Chemical Stockroom Essentials

- Fisher Chemical
- Fisher BioReagents
- Acros Organics

Chemical Storage Guidelines



Chemical Stockroom Handbook





Introduction

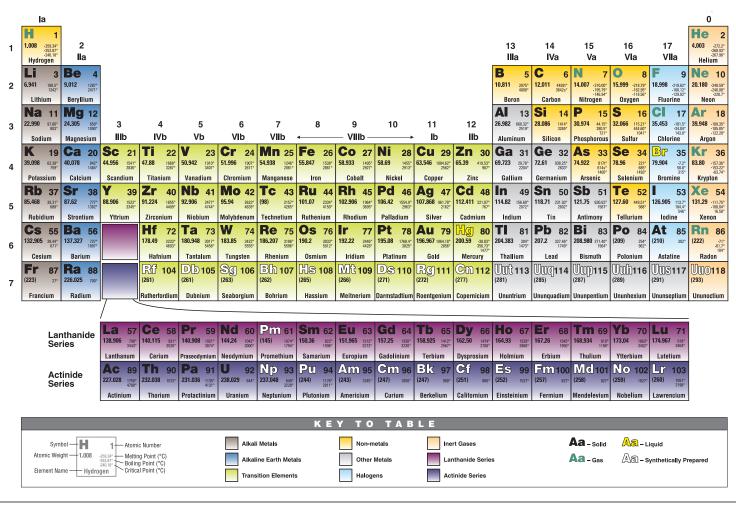
As the stockroom manager, you are charged with the safe handling of hazardous chemicals every single day. Your responsibilities are far-reaching ... extending beyond the storeroom walls to lab personnel, building staff, campus residents and the environment. Fisher Scientific offers this littlebig-book of safety resources. Inside you'll find storage recommendations, chemical compatibility charts, and recommended essential products to stock to accommodate various research applications undertaken by your customers.

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Periodic Table of the Elements



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Fisher Chemical* Products Purity Grades

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Grade	Definition	Application	Certificate of Analysis
Biotechnology	Solvents and reagents that have been specially purified and assayed for biotechnology applications.	Electrophoresis, molecular biology, sequencing, and peptide and oligonucleotide synthesis	Available on request
Certified	Reagent chemicals for which the purity standard is established by Fisher Scientific. Purity is guaranteed to meet published maximum limits of impurities.	General analytical procedures	Available on request
Certified ACS	Reagent chemicals that meet or exceed the latest ACS specifications. Actual lot analysis on label.	Analytical applications requir- ing tight specifications	Available on request
Certified ACS Plus	"Acids that, in addition to meeting or exceeding the latest specifications of the ACS, are analyzed for more than 16 metals. Actual lot analysis on label."	Analytical applications with tighter metal specifications	Available on request
Electronic	Solvents manufactured to ensure low levels of metal contamination. Meet Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute (SEMI) requirements. Actual lot analysis on label.	Electronics and circuit board manufacturing	Available on request
Environmental Grade	Solvents for use in HPLC analysis, trace-organic analysis, and environmental testing. Packaged in precleaned glass bottles in M3.5 (Class 100) cleanroom. Shipped with Certificate of Analysis.	HPLC, trace organic analysis, environmental testing	Provided with each shipment
GC Resolv*	"Solvents with the highest purity and lot-to-lot consistency. Free of contaminants to the ppb level, including those listed in Contract Laboratory Program Target Compound List. Meet ACS specifications. Chromatogram available on request."	Gas Chromatography (GC)	Provided with each shipment
Histology	Solvents and products that are specially prepared for use in the histology laboratory setting. Solvents are filtered for tissue processing applications.	Tissue processing, clinical or histology procedures	Available on request
HPLC	Solvents manufactured specifically for use with HPLC instruments. Meet all ACS specifications. Submicron filtered.	HPLC and spectrophotometry procedures	Available on request
Laboratory and Technical	"Chemicals of reasonable quality and purity for use in procedures where no official standards are required. "	Manufacturing and general laboratory use	Available on request
Optima*	Acids and solvents of extremely high purity. Acids are analyzed for 65 metals by ICP/MS; impurity levels in ppt. Solvent impurity levels in ppm. UV absorbance curves and sample chromatograms available on request. For Optima acids, a typical lot analysis is given in the catalog. Impurity levels in an actual lot may vary from the amount listed.	HPLC, GC, plasma/ICP, spec- trophotometry, and pesticide residue analysis	Provided with each shipment
Optima LC/MS	Solvents and additives of exceptionally high purity specially designed and use-tested on LC/MS instruments. Solvent impurity levels in ppb.	LC/MS, HPLC, GC and spectrophotometry	Provided with each shipment
Pesticide	Solvents for use in analysis of pesticide residue. Meet or exceed ACS standards of purity for pesticide residue analysis.	GC with electron capture detector (ECD), pesticide residue analysis	Available on request
Scintanalyzed*	Solvents, fluors, and prepared cocktails for liquid scintillation counting. Includes nonflammable, nontoxic, biodegradable ScintiSafe* cocktails.	Liquid scintillation counting	Available on request
Spectranalyzed*	Solvents for use in spectrophotometry. Also meet ACS specifications. Actual lot analysis on label.	Ultraviolet and visible wave- length detectors (UV-Vis)	Available on request
TraceMetal	Acids manufactured to achieve low metal contamination measurable in ppm to ppb range. Each lot is analyzed for more than 55 metals by ICP/ MS. For TraceMetal acids, a typical lot analysis is given in the catalog. Impurity levels in an actual lot may vary from amounts listed.	Primarily used in digestion of samples prior to instrument (ICP) analysis	Provided with each shipment
Ultra Trace Elemental Analysis	Solvents manufactured for use with plasma/ICP instruments. Impurity levels in ppt. Packaged in acid-cleaned polyethylene bottles.	Plasma/ICP, environmental testing, trace metal analysis	Available on request
USP/NF/FCC/ EP/BP/JP	Reagent chemicals that meet or surpass specifications of the United States Pharmacopeia (USP), the National Formulary (NF), the Food Chemi- cals Codex (FCC), the European Pharmacopeia (EP), the British Pharma- copeia (BP), and/or the Japanese Pharmacopeia (JP).	Food and drug laboratories, biological testing	20L or greater; 10kg or greater

Fisher Chemical* Stockroom Essentials

Quality, purity and certainty ...

- All chemicals are manufactured in Fisher Chemical, FDA licensed, ISO 9001:2008- and cGMP-certified facilities
- Rigorous quality assurance and testing procedures throughout the production process ensure the lot-to-lot consistency required for uniform analysis
- Optima* and HPLC-grade solvents are sealed with FisherLOCK* Tamper Evident Caps, packaged in Safe-Cote* bottles to prevent spills, and arrive in EcoSafPak* containers, a 100% recyclable shipper
- · For the complete portfolio of Fisher Chemical products and promotions, please visit www.fishersci.com/chemicals

Fisher Chemical Products

Optima Grade: Ultra-high purity for more reliable analysis and cost savings

Description	Pack Size	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	EMD Millipore* Equivalent	Sigma* Equivalent	JT Baker* Equivalent	Macron* Equivalent
2-Propanol, Optima, also meets ACS specifications	4L	A4644	PX18341	Х	Х	V55510
Acetonitrile, Optima, also meets ACS specifications	4L	A9964	AX01421	Х	Х	H45410
Hexanes, Optima, also meets ACS specifications	4L	H3034	HX02961	Х	Х	H48710
Methanol, Optima, also meets ACS specifications	4L	A4544	MX04881	Х	Х	H48810
Methylene Chloride, Optima, also meets ACS specifications	4L	D1514	DX08311	Х	926403	H48510

HPLC Grade Solvents

Description	Pack Size	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	EMD Millipore Equivalent	Sigma Equivalent	JT Baker Equivalent	Macron Equivalent
Acetone, HPLC, also meets ACS specifications	4L	A9494	AX01151	270725	900203	243510
Acetonitrile, HPLC, also meets ACS specifications	4L	A9984	AX01451	270717	901703	285610
Hexanes, HPLC, also meets ACS specifications	4L	H3024	HX02901	Х	930803	516710
Methanol, HPLC, also meets ACS specifications	4L	A4524	MX04751	Х	909303	304110
Methanol, HPLC, also meets ACS specifications	4L	A452SK4	MX0475P1	Х	909333	H08010
Water, HPLC grade	4L	W54	Х	Х	Х	Х

Histology Grade Solvents: The only products that offer the environmentally friendly F-Style *poly* bottle, which maximizes bench and shelf space

Description	Pack Size	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	EMD Millipore Equivalent	Sigma Equivalent	JT Baker Equivalent	Macron Equivalent
Acetone, histological	4L	A16P4	AX01254	Х	A13409	Х
Acetone, histological	20L	A16S20	AX01253	Х	A13401	Х
Alcohol, Reagent, histological	4L	A962P4	AX044114	Х	Х	Х
Ethanol, Anhydrous, histological	4L	A405P4 [†]	Х	Х	A47809	Х
Methanol, histological	4L	A433P4	MX04904	Х	907603	Х
Xylenes, histological	1 gal.	X3P1GAL	Х	Х	Х	Х

Fisher Chemical* Products (Contd.)

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ACS Grade

Description	Pack Size	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	EMD Millipore* Equivalent	Sigma* Equivalent	JT Baker* Equivalent	Macron* Equivalent
2-Propanol, certified ACS plus	4L	A4164	PX18355	190764	908403	303208
2-Propanol, certified ACS plus	500mL	A416500	PX183513	190764	908401	303204
Acetic Acid, glacial, certified ACS	500mL	A38500	AX007313	242853	950802	V19314
Acetone, certified ACS	20L	A1820	AX01203	179124	900607	244019
Acetone, certified ACS	4L	A184	AX01208	179124	900603	244008
Acetone, certified ACS	500mL	A18500	AX01206	179124	900601	244004
Chloroform, approx. 0.75% ethanol as preservative, certified ACS	4L	C2984	cx10559	319988	918003	444008
Chloroform, approx. 0.75% ethanol as preservative, certified ACS	500mL	C298500	cx105513	319988	918001	444004
Ethyl acetate, certified ACS	4L	E1454	EX024014	319902	928003	499208
Ethyl acetate, certified ACS	20L	E14520	EX02403	319902	928007	499219
Ethyl acetate, HPLC, also meets ACS specifications	4L	E1954	EX02451	270520	928203	344210
Ethyl ether, anhydrous, BHT stabilized, certified ACS	1L	E1381	EX01906	Х	924422	84812
Ethyl ether, anhydrous, BHT stabilized, certified ACS	4L	E1384	EX01903	179264	924403	84810
Hexanes, certified ACS	20L	H29220	HX02993	178918	930907	518919
Hexanes, certified ACS	4L	H2924	HX02995	178918	930903	518908
Hydrochloric acid, certified ACS plus	500mL	A144500	HX060313	258148	953502	H61314
Hydrogen peroxide, 30%, certified ACS	100mL	H325100 [†]	HX06351	216763	Х	524002
Hydrogen peroxide, 30%, certified ACS	500mL	H325500	HX06352	216763	218601	524004
Methanol, certified ACS	4L	A412SK4	MX0485P4	Х	907033	302410
Methanol, certified ACS	4L	A412P4	MX04853	Х	907005	Х
Methanol, certified ACS	1L	A4121	MX04858	179337	Х	301606
Methanol, certified ACS	4L	A4124	MX04857	179337	907003	301608
Methanol, certified ACS	500mL	A412500	MX04856	179337	907001	301604
Methylene chloride, stabilized, certified ACS	4L	D374	dx083514	443484	932403	488108
Methylene chloride, stabilized, certified ACS	20L	D3720	dx08355	d65100	932407	488119
Methylene chloride, stabilized, HPLC, also meets ACS specifications	4L	D1434	dx08381	270563	931503	487910
Sodium chloride, crystalline, certified ACS	3kg	S2713	SX04203	223514	362405	758106
Sodium chloride, crystalline, certified ACS	500g	S271500	SX04201	223514	362401	758112
Sodium hydroxide, pellets, certified ACS	500g	S318500	SX059013	221465	372201	770810

Certified

Description	Pack Size	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	EMD Millipore Equivalent	Sigma Equivalent	JT Baker Equivalent	Macron Equivalent
Buffer solution, pH 7.00, color-coded yellow, certified	500mL	SB107500	BX16321	223565	565601	9804
Buffer solution, pH 10.00, color-coded blue, certified	500mL	SB115500	BX16411	223573	565501	9904
Buffer solution, pH 4.00, color-coded red, certified	500mL	SB101500	BX16281	223557	565701	9704

Laboratory Grade

Description	Pack Size	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	EMD Millipore Equivalent	Sigma Equivalent	JT Baker Equivalent	Macron Equivalent
Buffer Solution, Total Ionic Strength Adjustment Buffer (TISAB II)	20L	SB175-20	Х	89466-500ML	Х	Х
lodine (lodine-lodide) Solution, 0.1 N	4L	SI86-4	Х	318981-500ML	Х	Х
Methanol, laboratory	4L	A4114	Х	Х	Х	H60310
Perchloric Acid Solution, 0.1 N	4L	SP339-4	Х	319228-2L	Х	Х
Potassium Iodide Solution 10% w/v	20L	SP242-20	Х	Х	Х	Х

Fisher BioReagents*: Purity Grades for Every Application

Material Grade	Definition
Analytical Grade	Designates reagents suitable for use in analytical procedures.
Certified	Reagent chemicals for which the purity standard is established by Fisher Chemical*. Purity is guaranteed to meet published maximum limits of impurities.
Certified ACS	Reagent chemicals that meet or exceed the latest ACS specifications.
Certified ACS Plus	Acids which meet or exceed the latest ACS specifications, and analyzed for more than 16 metals.
DNA Grade	Designates reagents suitable for use in Molecular Biology applications involving the manipulation of DNA. Tested for specific contaminants such as DNase and protease.
DNA Synthesis	Designates reagents suitable for use with automated DNA synthesis instrumentation.
Electrophoresis	Material used specifically for electrophoresis applications.
Genetic Analysis Grade	Material that is specially prepared for various molecular cloning applications. Tested for specific contaminants such as DNase and RNase.
HPLC	Solvents manufactured specifically for use with HPLC instruments. Meet all ACS specifications. Submicron filtered.
IEF Grade	Material suitable for use with isoelectric focusing of proteins.
Islet Isolation Grade	Material suitable for isolation of pancreatic islets.
Molecular Biology Grade	Designates reagents suitable for use in Molecular Biology applications. Tested for specific contaminants such as nucleases and bacteria where appropriate.
Molecular Genetics	Reagent chemicals that have been specifically purified and assayed for Molecular Genetics applications.
PCR Grade	Material suitable for use in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR).
Peptide Synthesis	Designates reagents suitable for use with protein synthesis instrumentation.
Protein Electrophoresis Grade	Material used specifically for protein electrophoresis applications.
Sequencing	Material designed for use with automated DNA or protein sequencing equipment.
Super Pure	Material with a purity level exceeding the various monograph grades.
Tissue Culture Grade	Materials of superior quality where there are no published standards, and that are suitable for use in Tissue Culture applications.

Purity Grades for every application



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Fisher BioReagents* Stockroom Essentials

Vital Reagents for Life Science

- · High-purity products that meet stringent industry specifications and application requirements
- · Pre-qualified for dedicated applications; eliminate the need for redundant testing
- Designed for a wide range of molecular biology, protein chemistry, cell biology and microbiology applications

For more product choices and promotions, please visit www.fishersci.com/chemicals.

Fisher BioReagents

Core Bioreagents

Description	Pack	Storage Condition	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma* Equivalent	Invitrogen* Equivalent	Bio-Rad* Equivalent
Bovine serum albumin, fraction V, heat shock treated, suitable for immunological studies	100g	RT	BP1600100	A3294-100G	15561-020	Х
Dimethyl sulfoxide	100mL	RT	BP231100	34869-100ML	Х	Х
Ethanol, Molecular Biology Grade	4L	RT	BP2818-4 [†]	E7023-4x4L	Х	Х
Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid, disodium salt dihydrate, crystalline powder, electrophoresis	500g	RT	BP120500	E5134-500G	15576-028	Х
Formamide, molecular biology	500mL	4°C	BP227500	F5786-250ML	15515-026	Х
Formamide, super pure	100mL	4°C	BP228100	F9037-100ML	15515-026	Х
Glycerol, molecular biology	1L	RT	BP2291	G7893-1L	15514-011	Х
Glycerol, molecular biology	4L	RT	BP2294	G7893-4L	15514-011	Х
Isopropanol, Molecular Biology Grade	500mL	RT	BP2618-500	19516-500ML	Х	Х
JustPURE Ethylenediaminetetraacetic Acid Disodium Salt Dihydrate	100g	RT	BP2927-100	E1644-100G	Х	Х
Methanol, peroxide-free, sequencing	4L	RT	BP11054	M1770-1L	0	0
PBS Tablets	100g	RT	BP2944-100	P4417-100TAB	Х	Х
Phosphate buffered saline, 10X powder concentrate, white granular powder	2 x 1L	RT	BP6651	Х	Х	31098
Phosphate buffered saline, 10X solution	1L	RT	BP3991	79378-1L	70011-044	161-0780
Phosphate buffered saline, 10X solution	500mL	RT	BP399500	79378-1L	70011-044	161-0780
Sodium chloride (dry basis), >99.5%	1kg	RT	BP3581	71379-1KG	Х	Х
Sodium chloride (dry basis), >99.5%	2.5kg	RT	BP358212	71379-5KG	Х	Х
Sodium dodecyl sulfate, white powder, electrophoresis	500g	RT	BP166500	L4509-500G	15525-017	161-0302
Tris base, white crystals or crystalline powder, molecular biology	1kg	RT	BP1521	93362-1KG	15504-020	161-0719
Tris base, white crystals or crystalline powder, molecular biology	5kg	RT	BP1525	93362-1KG	15504-020	161-0719
Tris base, white crystals or crystalline powder, molecular biology	500g	RT	BP152500	93362-250G	15504-020	161-0716
Tris buffered saline, 10X Solution, pH 7.4, molecular biology	1L	RT	BP24711	T5912-1L	R017R.0000	170-6435
Tween* 20	100mL	RT	BP337100	P5927-100ML	00-3005	170-6531
Tween 20	500mL	RT	BP337500	P5927-500ML	00-3005	170-6531
Water, Molecular Biology Grade	1L	RT	BP2819-1	W4502-1L	Х	Х
Water, sterile, DNA grade	1L	RT	BP24701	W4502-1L	10977-015	163-2091
Water, sterile, for RNA work, DEPC-treated and nuclease-free, molecular biology	1L	RT	BP5611	95289-1L	750024	700-7253
Water, sterile, nuclease free	100mL	RT	BP2484100	95284-100ML	750024	700-7253
Water, sterile, nuclease free	50mL	RT	BP248450	95284-100ML	750024	700-7253



Fisher BioReagents* (Contd.)

Protein and Nucleic Acid Electrophoresis

Description	Pack	Storage Condition	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma* Equivalent	Invitrogen* Equivalent	Bio-Rad* Equivalent
Agarose, broad separation range for DNA/RNA, genetic analysis grade	100g	RT	BP1356100	A9539-100G	15510-019	161-3101
Agarose, low-EEO/multi-purpose, molecular biology grade	100g	RT	BP160100	A6013-100G	Х	161-3101
Agarose, low-EEO/multi-purpose, molecular biology grade	500g	RT	BP160500	A6013-500G	Х	161-3102
Ethidium bromide, 1% solution, molecular biology	10mL	RT	BP130210	E1510-10ML	15585-011	161-0433
MES, fine white crystals	100g	RT	BP300100	M3671-50G	Х	Х
Methanol, peroxide-free, sequencing	4L	RT	BP11054	M1770-1L	Х	Х
Phenol, saturated, liquid, pH 6.6/7.9	400mL	4°C	BP1750I400	P4557-400ML	15513-047	Х
TEMED, Electrophoresis	20g	RT	BP15020	T9281-25ML	Х	Х
Tris–Borate–EDTA, 10X solution, electrophoresis	1L	RT	BP13331	T4323-1L	15581-044	161-0733

Cell and Tissue Culture

Description	Pack	Storage Condition	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma Equivalent	Invitrogen Equivalent	Bio-Rad Equivalent
Agar, granulated	500g	RT	BP1423500	A1296-500G	30391-023	Х
Ampicillin Sodium Salt, crystalline powder	25g	4°C	BP176025	A0166-5G	11593-027	166-0407EDU
CellPURE* PBS 10X, Cell Culture Grade	4L	RT	BP2940-4	P5493-4L	Х	Х
D-Sucrose, molecular biology	1kg	RT	BP2201	S0389-1KG	15503-022	161-0720
Glycine, white crystals or crystalline powder	1kg	RT	BP3811	50052-1KG	15527-013	161-0718
Glycine, white crystals or crystalline powder	5kg	RT	BP3815	50052-5KG	15527-013	161-0724
Glycine, white crystals or crystalline powder	500g	RT	BP381500	50052-1KG	15527-013	161-0718
lsopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside, dioxane-free	1g	4°C	BP17551	l6758-1G	I-6621	Х
Kanamycin Sulfate, white powder	5g	RT	BP9065	K3763-5G	11815-024	Х
LB Agar, Miller (Granulated)	500g	RT	BP9724-500	L3147-1KG	Х	Х
LB Agar, Miller (Granulated)	2kg	RT	BP9724-2	L3147-1KG	Х	Х
LB Agar, Miller (Granulated)	500g	RT	BP1425500	L3147-1KG	Х	Х
LB Broth, Miller (Granulated)	2kg	RT	BP9723-2	L1900-1KG	Х	Х
LB Broth, Miller (Granulated)	500g	RT	BP9723-500	L1900-1KG	Х	Х
LB Broth, Lennox (Granulated)	2kg	RT	BP9722-2	L7658-1KG	Х	Х
LB Broth, Lennox (Granulated)	500g	RT	BP9722-500	L7658-1KG	Х	Х
LB Broth, Lennox, (Powder)	500g	RT	BP1427500	28713-500G-F	22700-025	Х
LB Broth, Miller, (Powder)	500g	RT	BP1426500	L3522-1KG	12795-027	#REF!
LB Broth, Miller, (Powder)	2kg	RT	BP14262	L3522-1KG	12795-084	Х
Phosphate Buffered Saline, 10X solution	4L	RT	BP3994	79378-1L	70011-069	161-0780
Puromycin Dihydrochloride	100mg	RT	BP2956-100	P7255-100MG	Х	Х
Rapamycin	1mg	RT	BP2963-1	R0395-1MG	Х	Х
SOB Broth (Capsules)	500g	RT	BP9737-500	H8032-500G	Х	Х
Tryptone	500g	RT	BP1421500	T7293-1KG	Х	Х
Tryptone (Granulated)	2kg	RT	BP9726-2	T2559-1KG	Х	Х
Tryptone (Granulated)	500g	RT	BP9726-500	T2559-1KG	Х	Х
Vancomycin	1g	RT	BP2958-1	V1764-1G	Х	Х
Water, Microbial Cell Culture Grade	500mL	RT	BP2820-500	W3500-500ML	Х	Х
Yeast Extract	500g	RT	BP1422500	Y4250-500G	Х	64343
Yeast Extract (Granulated)	2kg	RT	BP9727-2	Y1626-1KG	Х	Х
Yeast Extract (Granulated)	500g	RT	BP9727-500 [†]	Y1626-1KG	Х	Х

Description	Pack	Storage Condition	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma Equivalent	Invitrogen Equivalent	Bio-Rad Equivalent
Bovine serum albumin, fraction V, cold-ethanol precipitated	100g	RT	BP1605100	B4287-25G	11018-041	Х

Acros Organics* Stockroom Essentials

Off-the-Shelf Products Backed by Expertise in Sourcing, Manufacturing and Technology

A leading supplier of fine chemicals, Acros Organics continues to expand its range of products and services to meet today's requirements for organic, medicinal, analytical and biological chemistry.

AcroSeal* Dry Solvents and Organometallic Compounds feature:

- Next-generation, triple-sandwich septum, which reseals even the most aggressive solvent/reagent and enables multiple puncture points
- Quadrant-style cap for a tight seal between septum and bottle

For a full listing of products, please visit www.acros.com.

Acros Organics

AcroSeal



Solvent	Purity	Quantity	Packaging	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma* Equivalent
Acetonitrile, anhydrous	99.9%, Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610220010	271004
Acetonitrile, anhydrous	99.9%, Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote*	AC610961000	271004
Chloroform, anhydrous	Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass	AC610281000	372978
Dichloromethane, anhydrous	Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610300010 [†]	270997
Dichloromethane, anhydrous	Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote	AC610931000	270997
Methanol, anhydrous	99.8%, Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610400010 ⁺	322415
Methanol, anhydrous	99.8%, Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote	AC610981000	322415
Methyl Sulfoxide, anhydrous	99.7%, Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610420010	276855
Methyl Sulfoxide, anhydrous	99.7%, Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote	AC610971000	276855
N,N-Dimethylformamide, anhydrous	99.8%, Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610320010	227056
N,N-Dimethylformamide, anhydrous	99.8%, Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote	AC610941000	227056
Tetrahydrofuran, anhydrous	99.9%, Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610450010	401757
Tetrahydrofuran, anhydrous	99.9%, Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote	AC610921000	401757
Tetrahydrofuran, stabilized, anhydrous	99.9%, Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610900010	186562
Tetrahydrofuran, stabilized, anhydrous	99.9%, Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote	AC610911000 ⁺	186562
Toluene, anhydrous	99.8%, Extra Dry	1L	Amber Glass	AC610460010	244511
Toluene, anhydrous	99.8%, Extra Dry	100mL	Amber Glass, Safe-Cote	AC610951000	244511

Deuterated Solvents

Solvent	Purity	Quantity	Packaging	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma Equivalent
Chloroform-d, 99.6+ atom % D	For NMR	100mL	Amber Glass	AC174881000	151823
Chloroform-d, 99.8+ atom % D, contains 0.03 v/v% TMS	For NMR	100mL	Amber Glass	AC209561000	225789
Chloroform-d, 99.8 atom % D, contains 1 v/v% TMS	For NMR	100mL	Amber Glass	AC166261000	151831
Chloroform-d, 99.8 atom % D, contains 1 v/v% TMS	For NMR	50mL	Amber Glass	AC166260500	151831
Chloroform-d, 99.8 atom % D	For NMR	100mL	Amber Glass	AC166251000	181823
Chloroform-d, 99.8 atom % D	For NMR	50mL	Amber Glass	AC166250500	151823
Deuterium Oxide, 99.8 atom % D	For NMR	100mL	Amber Glass	AC166301000	617385
Methanol-d4, packaged in 0.75mL ampules, 99.8 atom % D	For NMR	10 x 0.75mL	.75 Ampules	AC320750075	441384
Methyl sulfoxide-d6, 99.5+ atom % D	For NMR	10g	Amber Glass	AC321290100	175943
Methyl Sulfoxide-d6, 99.9+ atom % D	For NMR	10 x 0.75mL	.75 Ampules	AC320770075	441392



Acros Organics* (Contd.)

Ethanol

Solvent	Quantity	Packaging	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma* Equivalent
Ethanol, absolute, 200 proof, ACS reagent	4L	Amber Glass	AC615090040 [†]	Х
Ethanol, 190 proof, for spectroscopy ACS	4L	Amber Glass	AC615110040 [†]	Х
Ethanol, 190 proof, for spectroscopy ACS	1L	Amber Glass	AC615110010 [†]	Х
Ethanol, absolute, 200 proof, ACS reagent	500mL	Amber Glass	AC615095000 [†]	Х
Ethanol, absolute, 200 proof, ACS reagent	1L	Amber Glass	AC615090010 [†]	Х
Ethanol, absolute, 200 proof, ACS reagent	2L	Amber Glass	AC615090020 [†]	Х
Ethanol, anhydrous, 200 proof	100mL	Amber Glass	AC615101000 [†]	459836
Ethanol, anhydrous, 200 proof	2L	Amber Glass	AC615100020 [†]	459836
Ethanol, denatured, for HPLC	4L	Amber Glass	AC611050040	Х

Organometallic and Reactive

Solvent	Quantity	Packaging	Fisher Scientific Cat. No.	Sigma Equivalent
Boron Trichloride, stab., 1M sol. in methylene chloride	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal*	AC176681000	178934
Diisobutylaluminium Hydride, 1M solution in hexane	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC183791000	190306
Diisobutylaluminium Hydride, 20% wt. solution in toluene, 1.2M	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC201081000	192724
Lithium aluminium Hydride, 1M solution in THF	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC199491000	212776
Lithium Diisopropylamide, 2M solution in THF/n-heptane/ethylbenzene	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC268831000	361798
Lithium Triethylborohydride, 1M solution in THF	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC176991000	179728
Methyllithium, 1.6M solution in diethyl ether (\pm 5% w/v)	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC188751000	197343
n-Butyllithium, 1.6M solution in hexanes	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC181271000	186171
n-Butyllithium, 1.6M solution in hexanes	800mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC181278000	186171
n-Butyllithium, 2.5M solution in hexanes	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC213351000	Х
n-Butyllithium, 2.5M solution in hexanes	800mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC213358000	Х
sec-Butyllithium, 1.3M solution in cyclohexane/hexane (92/8)	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC187541000	Х
tert-Butyllithium, 1.6M solution in pentane	100mL	Amber Glass, AcroSeal	AC181281000 [†]	186198

[†]Products might not be available in all regions. Contact your local sales representative for details.

Fisherbrand* Products Offer Excellent Quality and Value for Your Lab!

When making buying decisions, look for Fisherbrand products for quality, reliability and value. With a portfolio of over 10,000 products in 126 product categories and more than 100 years of experience in serving the scientific community, you can trust Fisher Scientific to have the products you need, when you need them.

Fisherbrand Premium and Recycled Delicate Task Wipers

The Fisherbrand Delicate Task Wipers are a piece of tissue made with 100% virgin fiber used to 'clean without damaging' delicate surfaces, parts and equipment. This three-tier product offering includes: Fisherbrand Premium Plus, Fisherbrand Premium and Fisherbrand Recycled Delicate Task Wipers.

Top-selling Fisherbrand Wipers Cat. Nos.:

- 07-301-003
- 07-301-004
- 07-301-005

Promion | Specier | Specier Market Name of Anticipation - Anticip

Fisherbrand Glassware

The Fisherbrand Reusable Glassware portfolio includes beakers, graduated cylinders, volumetric flasks, Erlenmeyer flasks, boiling flasks, filter flasks, funnels, media bottles and test tubes! All products meet ASTM*

specifications and come in a variety of sizes to support daily use in every laboratory.

Several top-selling Fisherbrand Glassware Cat. Nos. including:



• FB100-250 (Beaker)

• FB201-250 (Round bottom flask)

Also available from Fisherbrand:

- Balances, Hotplates, Pipets, Scoops, Spatulas, Vials, Weigh dishes and more!
- Visit **www.fishersci.com/fisherbrand** for a complete listing of our Fisherbrand product offering

Chemical Storage/Handling Recommendations

Chemical Incompatibility

Chemicals should react in the lab, not in the stockroom. The inadvertent mixing of inventory can produce toxic vapor/gas, fire or explosion. Stay safe in the storeroom; adhere to the following prescribed precautions and consult the chemical compatibility tables (below) for caustic combinations. For product-specific information, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provided with purchase.

General Guidelines

- Protect eyes and skin: lab safety glasses with side shields, lab coats and closed-toe shoes must be worn for basic personal protection
- Safely space shelves and racks to accommodate the upright removal of the largest chemical container; prevent tipping and dripping with adequate clearance
- · Identify and substitute safer chemical alternatives
- Keep hazardous materials away from heat and direct sunlight to prevent the degradation of chemicals and deterioration of storage containers and labels
- Do not store hazardous materials (except cleaners) under sinks
- · Avoid chemical stockpiling; procure hazardous materials as needed
- · Limit fume hood storage of hazardous materials
- Conduct periodic cleanouts to minimize accumulation of chemicals
- Keep all food (including gum), beverages, tobacco and open cosmetics outside the work area

Acids and Bases

Isolate acids:

- From reactive metals, including sodium, potassium and magnesium
- From sodium cyanide, iron sulfide, calcium carbide and other compounds that can react to produce toxic fumes/gases
- Place combustible organic carboxylic acids (i.e., acetic acid) in a flammable storage locker; store inorganic acids in acid storage cabinets
- Store acids and bases in air-tight containers with snug-fitting caps; avoid loose lids or glass stoppers; use vented caps when necessary to prevent over-pressurization
- Keep piranha etch and aqua regia in a fume hood at all times
- Use non-aluminum drip trays for aqueous sodium and potassium hydroxide solutions; isolate nitric acid when utilizing secondary containment
- Safely transfer containers of acid and base solutions using bottle carriers
- Never pour water into acid; slowly add the acid to the water and stir

Flammable and Combustible Liquids

- Store flammable and combustible liquids away from oxidizers and heat producers
- House flammable and combustible liquids in excess of 10 gallons (per room) in approved flammable storage cabinets (under the hood or stand-alone); limit liquids in secondary containers (i.e., squeeze bottles) to 10 gallons or less
- Adhere to OSHA regulations for safe storage: 60 gallons of Class I and/or Class II liquids or 120 gallons of Class III liquids per cabinet; Class I liquids cannot be stored in a basement or pit without an approved ventilation system
- Use only approved and well-labeled refrigerators and freezers for storing flammable liquids; never store lunch with science

Incompatibilities by Hazard Class

	Acids, Inorganic	Acids, Oxidizing	Acids, Organic	Alkalis (Bases)	Oxidizers	Poisons, Inorganic	Poisons, Organic	Water- Reactives	Organic Solvents
Acids, inorganic			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х
Acids, oxidizing			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х
Acids, organic	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Alkalis (bases)	Х	Х	Х				Х	Х	Х
Oxidizers			Х				Х	Х	Х
Poisons, inorganic	Х	Х	Х				Х	Х	Х
Poisons, organic	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Water-reactives	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Organic solvents	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х			

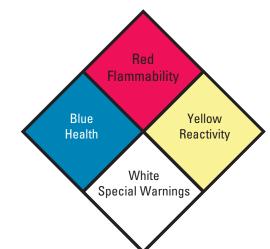
X indicates incompatibility between two chemical product groups. Incompatible products should not be stored in close proximity.

Chemical Incompatibilities

Chemical	Store Separately From
Acetic acid	Chromic acid, nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, permanganates and other oxidizers
Acetone	Concentrated nitric and sulfuric acid mixtures, and strong bases
Acetylene	Chlorine, bromine, copper, fluorine, silver, mercury
Alkali metals	Water, carbon tetrachloride or other chlorinated hydrocarbons, carbon dioxide, halogens
Ammonia, anhydrous	Mercury, chlorine, calcium hypochlorite, iodine, bromine, hydrofluoric acid
Ammonium nitrate	Acids, metal powders, flammable liquids, chlorates, nitrites, sulfur, finely divided organic or combustible materials
Aniline	Nitric acid, hydrogen peroxide
Arsenic materials	Any reducing agent
Azides	Acids
Bromine	Ammonia, acetylene, butadiene, butane, methane, propane (or other petroleum gases), hydrogen, sodium carbide, turpentine, benzene, finely divided metals
Calcium oxide	Water
Carbon (activated)	Calcium hypochlorite, all oxidizing agents
Carbon tetrachloride	Sodium
Chlorates	Ammonium salts, acids, metal powders, sulfur, finely divided organic or combustible materials
Chromic acid and chromium trioxide	Acetic acid, naphthalene, camphor, glycerol, glycerin, turpentine, alcohol, flammable liquids in general
Chlorine	Same as Bromine
Chlorine dioxide	Ammonia, methane, phosphine, hydrogen sulfide
Copper	Acetylene, hydrogen peroxide
Cumene hydroperoxide	Acids, organic or inorganic
Cyanides	Acids
Flammable liquids	Ammonium nitrate, chromic acid, hydrogen peroxide, nitric acid, sodium peroxide, halogens
Hydrocarbons	Fluorine, chlorine, bromine, chromic acid, sodium peroxide
Hydrocyanic acid	Acids
Hydrofluoric acid	Ammonia, aqueous or anhydrous bases and silica
Hydrogen peroxide	Copper, chromium, iron, most metals or their salts, alcohols, acetone, organic materials, aniline, nitromethane, flammable liquids
Hydrogen sulfide	Fuming nitric acid, other acids, oxidizing gases, acetylene, ammonia (aqueous or anhydrous), hydrogen
Hypochlorites	Acids, activated carbon
lodine	Acetylene, ammonia (aqueous or anhydrous), hydrogen
Mercury	Acetylene, fulminic acid, ammonia
Nitrates	Sulfuric acid
Nitric acid (concentrated)	Acetic acid, aniline, chromic acid, hydrocyanic acid, hydrogen sulfide, flammable liquids, flammable gases, copper, brass, any heavy metals
Nitrites	Acids
Nitroparaffins	Inorganic bases, amines
Oxalic acid	Silver, mercury
Oxygen	Oils, grease, hydrogen; flammable liquids, solids, or gases
Perchloric acid	Acetic anhydride, bismuth and its alloys, alcohol, paper, wood, grease and oils
Peroxides, organic	Acids (organic or mineral), avoid friction, store cold
Phosphorus (white)	Air, oxygen, alkalis, reducing agents
Potassium	Carbon tetrachloride, carbon dioxide, water
Potassium chlorate and perchlorate	Sulfuric and other acids, alkali metals, magnesium and calcium
Potassium permanganate	Glycerin, ethylene glycol, benzaldehyde, sulfuric acid
Selenides	Reducing agents
Silver	Acetylene, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, ammonium compounds, fulminic acid
Sodium	Carbon tetrachloride, carbon dioxide, water
Sodium nitrite	Ammonium nitrate and other ammonium salts
Sodium peroxide	Ethyl or methyl alcohol, glacial acetic acid, acetic anhydride, benzaldehyde, carbon disulfide, glycerin,
Sulfides	ethylene glycol, ethyl acetate, methyl acetate, furfural Acids
Sulfuric Acid	Potassium chlorate, potassium perchlorate, potassium permanganate (or compounds with similar light metals: sodium, lithium, etc.)
Tellurides	Reducing agents
	n, Guide for Safety in the Chemical Laboratory, pp. 215–217, Van Nostrand)

F f

Hazards Ahead — Take Care



HEALTH

Health Hazards

Very short exposure to material can cause death or major residual injury even if prompt medical treatment is given.

Short exposure to material can cause serious temporary or residual injury even if prompt medical treatment is given.

 Intense or continued exposure to material can cause temporary incapacitation or possibly residual injury unless prompt medical treatment is given.

 Exposure to material will cause irritation but only minor residual injury, even if no treatment is given.

Exposure to materials under fire conditions will offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

Flammability

Material will rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature, or will burn readily when dispersed in air.

A liquid or solid that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

Material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

Material that must be preheated before ignition can occur.



Material that will not burn.

NFPA Hazard Code Ratings

The National Fire Protection Association has developed a numerical rating system that reflects the health, flammability, self-reactivity and other hazards of materials, including reaction with water, as specified in NFPA 704, Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response.

Potential hazards are evaluated based on the degree of hazard, and the numerical rating is placed inside the universal NFPA symbol.

(Included on all Fisher Chemical* labels)

REACTIVITY

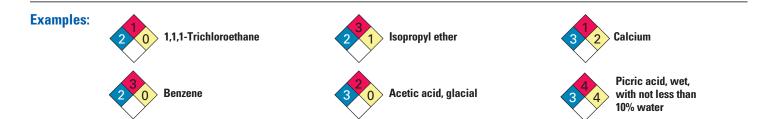
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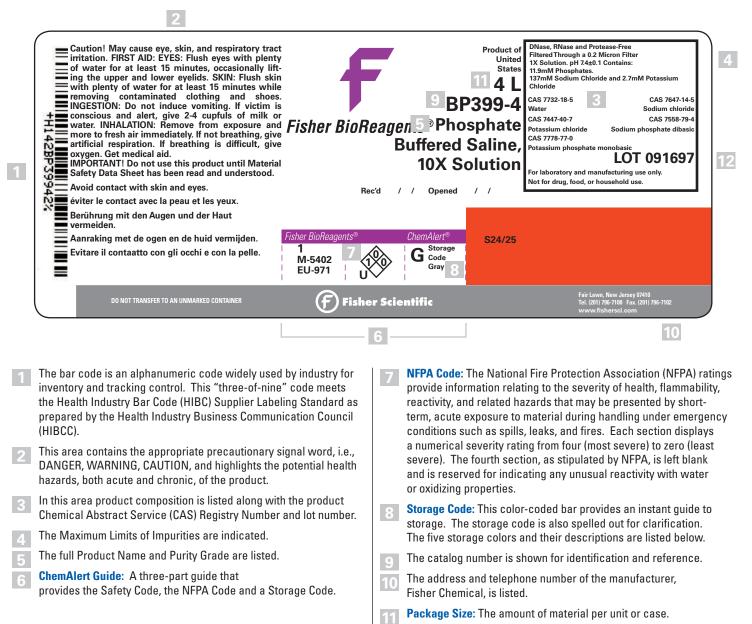
- Material is readily capable of detonation, explosive decomposition or instability at normal temperatures and pressures.
- 3 Material is capable of detonation or explosive reaction but requires a strong initiating source; or which must be heated under confinement before initiation; or may react explosively with water.
- Material is normally unstable and readily undergoes violent chemical change but does not detonate. Also may react violently with water or may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.
- Material is normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.
- Material is normally stable even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water.

SPECIAL WARNINGS Special Warnings

- 0X Oxidizing material
 - \checkmark Material is hazardous when in contact with moisture or water.



What's On the Label? Safety Guidelines!



12 Lot Number

NOTE: ChemAlert is an instant guide only. It should be supplemented by reading the rest of the label (which provides detailed instructions in the event of accidental exposure, spill or fire, and applicable OSHA, DOT and ANSI* data), the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) and standard references.

ChemAlert storage codes provide guidelines



Red (R): Flammable. Store in area segregated for flammable reagents.



Blue (B): Health hazard. Toxic if inhaled, ingested or absorbed through skin. Store in secure area.



Yellow (Y): Reactive and oxidizing reagents. May react violently with air, water or other substances. Store away from flammable and combustible materials.

hemAlert®	
TORAGE vhite	

White (W): Corrosive. May harm skin, eyes, mucous membrane. Store away from red-, yellow- and blue-coded reagents.



Gray (G): Presents no more than moderate hazard in any of the categories above. For general chemical storage.

EXCEPTION: Reagent incompatible with other reagents of the same color bar. Store separately.

All Plastics Are Not Created Equal

Differentiating between glass and plastic for chemical storage is fairly intuitive; selecting the most compatible plastic, well, that's another story. Labware is constructed from a variety of polymers — polyethylene (low and high density), polypropylene, PVC, etc. — possessing unique and varying degrees of resistance to the laundry list of chemicals. To maintain the structural integrity of the chemical containers and ensure safe handling, please consult the chemical resistance tables before transferring materials.

Chemical Resistance and Physical Properties of Plastics

Resin Codes

ECTFE:	Ethylene- chlorotrifluoroethylene copolymer	PFA:	Perfluoroalkoxy
ETFE:	Ethylenetetrafluoroethylene	PMMA:	Polymethyl methacrylate
FEP:	Fluorinated ethylene propylene	PMP:	Polymethylpentene
FLPE:	Fluorinated high-density polyethylene	PP:	Polypropylene
FLPP:	Fluorinated polypropylene	PS:	Polystyrene
HDPE:	High-density polyethylene	PSF:	Polysulfone
LDPE:	Low-density polyethylene	PTFE:	Polytetrafluoroethylene
NYL:	Nylon (polyamide)	PUR:	Polyurethane
PPCO:	Polypropylene copolymer	PVC:	Polyvinyl chloride
PC:	Polycarbonate	PVDF:	Polyvinylidene fluoride
PETG:	Polyethylene terephthalate copolyester	TPE:	Thermoplastic elastomer
PK:	Polyketone	XLPE:	Cross-linked high-density polyethylene

Chemical Resistance Summary

Classes of substances; temperature 68°F (20°C)	ECTFE/ETFE	FEP/PTFE/PFA	FLPE	HDPE/XLPE	LDPE	NYL	PC	PETG	PK	PMMA	PMP	PP/PPC0	PS	PSF	PUR	PVC	PVDF	TPE
Acids, weak or dilute	Ε	E	E	E	E	F	Ε	Ε	Ε	G	E	Ε	Ε	E	G	Ε	Ε	E
Acids [†] , strong or concentrated	G	E	E	E	E	Ν	Ν	Ν	G	Ν	E	E	F	G	F	Ε	E	F
Alcohols, aliphatic	Ε	Ε	E	E	E	Ν	G	Ε	G	Ν	E	Ε	Ε	G	F	Ε	Ε	E
Aldehydes	Ε	E	G	G	G	F	F	Ν	Ε	G	G	G	Ν	F	G	Ν	Ε	Ν
Bases	E	E	F	E	E	F	Ν	Ν	G	F	E	Ε	E	E	Ν	Ε	E	Ε
Esters	Ε	E	E	G	G	E	Ν	Ν	Ε	Ν	G	G	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	G	Ν
Hydrocarbons, aliphatic	E	E	Ε	G	F	E	F	Ε	E	G	F	G	Ν	G	E	Ε	E	Ν
Hydrocarbons, aromatic	E	E	E	G	F	E	Ν	Ν	Ε	Ν	F	F	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	E	Ν
Hydrocarbons, halogenated	E	Ε	G	F	Ν	G	Ν	Ν	E	Ν	Ν	F	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν
Ketones	G	E	E	G	G	E	Ν	Ν	E	Ν	F	G	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν
Oxidizing agents, strong	F	Ε	F	F	F	Ν	Ν	Ν	G	Ν	F	F	Ν	G	Ν	G	G	Ν

[†] For oxidizing acids, see table entry "Oxidizing agents, strong." [‡] TPE gaskets

Do not store strong oxidizing agents in plastic labware except if made of FEP, PFA or PTFE. Other plastics will become brittle after prolonged exposure.

Do not place plastic labware directly in a flame or on a hotplate unless specified.

Use these charts as a reference only. They are recommendations, not guarantees, of fitness for particular uses. Test materials under actual conditions before using them for your applications.

E — No damage after 30 days of constant exposure.

G — Little or no damage after 30 days of constant exposure.

F—**Some effect** after seven days of constant exposure. Depending on the plastic, the effect may be cracking, crazing, loss of strength or discoloration. Solvents may cause softening, swelling and permeation losses with PPCO, PP, PMP, LDPE and HDPE; the solvent effects on these materials are normally reversible.

N — **Not recommended** for continuous use. Immediate damage may occur. Depending on the plastic, the effect will be severe cracking, crazing, loss of strength, discoloration, deformation, dissolution or permeation loss.

New *Poly* Packaging for Fisher Chemical* TraceMetal Grade Acids and Bases

Selected TraceMetal Grade Acids and Bases are now available in *poly* bottles. Constructed with a new, high-density polyethylene — made from a proprietary resin — the innovative bottles provide up to 80% less metallic extractables (vs. glass).

Packaging Advantages

- · Poly bottles are lighter, easier to handle and less likely to break during transport
- FisherLOCK* tamper-evident cap safeguards chemicals; drip lip feature prevents spills when pouring
- 100% recyclable package reduces waste and all-poly bottle facilitates disposal (no PVC coating to be removed)
- Poly bottles occupy less space than glass bottles and enable better storage space utilization in the lab

A508-P500 and A508-P212

Chemical Resistance of Labware Materials

How to Use This Chart

Use This Chart as a General Guide

Only. Test each chemical <u>before</u> storing in labware. The first letter of each pair represents the resistance rating at 20°C; the second at 50°C.

E — **No damage** after 30 days of constant exposure.

G — **Little or no damage** after 30 days of constant exposure.

F — **Some effect** after 7 days of constant exposure. Depending on the material, the effect may be cracking, crazing, loss of strength or discoloration. Solvents may cause softening, swelling, and permeation losses with PA, PP, PMP, LDPE and HDPE; the solvent effects on these materials are normally reversible.

N — Not recommended for continuous use. Immediate damage may occur. Depending on the material, the effect will be severe cracking, crazing, loss of strength, discoloration, deformation, dissolution or permeation loss.

Effects of Chemicals on Labware

Chemicals may affect the weight, strength, color, dimensions, flexibility and surface appearance of labware. The basic models of interaction that cause these changes are:

(1) chemical attack on the polymer chain, with resultant reduction in physical properties, including oxidation; reaction of functional groups in or on the chain; and depolymerization;

(2) physical change, including absorption of solvents, resulting in softening and swelling of the plastic; permeation of solvent through the plastic; or dissolution in a solvent; and

(3) stress-cracking from the interaction of a "stress-cracking agent" with molded-in or external stresses.

The reactive combination of compounds of two or more classes may cause a synergistic or undesirable chemical effect. Other factors affecting chemical resistance include: temperature, pressure, internal or external stresses (such as centrifugation), and length of exposure to and concentration of the chemical. As temperature increases, resistance to attack decreases.

Warning!

Do not store strong oxidizing agents in plastic containers except those made of Teflon* FEP, PFA or PTFE. Other plastics will become brittle after prolonged exposure.

	,					PFA								- Stee	
CHEMICAL	IDP	HIF	E / 1	PEO PH		PITEPEN	FEFT	Pur	. / .	- PW	\$ 2	M		ainless Ste	1.0.
A		HIV OF	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	6 /2	/ «>			2 ²	, ⁶ 24	<u>र</u> ्भ हह	y. 42		<u> </u>		Celt
Acetaldehyde	GN	GF EE	GN EE	GN	EE EE	GF EE	FIN	GN	NN	EE	NN	EG	EE	EE EE	EE
Acetamide, sat.	EE EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	NN EG	NN EE	NN EE	EE	EE EG	EE FN	EE	EE	EE
Acetic acid, 5%					EE							rin NN			EE
Acetic acid, 50%	EE	EE	EE EE	EE		EG GF	EG NN	EG	GG	EE	GG		EE	EE	EE
Acetone	NN	NN			EE			NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	EE	EE	
Acetonitrile	EE	EE	FN	FN	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EE	EG	EE	EE
Acrylonitrile	EE	EE	FN	FN	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	GF	NN	EG	EG	EE	EE
Adipic acid	EG	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	GG	—	EE	EF	EG	EE	EE
Alanine	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	—	EE	EG		—	-
Allyl alcohol	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	GF	GF	GF	_	GF	NN	EE	EG	EG
Aluminum hydroxide	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	FN	EG	GG	EE	GG	EE	EE	NN	EE
Aluminum salts	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	EE	GG	NN	GG	EE	EE
Amino acids	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	—	—	—
Ammonia	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	NN	EG	GF	EE	GF	FF	EE	EE	EE
Ammonium acetate, sat.	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE
Ammonium glycolate	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	GF	EE	GG	EE	EE	GG	—	—	—
Ammonium hydroxide, 5%	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	FN	EE	GG	EE	EF	GF	EE	EE	EE
Ammonium hydroxide, 30%	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	NN	EG	GG	EE	GF	FN	EE	EE	EE
Ammonium oxalate	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF	EE	EE	EE
Ammonium salts	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	GG	NN	EE	EE	EE
n-Amyl acetate	GF	EG	GF	GF	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE	EG
Amyl chloride	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EG	EG	EE	EE
Aniline	EG	EG	GF	GF	EE	GN	FN	NN	NN	EF	NN	GF	EG	EE	EE
Benzaldehyde	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EF	FN	NN	FF	EE	NN	EG	GG	EE	EE
Benzaldenyde Benzene	FN	NN	GF	GF	EE	EF	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EG	GG	EE	EE
Benzoic acid, sat.	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	EG	EG	FF	EE	GG	NN	EG	EE	EE
Benzyl acetate	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EG	FN	NN	NN		NN	EG	GG	EE	EE
Benzyl alcohol	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EE	NN	GF	NN	EE	NN	NN	GG	EE	EE
Bromine	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EG	FN	GN	NN	EE	NN	NN	EE	EG	GG
Bromobenzene	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	GN	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EG	GG	GG	GG
Bromoform	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	GF	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	FF	GG	EE	EE
Butadiene	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EE	NN	FN	NN	EE	NN	FF	GG	EE	EE
n-Butyl acetate	GF	EG	GF	GF	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
n-Butyl alcohol	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	GF	GF	GF	EE	EG	NN	EE	EE	EE
sec-Butyl alcohol	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	GF	GG	GF	EE	GG	NN	EE	EE	EE
tert-Butyl alcohol	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	GF	EG	GF	EE	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE
Butyric acid	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EE	FN	GN	GG	EE	NN	FN	GG	EE	EE
		EE			EE	EE	NN	EE		EE	GG	NN		NN	
Calcium hydroxide, conc.	EE		EE	EE					GG				GG		EE
Calcium hypochlorite, sat.	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	FN	GF	EE	EE	GF	NN	EE	EE	EE
Carbazole	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN		EE	EE	—	-	
Carbon disulfide	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	EF	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EG	EE	EE	EE
Carbon tetrachloride	FN	GF	GF	NN	EE	EE	NN	GF	NN	EE	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Cedarwood oil	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EG	GF	FN	FF	EE	NN	EG	—	—	—
Cellosolve acetate	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EG	FN	FN	NN	EG	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Chlorine, 10% in air	GN	EF	GN	GN	EE	EE	EG	EE	NN	EE	FN	NN	FF	EE	EE
Chlorine, 10% (moist)	GN	GF	FN	GN	EE	EE	GF	EG	NN	EE	NN	NN	FF	EE	EE
Chloroacetic acid	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	FN	FN	NN	E-	GN	NN	GG	EE	EE
p-Chloroacetophenone	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	—	NN	EG	—	—	—
Chloroform	FN	FN	GF	NN	EE	GF	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	FF	EE	EE	EE
Chromic acid, 10%	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF	EG	NN	EE	EE	NN	GG	EE	EE
Chromic acid, 50%	EE	EE	GF	GF	EE	EE	FN	EF	NN	EG	FF	NN	FF	EE	NN
Cinnamon oil	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EG	GF	NN	FF	_	NN	GF	EE		_
Citric acid, 10%	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	GG	EE	EE	EG	NN	GG	EE	EE
Cresol	NN	FN	GF	NN	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	NN	EE	EE	FF
Cyclohexane	FN	FN	FN	NN	EE	EG	EG	GF	NN	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
DeCalin	GF	EG	GF	FN	EE	EE	NN	EG	NN		NN	EE			
	FN	FF	FN	FIN	EE	EF	NN	NN		EE	NN	EG	GG	EE	EE
o-Dichlorobenzene					EE				NN						
p-Dichlorobenzene	FN	GF	GF	GF		EF	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EG	GG	EE	EE
Diethyl benzene	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EG	FN	NN	NN		NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Diethyl ether	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EG	NN	FN	NN	EG	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Diethyl ketone	NN	NN	GG	GF	EE	GF	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Diethyl malonate	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	FN	GN	FF	EG	NN	EE		-	
Diethylene glycol	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF	FN	GG	EE	GG	EE	EE	EE	EE
Diethylene glycol ethyl ether	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	FN	FN	FF	—	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Dimethyl formamide	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GG	NN	FN	NN	NN	NN	GF	EE	EE	EE
Dimethylsulfoxide	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	—	EG	EE	EE	EE	EE
1,4-Dioxane	GF	GG	GF	GF	EE	EF	GF	FN	GF	NN	NN	EF	GG	EE	EE
Dipropylene glycol	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF	GF	GG	_	EE	EE			_
Ether	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	EG	NN	FN	NN	EG	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Ethyl acetate	EE	EE	EE	FN	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Ethyl alcohol (absolute)	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	EG	EG	EG	EE	FN	NN	EE	EE	EE
		EE	EG	EG					EG		GF	NN	EE	EE	EE
Ethyl alcohol, 40%	EG				EE	EE	EG	EE		EE					
Ethyl benzene	FN	GF	FN	FN	EE	GF	NN	NN	NN		NN	EE	GG	—	—
Ethyl benzoate	FF	GG	GF	GF	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE		-	—
Ethyl butyrate	GN	GF	GN	FN	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	EG	—	—
Ethyl chloride, liquid	FN	FF	FN	FN	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	GF	EE	EE	EE
Ethyl cyanoacetate	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	FN	FN	FF	NN	GN	GF	—	—	—
		EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	FN	FN	FF	NN	FN	EG	—	_	—
tnyi lactate	EE			NN	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EG	GG	EE	EE
		GF	FIN												
Ethylene chloride	GN	GF	FN FF												
Ethylene chloride Ethylene glycol	GN EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GG	EE	EE
Ethylene chloride Ethylene glycol Ethylene glycol methyl ether	GN EE EE	EE EE	EE EE	EE EE	EE EE	EE EE	GF FN	EE FN	EE FF	EE —	EE NN	EE EE	GG —	EE —	EE —
Ethylene chloride Ethylene glycol Ethylene glycol methyl ether Ethylene oxide	GN EE EE FF	EE EE GF	EE EE FF	EE EE FN	EE EE EE	EE EE EE	GF FN FN	EE FN FN	EE FF EE	EE — EE	EE NN NN	EE EE EE	GG — GG		EE — EE
Ethyl lactate Ethylene chloride Ethylene glycol Ethylene glycol methyl ether Ethylene oxide Fluorides	GN EE FF EE	EE GF EE	EE FF EE	EE EE FN EE	EE EE EE EE	EE EE EE EE	GF FN FN EE	EE FN FN EE	EE FF EE EE	EE — EE EE	EE NN NN GG	EE EE EE EE	GG — GG —	EE — EE	EE —
Ethylene chloride Ethylene glycol Ethylene glycol methyl ether Ethylene oxide	GN EE EE FF	EE EE GF	EE EE FF	EE EE FN	EE EE EE	EE EE EE	GF FN FN	EE FN FN	EE FF EE	EE — EE	EE NN NN	EE EE EE	GG — GG	EE —	EE — EE

Chemical Resistance of Labware Materials (contd.)

						PH	*							Ste	,e)
CHEMICAL	175	<u>ه</u> / ۲	IDPE P	APPEO P	MR /	EPPTHE ET	A TELETE	5 X	s. se	\$ / 8	INF PE	, / ;	M e	teinless St.	ass ceramic
Formaldehyde, 40%	EG	EE	EG	EG	CC	CC	EG	uг	GF	EE	NN	GF	EE	EE	EE
Formic acid, 3% Formic acid, 50%	EG EG	EE EE	EG EG	EG EG	EE	EE	EG EG	GF GF	GG GG	EE EE	EG FF	NN NN	GG GG	EE	EE
Formic acid, 98 to 100%	EG	EE	EG	EF	EE	EE	EF	FN	FF	EE	FF	NN	GG	EE	EE
Freon® TF	EG	EG	EG	FN	EE	EG	GF	GF	EG	EE	FN	—	EE	EE	EE
Fuel oil	FN	GF	EG	GF	EE	EE	EG	EE	EG	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Gasoline Glacial acetic acid	FN EG	GG EE	GF EG	GF EG	EE	EE	FF NN	GN EG	FF FN	EE EG	NN NN	EE NN	EE EG	EE	EE
Glycerine	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE
n-Heptane	FN	GF	FF	FF	EE	EE	EG	GF	EG	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Hexane Hydrochloric acid, 1 to 5%	NN EE	GF EE	GF EE	FN EG	EE	EE	FN EE	GN EE	EG EE	EE EE	NN EE	EE NN	EE NN	EE	EE EE
Hydrochloric acid, 20%	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	GF	EG	EE	EE	EE	NN	NN	EE	EE
Hydrochloric acid, 35%	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	NN	GF	EE	EE	FF	NN	NN	EE	EE
Hydrofluoric acid, 4% Hydrofluoric acid, 48%	EG EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	GF NN	GF GF	GF FN	EE	GF NN	NN NN	NN NN	NN NN	 NN
Hydrogen peroxide, 3%	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	NN	GG	EE	EG
Hydrogen peroxide, 30%	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	NN	GG	EE	EG
Hydrogen peroxide, 90% Isobutyl alcohol	EG EE	EE EE	EG	EG EG	EE	EE	EE EG	EG EG	EE EG	E- EE	EG GG	NN NN	GG EE	EE	EG
Isopropyl acetate	GF	EG	GF	GF	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN		NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Isopropyl alcohol	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	EG	NN	GG	EE	EE
Isopropyl benzene Kerosene	FN FN	GF GG	FN GF	NN GF	EE	EG GF	NN EE	NN EE	NN GF	EE	NN NN	EG EE	EE	EE	EE
Lactic acid, 3%	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	EG	GF	EE	EG	GG	NN	GG	EE	EE
Lactic acid, 85%	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EG	EG	GF	EE	GF	GG	NN	GG	EE	EE
Methoxyethyl oleate Methyl alcohol	EG EE	EE	EG EE	EG	EE	EE	FN GF	NN EF	NN GF	EE	NN FN	EG NN	EE	EE	EE
Methyl ethyl ketone	NN	NN	EG	NN	EE	GF	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Methyl isobutyl ketone	NN	NN	GF	FF	EE	GF	NN	NN	NN	GN	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Methyl propyl ketone	GF	EG	GF	FF	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	EE		
Methylene chloride Mineral oil	FN GN	FN EE	FN EE	FN EG	EE	GG EE	NN EG	NN EG	NN EE	NN EE	NN EE	GF EE	GG EE	EE	EE
Nitric acid, 1 to 10%	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EG	EF	EE	GN	NN	EE	EE	EE
Nitric acid, 50%	GN	GN	FN	GN	EE	EE	GF	GF	GF	EG	NN	NN	EG	EG	NN
Nitric acid, 70% Nitrobenzene	FN NN	GN FN	NN NN	GF NN	EE	EE	NN NN	FN NN	NN NN	GF EN	NN NN	NN FF	GG GG	EE	NN EE
n-Octane	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF	FN	GF	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Orange oil	FN	GF	GF	FF	EE	EE	FF	FN	FF	EE	NN	GF	EE	EE	EE
Ozone Perchloric acid	EG GN	EE GN	EG GN	EE GN	EE GF	EE	EG NN	EG GN	EE NN	EE EE	FF GF	EG	EG	EE	EE
Perchloroethylene	NN	NN	NN	NN	EE	EE	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EE	EG	EE	EE
Phenol, crystals	GN	GF	GN	FG	EE	EE	NN	FN	FF	EE	NN	NN	GG	EE	EE
Phosphoric acid, 1 to 5% Phosphoric acid, 85%	EE	EE EE	EE EG	EE EG	EE	EE	EE EG	EE EG	EE	EE EE	GG EG	NN NN	NN NN	EE	EE
Pine oil	GN	EG	EG	GF	EE	EG	GF	FN	FF	EE	NN	GF	EE		
Potassium hydroxide, 1%	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	FN	EE	EE	EE	GG	FF	EG	GF	GF
Potassium hydroxide, conc. Propane gas	EE NN	EE FN	EE NN	EE NN	EE	EE	NN FN	EG EG	EE FF	EG EE	GG NN	FF FF	EG GF	NN NN	NN NN
Propylene glycol	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF	FN	GG		EE	EE	GG	EE	EE
Propylene oxide	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	FN	GF	FN	GG	FN	NN	EE	EE	—	—
Resorcinol, sat.	EE EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	GF GF	FN GN	NN NN	_	GF GF	NN NN	_	—	_
Resorcinol, 5% Salicylaldehyde	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EN	GF	FN	FF	EG	NN	EG	_	_	_
Salicylic acid, powder	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	EG	GF	EE	EE	EE	EG	GG	EE	EE
Salicylic acid, sat.	EE EE	EE EE	EE	EE	EE EE	EE	EG EE	GF EE	EE	EE EE	EG GG	NN FF	GG EG	EE	EE
Salt solutions, metallic Silver acetate	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	GG	EE	EE	GG	EF		_	_
Silver nitrate	EG	EE	EG	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	GF	NN	GG	EE	EE
Sodium acetate, sat. Sodium hydroxide, 1%	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG FN	GF EE	EE	EE	GG GG	FF	GG GG	EE GE	EE GE
Sodium hydroxide, 50% to sat.	GG	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	NN	NN	EG	EG	EE	GF	GF	NN	NN
Sodium hypochlorite, 15%	EE	EE	GF	EE	EE	EE	GF	EE	EE	EE	EE	NN	NN	EE	EG
Stearic acid, crystals Sulfuric acid, 1 to 6%	EE EE	EE EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG EE	EG EG	GG EE	EE EE	EG EG	EF NN	EG FN	EE	EE EG
Sulfuric acid, 20%	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	EG	NN	NN	EE	GG
Sulfuric acid, 60%	EG	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	GF	EG	EE	EE	GN	NN	NN	EE	NN
Sulfuric acid, 98%	GG NN	GG	FN NN	GG NN	EE	EE	NN	GN	NN GG	EG EE	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN NN
Sulfur dioxide, liq., 46 psi Sulfur dioxide, wet or dry	EE	FN EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	GN EG	FN EG	GG	GE	NN FN	NN NN	FN FN	NN EE	EE
Sulfur salts	FN	GF	FN	FN	EE	EG	FN	NN	GG	GF	NN	NN	—	—	—
Tartaric acid	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EG	EE	EE	GG	EF	FF	EE	EE
Tetrahydrofuran Thionyl chloride	FN NN	GF NN	GF	FF NN	EE	GF	NN NN	NN NN	NN NN	FN	NN NN	EE NN	EE NN	EE	EE
Toluene	FN	GG	GF	FF	EE	EE	FN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Tributyl citrate	GF	EG	GF	GF	EE	EG	NN	FN	FF	EF	NN	EG			
Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene	NN NN	FN FN	NN NN	NN NN	EG EE	NN EG	NN NN	NN NN	NN NN	EE	NN NN	EE	GG GG	EE	EE
Triethylene glycol	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EG	GF	EE		EG	EE			
Tripropylene glycol	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	GF	EE	—	EE	EE	—	—	—
Turpentine	FN	GG	GF	FF	EE	EE	FN	GF	NN	EE	NN	EE	EE	EE	EE
Undecyl alcohol Urea	EF EE	EG EE	EG EE	EG EG	EE	EG	GF NN	EF GN	FF FF	EE EE	GG EG	EE	GG	EE	EE
Vinylidene chloride	NN	FN	NN	NN	EE	GF	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	NN	GG	_	
Xylene	GN	GF	FN	FN	EE	EG	NN	NN	NN	EE	NN	EE	GG	EE	EE
Zinc stearate	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EG	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE	EE

Warning!

The plastic resin information in these tables (does not include SS, glass or ceramic) has been provided by Thermo Scientific* Nalgene* and is reprinted with their permission. It should be used ONLY as a guide for selecting labware for testing.

Test the labware for 72 hours under expected or proposed conditions of use, BEFORE putting into service. Test with care to avoid injury or property damage.

Fisher Scientific does not warrant (neither express nor implied) that the information in these tables is accurate or complete.

Fisher Chemical* Solvent Safety Packaging Features

Lock in Quality and Safety

Fisher Chemical products are now packaged with the innovative, new FisherLOCK* Cap, designed to help maintain the highest standards in product quality and chemical safety practices.

With an exclusive color-coded design (patent pending), the FisherLOCK Cap is engineered to lock to the transfer bead of the bottle when it is applied during manufacturing to a filled bottle of laboratory chemicals. The cap design includes an interior ring, visible from various angles, that offers resistance until it separates from the cap when the bottle is first opened.

The presence and location of that ring imparts tamper evidence to the configuration — without the drawbacks and complications of a plastic seal over the cap. The FisherLOCK Cap is easy to use, and supports product quality, reliability of use, and safety in use of the chemical products you purchase.

Exclusive color-coded design provides storage guidelines

ChemAlert®
STORAGE
reu

Red (R): Flammable. Store in area segregated for flammable reagents.



Blue (B): Health hazard. Toxic if inhaled, ingested or absorbed through skin. Store in secure area.



Yellow (Y): Reactive and oxidizing reagents. May react violently with air, water or other substances. Store



White (W): Corrosive. May harm skin, eyes, mucous membrane. Store away from red-, yellow- and blue-coded reagents.

away from flammable and combustible materials.



Gray (G): Presents no more than moderate hazard in any of the categories above. For general chemical storage.

EXCEPTION: Reagent incompatible with other reagents of the same color bar. Store separately.

The FisherLOCK Cap LOCKS in quality, safety, reliability and convenience:

QUALITY

- Provides a tight, tamper-evident, secure seal to ensure chemical contents arrive fresh and unopened
- Eliminates polyethylene glycol contamination that is possible with a plastic overseal

SAFETY

- Caps are designed to resist back-off during transport, reducing risk of leakage
- Color-coded rings indicate storage requirements and hazard categories, and enhance proper recognition, handling and storage even before the bottle is removed from the case

RELIABILITY

- · Rigorously tested for chemical compatibility
- Bottle threads are unchanged, allowing attachment of the opened bottle to standard equipment

CONVENIENCE

- Cap design facilitates correct initial torque application during manufacturing, thus eliminating caps that may be hard to open
- Larger ridges on the exterior of the cap make it easier to open
- Caps readily reseal after initial opening



For Safety's Sake: Fisher Chemical* Products in the Safe-Cote* Bottle

These Fisher Chemical products are protected by Safe-Cote PVC bottles that provide the purity of glass and most of the benefits of plastic for storing and dispensing chemicals. If they break, glass fragments and liquids are more likely to remain trapped.

- Innovative safety bottle with FisherLOCK* tamper evident cap
- Convenient storing and dispensing
- Packaged in the 100% recyclable Styrofoam*-free EcoSafPak*



Description	Purity Grade	Size	Cat. No.
1-Butanol	HPLC/ACS	1L	A383SK1
1-Butanol	HPLC/ACS	4L	A383SK4
2-Propanol	Certified ACS Plus	4L	A416SK4
2-Propanol	HPLC/ACS	1L	A451SK1
2-Propanol	HPLC/ACS	4L	A451SK4
2-Propanol	Optima	4L	A464SK4
Acetic Acid	Certified ACS	2.5L	A38SI212
Acetic Acid	Certified ACS	2.5L	A38S212
Acetic Acid	Certified ACS	500mL	A28S500*
Acetone	Certified ACS	4L	A18SK4
Acetone	HPLC	1L	BP2404SK
Acetone	HPLC	1L	A949SK1
Acetone	HPLC	4L	BP2404SK
Acetone	HPLC/ACS	4L	A949SK4
Acetone	Optima/ACS	4L	A929SK4
Acetonitrile	HPLC/ACS	1L	BP2405SK
Acetonitrile	HPLC/ACS	1L	A998SK1
Acetonitrile	HPLC	4L	BP2405SK
Acetonitrile	HPLC/ACS	4L	A998SK4
Acetonitrile	Optima/ACS	4L	A996SK4
Ammon. Hydrox.	Certified ACS Plus	2.5L	A669S212
Ammon. Hydrox.	Certified ACS Plus	500mL	A669S500
Chloroform	HPLC/ACS	4L	C606SK4
Chloroform	Certified ACS Plus	4L	C298SK4
Chloroform	HPLC/ACS	1L	C606SK1
Chloroform	Spectranalyzed	4L	C574SK4
Chloroform with Pentene	HPLC/ACS	1L	C607SK1
Chloroform with Pentene	HPLC/ACS	4L	C607SK4
Cyclohexane	HPLC/ACS	1L	C620SK1
Cyclohexane	HPLC/ACS	4L	C620SK4
Ethyl Acetate	HPLC/ACS	1L	E195SK1
Ethyl Acetate	HPLC/ACS	4L	E195SK4
Ethyl Acetate	Certified ACS Plus	4L	E145SK4
Ethyl Acetate	Optima	4L	E196SK4
Ethyl Alcohol Denatur	Denatured	4L	A407SK4†
Heptane	HPLC	1L	H350SK1
Heptane	HPLC	4L	H350SK4
Hexane	HPLC	1L	H302SK1
Hexane	HPLC	4L	H302SK4
Hexane	Optima/ACS	4L	H303SK4
Hexanes	Certified ACS Plus	4L	H292SK4

Description	Purity Grade	Size	Cat. No.
Hydrochloric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	2.5L	A144S212
Hydrochloric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	2.5L	A144SI212 [†]
Hydrochloric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	500mL	A144S500
Isooctane	HPLC/ACS	1L	0296SK1
Isooctane	HPLC/ACS	4L	0296SK4
Methanol	Certified ACS Plus	4L	A412SK4
Methanol	HPLC/ACS	1L	A452SK1
Methanol	HPLC/ACS	4L	A452SK4
Methanol	Optima/ACS	4L	A454SK4
Methanol	Scintanalyzed/ACS	4L	A408SK4
Methchloride	HPLC	1L	D150SK1
Methchloride	HPLC	4L	D150SK4
Methylene Chloride	HPLC/ACS	1L	D143SK1
Methylene Chloride	Certified ACS Plus	4L	D37SK4
Methylene Chloride	HPLC/ACS	4L	D143SK4
Methylene Chloride	Optima	4L	D151SK4
Methylene Chloride W/Cyclohexene	HPLC/ACS	4L	D138SK4
N-Butyl Chloride	HPLC	4L	B429SK4
N-Hexane95%L	Optima/ACS	4L	H306SK4
Nitric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	2.5L	A200S212
Nitric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	2.5L	A200SI212
Nitric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	500mL	A200S500*
0-Phospho Acid	ACS		A242SK212
Pentane	HPLC	1L	P399SK1
Pentane	HPLC	4L	P399SK4
Petroleum Ether	Certified ACS	4L	E139SK1
Petroleum Ether	Optima/ACS	4L	E139SK4 [†]
Sulfuric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	2.5L	A300S212
Sulfuric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	2.5L	A300SI212
Sulfuric Acid	Certified ACS Plus	500mL	A300S500
Tetrahydrofuran	Certified	4L	T397SK4
Tetrahydrofuran	HPLC/ACS	1L	T425SK1
Tetrahydrofuran	HPLC/ACS	4L	T425SK4
Tetrahydrofuran	Optima/ACS	4L	T427SK4
Toluene	Certified ACS	4L	T324SK4
Toluene	HPLC/ACS	1L	T290SK1
Toluene	HPLC/ACS	4L	T290SK4
Toluene	Optima	4L	T291SK4
Toluene	Scintanalyzed/ACS	4L	T313SK4
Water	HPLC	1L	W5SK1
Water	HPLC	4L	W5SK4
Water	Optima	4L	W7SK4
Xylenes	Certified ACS	4L	X5SK4



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