Biome Unit Quiz 4

S7L4e -PL-Describe the characteristics of Earth's major terrestrial biomes (tropical rainforest, savannah, temperate, desert, taiga, tundra, mountain)

1. Plants in a tropical rainforest usually have

A) thick, fleshy stems.	C) long vertical roots.
B) large broad leaves.	D) spiny or thorny skin.

2. Which organism is **NOT** likely to be found in the tundra biome?

A) fox	C) caribou
B) moss	D) palm tree

3. The desert and tundra are alike because they **both** have

A) extreme daily temperature changes.	C) limited available water.
B) large seasonal variation.	D) sandy soils.

4. What animal is **BEST** adapted to life in a savanna biome?

A) bison	C) llama	
B) caribou	D) zebra	
B) caribou	D) zebra	ж К 1
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5. The biome pictured above is found in areas such as Kenya and South Africa. The land is grass-covered with very few trees and gazelles and other grazers are common here. Why does this biome have a low population of trees?

A) Large grazing animals destroy the trees.	
B) It is a deforested rainforest with poor soil.	

C) It has high temps & low precipitation during its dry season. D) It has a long rainy season followed by flooding.

6. Which of these physical factors would have the **GREATEST** effect on the types of plants that could thrive in an ecosystem?

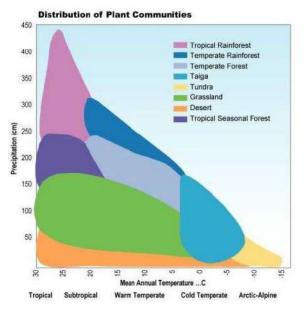
A) air patterns	C) soil characteristics
B) animal populations	D) temperature and rainfall

7. What climate is characterized by constant high temperatures at sea level with an average temperature of 18 °C or higher, and is found near the equator?

A) arid B) polar C) tropical D) temperate

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- 8. Which biome would be the **MOST hostile** for animals displaced from a tropical rainforest?
- A) tundra

B) grassland

C) temperate forest D) tropical seasonal forest



9. A taiga biome is **DIFFERENT** from a tundra biome because it has

A) many coniferous trees.	C) located in the northern hemisphere.
B) cold winters and cool summers.	D) a layer of frozen soil called permafrost.

10) A polar bear has a thick layer of fat under its skin. Its body is covered with fur. It has adapted to a very cold climate. What would **MOST LIKELY** happen to the polar bear if the climate changes and gets warmer?

- A) The polar bear will lose all its fur.
- B) Nothing will happen to the polar bear.
- C) The polar bear will probably not survive.
- D) The polar bear will now live in warm places.