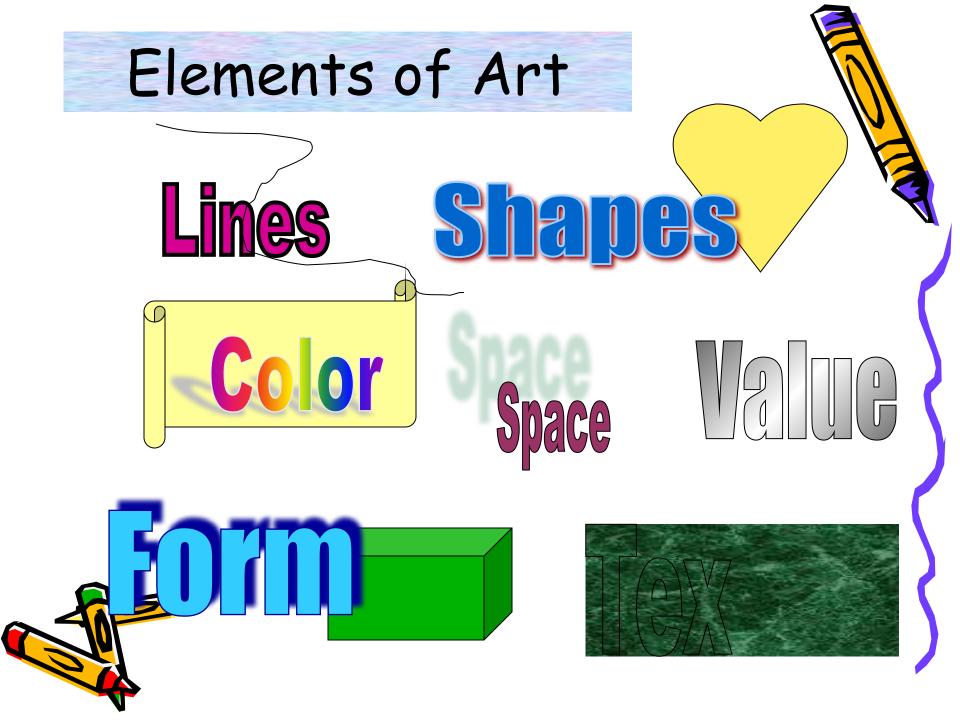


### Elements and Principles of ART

Elements are used to make art

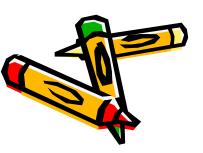
ALE

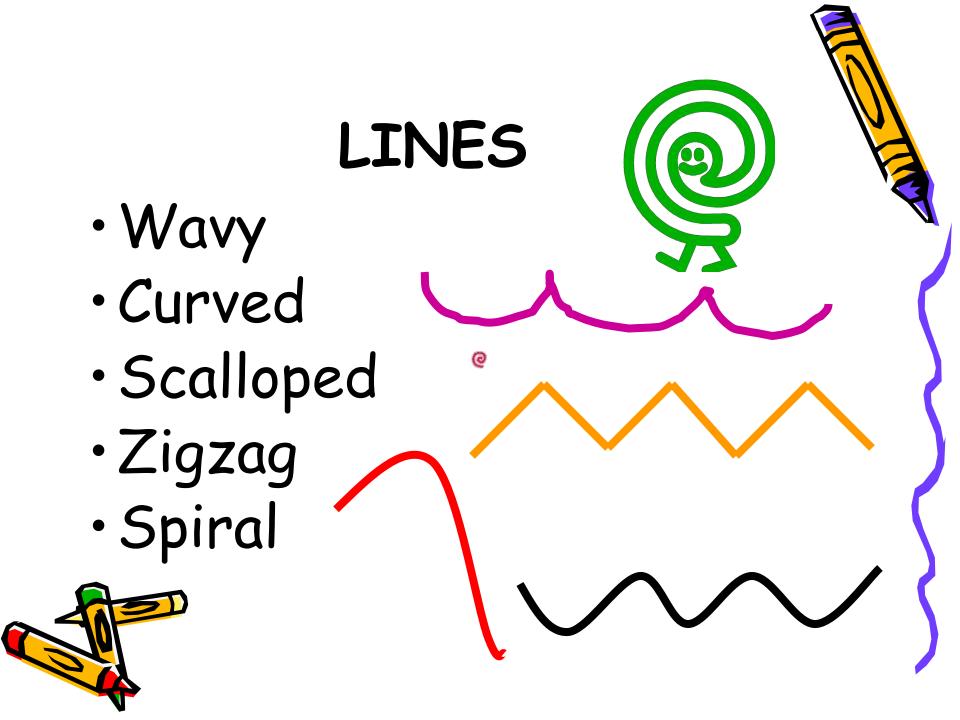
 Principles are how we arrange the elements



## LINES

- Straight
- Diagonal
- Horizontal
- Vertical



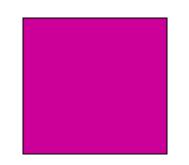


## SHAPES: 2-D Objects

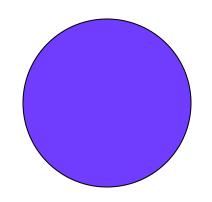
### Geometric

- Squares
- Triangles
- Rectangles
- Circles
- Ovals









SHAPES: 2-D Objects

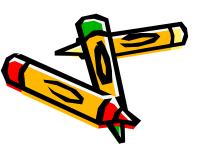
- Organic Shapes
- Curved, irregular shapes often found in nature

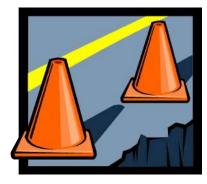


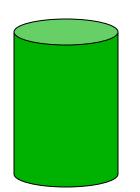
## FORMS

#### Forms are 3 dimensional

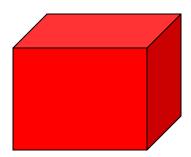
- Cubes
- Cones
- Pyramids
- Spheres
- Cylinders

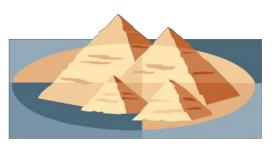






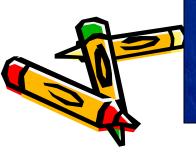






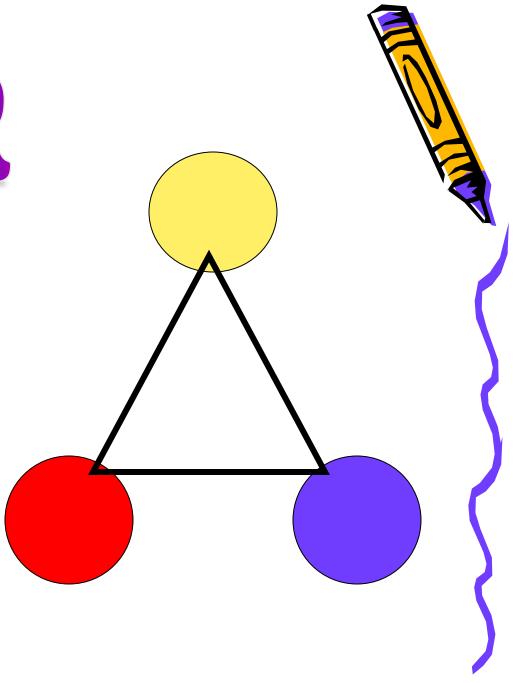
# VALUE

# Lightness or Darkness of a COLOR

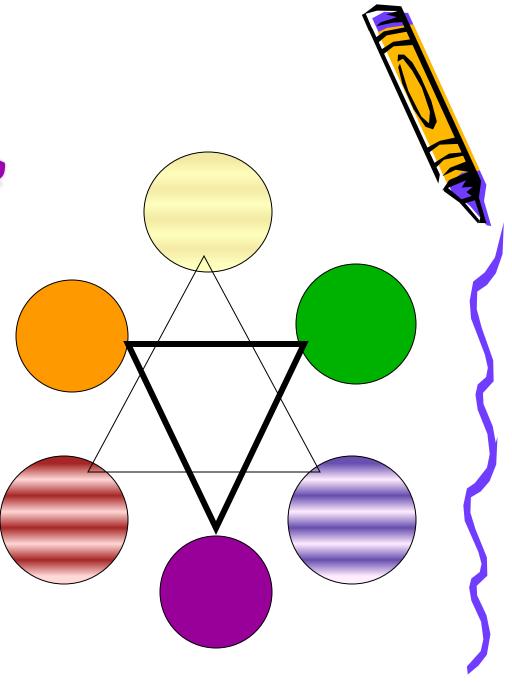










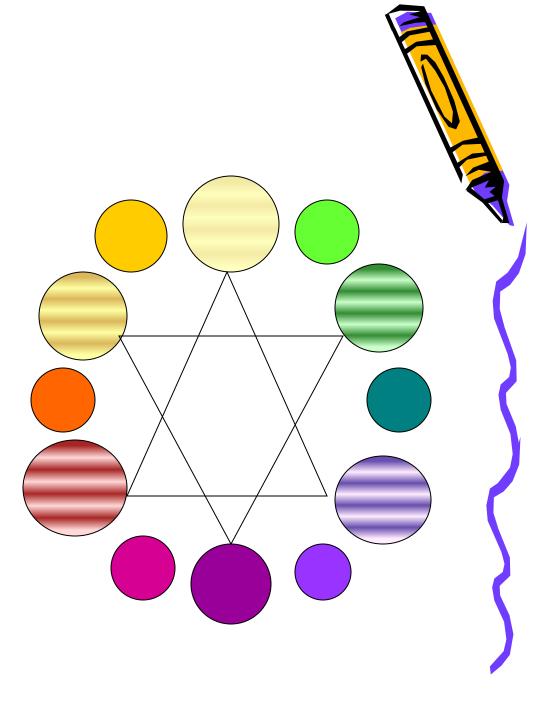


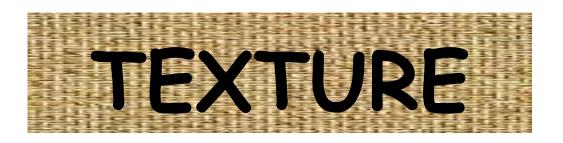
# COLOR

#### INTERMEDIATE COLORS:

- **•BLUE-GREEN**
- ·YELLOW-GREEN
- **•RED-ORANGE**
- ·YELLOW-ORANGE
- ·RED-VIOLET
- **BLUE-VIOLET**







# The way a surface feels when you touch it.

- Actual texture touched textures
- Visual texture are the illusion of actual texture





# SPACE

Positive - area
 occupied by something

Positive

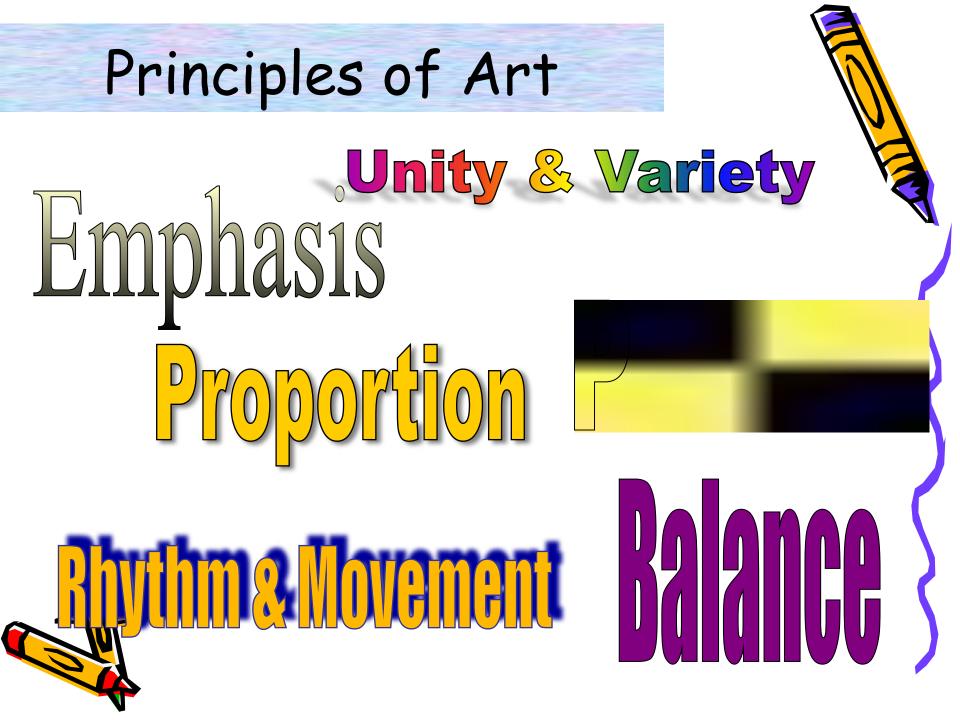
Space

Negative- empty areas

Negative

Space







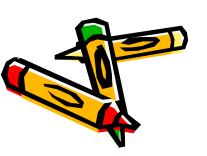
### CREATES A FEELING OF EQUAL VISUAL WEIGHT OR INTEREST IN ALL AREAS.

SYMMETRICAL
RADIAL
ASYMMETRICAL



### SYMMETRICAL BALANCE

• Both halves of the picture are identical

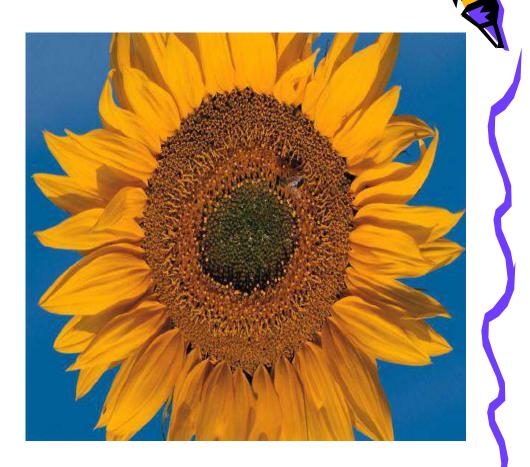


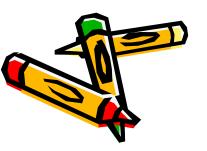




### RADIAL BALANCE

 Part of the design appears to move in or away from the center

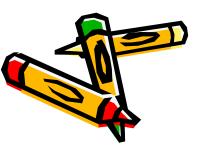




ASYMMETRICAL BALANCE

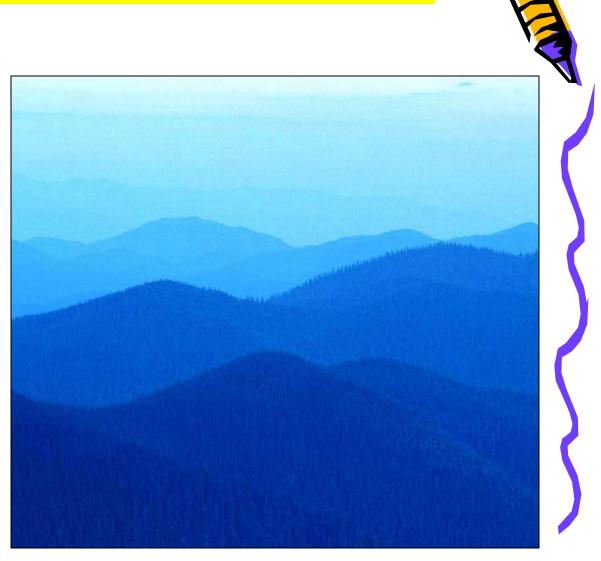
The halves
 are
 different
 yet equal.





## **RHYTHM/MOVEMENT**

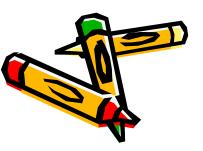
 Created by repeating things in a beat or order



# Proportion

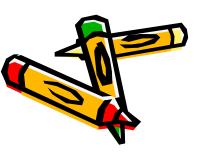
Refers to size when compared to something else

- 1. Miniature
- 2. Life size
- 3. Monumental



# Emphasis

 What you notice first about a work of art; center or interest, dominant shape, focal point

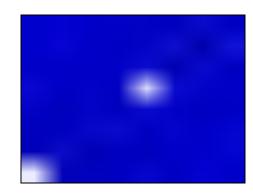


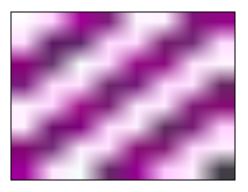


# Pattern

 Repeated use of lines, colors, or other visual elements. They often hold a work of art together.







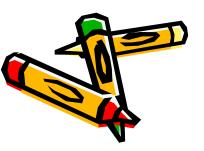


## Unity

# Unity-everything fits together or works as a team

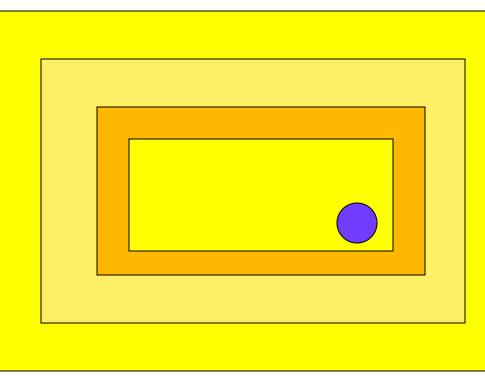
- Repetition
- Simplicity
- Harmony
- Theme
- Proximity
- · Continuity

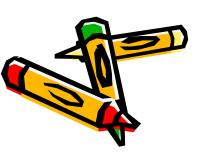






# Variety uses contrasting elements to make something interesting.



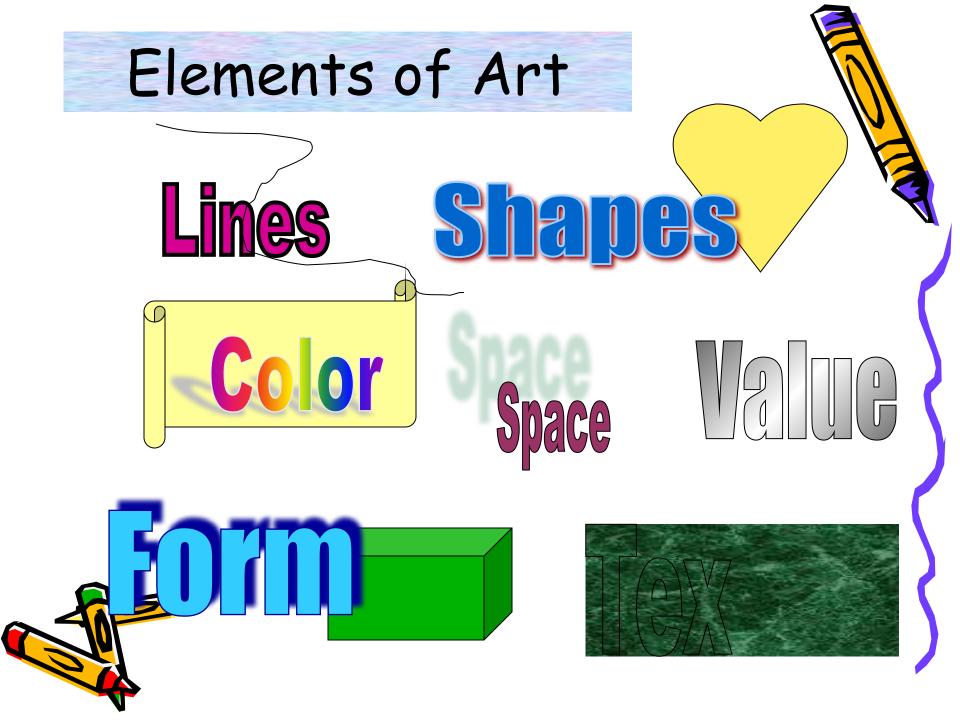


### Elements and Principles of ART

Elements are used to make art

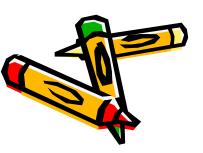
ALE

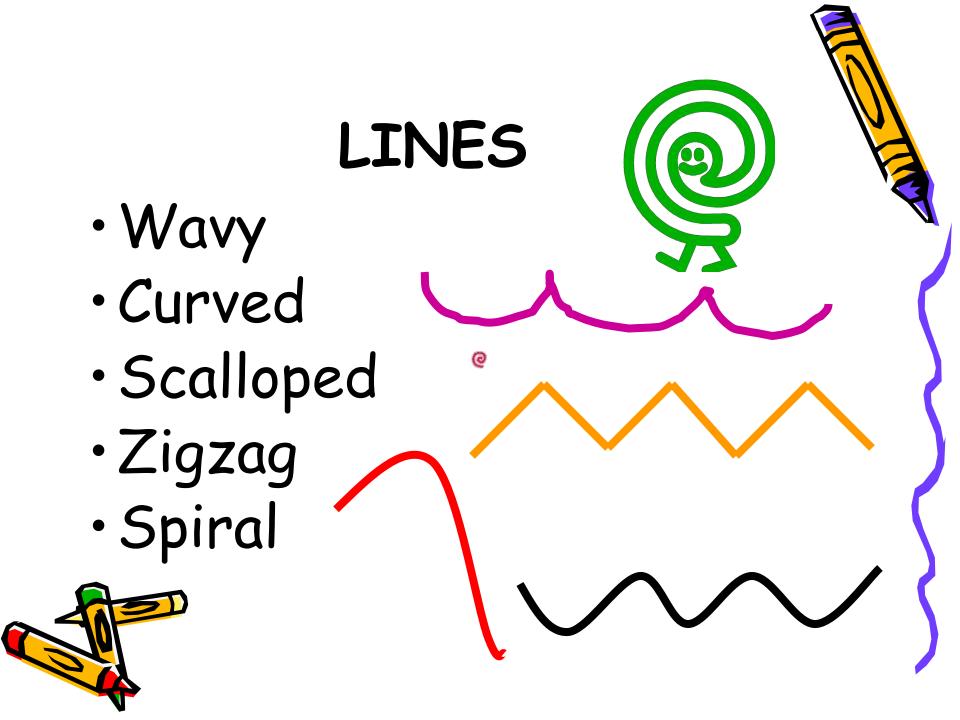
 Principles are how we arrange the elements



## LINES

- Straight
- Diagonal
- Horizontal
- Vertical



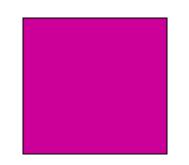


## SHAPES: 2-D Objects

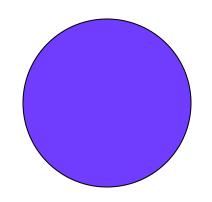
### Geometric

- Squares
- Triangles
- Rectangles
- Circles
- Ovals









SHAPES: 2-D Objects

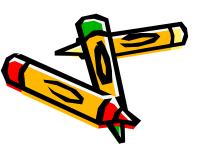
- Organic Shapes
- Curved, irregular shapes often found in nature

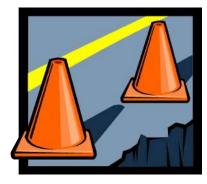


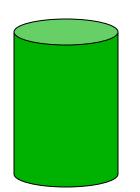
## FORMS

#### Forms are 3 dimensional

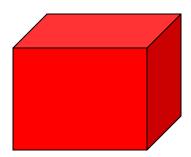
- Cubes
- Cones
- Pyramids
- Spheres
- Cylinders

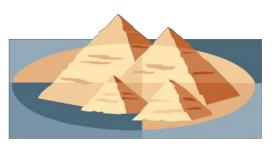






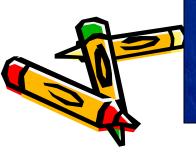






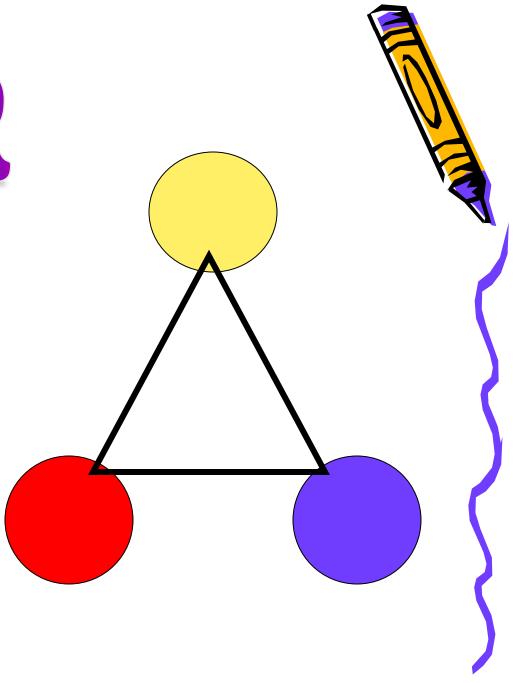
# VALUE

# Lightness or Darkness of a COLOR

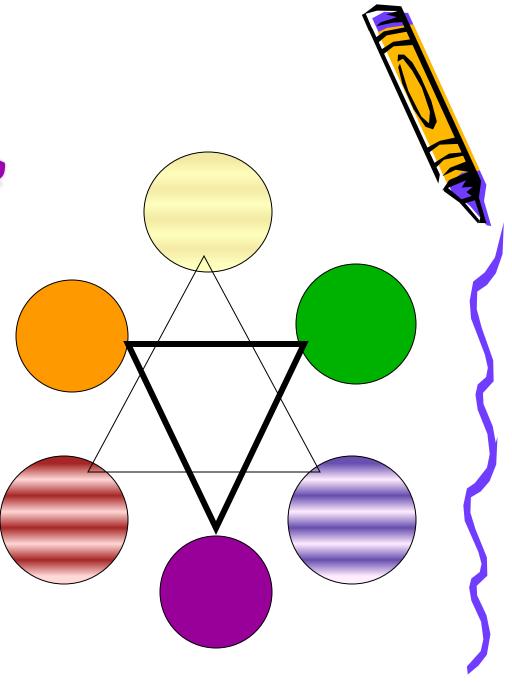










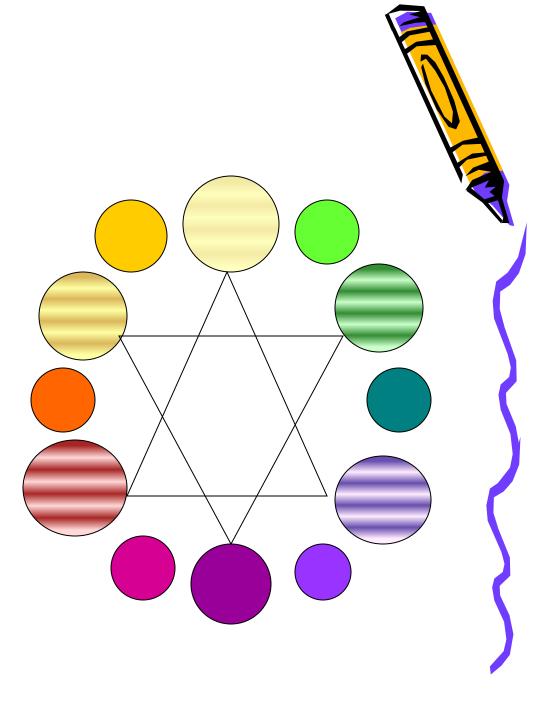


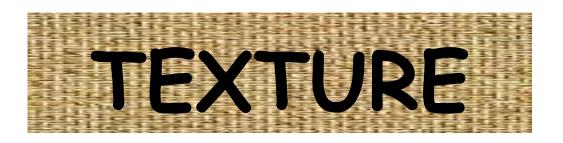
# COLOR

#### INTERMEDIATE COLORS:

- **•BLUE-GREEN**
- ·YELLOW-GREEN
- **•RED-ORANGE**
- ·YELLOW-ORANGE
- ·RED-VIOLET
- **BLUE-VIOLET**







## The way a surface feels when you touch it.

- Actual texture touched textures
- Visual texture are the illusion of actual texture





## SPACE

Positive - area
 occupied by something

Positive

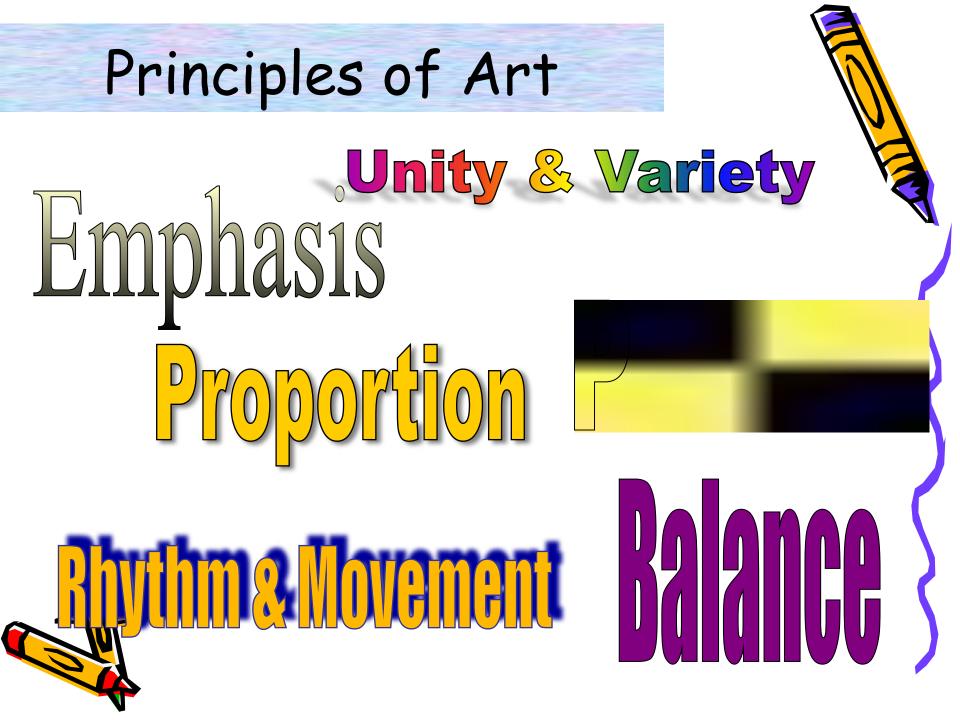
Space

Negative- empty areas

Negative

Space







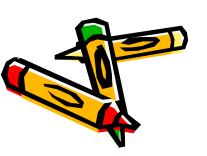
### CREATES A FEELING OF EQUAL VISUAL WEIGHT OR INTEREST IN ALL AREAS.

SYMMETRICAL
RADIAL
ASYMMETRICAL



### SYMMETRICAL BALANCE

• Both halves of the picture are identical

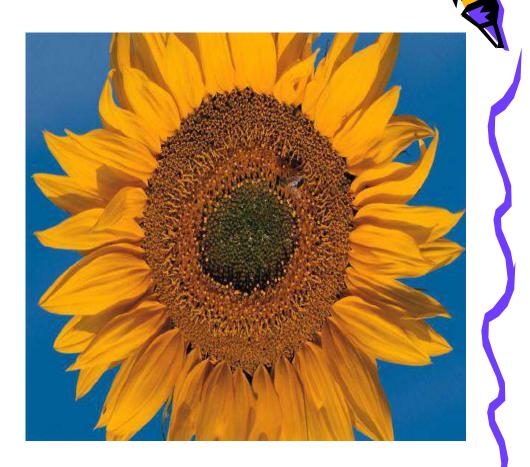


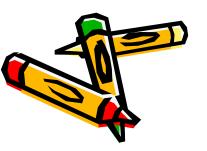




#### RADIAL BALANCE

 Part of the design appears to move in or away from the center

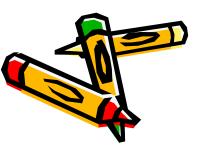




ASYMMETRICAL BALANCE

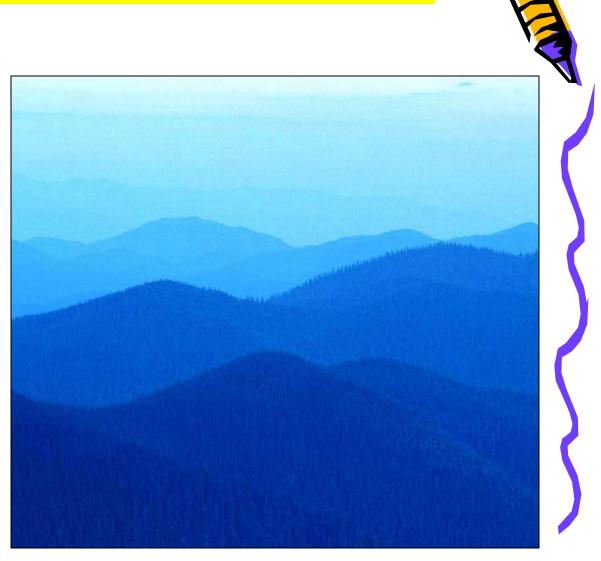
The halves
 are
 different
 yet equal.





### **RHYTHM/MOVEMENT**

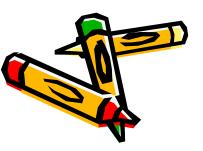
 Created by repeating things in a beat or order



## Proportion

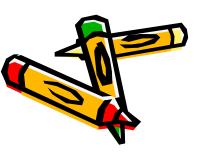
Refers to size when compared to something else

- 1. Miniature
- 2. Life size
- 3. Monumental



## Emphasis

 What you notice first about a work of art; center or interest, dominant shape, focal point

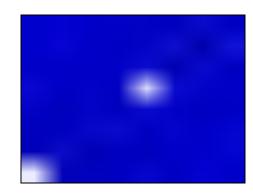


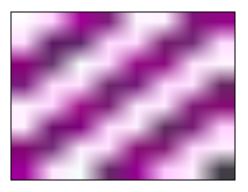


# Pattern

 Repeated use of lines, colors, or other visual elements. They often hold a work of art together.







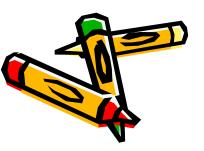


### Unity

## Unity-everything fits together or works as a team

- Repetition
- Simplicity
- Harmony
- Theme
- Proximity
- · Continuity







# Variety uses contrasting elements to make something interesting.

