Name:	Period: Date:
	Classification Graphic Organizer
Definitions:	
classification: process of grouping things taxonomy: study of classification nucleus: Cell part with DNA (chemical instructions that direct the cell's activiti prokaryotes: cell with no nucleus	autotrophs: organisms that can make their own food heterotrophs: organisms that cannot make their own food-They eat aurotrophs.  unicellular: organisms that are made of only one cell multicellular: organisms that are made of more than one cell
	Il Living Things: organisms are grouped by their:
1.	cell type 2.number of cells 3.ability to obtain food
Bacteria: prokaryote, autotrophs, & neterotrophs, unicellular	into 3 domains  Apchaea: prokaryote, autotrophs, & neterotrophs, unicellular
eubacteria	Eukarya: karyotes, autotrophs, & neterotrophs, mostly multicellular  into 4 kingdoms:
	into 4 kingdoms:  Protists:

Animals:

multicellular, heterotrophs

Plants:

multicellular, autotrophs Fungi:

multicellular &

unicellular, heterotrophs most unicellular some

multicellular, heterotrophs &

autotrophs