Context Clues: You be the Detective

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Context Clues – What Are They?

- Context clues are bits of information from the text that, when combined with prior knowledge, allow you to decide the meaning of unknown words in the story or article you are reading.
- As a reader you must act similar to a detective and put together clues from sentences surrounding an unknown word in order to make an intelligent "guess" as to what the definition of a word is.

Context Clues – How Do They Help You Read New Words?

- Textbook writers and authors include words or phrases to help their readers understand the meaning of a new or difficult word.
- These words or phrases are built into the sentences around the new or difficult word. By becoming more aware of the words around a difficult word, readers can make logical guesses about the meanings of many words.

Still Wondering What a Context Clue Is?

Click on the link below to watch a video clip. Pay careful attention to what the song tells you.
When the video is over click the back arrow in the upper left hand corner.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q gaSmJKR9HM

Types of Context Clues

Authors use many different types of context clues when writing texts. Three of these types are:

> Direct definition context clues

Synonym context cluesAntonym context clues

Direct definition context clues are words that say, "Stop - don't touch that dictionary. The definition of the word you don't know is right here in the text!" EXAMPLES:

- There are many <u>theories</u>, or ideas, about what made the Ice Ages happen.
- In this sentence the word "ideas" tells us that <u>theories</u> are different thoughts people have about something.
- After a time, <u>glaciers</u>, or slowly moving rivers of ice, formed over many parts of the Earth.
- In this sentence the words "slowly moving rivers of ice" tell us what glaciers are.

Synonym context clues are words around a difficult word that mean the same or nearly the same as the word.

EXAMPLES:

- * After seeing the picture of the starving children, we felt <u>compassion</u> or pity for their suffering.
- In this sentence the word "pity" tells us that <u>compassion</u> means to have understanding for.
- Mary <u>admonished</u> her students and they knew they were in hot water for their actions.
- In this sentence the words "in hot water" tell us that <u>admonished</u> means cautioned or scolded.

Antonym context clues are words around a difficult word that mean the opposite or nearly the opposite as the word.

EXAMPLE:

Soe was <u>reluctant</u> to take the job of captain of the team. He was afraid that the time it would take would hurt his grades. On the other hand, Billy was eager for the chance to be the team captain.

In this sentence the words "on the other hand" and "eager" tell us that Billy feels the opposite of Joe, therefore, <u>reluctant</u> means uncertain or cautious.

Now it is your turn to be a detective and follow the clues!



Use what you have learned about context clues to complete the activity on the next 5 slides.

Context Clues Practice Activity

Your friend Ryan has moved to a new country and is learning a new language. Read what he wrote in his diary and see if you can figure out the meaning to the underlined words.

Dear Diary,

- I overslept this morning. I had to eat my bowl of **poof-poofs** very quickly, and I almost missed the **tramzam**. When I got to school, I realized I had forgotten my **zilgping**. Luckily, Ms. Jutzi is very **zoosh**, and told me I could bring it tomorrow.
- After school, some friends and I played **plingming**. It's a new game I am learning. We scored 7 points and they only scored 5 points, so we were the **zoiters**!

Dad says that next weekend we're going to the **fladder**. I can't wait! I love to swim and play in the sand. I hope I don't get a sunburn though.
Well, I better go to bed soon. I don't want to wake up late again and miss my

tramzam!

Until tomorrow, Ryan

Directions

It's time for some detective work. Take each word from Ryan's diary that is written in his new language and use the context clues in the text to figure them out!



Let's begin...

What could the word **poof-poofs** mean?

- The sentences tell me it is something that can be eaten. I know that it is a breakfast food because Ryan said it was morning. I also know that it goes in a bowl. What do you think it is?
- ► The most logical guess would be a type of cereal.
- What could the word tramzam mean?
 - The sentences tell me that Ryan was going to school and he almost missed his tramzam. What do you think it is?
 - ► The most logical guess would be a school bus.

What could the word <u>zilgping</u> mean?

- The sentences tell me that it is something Ryan needed at school. I also know that it is ok if he brings it tomorrow. What do you think it is?
- ► The most logical guess would be Ryan's homework.

What could the word **zoosh** mean?

- The sentences tell me that a person can act this way and that Ms. Jutzi is being kind and allowing Ryan to bring his homework the next day. What do you think it is?
- ► The most logical guess would be friendly or understanding.

You're doing terrific...keep going!

What could the word **plingming** mean?

- The sentences tell me it is a game Ryan and his friends play against each other and that points can be scored. What do you think it is?
- The most logical guess would be a sport such as basketball or soccer.

What could the word **zoiters** mean?

- The sentences tell me that Ryan's team scored 7 points while the other team scored less points. What do you think it is?
- The most logical guess would be that it means winners.

Almost there...

What could the word <u>fladder</u> mean?

The sentences tell me that Ryan's dad said he could go there and when he gets there they will swim and play in the sand. Ryan also mentions not wanting a sunburn. What do you think it is?

► The most logical guess would be a lake or a beach.

And, remember, we already figured out the word tramzam probably means school bus.

Congratulations!

You are doing a super job! You're a top notch detective. Keep going on to do more context clues activities.
 Remember, you will need to click the back arrow < to return for more activities.

Context Clues Pretest and Posttest

Use these two links to test your knowledge before and after using the activities that follow this page.

Context Clues Pretest

- <u>http://www.shsu.edu/~txcae/Powerpoints</u>
 <u>/prepostest/contextclues1pretest.html</u>
- Context Clues Posttest

<u>http://www.shsu.edu/~txcae/Powerpoints</u> /prepostest/cluesdefinepostest.html

"On Your Own" Activities

- Quia Context Clues Activity
 - <u>http://www.quia.com/pop/117579.html</u>
- Study zone lesson and activity
 - <u>http://www.studyzone.org/testprep/e4topic.cfm?</u> <u>TopicID=24</u>
- TV 411 Activity
 - <u>http://www.tv411.org/lessons/cfm/reading.cfm?st</u>
 <u>r=reading&num=7&act=1</u>
- Word Clues Activity

0,1682,11855-,00.html

More Activities For You

- Print and Do Worksheet
 - <u>http://www.woodland.k12.mo.us/faculty/rgarner/Re</u> ading/Using%20Context%20Clues_riddles.doc
- Context Clues Practice Sheets
 - <u>http://www.manatee.k12.fl.us/sites/elementary/pal</u> <u>masola/ccprac1.htm</u>
 - <u>http://www.manatee.k12.fl.us/sites/elementary/pal</u> <u>masola/ccprac2.htm</u>
 - <u>http://www.manatee.k12.fl.us/sites/elementary/pal</u> <u>masola/rcdc2cc.htm</u>

<u>http://www.manatee.k12.fl.us/sites/elementary/pal</u> masola/rcdc2cc.htm

You did it!

- You have successfully completed a study on context clues!
- Go out into the world and see what you can do with your new knowledge of how to decode words!