

Unlike a plant, this runner must get the energy he needs from the food he eats.





As fats burn in a lamp, they combine with oxygen and produce carbon dioxide and water. They also release energy in the form of heat and light.

In the cells of organisms, a more controlled version of the process releases energy stored in molecules.

Reactions that take place in cells follow the same rules as reactions that take place in a research laboratory or classroom.

- Some reactions go to completion, and some reach an equilibrium point.
- Many reactions occur in solution, and catalysts are often needed.
- Energy is transferred, and energy is converted from one form to another.

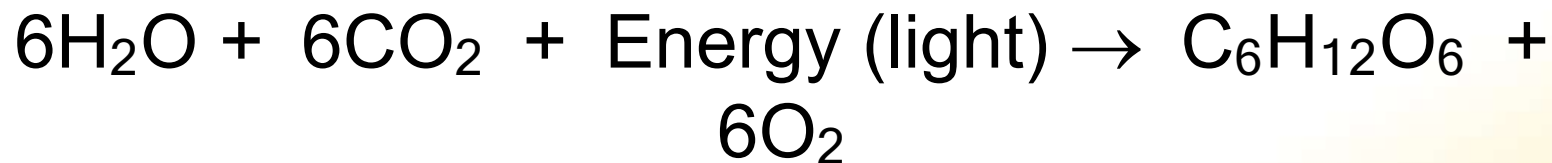
# Photosynthesis

-  **What energy conversion takes place during photosynthesis?**
-  **During photosynthesis, energy from sunlight is converted into chemical energy.**

## Photosynthesis

The sun is the primary source of energy for most plants and animals.

During photosynthesis, plants chemically combine carbon dioxide and water into carbohydrates. This equation summarizes the process.



## Photosynthesis

Photosynthesis involves a complex series of chemical reactions.

When all the reactions are complete, the energy from sunlight has been stored in the covalent bonds of molecules.

## Cellular Respiration



**How are photosynthesis and cellular respiration related?**



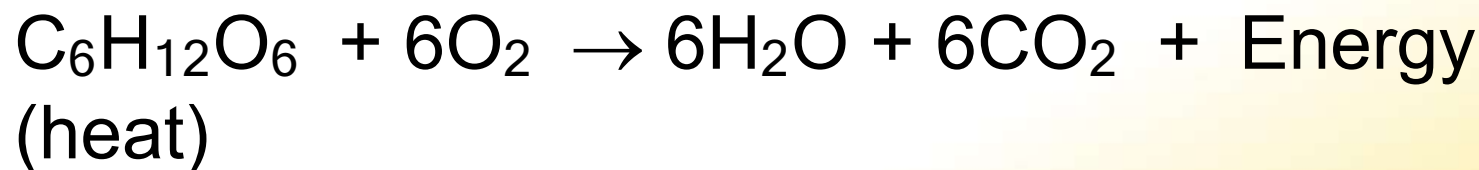
**During cellular respiration, the energy stored in the products of photosynthesis is released.**

## Cellular Respiration

What does your body need energy for, besides maintaining a constant body temperature?

It takes energy to laugh or cry, to heal a bone or a paper cut, or even to sleep.

Like photosynthesis, cellular respiration is a complex series of reactions. This equation is a summary of the overall process.





## 9.4 Reactions in Cells

### Cellular Respiration

Products of cellular respiration are reactants during photosynthesis. Cellular respiration and photosynthesis are two parts of the same cycle.

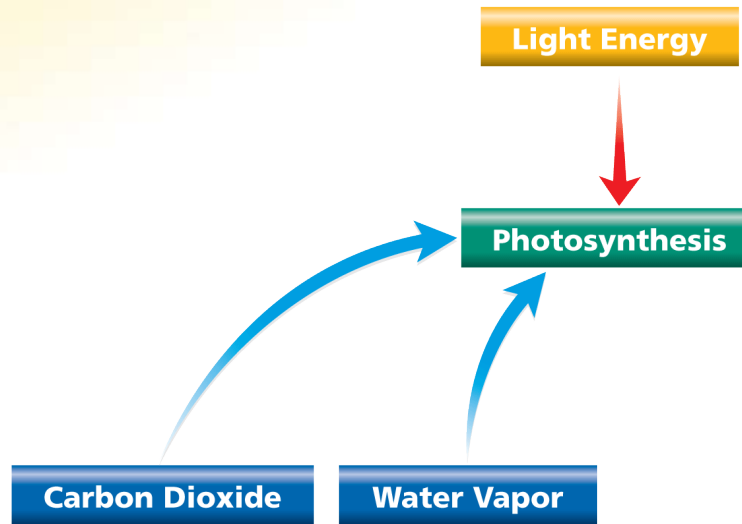
Light Energy

Carbon Dioxide

Water Vapor

## Cellular Respiration

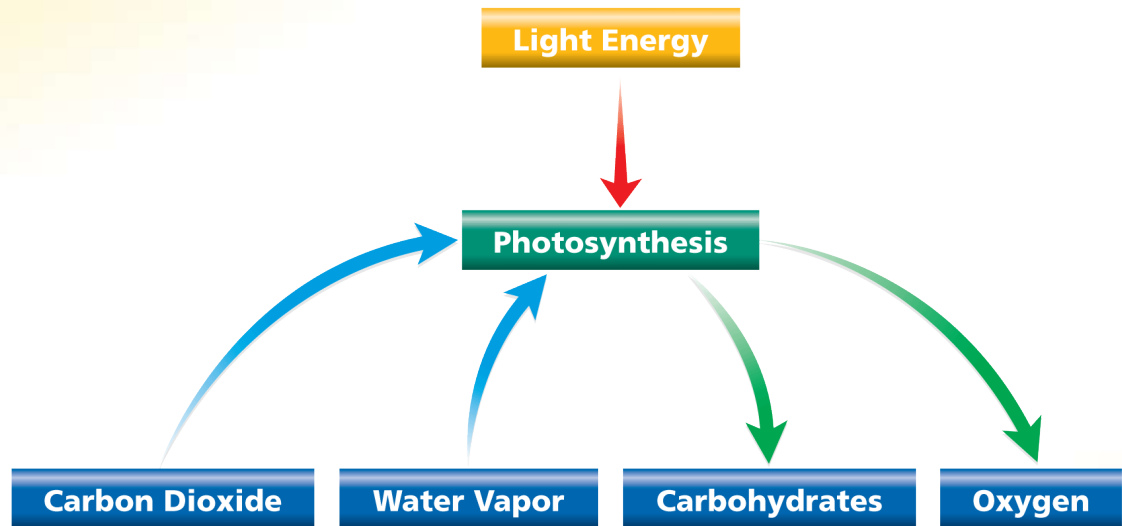
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## Cellular Respiration

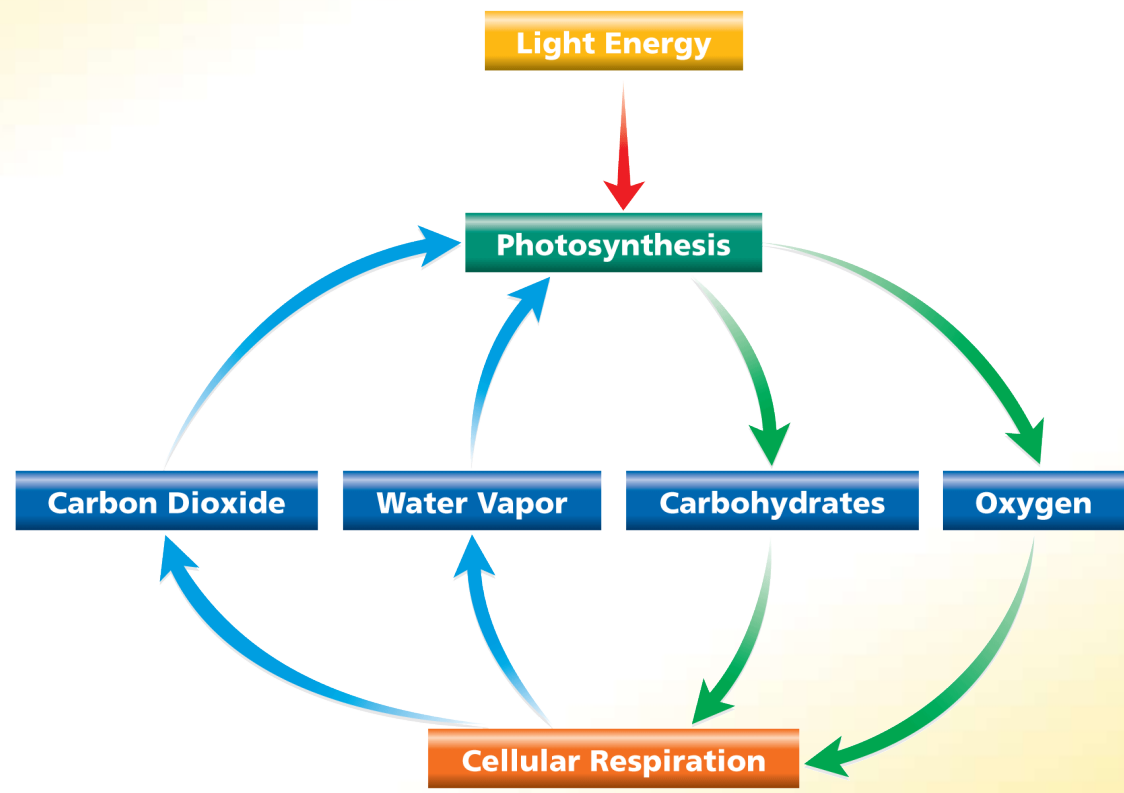
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## 9.4 Reactions in Cells

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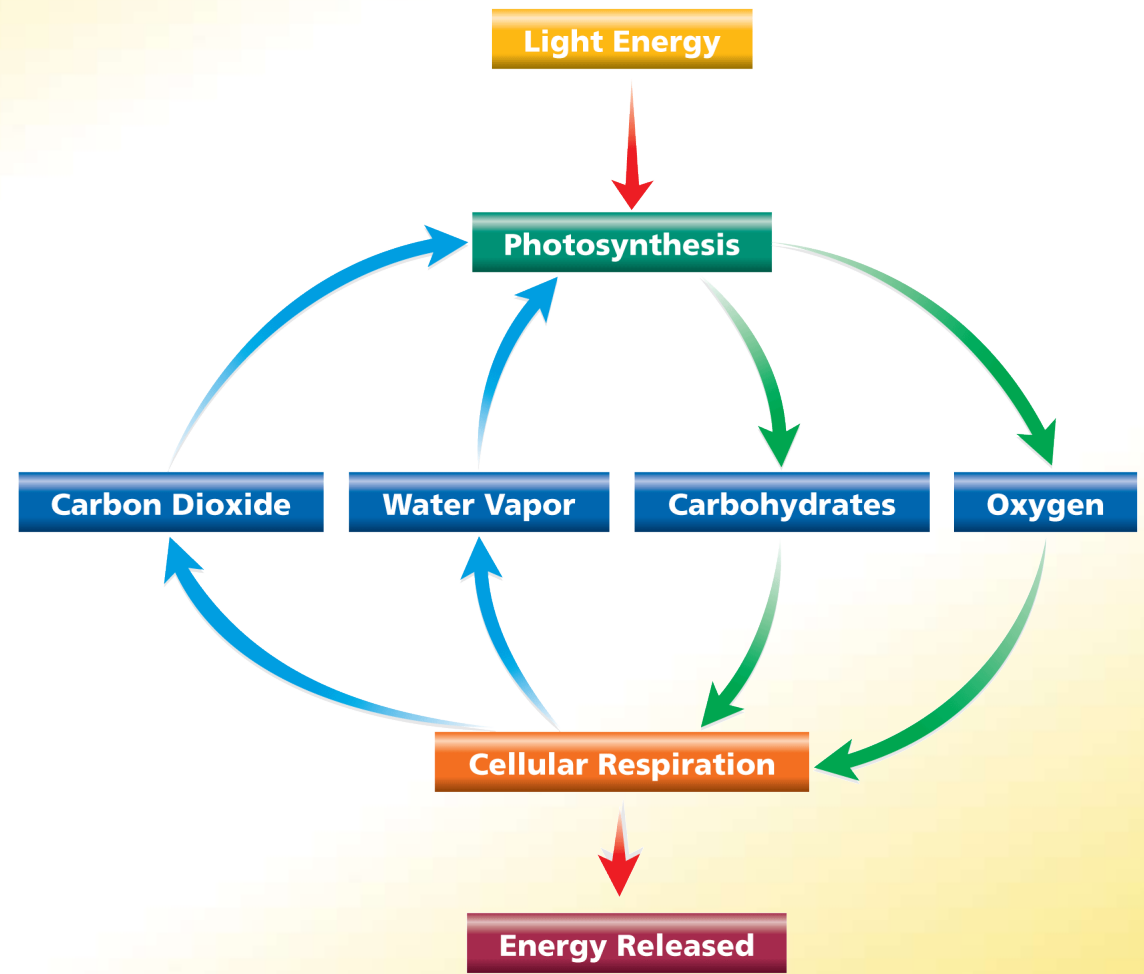
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## 9.4 Reactions in Cells

### Cellular Respiration

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## Cellular Respiration

In cellular respiration, glucose reacts with oxygen.

The glucose can come from simple sugars or from starches, because starch is a polymer of glucose.

During digestion, starch breaks down into glucose. This process is an example of depolymerization.

## Enzymes and Vitamins



**What molecules help cells function efficiently?**



**Enzymes and vitamins are compounds that help cells function efficiently at normal body temperature.**

## Enzymes and Vitamins

### Enzymes

**Enzymes** are proteins that act as catalysts for reactions in cells.

- Without enzymes, cells could not digest food or extract energy from food.
- Enzymes allow reactions to proceed faster at much lower temperatures than would normally happen.



## Enzymes and Vitamins

### Vitamins

**Vitamins** are organic compounds that organisms need in small amounts, but cannot produce.

- A vitamin that dissolves in water, such as vitamin C, gets eliminated from the body and must be replaced daily.
- A vitamin that dissolves in fats, such as vitamin A, can build up over time in body tissues.

## 9.4 Reactions in Cells

### Enzymes and Vitamins

Lemons, limes, and oranges are sources of vitamin C.



## Assessment Questions

- What is the energy source for photosynthesis?
  - thermal heat from Earth
  - chemical energy from the bonds in water
  - energy from the sun
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