They wanted the, the land holdings to be restricted, and in the colony.



Oglethorpe

- James Oglethorpe was a wealthy, well-educated member of England's Parliament.
- faced, especially those that were thrown in jail for debt. He was upset with the harsh conditions that many of London's citizens
- Oglethorpe worked to improve the quality of life for these citizens
- and unemployed. In 1720, he began talking about creating a colony to help the country's poor
- Oglethorpe asked King George II for a charter of land in America in 1730.
- It was proposed that the new colony be called Georgia, in honor of the king.

Georgia

- King George liked the idea because the colony would help England economically.
- land) and the British colony of South Carolina. It would also serve as a buffer colony between Florida (Spanish-controlled
- and named Oglethorpe as one of the trustees that would govern the new In 1732, King George granted a charter that created the colony of Georgia colony.

Charter of 1732

- The Charter of 1732 outlined the reasons for settling Georgia:
- Charity: The poor and unemployed could apply to move to Georgia.
- England for profit. II. Economics: The new colony would send silk, wine, and indigo back to
- Spanish, French, and Native Americans III. Defense: Georgia would protect South Carolina and other colonies from the

Trustees

- Georgia was to become a trustee colony.
- to give it to other people The new trustees could not keep any land for themselves, but were allowed
- government was to pass to the ruler of England. They could govern the colony for 21 years, after that, the colony's

Colonists

- travel to Georgia. Oglethorpe interviewed hundreds of people, but only accepted 35 families to
- carpenters, bakers, farmers, etc.). He only accepted people with skills to make Georgia a success (tailors
- and money. Many British citizens supported Oglethorpe's venture by donating supplies
- for one year. All colonists were given 50 acres of land, tools for farming, and food to last
- crops, and to obey all of the trustees' rules. In return, the colonists had to agree to defend the land, not sell land, grow



America

- 114 other people on board. In January 1733, they arrived in America. On November 17, 1732, the Anne sailed from England with Oglethorpe and
- settlement. Oglethorpe selected a high bluff overlooking the Savannah River for
- The new city would be called Savannah.

Tomochichi

- Indians and their chief, Tomochichi. While scouting the new land, Oglethorpe met a group of Yamacraw (Creek)
- Oglethorpe did not want any conflict to occur between the Indians and the
- new settlement. He wanted to negotiate fairly with Tomochichi to ensure the success of the

Mary Musgrove

- offered to be his interpreter. Fortunately for Oglethorpe, a part-Indian woman named Mary Musgrove
- work peacefully with the Creek Indians She served as interpreter for Oglethorpe from 1733 to 1743 and helped him
- Musgrove helped Oglethorpe and Tomochichi work together to establish a peaceful relationship.
- Her contributions were critical to the founding of the colony of Georgia

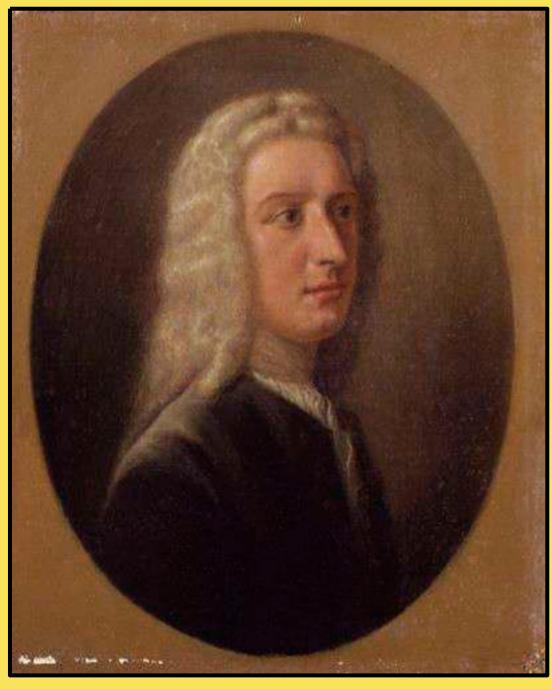
Savannah

- river for the new city of Savannah. In February 1733, Oglethorpe and the colonists cleared the land beside the
- The trustees hoped that Savannah would be a "classless society"
- They wanted the houses to be similar, the land holdings to be restricted, and slavery to be forbidden in the colony.



Oglethorpe

- James Oglethorpe was a wealthy, well-educated member of England's Parliament.
- He was upset with the harsh conditions that many of London's citizens faced, especially those that were thrown in jail for debt.
- Oglethorpe worked to improve the quality of life for these citizens.



James Oglethorpe, the Founding Father of Georgia

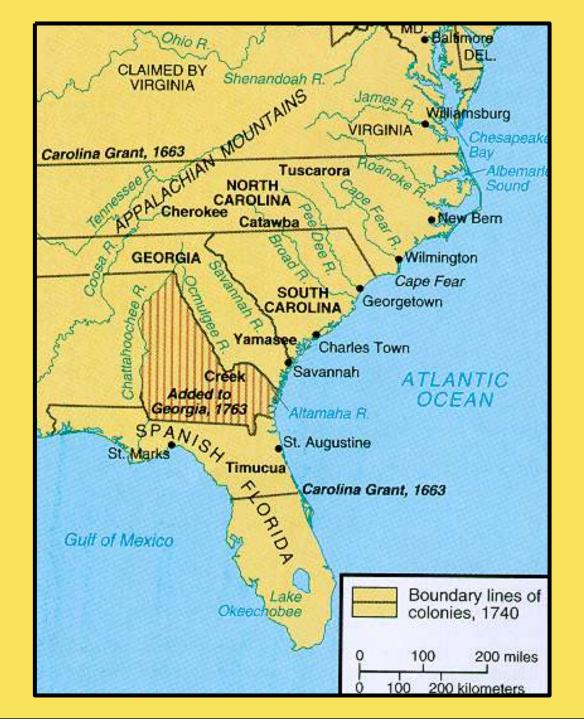
Oglethorpe

- In 1720, he began talking about creating a colony to help the country's poor and unemployed.
- Oglethorpe asked King George II for a charter of land in America in 1730.
- It was proposed that the new colony be called Georgia, in honor of the king.

Georgia

- King George liked the idea because the colony would help England economically.
- It would also serve as a buffer colony between Florida (Spanish-controlled land) and the British colony of South Carolina.
- In 1732, King George granted a charter that created the colony of Georgia and named Oglethorpe as one of the trustees that would govern the new colony.

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Charter of 1732

- The Charter of 1732 outlined the reasons for settling Georgia:
- **I. Charity**: The poor and unemployed could apply to move to Georgia.
- II. Economics: The new colony would send silk, wine, and indigo back to England for profit.
- III. Defense: Georgia would protect South Carolina and other colonies from the Spanish, French, and Native Americans.

Trustees

- Georgia was to become a trustee colony.
- The new trustees could not keep any land for themselves, but were allowed to give it to other people.
- They could govern the colony for 21 years, after that, the colony's government was to pass to the ruler of England.



Seal of the Trustees

Trustees Appointed by the Charter of 1732

```
TRUSTEES appointed for Establishing
  the new Colony in Georgia, (See p. 88.)
  incorporated by a Charter now palling.
                   John Laroche, Efg;
Ld Vife. Percival,
Lord Carpenter, James Vernon, Ela;
Edward Digby, Efg; William Belitha, Efg.
                    Stephen Hales, M. A.
Ja. Oglethorpe, E/9;
Geo. Heathcote, Lifq; John Burton, B. D.
                    Richard Bundy, A M.
Tho. Towers, Efq;
                    Arthur Bedford, A. M.
Robert More, E/9;
                    Samuel Smith, A. M.
Robert Hucks, Efg;
Rogers Holland, Ejq; Adam Anderson, Gent.
William Sloper, Efg; Thomas Coram, Gent.
Francis Eyles, Efg;
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Colonists

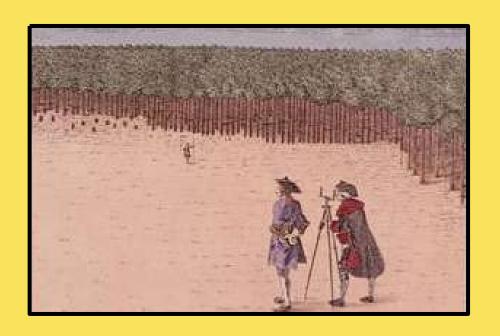
- Oglethorpe interviewed hundreds of people, but only accepted 35 families to travel to Georgia.
- He only accepted people with skills to make Georgia a success (tailors, carpenters, bakers, farmers, etc.).
- Many British citizens supported Oglethorpe's venture by donating supplies and money.

Colonists

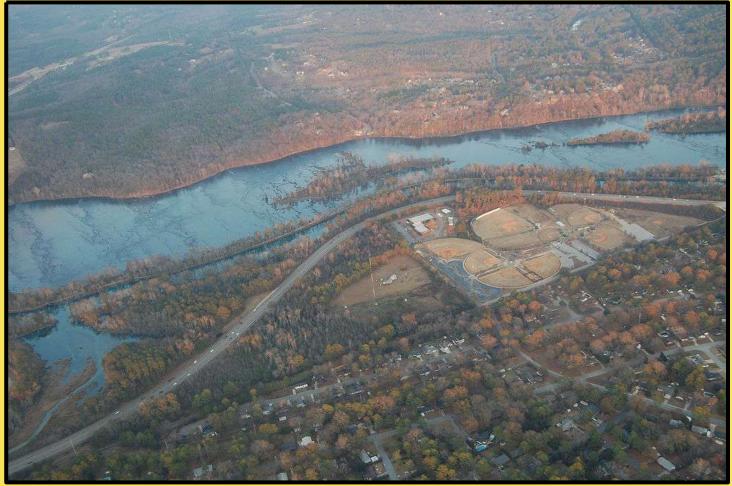
- All colonists were given 50 acres of land, tools for farming, and food to last for one year.
- In return, the colonists had to agree to defend the land, not sell land, grow crops, and to obey all of the trustees' rules.

America

- On November 17, 1732, the *Anne* sailed from England with Oglethorpe and 114 other people on board.
- In January 1733, they arrived in America.
- Oglethorpe selected a high bluff overlooking the Savannah River for settlement.
- The new city would be called Savannah.



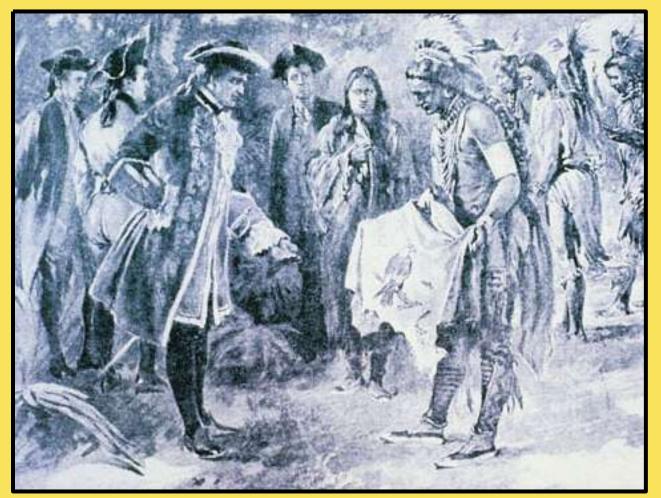
Savannah River

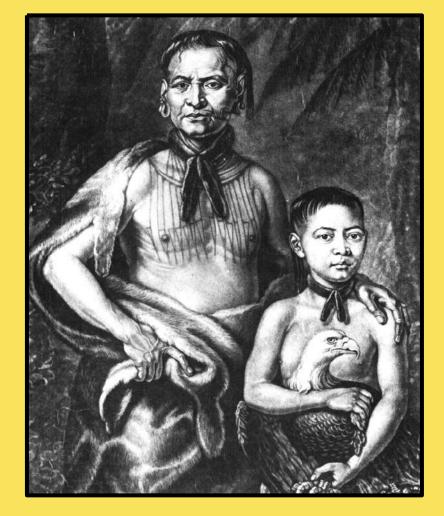


Tomochichi

- While scouting the new land, Oglethorpe met a group of Yamacraw (Creek) Indians and their chief, Tomochichi.
- Oglethorpe did not want any conflict to occur between the Indians and the colonists.
- He wanted to negotiate fairly with Tomochichi to ensure the success of the new settlement.

Tomochichi and Oglethorpe

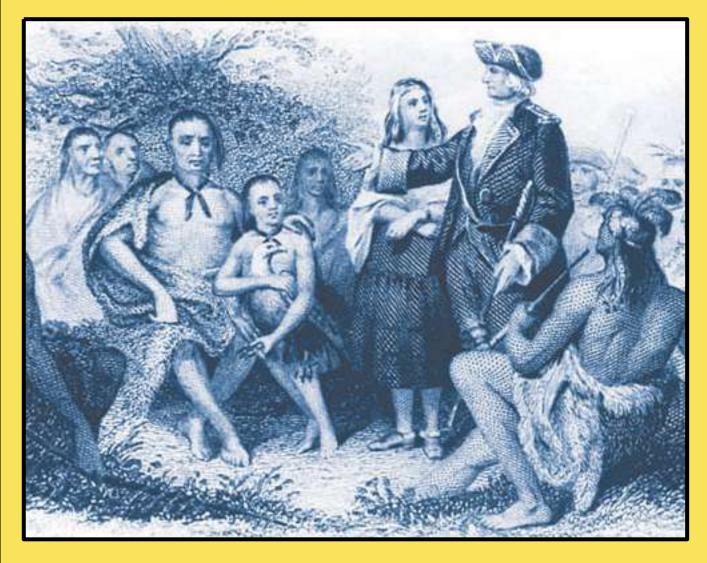




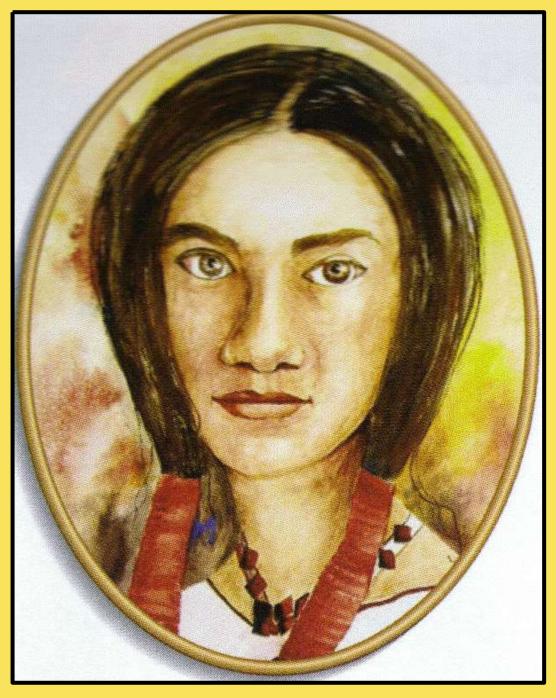
Yamacraw Indian Chief, Tomochichi, and his Nephew, Toonahowi.

Mary Musgrove

- Fortunately for Oglethorpe, a part-Indian woman named Mary Musgrove offered to be his interpreter.
- She served as interpreter for Oglethorpe from 1733 to 1743 and helped him work peacefully with the Creek Indians.
- Musgrove helped Oglethorpe and Tomochichi work together to establish a peaceful relationship.
- Her contributions were critical to the founding of the colony of Georgia.



Oglethorpe, Mary Musgrove, Tomochichi, and other Yamacraw Indians



Savannah

- In February 1733, Oglethorpe and the colonists cleared the land beside the river for the new city of Savannah.
- The trustees hoped that Savannah would be a "classless society".
- They wanted the houses to be similar, the land holdings to be restricted, and slavery to be forbidden in the colony.

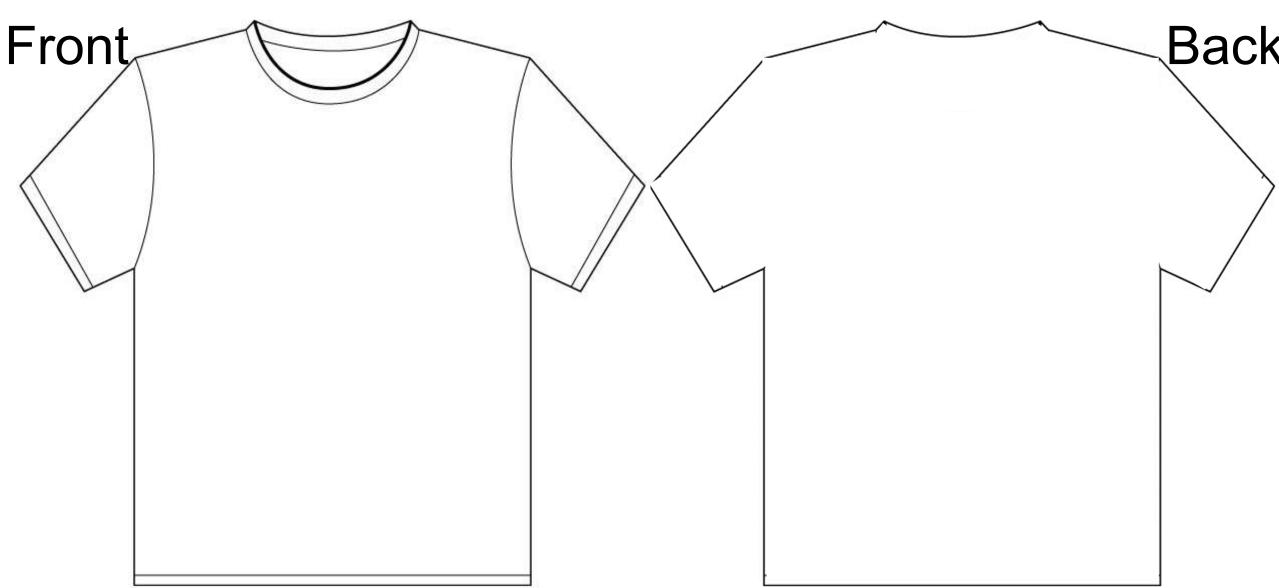


Teacher Info – GA Awareness T-Shirt

- Print off the T-Shirt handout for each student.
- Front of Shirt: The students will design a t-shirt to help spread the word about the new colony of GA. The design should share reasons why GA is a good investment for England.
- Back of Shirt: They will write a persuasive paragraph that describes the shirt's design and why donors should help fund the new settlement.

Georgia Awareness T-Shirt

Directions: Help Oglethorpe spread the word about the Charter of 1732 and the new colony of Georgia. Create a t-shirt to try to get donors to help fund the new settlement by sharing the reasons why the colony of Georgia is a good investment for England. Explain your design on the back side of the shirt.



Teacher Directions - Chart

- Print the Georgia VIPs graphic organizer for each student.
- Students will complete the graphic organizer while discussing the presentation.
- Check answers as a class at the end of the presentation to be sure that all charts are completed correctly.

Georgia VIPs

Directions: Complete the chart below while discussing the presentation.

	Who is this?	How was this person important to Georgia's history?	Illustration
James Oglethor pe			
Chief Tomochi chi			
Mary Musgrov e			

Georgia VIPs - KEY

Directions: Complete the chart below while discussing the presentation.

	Who is this?	How was this person important to Georgia's history?	Illustration
James Oglethor pe	Wealthy member of the British parliament who wanted to help the country's poor; came up with idea to send unemployed to a new colony in America	Asked King George for a charter of land and founded the first settlement in GA; worked peacefully with Tomochichi and the Yamacraw Indians	
Chief Tomochi chi	Elderly chief of the Yamacraw Indian tribe	He met Oglethorpe while O. was scouting for a place to build the settlement; he was open to a peaceful relationship with colonists; negotiated fairly with Oglethorpe	
Mary Musgrov e	Part-Indian woman who worked at a trading post	Agreed to be the interpreter for Oglethorpe & Yamacraw (Creek); helped him work peacefully with the Indians	

Teacher Info – Day Planner

- The students will imagine that they are one of the significant people from this lesson – Oglethorpe, Tomochichi, or Musgrove.
- They will create a day planner (schedule) that outlines what they will be doing each hour of the day, from the time they get up until they go to sleep.
- Remind the students to think about what the person is known for and how he/she contributed to Georgia's history when creating the schedule.

Colonial Georgia Day Planner

Directions: Imagine you are one of the significant people from this time period (Oglethorpe, Musgrove, or Tomochichi). Create a day planner that details what you will be doing each hour of the day. Start with the hour of the day you would probably wake up and end with the hour you would probably go to sleep. Include an entry for every hour between those two events. (*Think about what how/why the people are significant to Georgia's history.)



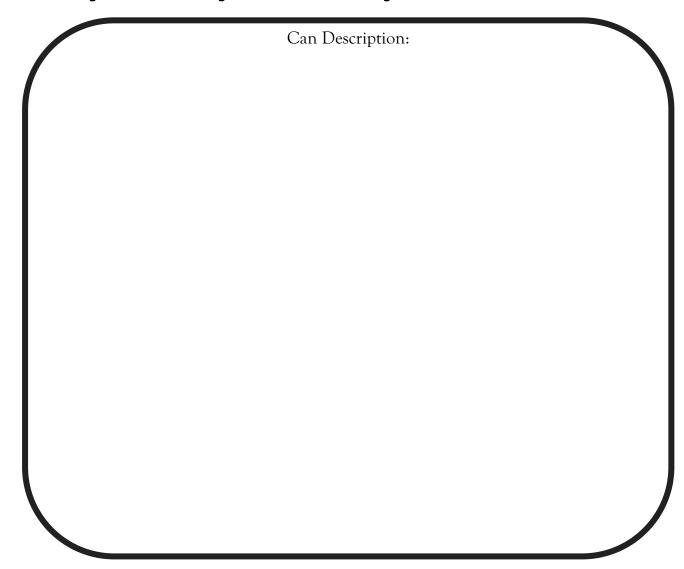
Teacher Info – A Can for Savannah

- Have the students create a can to commemorate the founding of Savannah (like the Coca-Cola cans that celebrate the Olympics).
- They should include symbols to represent Oglethorpe, Charter of 1732, Tomochichi, Musgrove, etc., in their design.
- In the textbox, they will write a paragraph about the can's design and how it is significant to the founding of Savannah.



A Can for Savannah

Directions: Design a can to commemorate the founding of Savannah, the first settlement in the new colony of Georgia. Be sure to include key people and events in your design (Oglethorpe, Musgrove, Tomochichi, Charter of 1732, etc.). In the textbox, explain your can's design and how it is significant to the founding of Savannah.



Teacher - Crystal Ball Predictions

- Have students make a prediction about what life will be like in the Georgia colony over the next few years.
- Have them think about Oglethorpe & the trustees, Savannah, the Spanish in Florida, etc. *This is a good lead-in to the next standard!

Crystal Ball Predictions

What do you think life will be like in the Georgia colony over the next few years. (What happens to Oglethorpe and the trustees? Will the colonists like living in Savannah? Where are the Spanish?)



Crystal Ball Predictions

What do you think life will be like in the Georgia colony over the next few years. (What happens to Oglethorpe and the trustees? Will the colonists like living in Savannah? Where are the Spanish?)



Thank You!



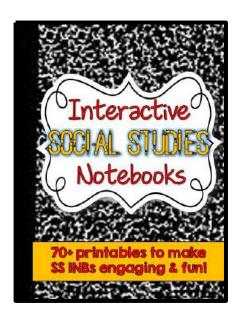
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